FORM **BE-15C** (REV 10/2018)

OMB No. 0608-0034: Approval Expires 10/12/2021



BE-15 Identification Number

*Do not enter Social Security Number as Identification Number

2018 ANNUAL SURVEY OF FOREIGN DIRECT INVESTMENT IN THE UNITED STATES MANDATORY – CONFIDENTIAL FORM BE–15C

Poreign Postal Code Foreign Postal Code Foreign Postal Code Name and address of U.S. business enterprise Due date: May 31, 2019 Electronic filina: www.bea.gov/efile 1002 Name of U.S. affiliate Mail reports to: U.S. Department of Commerce Bureau of Economic Analysis 1010 c/o (care of) Direct Investment Division, BE-49(A) 4600 Silver Hill Rd Washington, DC 20233 1003 Street or P.O. Box Deliver reports to: U.S. Department of Commerce Bureau of Economic Analysis Direct Investment Division, BE-49(A) 1004 City 4600 Silver Hill Rd Suitland, MD 20746 1005 ZIP Code Fax reports to: (301) 278-9500 Assistance: E-mail: be12/15@bea.gov Telephone: (301) 278-9247 Copies of blank forms: www.bea.gov/fdi Include your BE–15 Identification Number with all requests. Have you been notified that you must file a BE-15 Survey? If so, you must file a BE-15A, BE-15B, BE-15C, or BE-15 Claim for Exemption by the due date. Who must file BE-15C: Those U.S. affiliates with any one of the following items exceeding \$40 million, but with all items not exceeding \$120 million (positive or negative): Total assets Sales or gross operating revenues Net income If you do not meet the filing criteria, see instruction I.A.1 on page 12 to determine which form to file. Certain private funds may be exempt from filing. See item 2(d) of the BE-15 Claim for Exemption for more information.

Mandatory and Confidential

This survey is being conducted under the International Investment and Trade in Services Survey Act (P.L. 94–472, 90 Stat. 2059, 22 U.S.C. 3101– 3108, as amended). The filing of reports is mandatory, and the Act provides that your report to this Bureau is confidential. Whoever fails to report may be subject to penalties. See page 11 for more details.

CONTACT INFORMATION

1000 Name

Provide information of person to consult about this report:

CERTIFICATION

The undersigned official certifies that this report has been prepared in accordance with the applicable instructions, is complete, and is substantially accurate including estimates that may have been provided.

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1029	Street 1 0				Signature of Authorized Official	Date o
1030	Street 2 0			0990	Name 0	
1031	City 0	State	Zip	0991	Title 0	
1001	Telephone Number 0		Extension	0992	Telephone Number	Extension
0999	Fax Number 0			0993	Fax Number 0	
1028	E-mail Address					

NOTE: BEA uses a Secure Messaging System to correspond with you via encrypted message to discuss questions relating to this form. We may use your e-mail address for survey-related announcements and to inform you about secure messages. When communicating with BEA by e-mail, please do not include any confidential business or personal information. This includes your social security number which should never be provided to BEA via any method of transmission.

Part I - Identification of U.S. Affiliate

IMPORTANT

Review the instructions starting on page 11 before completing this form. **Insurance and real estate companies** — See special instructions on page 16.

- Accounting principles If feasible, use U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (U.S. GAAP) to complete Form BE–15 unless you are requested to do otherwise by a specific instruction. References in the instructions to Financial Accounting Standards Board Accounting Standards Codification Topics are referred to as "FASB ASC."
- U.S. affiliate's 2018 fiscal year The affiliate's financial reporting year that had an ending date in calendar year 2018.
- Consolidated reporting A U.S. affiliate must file on a fully consolidated domestic U.S. basis, including in the consolidation ALL U.S. business enterprises proceeding down each ownership chain whose voting securities are more than 50 percent owned by the U.S. business enterprise above. Consolidation rules are found in instruction IV.2 on page 14.
- Rounding Report currency amounts in U.S. dollars rounded to thousands (omitting 000). Do not enter amounts in the shaded portions of each item.
 Example — If amount is \$1,334,891.00 report as:
- Which financial reporting standards will you use to complete this BE–15 report? NOTE — The BE-15 report should be completed using U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles. If using U.S. GAAP to complete this report is highly burdensome, or otherwise not feasible, you may use other financial reporting standards, preferably
 - with adjustments to correct for any material differences between U.S. GAAP and the reporting standards used.
 - ¹ U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles
 - International Financial Reporting Standards (as promulgated by, or adapted from, the International Accounting Standards Board) NOTE — Do not prepare your BE–15 report using the proportionate consolidation method.
 - ¹ ³ Other reporting standards Specify the reporting standards used

2 Is more than 50 percent of the voting interest in this U.S. business enterprise owned by another U.S. affiliate of the foreign parent (see the diagram)?

Yes If "Yes" — Do not complete this report unless exception IV.2.c. described in the consolidation rules apply. This exception states that a U.S. affiliate in which a direct ownership interest and an indirect ownership interest are held by different foreign persons should not be fully consolidated into another U.S. affiliate, but must complete and file its own Form BE-15 report. See diagram on page 14 for an illustration of this exception.

If this exception does not apply, forward the BE-15 notification to file to the U.S. business enterprise owning your company more than 50 percent, and notify BEA of the action taken by filing BE-15 Claim for Exemption with item 2(c) completed on page 3 of that form. The BE-15 Claim for Exemption can be accessed through eFile or downloaded from BEA's Web site at: **www.bea.gov/fdi.**

CONSOLIDATION OF U.S. AFFILIATES

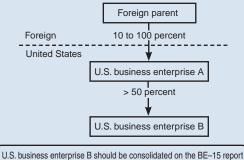
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for U.S. business enterprise B stroub be consolidated on the BE-13 report for U.S. business enterprise A because U.S. business enterprise B is more than 50 percent owned by U.S. business enterprise A.

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BEA USE ONLY

² No If "No" — Complete this report in accordance with the consolidation rules on page 14.

3	Enter Employer Identification	Number(s) used b	y the U.S. affiliate to	o file income and	payroll taxes.
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	Pr	rima	ary				(Dth	er				
1006	1							2					

In which state was the U.S. affiliate located?

--Select State--

If the U.S. affiliate operates in more than one state, then select the state where the greatest number of employees was based at the end of the fiscal year ending in 2018. If there were no employees and no physical location, then select the state of incorporation.

Part I - Identification of U.S. Affiliate - Continued

5	Reporting Period — Reporting period instructions are found in instruction 5 on page 14. If there was a change in fiscal year, review instruction 5.b. on page 14. Month Day Year						
	This U.S. affiliate's fiscal year ended in calendar year 2018 on						
	Example — If the fiscal reporting year ended on March 31, report for the 12-month period ended March 31, 2018.						
	NOTE — Affiliates with a fiscal year that ended within the first week of January 2019 are considered to have a 2018 fiscal year and should report December 31, 2018 as their 2018 fiscal year end.						
6	Did the U.S. business enterprise become a U.S. affiliate during its fiscal year that ended in calendar year 2018?						
	^{1008 1} ¹ Yes If "Yes" — Enter the date the U.S. business enterprise became a U.S. affiliate and see instruction 6 on page 14 to determine how to report for the first time						
	¹ ² No						
	NOTE — A U.S. business enterprise existing before fiscal year 2018 that became a U.S. affiliate in fiscal year 2018 should file a report covering a full 12 months of operations. All U.S. business enterprises that become a new affiliate are also required to file a Form BE-13. More information and copies of survey forms can be found at <u>www.bea.gov/be13</u> .						
7	U.S. business enterprises fully consolidated in this report — U.S. business enterprises that are more than 50-percent owned based on voting interest should be fully consolidated in this report, except as noted in the consolidation rules starting on page 14. Banks — see instruction I.C. on page 13 for aggregated reporting rules.						
	Enter the number of U.S. business enterprises consolidated in this report in the box below. Hereinafter they are considered to be one U.S. affiliate. If the report is for a single U.S. business enterprise, enter "1" in the box below. Exclude from the consolidation all foreign						
	business enterprises or operations owned by this U.S. affiliate.						
8	If the number is greater than one, complete Supplement A on page 8.						
777	Number of U.S. affiliates in which this U.S. affiliate has an ownership interest, that are NOT fully consolidated in this report.						
)	¹⁰¹ 2 O If number is not zero, complete Supplement B on page 9.						
at	The U.S. affiliate named on page 1 must include data for unconsolidated U.S. affiliates on an equity basis or, if less than						

