The population of Texas in 2017 was 28,304,596. Its rank was 2nd in the nation.

**Per Capita Personal Income**

In 2017, Texas had a per capita personal income (PCPI) of $46,942. This PCPI ranked 25th in the United States and was 93 percent of the national average, $50,392. The 2017 PCPI reflected an increase of 1.6 percent from 2016. The 2016-2017 national change was 2.4 percent. In 2007, the PCPI of Texas was $36,630 and ranked 27th in the United States. The 2007-2017 compound annual growth rate of PCPI was 2.5 percent. The compound annual growth rate for the nation was 2.4 percent.

**Personal Income**

In 2017, Texas had a personal income of $1,328,682,534*. This personal income ranked 2nd in the United States. In 2007, the personal income of Texas was $872,964,318* and ranked 3rd in the United States.

*Personal income estimates are in thousands of dollars, not adjusted for inflation.
## Components of Personal Income

Personal income includes net earnings by place of residence; dividends, interest, and rent; and personal current transfer receipts received by the residents of Texas.

### 2016-2017 percent change

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Texas</th>
<th>U.S.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Net earnings</td>
<td>3.1%</td>
<td>3.1%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dividends, interest, and rent</td>
<td>3.5%</td>
<td>3.3%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Personal current transfer receipts</td>
<td>2.2%</td>
<td>3.0%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### 2007-2017 CAGR

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Texas</th>
<th>U.S.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Net earnings</td>
<td>3.8%</td>
<td>2.8%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dividends, interest, and rent</td>
<td>4.8%</td>
<td>3.1%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Personal current transfer receipts</td>
<td>5.9%</td>
<td>5.1%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*CAGR: compound annual growth rate*

### Percent Contribution to Personal Income

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Texas</th>
<th>United States</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2007</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Net earnings by place of residence</td>
<td>71%</td>
<td>66%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dividends, interest, and rent</td>
<td>13%</td>
<td>20%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Personal current transfer receipts</td>
<td>16%</td>
<td>14%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Texas</th>
<th>United States</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2017</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Net earnings by place of residence</td>
<td>67%</td>
<td>63%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dividends, interest, and rent</td>
<td>15%</td>
<td>19%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Personal current transfer receipts</td>
<td>17%</td>
<td>17%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Legend:
- **Blue**: Net earnings by place of residence
- **Orange**: Dividends, interest, and rent
- **Gray**: Personal current transfer receipts
GDP last published on November 21, 2017.

Gross Domestic Product (GDP) by State

In 2016, Texas current-dollar GDP was $1,599.3 billion and ranked 2nd in the United States. In 2006, Texas GDP was $1,088.3 billion and ranked 2nd in the United States.

In 2016, Texas real GDP contracted 0.3 percent; the 2015-2016 national change was 1.5 percent. The 2006-2016 compound annual growth rate for Texas real GDP was 2.9 percent; the compound annual growth rate for the nation was 1.2 percent.

GDP by State for Industries

In 2016, the largest industry in Texas was finance, insurance, real estate, rental, and leasing. This industry accounted for 15.2 percent of Texas GDP and had 1.4 percent real growth. The second largest industry was professional and business services, which accounted for 11.2 percent of Texas GDP and had a 0.3 percent real decline.

The industry that subtracted the most from real GDP growth in Texas was mining, quarrying, and oil and gas extraction. This industry subtracted 1.47 percentage points from the growth rate of real GDP. The second largest industry to subtract from growth was durable goods manufacturing. This industry subtracted 0.27 percentage point from the growth rate of real GDP.*

* The industry contributions, or sum thereof, may be larger than 100 percent (and the percentage points larger than the percent change) because growing and declining industries offset one another.

Top Five State Industries as a percent of Total GDP, 2016

![Pie chart of Texas industries](chart1.png)

- Nondurable goods manufacturing: 11%
- Professional and business services: 15%
- Wholesale trade: 7%
- Finance, insurance, real estate, rental, and leasing: 11%
- Government: 8%

![Pie chart of United States industries](chart2.png)

- Professional and business services: 21%
- Finance, insurance, real estate, rental, and leasing: 14%
- Government: 6%
- All others: 12%
- Nondurable goods manufacturing: 6%
- Durable goods manufacturing: 5%

**Notes:**
- The industry contributions, or sum thereof, may be larger than 100 percent (and the percentage points larger than the percent change) because growing and declining industries offset one another.

---

*Source: U.S. Census Bureau*