In 2020, the Emergency Rental Assistance program, initially established by the CRRSA Act, and the Homeowner Assistance program, initially established by the ARPA, provide assistance for home expenses including rental payments for households at risk of losing their home. For more information, see https://www.treasury.gov.e/renter-assistance.

4. The American Rescue Plan increased the Child Tax Credit to $3,000 per child over the age of six and $3,600 for children under the age of six, and raised the age limit from 17 to 18. It also authorized that at least 10% of these credits could be distributed through advance payments during the tax year, while the remainder could be claimed when filing their tax return the following year.

5. Economic impact payments, initially established by the CARES Act, provide direct payments to individuals. For more information, see https://www.treasury.gov.e/economic-impact-payments.

6. On March 27, 2020, the Coronavirus Relief Fund, initially established by the CARES Act, provides for payments to state, local, and tribal governments for necessary expenditures incurred due to the COVID-19 public health emergency.

7. The Coronavirus Food Assistance Program, initially established by the CARES Act, provides direct support to farmers and ranchers where prices and market supply chains have been impacted by the COVID-19 pandemic. For more information, see https://www.fns.usda.gov.e/coronavirus-food-assistance-program.

8. The Paycheck Protection Program provides economic relief to small businesses and nonprofit organizations experiencing a temporary loss of revenue. The loans can be used to cover a wide array of working capital needs, including payroll, rent, and utilities. For more information, see https://www.sba.gov/economic-relief/ Paycheck-Protection-Program.

9. The Department of Health and Human Services distributes money from the Provider Relief Fund to hospitals and health care providers on the front lines of the coronavirus response. This funding supports health care-related expenses that are attributable to COVID-19. For more information, see https://www.hhs.gov.e/provider-relief.

10. The Coronavirus Relief Fund, initially established by the CARES Act, provides for payments to state, local, and tribal governments for necessary expenditures incurred due to the COVID-19 public health emergency.

11. The Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) is authorized to make payments from the Disaster Relief Fund to supplement State and local governments' own expenditures on costs not otherwise reimbursable.

12. The Coronavirus Food Assistance Program, initially established by the CARES Act, provides direct support to farmers and ranchers where prices and market supply chains have been impacted by the COVID-19 pandemic. For more information, see https://www.fns.usda.gov/e/coronavirus-food-assistance-program.

13. Economic injury disaster loans provide economic relief to small businesses and nonprofit organizations experiencing a temporary loss of revenue. The loans can be used to cover a wide array of working capital needs, including payroll, rent, and utilities. For more information, see https://www.sba.gov/economic-relief/ Economic-Injury-Disaster-Loans.

14. The Restaurant Revitalization Fund is a $35 billion program created by the American Rescue Plan to provide direct relief grants to hard-hit eligible eligible restaurant providers. The legislation directs that 70% of the funds be made available to restaurants that are at least 25% owned by Americans who are members of a historically disadvantaged group. For more information, see https://www.restaurantrevitalizationfund.com.

15. The Department of Transportation’s Federal Transit Administration awarded approximately $3 billion to transit agencies across the country through the Coronavirus Relief Fund to support transit agencies as they work to meet the needs of riders during the pandemic. For more information, see https://www.transportation.gov/coronavirus.

16. The Emergency Rental Assistance program, initially established by the CARES Act, and the Homeowner Assistance program, initially established by the ARPA, provide assistance for home expenses including rental payments for households at risk of losing their home. For more information, see https://www.treasury.gov.e/renter-assistance.

Note: For more information, see https://www.treasury.gov.e/renter-assistance.

Data in this table will be superseded by updated estimates.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Economic Analysis.