The U.S. affiliate named on page 1 must include data for unconsolidated U.S. affiliates on an equity basis or, if less than 20 percent owned, in accordance with FASB ASC 320 (formerly FAS 115) or the cost method of accounting. The U.S. affiliate named on page 1 also must notify the unconsolidated U.S. affiliates of their obligation to file a BE-15 in their own names (see page 12 to determine the appropriate form for these affiliates to file).

Find

Part I - Identification of U.S. Affiliate - Continued

OWNERSHIP — Enter percent of ownership in this U.S. affiliate, to a tenth of one percent, based on voting interest (or an equivalent interest if an unincorporated affiliate). "Voting interest" is defined in instruction 9.a(1) on page 15.

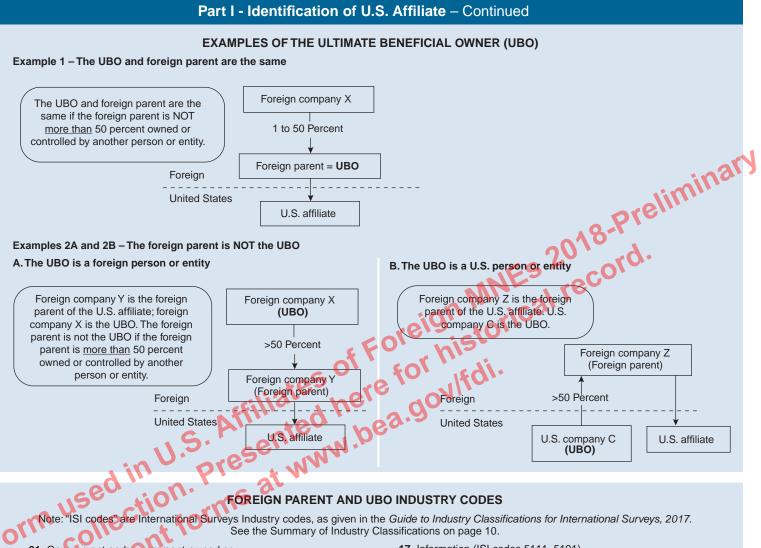
Foreign parent — A foreign parent is the FIRST person or entity outside the U.S. in a chain of ownership that has a 10 percent or more **voting** interest (direct or indirect) in this U.S. affiliate. The country of foreign parent is the country of incorporation or organization if the parent is a business enterprise, or of residence if the parent is an individual or government. For individuals, see instruction 9.b on page 15.

		Country of	Voting i	interest	BEA
Name of each direct owner		foreign parent	Close FY 2018 (1)	Close FY 2017 (2)	USE ONLY
Ownership held directly by foreign parent(s) of this affiliate Enter name and country of each foreign parent with direct owne	•		more than 2, cor	ntinue on next pa	ige. Nal)
9	Selec	t Country	1 %	2 %	3
10	Selec	t Country	1	2 %	3
Ownership held directly by all U.S. affiliates of the foreign p Enter name of each U.S. affiliate that owns this affiliate and the			2, continue on ne	ext page.	
111	Selec	et Country		2 %	3
12	Selec	ot Country	%	² .%	3
13 Direct ownership held by all other persons or entities	(do not list names)	1061	1 %	² %	
TOTAL — Sum of items 9 through 13	- FO.	hist	100.0%	100.0%	
LO C		Ifd!.			
EXAMPLES OF DIRECT	AND INDIRECT FOR	EIGN OWNERSH	IP		
Example 1 – Ownership held directly by a foreign parent.		- Ownership held di es of the foreign par			
Foreign company Y is the foreign	×			Foreign pa	rent
parent because it is the first owner located outside the U.S. in a chain of ownership that owns 10 percent or	Y		Familian	10 to 100 pe	ercent
more of the US affiliate. (foreign parent)			Foreign United States		
10 to 100 percen	nt			U.S. affiliat	te A
ata GUI Foreign	U.S. at	filiate B is indirectly o			
Ata current Foreign United States U.S. affiliate		n parent through U.S. aff A has a direct ownersh U.S. affiliate B.		U.S. affiliat	te B

DIRECT FOREIGN PARENT OWNERSI	HIP-continued				
Use only if you need to enter more owners after item 10 on the previous page.				interest	
Ownership held directly by foreign parent(s) of this U.S. affiliate — Give name of each foreign parent with direct ownership.			Close FY 2018 (1)	Close FY 2017 (1)	
Se	elect Country	019 1		2	
Se	elect Country	020 1		2	2
Se	elect Country	021 1		2	(a.)
Se	elect Country)22 1		2	
Se	elect Country	023 1	19-X	2	
Se	elect Country)24 1	5	2	
Se	elect Country)25 1	°0, °	2	
Se	elect Country	026 1		2	

INDIRECT FOREIGN PARENT O			Voting	interest
Ownership held indirectly by foreign parent(s) of this U.S name of each foreign parent with indirect ownership.		Give	Close FY 2018 (1)	Close FY 2017 (1)
in U. prese WV	Select Country	1065 1		2
ed in the at the	Select Country	1066 1		2
o use ction orms	Select Country	1067 1		2
n' colles at to.	Select Country	1068 1		2
ta Curren	Select Country	069 1		2
' d Cu.	Select Country	1070 1		2

	Enter the name, industri on a separate sheet.	y code and city o	of the foreign parent	. If there is more than one for	eign parent, list each and	its industry code
14a	Enter name of foreign	parent. If the forei	ign parent is an indivi	dual, enter "individual."		
	3011 0					
<u>14b</u>		is the foreign parer eign parent is an in	nt. DO NOT base the	codes on page 6 that best de code on the worldwide sales o 05." Ownership Type:		
14c		foreign parent na	amed in 14a? DO N	OT report the city of residenc	e if the foreign parent is a	n individual or
	3024 0			N	e if the foreign parent is a NES PEC	ora.
	For each foreign parent on page 6. If there is more industry codes.	t, furnish the name e than one foreign	e, country, industry co parent, list each on a	de and city of the of the ultima a separate sheet and give the		/ - see examples
	The UBO is that person,	led by another per	son or entity. Note: S	inning with and including the tockholders of a closely or pri	oreign parent, that is not vately held corporation are	more than 50 e normally
15a	Is the foreign parent a the foreign parent is No	also the UBO? If the UBO	he foreign parent is o	whed or controlled more than	50 percent by another pe	erson or entity, then
		1 on page 6) – Sk 2A and 2B on pag		155.		
15b	¹ ² No (examples Enter the name of the	2A and 2B on page UBO of the foreig	ge 6) – Continue with gn parent. If the UBC) is an individual, or an assoc	ated group of individuals,	, enter "individual."
15b	¹ ² No (examples Enter the name of the See instruction II.D. on	2A and 2B on page UBO of the foreig	ge 6) – Continue with gn parent. If the UBC		ated group of individuals, "bearer shares" is not an	, enter "individual." acceptable response.
15b (1) (15c	¹ ² No (examples Enter the name of the See instruction II.D. on ³⁰²¹ ⁰	UBO of the forei page 13 for the de	ge 6) – Continue with gn parent. If the UBC efinition of associated	D is an individual, or an assoc group. Identifying the UBO as red, if a business enterprise	"bearer shares" is not an	acceptable response.
m ata	¹ ² No (examples Enter the name of the See instruction II D on ³⁰²¹ 0	UBO of the forei page 13 for the de	ge 6) – Continue with gn parent. If the UBC efinition of associated	D is an individual, or an assoc group. Identifying the UBO as red, if a business enterprise	"bearer shares" is not an	enter "individual." acceptable response. BEA USE ONLY
m ata	¹ ² No (examples Enter the name of the See instruction II D, on ³⁰²¹ ⁰ COCC Enter country in whic individual or governm	UBO of the forei page 13 for the de the the UBO is inconnent. For individua	ge 6) – Continue with gn parent. If the UBC efinition of associated	D is an individual, or an assoc group. Identifying the UBO as red, if a business enterprise	"bearer shares" is not an	acceptable response. BEA USE ONLY
nn ata	 ¹ ² No (example) Enter the name of the See instruction II D. on ³⁰²¹ ⁰ Enter country in which individual or governme ³⁰²² ⁰ Select Country What is the city of the second secon	BO of the forein page 13 for the de the the UBO is inconnent. For individua	ge 6) – Continue with gn parent. If the UBC efinition of associated orporated or organiz ils, see instruction 9.b	D is an individual, or an assoc group. Identifying the UBO as red, if a business enterprise	, "bearer shares" is not an	BEA USE ONLY
(15c	¹ ² No (examples Enter the name of the See instruction II.D. on ³⁰²¹ ⁰ Enter country in which individual or governm ³⁰²² ⁰ Select Country	BO of the forein page 13 for the de the the UBO is inconnent. For individua	ge 6) – Continue with gn parent. If the UBC efinition of associated orporated or organiz ils, see instruction 9.b	D is an individual, or an assoc group. Identifying the UBO as red, if a business enterprise . on page 15.	, "bearer shares" is not an	BEA USE ONLY
(1) (150	 ¹ ² No (example) Enter the name of the See instruction II.D. on ³⁰²¹ ⁰ Enter country in which individual or government ³⁰²² ⁰Select Country What is the city of the entity (enter N/A). ³⁰²⁵ ⁰ Enter the industry co 	DBO of the foreignage 13 for the de the the UBO is inconnent. For individual	ge 6) – Continue with gn parent. If the UBC efinition of associated orporated or organiz ils, see instruction 9.b 15b? DO NOT report	D is an individual, or an assoc group. Identifying the UBO as ted, if a business enterprise . on page 15. t the city of residence if the U page 6. Select the industry c	, or is resident, if an 3 O is an individual or gov	BEA USE ONLY
15c	 ¹ ² No (example) Enter the name of the See instruction II.D. on 3021 ⁰ Enter country in which individual or governm 3022 ⁰Select Country What is the city of the entity (enter N/A). 3025 ⁰ Enter the industry co the consolidated world 3023 ¹ 	DBO of the foreigrage 13 for the design of the foreigrage 13 for the design of the foreigrage 13 for the design of the UBO is incompared. For individual the UBO named in a description of the UBO from wide sales	ge 6) – Continue with gn parent. If the UBC efinition of associated orporated or organiz ils, see instruction 9.b 15b? DO NOT report	D is an individual, or an assoc group. Identifying the UBO as ed, if a business enterprise . on page 15. t the city of residence if the U page 6. Select the industry c s majority-owned subsidiaries	, or is resident, if an 3 O is an individual or gove	BEA USE ONLY
(15c)	 ¹ ² No (examples) Enter the name of the See instruction II.D. on 3021 ⁰ Enter country in which individual or governments 3022 ⁰Select Country What is the city of the entity (enter N/A). 3025 ⁰ Enter the industry co the consolidated world 	DBO of the foreigrage 13 for the design of the foreigrage 13 for the design of the foreigrage 13 for the design of the UBO is incompared. For individual the UBO named in a description of the UBO from wide sales	ge 6) – Continue with gn parent. If the UBC efinition of associated orporated or organiz ils, see instruction 9.b 15b? DO NOT report m the list of codes on JBO, including all of it	D is an individual, or an assoc group. Identifying the UBO as ed, if a business enterprise . on page 15. t the city of residence if the U page 6. Select the industry c s majority-owned subsidiaries (Do not use code 14	, or is resident, if an 3 O is an individual or gove	BEA USE ONLY
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(15C)	 ¹ ² No (example) Enter the name of the See instruction II.D. on ³⁰²¹ ⁰ Enter country in which individual or government ³⁰²² ⁰Select Country What is the city of the entity (enter N/A). ³⁰²⁵ ⁰ Enter the industry conthe consolidated world ³⁰²³ ¹Select Indust 	BO of the foreignage 13 for the design of the foreignage 13 for the design of the UBO is incoment. For individual are UBO named in a de of the UBO from wide sales of the UBO from wide	ge 6) – Continue with gn parent. If the UBC efinition of associated orporated or organiz ils, see instruction 9.b 15b? DO NOT report m the list of codes on JBO, including all of it BEA US ³	D is an individual, or an assoc group. Identifying the UBO as red, if a business enterprise . on page 15. t the city of residence if the U page 6. Select the industry c s majority-owned subsidiaries (Do not use code 14 SE ONLY	"bearer shares" is not an , or is resident, if an BO is an individual or gove ode that best reflects for the UBO)	BEA USE ONLY



01 Government and government-owned or sponsored enterprise, or quasi-government organization or agency

02 Pension fund — Government run

- 03 Pension fund Privately run
- 04 Estate, trust, or nonprofit organization
- 05 Individual

Private business enterprise, investment organization, or group engaged in:

- 06 Insurance (ISI codes 5242, 5243, 5249)
- 07 Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting (ISI codes 1110-1140)
- 08 Mining (ISI codes 2111-2127)
- 09 Construction (ISI codes 2360-2380)
- 10 Transportation and warehousing (ISI codes 4810–4939)
- 11 Utilities (ISI codes 2211-2213)
- 12 Wholesale and retail trade (ISI codes 4231–4540)
- 13 Banking, including bank holding companies (ISI codes 5221 and 5229)
- 14 Holding companies, excluding bank holding companies (ISI codes 5512 and 5513)
- 15 Other finance (ISI codes 5223, 5224, 5231, 5238, that part of ISI code 5252 that is not estates and trusts, and ISI code 5331)
- 16 Real estate (ISI code 5310)

- 17 Information (ISI codes 5111–5191)
- 18 Professional, scientific, and technical services (ISI codes 5411-5419)
- Other services (ISI codes 1150, 2132, 2133, 5321, 19 5329, and 5611-8130)

Manufacturing, including fabricating, assembling, and processing of goods:

- 20 Food (ISI codes 3111-3119)
- 21 Beverages and tobacco products (ISI codes 3121 and 3122)
- 22 Pharmaceuticals and medicine (ISI code 3254)
- 23 Other chemicals (ISI codes 3251-3259, except 3254)
- 24 Nonmetallic mineral products (ISI codes 3271-3279)
- 25 Primary and fabricated metal products (ISI codes 3311-3329)
- 26 Computer and electronic products (ISI codes 3341–3346)
- 27 Machinery (ISI codes 3331-3339)
- 28 Electrical equipment, appliances and components (ISI codes 3351-3359)
- 29 Motor vehicles and parts (ISI codes 3361-3363)
- 30 Other transportation equipment (ISI codes 3364-3369)
- Other manufacturing (ISI codes 3130-3231, 3261, 3262, 31 3370-3399)
- 32 Petroleum manufacturing, including integrated petroleum and petroleum refining without extraction (ISI codes 3242 - 3244

Part II - Financial and Operating Data of U.S. Affiliate

In a set in the US. affiliate – Enter the 4-digit International Surveys Industry (ISI) code of the industry in which the US. affiliate had the largest sales or gross operating revenues. The surveys of Industry Classifications on page 10; for a full explanation of each code set the Guide industry Classifications on page 10; for a full explanation of each code set the Guide industry classifications on page 10; for a full explanation of each code set the Guide industry on manufactures, wholesales, and retainers, include revenues generated during the year from the page 10; for a full explanation of large 10; for a full explanation of each code set the Guide industry on manufactures, wholesales, and retainers, include revenues generated during the year from the page 10; for a full explanation of the year from the page 10; for a full explanation of the set from DISPOSALS of a discontinue do page 10; for a full explanation of each code set the Guide in the set from DISPOSALS of a discontinue do page 10; for a full explanation of each code set the Guide in the set from DISPOSALS of a discontinue do page 10; for a full explanation of the set from DISPOSALS of a discontinue do page 10; for a full income, plus sales and gries operating revenues, from equity interest in unconsolidated US. and foreign entities, other income, plus sales and gries operating revenues, from equity interest is nuclear to the US. affiliate, including these in which it has a majority interest are to be unconsolidated. Include all incomes indicated foreign operations using the equity method in the base in which it has a majority interest are to be unconsolidated. Include all incomes indicated foreign operations using the equity method in the base in a majority interest are to be unconsolidated. Include all incomes indicated foreign operations using the equity method in the base in a majority interest are to be unconsolidated. Include all incomes in the set interest in the builtities are zero. Image: Image: Image: Image: Image: Ima	16 What is (are) the major product(s) and/or service(s) of the fully consolidated U.S. affiliate? If a product, a done to it, i.e., whether it is mined, manufactured, sold at wholesale, transported, packaged, etc. (For example			d widae	ate ")	
In which the U.S. affiliate had the target sales or gross operating revenues: See the Summary of Industry Classifications for International Surveys, 2017 located at www.bea.gov/naics2017 Select ISI CODE_ Select ISI CODE_ Select ISI CODE_ Select ISI CODE_ and discounts. Exclude sales or consumption taxes level differenty on the consumer and exclose taxes level and discounts. Exclude sales or consumption taxes level differenty on the consumer and exclose taxes level of PERATIONS of a discontinued business exgement, but exclude gains or losses from DISPOSALS OPTE - Holding Companies (ISI code 5512) should report total income in this item including uncered (loss) from equily investments in unconsolidated U.S. and froigen entities, other income, plus sales and gross operating revenues. If any. Zero normally is NOT a correct entry for this item. BALANCE SHEET NOTE - Foreign operations using the equity report to the same and exclusion of the U.S. affiliate, including topsel in which it the amajority interest; are to be unconsolidated. Include all unconsolidated foreign operations using the equity replication UCOME AND EMPLOYMENT Select IS code of PY 2018 Select IS code same and uncertainty is subject to unusual variations on reporting employees at close of PY 2018 – See instruction 22 on page 15 for information on reporting employment (including how to report when employment is subject to unusual variations) Select IS code same and one of the U.S. affiliate, and local income taxes Select IS code same and uncertainty is and the addition on reporting employment (including how to report when employment is subject to unusual variations) Select IS code of PY 2018 – See instruction 23 on page 15 for information on reporting employment (including how to report, when employment is subject to unusual variations) Select IS code of PY 2018 – See instruction 23 on page 15 for information on reporting employment (including how to report, when employment is subject to unusual variations) Select IS conse book value of all lan		man		a mage	,10.)	
19 Total assets 20 Total assets 21 Total assets 22 Total liabilities 23 Employee compensation – Employee compensation is defined in instruction 23 on page 15 24 Gross book value of all land and other property, plant, and equipment, at the close of FY 2018 25 Bill Mil Thous Dote 26 Total liabilities are zero. 27 Number of employee compensation is defined in instruction 23 on page 15 28 Employee compensation – Employee compensation is defined in instruction 23 on page 15 29 Research and development (R&D) expenditures for R&D performed BY the U.S. affiliate – R&D is defined 20 Total Liabilities are zero. 21 BEA USE ONLY 22 Imployee Compensation 2 Compensat	 in which the U.S. affiliate had the largest sales or gross operating revenues. See the Summary of Industry Classifications on page 10; for a full explanation of each code see the <i>Guide to Industry Classifications for International Surveys, 2017</i> located at www.bea.gov/naics2017 18 Sales or gross operating revenues, excluding sales taxes – Report gross sales minus returns, allowances, and discounts. Exclude sales or consumption taxes levied directly on the consumer and excise taxes levied directly on manufacturers, wholesalers, and retailers. Include revenues generated during the year from the OPERATIONS of a discontinued business segment, but exclude gains or losses from DISPOSALS of discontinued operations. 	2149 2149 000 Eq	Bil.		mir	
19 Total assets 20 Total assets 21 Total assets 22 Total liabilities 23 Employee compensation – Employee compensation is defined in instruction 23 on page 15 24 Gross book value of all land and other property, plant, and equipment, at the close of FY 2018 25 Bill Mil Thous Dote 26 Total liabilities are zero. 27 Number of employee compensation is defined in instruction 23 on page 15 28 Employee compensation – Employee compensation is defined in instruction 23 on page 15 29 Research and development (R&D) expenditures for R&D performed BY the U.S. affiliate – R&D is defined 20 Total Liabilities are zero. 21 BEA USE ONLY 22 Imployee Compensation 2 Compensat	Zero normally is NOT a correct entry for this item.	s, n an	ıy.			
21 Net income (loss) – After provision for U.S. Federal, state, and local income taxes 2169 1 000 221 Number of employees at close of FY 2018 – See instruction 22 on page 15 for information on reporting employment (including how to report when employment is subject to unusual variations) 2700 3 000 223 Employee compensation – Employee compensation is defined in instruction 23 on page 15 2807 1 000 224 Gross book value of all land and other property, plant, and equipment, at the close of FY 2018 000 000 225 Research and development (R&D) expenditures for R&D performed BY the U.S. affiliate – R&D is defined 2403 1 000 226 BEA USE ONLY 1 000 000 000 2070 1 000 000 000 000 208 1 000 000 000 000 209 1 000 000 000 000 209 1 000 000 000 000 209 1 000 000 000 000 209 1 000 000 000 000 000 <th>Close E 2018 DE 3.9</th> <th>idateo</th> <th>d. Include</th> <th>e all</th> <th></th> <th></th>	Close E 2018 DE 3.9	idateo	d. Include	e all		
21 Net income (loss) – After provision for U.S. Federal, state, and local income taxes	19 Total assets 2114 1 2 114 000 1 201 Total Link if	es ar	e zero.			
 Number of employees at close of FY 2018 – See instruction 22 on page 15 for information on reporting employment (including how to report when employment is subject to unusual variations) See instruction 22 on page 15 for information on reporting employment (including how to report when employment is subject to unusual variations) See instruction 23 on page 15. Mil. Thous. Dols 1 Mil. Thous. Dols 1 Mil. Thous. Dols 1 Construction 23 on page 15. Gross book value of all land and other property, plant, and equipment, at the close of FY 2018 Research and development (R&D) expenditures for R&D performed BY the U.S. affiliate – R&D is defined BEA USE ONLY BEA USE ONLY 	19 Total assets	:	\$ Bil.	Mil.	Thous.	Dols.
223 I 2000 Compensation – Employee compensation is defined in instruction 23 on page 15	19 Total assets	:	\$ Bil . 1			Dols.
2397 1 24 Gross book value of all land and other property, plant, and equipment, at the close of FY 2018	 19 Total assets	2159	\$ Bil. 1 Numł			
25 Research and development (R&D) expenditures for R&D performed BY the U.S. affiliate – R&D is defined 1 000 BEA USE ONLY 1299 1 1	 19 Total assets	2159 2700 	\$ Bil. 1 Numt	ber of en	nployees	000
in instruction 25 on page 15 000 BEA USE ONLY 1	 19 Total assets	2159 2700 	\$ Bil. 1 Numt	ber of en	nployees	000 Dols.
1299 1	 19 Total assets	2159 2700 2203 2397 2397	\$ Bil. 1 Numt	ber of en	nployees	000 Dols.
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FOR	FORM BE-15 Supplement A (2018)	ment A (201	U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE	BEA USE ONLY	Page number	
(REV	<pre>/. 12/2018) LIST OF ALL U.S. Bl</pre>	USINESS ENTERPRI	ES FULLY CONSOLIDATED INTO	Name of U.S. affiliate as shown on page 1		
NOTE	TE – If you filed a Supplen completing a new Su has been updated to	ment A or a computer upplement A, you may show any additions, c	If you filed a Supplement A or a computer printout of Supplement A with your 2017 BE-12 report, in lieu of completing a new Supplement A, you may substitute a copy of that Supplement A or computer printout that has been updated to show any additions, deletions, or other changes.			
Supr busii agre	plement A must be compleness enterprises. The nurrie with item 7 on page 3	eted by a reporting aff hber of U.S. business t 3. Continue listing onto	Supplement A must be completed by a reporting affiliate that consolidates financial and operating data of any other U.S. business enterprises must business enterprises instead below plus the reporting U.S. business enterprise must agree with item Z on page 3. Continue listing onto as many additional pages as necessary.	Primary Employer Identification Number as shown in item 3 on page 2.	5110 1	
	If the affiliate has changed since last report, please select the reason. If it is new, please select the corresponding "new" transaction type	If affiliate is new since last report, please enter the date the U.S. business enterprise was acquired or established	Name of each U.S. business enterprise consolidated Numb (as represented in item Z on page 3) income	Employer Identification Number used to file income and payroll taxes (2) (3) (3)	anterprise which ip interest in the n column 1	Percent of direct voting ownership that the entity namec in column 3 holds in the entity named in column 1. - Enter percent to nearest tenth (4)
6 5111	eSelect Reason	7	2	4		5 3
6 5112	Select Reason	7	2 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7	4		5
6 5113	Select Reason	7		4		5
6 5114	Select Reason	7	2	4		5
6 5115	Select Reason	7	2	4		5 8
6 5116	³ Select Reason	7	2	4		5
6 5117	³ Select Reason	7		4		5
6 5118	³ Select Reason	7	2	4		5 8
6 5119	⁵ Select Reason	7	3	4		5 %
6 5120	³ Select Reason	7	3	4		5
6 5121	³ Select Reason	2	2	4		5
6 5122	^a Select Reason	7	2			5
6 5123	^a Select Reason	7	0			5
6 5124	^a Select Reason	7	0			5
6 5125	³ Select Reason	7	3	5		5
6 5126	³ Select Reason	7	3	14 14		5 8
6 5127	³ Select Reason	7	3	₹		5
6 5128	³ Select Reason	7	3	4 70		5
6 5129	³ Select Reason	2	3	4 4 0		5 %
6 5130	^a Select Reason	7	2	4		5
6 5131				n		
6 5132 6	0	lf you n€	If you need to file more lines, use the separate Supplement Excel file provided on the website.	ment Excel file provided on the	website.	
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					OMB No. 0608-0034: Approval Expires 10/12/2021	roval Expires 10/12/2021
FORM B	FORM BE-15 Supplement B (2018) (REV. 12/2018)	ment B (2018		U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE BUREAU OF ECONOMIC ANALYSIS	BEA USE	Page
NOTE	LIS: LIS: - If vou filed a Supple	owne of a LL U.S. AFFIL OWNE OWNE	TES IN WHICH THE REPORTING SHIP INTEREST BUT WHICH AR Provintout of Supplement B with	AFFILIATE (AS CONSOLIDATED) HAS A DIRECT RE NOT FULLY CONSOLIDATED MOLED 17 BE-12 report in lieu of completing a new Supplement B vou	Name of U.S. affiliate as shown on page	wn on page 1
Suppler	may substitute a completion of the most substitute a completion of the substitute and the	opy of that Suppleme eted by a reporting aff	Supplement B must be completed by a reporting affiliate which files a BE-15C and has a direct ownership	Supplement B must be completed by a reporting affiliate which files a BE-15C and has been updated to show any additions, or other changes.		
consolid	lated. The number of L	U.S. affiliates listed bel	low must agree with item 8 on page 3. Continue listin	ng onto as many additional pages as necessary.		
BEA USE ONLY	If the affiliate has changed since last report, please select the reason. If it is new, please select the corresponding "new" transaction type	If affiliate is new since last report, please enter the date the U.S. business enterprise was acquired or established	Name of each U.S. affiliate in which a direct interest is held but that is not listed in Supplement A (1)	Address Provide number, street, city, state, and ZIP Code (2)	Employer Identification Number used to file income and payroll taxes (3)	Percent of direct voting ownership interest that the fully considiated U.S. business enterprise named on page 1, enterprise named in column 1. – Enter percent to nearest tenth. (4)
7 6211	Select Reason	4	2	Aff Pres	۲ ۲ ۲	%
6212	Select Reason	4	2	iliat entr	۲ ۲ ۲	% %
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7 6214	Select Reason	4	2	n Pes Pes	Г. 	8
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6221	Select Reason	4	2	m	man	°

Summary of Industry Classifications-For a full explanation of each code see www.bea.gov/naics2017

Radio and television broadcasting

Satellite telecommunications

Other telecommunications

Other information services

branches and agencies

Finance and Insurance

exchanges

carriers

5310 Real estate

related activities

Cable and other subscription programming

Wired and wireless telecommunications carriers

Data processing, hosting, and related services

Depository credit intermediation (Banking)

Non-depository credit intermediation, except

Activities related to credit intermediation

Non-depository branches and agencies

Other financial investment activities and

Agencies, brokerages, and other insurance

Direct life insurance carriers Funds, trusts, and other finance vehicles

Automotive equipment rental and leasing Other rental and leasing services

Lessors of nonfinancial intangible assets,

Accounting, tax preparation, bookkeeping, and payroll services

Architectural, engineering, and related services

Computer systems design and related services Management, scientific, and technical

Scientific research and development services

Travel arrangement and reservation services

Waste management and remediation services

Advertising, public relations, and related services

Insurance carriers, except direct life insurance

Securities and commodity contracts

intermediation and brokerage

Real Estate and Rental and Leasing

except copyrighted works

Legal services

Professional, Scientific, and Technical

Specialized design services

Other professional, scientific, and

Management of Companies and Enterprises

5512 Holding companies, except bank holding

Corporate, subsidiary, and regional

Management, and Remediation Services

Investigation and security services

Services to buildings and dwellings

Nursing and residential care facilities

Museums, historical sites, and similar

Amusement, gambling, and recreation

Office administrative services

Facilities support services

Employment services Business support services

Other support services

Health Care and Social Assistance

6210 Ambulatory health care services

Social assistance services

Arts, Entertainment, and Recreation

7110 Performing arts, spectator sports,

Accommodation and Food Services

7220 Food services and drinking places

Repair and maintenance

and similar organizations

Personal and laundry services

Religious, grantmaking, civic, professional,

and related industries

Educational Services

Hospitals

institutions

industries

7210 Accommodation

Public Administration

9200 Public administration

Other Services

6110 Educational services

consulting services

technical services

management offices

Administrative and Support, Waste

companies

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Services

Agriculture, Forestry, Fishing, and Hunting

- 1110 Crop production
- Animal production and aquaculture 1120
- 1130 Forestry and logging
- Fishing, hunting, and trapping 1140
- 1150 Support activities for agriculture and forestry

Mining

Oil and gas extraction 2111

- 2121 Coal
- 2123 Nonmetallic minerals 2124 Iron ores
- 2125 Gold and silver ores
- Copper, nickel, lead, and zinc ores 2126
- 2127 Other metal ores
- 2132 Support activities for oil and gas operations
- Support activities for mining, except 2133 for oil and gas operations

Utilities

- 2211 Electric power generation,
- transmission, and distribution
- 2212 Natural gas distribution 2213
- Water, sewage, and other systems

Construction

- Construction of buildings 2360 2370 Heavy and civil engineering construction 2380 Specialty trade contractors

Manufacturing

- Animal foods 3111 Grain and oilseed milling 3112 3113 Sugar and confectionery products 3114 Fruit and vegetable preserving and specialty foods 3115 Dairy products 3116 Meat products Seafood product preparation and packaging 3117
- 3118 Bakery products and tortillas
- 3119 Other food products Beverages
- 3121 Tobacco
- 3122 3130 Textile mills
- 3140 Textile product mills
- 3150 Apparel
- 3160 Leather and allied products
- 3210
- Wood products Pulp, paper, and paperboard mills 3221
- 3222
- Converted paper products Printing and related support activities Integrated petroleum refining and extraction Petroleum refining without extraction 3231
- 3242
- 3243 Asphalt and other petroleum and
- 3244 coal products

Basic chemicals 3251

- Resins, synthetic rubbers, and artificial and synthetic fibers and filaments Pesticides, fertilizers, and other 3252 3253 agricultural chemicals
- 3254 Pharmaceuticals and medicines
- 3255 Paints, coatings, and adhesives
- 3256 Soap, cleaning compounds, and
- toilet preparations
- 3259 Other chemical products and preparations
- 3261 Plastics products
- 3262 Rubber products
- 3271 Clay products and refractories
- 3272 Glass and glass products
- Cement and concrete products 3273
- Lime and gypsum products 3274
- 3279 Other nonmetallic mineral products
- 3311 Iron and steel mills
- Steel products from purchased steel 3312 Alumina and aluminum production 3313
- and processing Nonferrous metal (except aluminum) 3314
- production and processing 3315 Foundries
- 3321
- Forging and stamping 3322
- Cutlery and hand tools 3323
- Architectural and structural metals Boilers, tanks, and shipping containers
- 3324 3325 Hardware
- 3326
- Spring and wire products 3327 Machine shop products, turned products, and screws, nuts, and bolts
- 3328 Coating, engraving, heat treating,
- and allied activities

FORM BE-15C (REV 10/2018)

- Other fabricated metal products 3329
- 3331 Agriculture, construction, and mining machinery
- 3332 Industrial machinery
- Commercial and service industry machinery 3333

- Ventilation, heating, air-conditioning, and commercial refrigeration equipment 3334
- 3335
- Metalworking machinery Engines, turbines, and power 3336
- transmission equipment
- 3339 Other general purpose machinery Computer and peripheral equipment
- 3341 Communications equipment 3342
- 3343
- Audio and video equipment Semiconductors and other 3344
- electronic components
- Navigational, measuring, electromedical, and control instruments 3345
- 3346 Manufacturing and reproducing
- magnetic and optical media Electric lighting equipment 3351
- 3352 Household appliances
- 3353
- Electrical equipment Other electrical equipment and components 3359 3361 Motor vehicles
- 3362 Motor vehicle bodies and trailers
- 3363
- Motor vehicle parts Aerospace products and parts 3364
- Railroad rolling stock 3365
- 3366 Ship and boat building

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Information

Retail Trade

- 3369 Other transportation equipment
- 3370 Furniture and related products
- 3391 Medical equipment and supplies
- 3399 Other miscellaneous manufacturing

Wholesale Trade, Durable Goods

- Motor vehicle and motor vehicle 4231 parts and supplies
- Eurniture and home furnishing Lumber and other construction materials Professional and commercial 4232
- 4233

equipment and supplies Metal and mineral (except petroleum) Household appliances and electrical

and electronic goods Hardware, and plumbing and heating.

equipment and supplies Machinery, equipment, and supplies Miscellaneous durable goods

Paper and paper product Drugs and druggists' sundries Apparel, piece goods, and notions Grocery and related product

Petroleum and petroleum products Beer, wine, and distilled alcoholic beverage

Wholesale Trade, Nondurable Goods

Farm product raw material

Wholesale Trade, Electronic Markets

and Agents And Brokers

agents and brokers

and supplies dealers Food and beverage

Gasoline stations

Non-store retailers

Air transportation

Truck transportation

Transportation and Warehousing

Health and personal care

Chemical and allied products

Miscellaneous nondurable goods

Wholesale electronic markets and

Motor vehicle and parts dealers

Furniture and home furnishings Electronics and appliance

Clothing and clothing accessories

General merchandise Miscellaneous store retailers

Rail transportation Petroleum tanker operations

Other water transportation

Couriers and messengers

Petroleum storage for hire

Sound recording industries

directory publishers

Software publishers

Other warehousing and storage

Newspaper, periodical, book, and

Motion picture and video industries

Page 10

Building material and garden equipment

Sporting goods, hobby, book, and music

Transit and ground passenger transportation Pipeline transportation of crude oil,

refined petroleum products, and natural gas Other pipeline transportation

Scenic and sightseeing transportation

Support activities for transportation

2018 ANNUAL SURVEY OF FOREIGN DIRECT INVESTMENT IN THE UNITED STATES BE-15C INSTRUCTIONS

NOTE: Instructions in section IV are cross-referenced by number to the items located on pages 2 to 9.

Authority – This survey is being conducted pursuant to the International Investment and Trade in Services Survey Act (P.L. 94-472., 90 Stat. 2059, 22 U.S.C. 3101-3108, as amended, hereinafter "the Act"), and the filing of reports is MANDATORY pursuant to Section 5(b)(2) of the Act (22 U.S.C. 3104).

A response is required from persons (in the broad sense, including companies) subject to the reporting requirements of the BE-15 survey. Also, persons contacted by BEA concerning their being subject to reporting, either by sending them a report form or by written inquiry, must respond pursuant to section 801.3 of 15 CFR, pt. 801 and the survey instructions. This may be accomplished by completing and submitting Form BE-15A, BE-15B, BE-15C, or the BE-15 Claim For Exemption, whichever is applicable, **by May 31, 2019.**

Penalties – Whoever fails to report shall be subject to a civil penalty of not less than \$4,527, and not more than \$46,192, and to injunctive relief commanding such person to comply, or both. These civil penalties are subject to inflationary adjustments. Those adjustments are found in 15 CFR 6.4. Whoever willfully fails to report shall be fined not more than \$10,000 and, if an individual, may be imprisoned for not more than one year, or both. Any officer, director, employee, or agent of any corporation who knowingly participates in such violations, upon conviction, may be punished by a like fine, imprisonment or both (22 U.S.C. 3105).

Notwithstanding any other provision of the law, no person is required to respond to, nor shall any person be subject to a penalty for failure to comply with, a collection of information subject to the requirements of the Paperwork Reduction Act, unless that collection of information displays a currently valid OMB Control Number. The control number for this survey is at the top of page 1.

Respondent Burden – Public reporting burden for this BE-15C form is estimated to vary from 1 to 3 hours per response, with an average of 2.25 hours per response, including the time for reviewing instructions, searching existing data sources, gathering and maintaining the data needed, and completing and reviewing the collection of information. Send comments regarding this burden estimate or any other aspect of this collection of information, including suggestions for reducing this burden, to Director, Bureau of Economic Analysis (BE-1), U.S. Department of Commerce, 4600 Silver Hill Road, Washington, DC 20233; and to the Office of Management and Budget, Paperwork Reduction Project 0608-0034, Washington, DC 20503.

Confidentiality – The Act provides that your report to this Bureau is CONFIDENTIAL and may be used only for analytical or statistical purposes. Without your prior written permission, the information filed in your report CANNOT be presented in a manner that allows it to be individually identified. Your report CANNOT be used for purposes of taxation, investigation, or regulation. Copies retained in your files are immune from legal process. Per the Cybersecurity Enhancement Act of 2015, your data are protected from cybersecurity risks through secure monitoring of the BEA information systems.

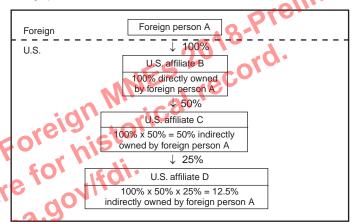
I. REPORTING REQUIREMENTS

A. Who must report – A BE-15 report is required for each U.S. affiliate, i.e., for each U.S. business enterprise in which a foreign person or entity owned or controlled, directly or indirectly, 10 percent or more of the voting securities if an incorporated U.S. business enterprise, or an equivalent interest if an unincorporated U.S. business enterprise, at the end of the business enterprise's fiscal year that ended in calendar year 2018. Certain private funds may be exempt from filing; see item 2(d) of the BE-15 Claim for Exemption for more information.

Foreign ownership interest – All direct and indirect lines of ownership held by a foreign person in a given U.S. business enterprise must be summed to determine if the enterprise is a U.S. affiliate of the foreign person for purposes of reporting.

Indirect ownership interest in a U.S. business enterprise is the product of the direct ownership percentage of the foreign parent in the first U.S. business enterprise in the ownership chain multiplied by that first enterprise's direct ownership percentage in the second U.S. business enterprise multiplied by each succeeding direct ownership percentage of each other intervening U.S. business enterprise in the ownership chain between the foreign parent and the given U.S. business enterprise.

Example: In the diagram below, foreign person A owns 100% of the voting stock of U.S. affiliate B; U.S. affiliate B owns 50% of the voting stock of U.S. affiliate C; and U.S. affiliate C owns 25% of the voting stock of U.S. affiliate C. Therefore, U.S. affiliate B is 100% directly owned by foreign person A; U.S. affiliate C is 50% indirectly owned by foreign person A; and U.S. affiliate D is 12.5% indirectly owned by foreign person A.



A report is required even if the foreign person's voting interest in the U.S. business enterprise was established or acquired during the reporting period.

Beneficial, not record, ownership is the basis of the reporting criteria. Voting securities, voting stock, and voting interest all have the same general meaning and are used interchangeably throughout these instructions and the report forms.

Airline and ship operators – U.S. stations, ticket offices, and terminal and port facilities of foreign airlines and ship operators that provide services ONLY to the foreign airlines' and ship operators' own operation are not required to report. Reports are required when such enterprises produce significant revenues from services provided to unaffiliated persons.

Agencies and representative offices – U.S. representative offices, agents and employees of a foreign person or entity that meet the criteria outlined below are not considered to be U.S. affiliates, and therefore, they should not be reported on Forms BE-15A, BE-15B, or BE-15C. However, a foreign person's or entity's disbursements to maintain U.S. sales and representative offices must be reported on Form BE-125, Quarterly Survey of Transactions in Selected Services and Intellectual Property with Foreign Persons. Copies of Form BE-125 are available on BEA's Web site at: www.bea.gov/ssb

A U.S. presence of a foreign person or entity (or their representative(s)) is considered a U.S. sales promotion or representative office if:

- It is engaged only in sales promotion, representational activities, public relations activities, or the gathering of market information, on behalf of the foreign person or entity;
- 2. It does not produce revenue (other than funds from the foreign person or entity to cover its expenses); and
- **3.** It has minimal assets held either in its own name or the name of the foreign person or entity.

A U.S. presence of a foreign person or entity (or their representative(s)) that produces revenue for its own account from goods or services it provides to others is considered a U.S. affiliate and is subject to the BE-15 reporting requirements.

I. REPORTING REQUIREMENTS – Continued	Which 2018 BE-15 Form to File?
 Which form to file – Review the questions below and the flow chart on this page to determine if your U.S. business is required to file the BE-15 survey. Blank forms can be found at: www.bea.gov/fdi 	At least 10 percent voting interest directly and/or indirectly owned by a foreign person?
a. Were at least 10 percent of the voting rights in your business enterprise directly or indirectly owned by a foreign person or entity at the end of your fiscal year that ended in calendar year 2018?	Yes No ↓ More than 50 percent of the voting rights owned by Eile Form PE 15
Yes — Continue with question b.	another U.S. affiliate at end of the fiscal year ending in Claim for Exemption
□ No — File Form BE-15 Claim for Exemption by May 31, 2019.	calendar year 2018?
 b. Were more than 50 percent of the voting rights in this U.S. business enterprise owned by another U.S. affiliate at the end of this U.S. business enterprise's fiscal year that ended in calendar year 2018? Yes — Continue with question c. No — Skip to question d. NOTE: Your business is hereafter referred to as a "U.S. affiliate." c. Do different foreign persons hold a direct and an indirect ownership interest in this U.S. business enterprise (exception c to the consolidation rules)? (The consolidation rules are found in instruction IV.2. on page 14.) 	Yes Do different foreign persons hold a direct and indirect ownership interest in the U.S. affiliate (exception c to the consolidation rules found in instruction IV.2. on page 14)? Yes Yes This U.S. affiliate must be consolidated on the
Yes — Continue with question d. NOTE: Your business is hereafter referred to as a "U.S. affiliate."	BE-15 report of the U.S. affiliate that owns it more than 50 percent. File Form BE-15 Claim for Exemption.
No — This U.S. business enterprise must be consolidated on the BE-15 report of the U.S. affiliate that owns it more than 50 percent. File Form BE-15 Claim for Exemption with page and item (c) on page 3 completed by May 31, 2019. Notify the U.S. affiliate that owns this affiliate more than 50 percent, and have them consolidate your data into their report.	BE-15 report of the U.S. affiliate that owns it more than 50 percent. File Form BE-15 Claim for Exemption.
d. Did any one of the items – Total assets, Sales or gross operating revenues, or Net income (loss) – for the U.S. affiliate (not just the foreign parent's share) exceed \$40 million at the end of, or for, its fiscal year that ended in calendar year 2018?	¥40 million (positive or negative)?
Yes - Continue with question e.	File Form BE-15 Claim
No — File Form BE-15 Claim for Exemption by May 31, 2019.	for Exemption
e. Did any one of the items – Total assets, Sales or gross operating revenues, or Net income (loss) – for the U.S. affiliate (not just the foreign parent's share) exceed \$120 million at the end of, or for, its fiscal year that ended in calendar year 2018?	Assets, sales, or net income (loss) greater than \$120 million (positive or negative)?
Yes — Continue with question f.	File Form
□ No — File Form BE-15C by May 31, 2019.	BE-15C
f. Was the U.S. affiliate majority-owned by its foreign parent(s) at the end of its fiscal year that ended in calendar year 2018? (A U.S. affiliate is "majority-owned" if the combined direct and indirect ownership interests of all foreign parents of the U.S. affiliate exceed 50 percent.)	Majority-Owned directly and/or indirectly by foreign parents?
Yes — Continue with question g.	Assets, sales, or net File Form
□ No — File Form BE-15B by May 31, 2019.	income (loss) greater than \$300 million (positive or negative)?
 g. Did any one of the items – Total assets, Sales or gross operating revenues, or Net income (loss) – for the U.S. affiliate (not just the foreign parent's share) exceed \$300 million at the end of, or for, its fiscal year that ended in calendar year 2018? Yes — File Form BE-15A by May 31, 2019. 	Yes No File Form BE-15A File Form BE-15B
□ No — File Form BE-15B by May 31, 2019.	NOTE: Certain private funds may be exempt from filing. See www.bea.gov/surveys/privatefunds for more information.

I. REPORTING REQUIREMENTS - Continued

2. Who must file Form BE-15C – 2018 Annual Survey of Foreign Direct Investment in the United States?

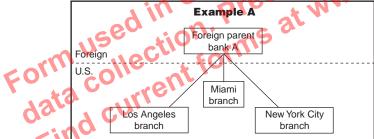
Form BE-15C must be filed for a U.S. affiliate with total assets, sales or gross operating revenues, or net income greater than \$40 million (positive or negative) but not greater than \$120 million (positive or negative) if:

- (a) the affiliate has NOT filed a BE-12 or BE-15 for a fiscal year that ended BEFORE January 1, 2018; OR
- (b) the affiliate has been instructed in writing by BEA to file a BE-15 for the fiscal year that ended in calendar year 2018.
- B. Aggregation of real estate investments Aggregate all real estate investments in the United States of a foreign person for the purpose of applying the reporting criteria. Use a single report form to report the aggregate holdings, unless BEA has granted permission to do otherwise. Those holdings not aggregated must be reported separately. Real estate is discussed more fully in instruction V.B. on page 16.
- C. Aggregated reporting for banks All U.S. branches and agencies (including International Banking Facilities) directly owned by a foreign bank may be aggregated on a single BE-15.

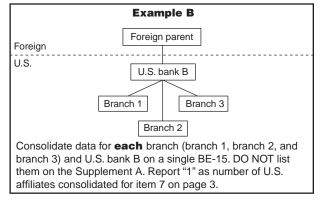
U.S. branches and agencies, <u>directly owned by the foreign parent</u>, that are aggregated on this report should be counted separately and listed separately on the Supplement A to this form. See Example A below.

U.S. branches and agencies, <u>owned by a U.S. bank affiliate</u>, should be consolidated on this report but **not** counted separately and **not** listed separately on the Supplement A to this form. See Example B below.

Note that subsequent filings of Form BE-15 annual reports and Form BE-605 quarterly reports with BEA, if required, must be on the same aggregated basis. If all U.S. branches and agencies directly owned by a foreign bank are not aggregated on a single report, then each branch or agency must file a separate BE-15.



Data for **all** three branches (Miami, Los Angeles, and New York City) owned by Foreign parent bank A may be aggregated on a single BE-15. If aggregated, list **all** three branches on the Supplement A. Report "3" as the number of U.S. branches aggregated for item 7 on page 3.



II. DEFINITIONS

A. United States, when used in a geographic sense, means the several States, the District of Columbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, and all territories and possessions of the United States.

- **B.** Foreign, when used in a geographic sense, means that which is situated outside the United States or which belongs to or is characteristic of a country other than the United States.
- C. Person, means any individual, branch, partnership, association, associated group, estate, trust, corporation, or other organization (whether or not organized under the laws of any state), and any government (including a foreign government, the U.S. Government, a state or local government, and any agency, corporation, financial institution, or other entity or instrumentality thereof, including a government sponsored agency).
- D. Associated group means two or more persons who, by the appearance of their actions, by agreement, or by an understanding, exercise their voting privileges in a concerted manner to influence the management of a business enterprise. The following are deemed to be associated groups:
 - 1. Members of the same family.
 - 2. A business enterprise and one or more of its officers or directors.
 - 3. Members of a syndicate or joint venture.
 - 4. A corporation and its domestic subsidiaries.
- E. Foreign person means any person resident outside the United States or subject to the jurisdiction of a country other than the United States.
- F. Direct investment means the ownership or control, directly or indirectly, by one person of 10 percent or more of the voting securities of an incorporated business enterprise or an equivalent interest in an unincorporated business enterprise.
- **G. Foreign direct investment in the United States** means the ownership or control, directly or indirectly, by one foreign person of 10 percent or more of the voting securities of an incorporated U.S. business enterprise or an equivalent interest in an unincorporated U.S. business enterprise, including a branch.
- H. Business enterprise means any organization, association, branch, or venture that exists for profit-making purposes or to otherwise secure economic advantage, and any ownership of any real estate.
- I. **Branch** means the operations or activities conducted by a person in a different location in its own name rather than through an incorporated entity.
- J. Affiliate means a business enterprise located in one country that is directly or indirectly owned or controlled by a person of another country to the extent of 10 percent or more of its voting securities for an incorporated business enterprise or an equivalent interest for an unincorporated business enterprise, including a branch.
- **K. U.S. affiliate** means an affiliate located in the United States in which a foreign person has a direct investment.
 - Majority-owned U.S. affiliate means a U.S. affiliate in which the combined direct and indirect voting interest of all foreign parents of the U.S. affiliate exceeds 50 percent.
 - **2. Minority-owned U.S. affiliate** means a U.S. affiliate in which the combined direct and indirect voting interest of all foreign parents of the U.S. affiliate is 50 percent or less.
- L. Foreign parent is a foreign person that directly or indirectly holds a voting interest of 10 percent or more in the U.S. affiliate. It is the first person outside the United States in a foreign chain of ownership, which has direct investment in a U.S. business enterprise, including a branch.
- **M. U.S. corporation** means a business enterprise incorporated in the United States.
- N. Intermediary means any agent, nominee, manager, custodian, trust, or any person acting in a similar capacity.
- O. Ultimate beneficial owner (UBO) is that person, proceeding up the ownership chain beginning with and including the foreign parent, that is not more than 50 percent owned or controlled by another person. Note: Stockholders of a closely or privately held corporation are normally considered to be an associated group and may be a UBO.
- P. Private Fund refers to the same class of financial entities defined by the Securities and Exchange Commission as private funds on Form PF: "any issuer that would be an investment company as defined in section 3 of the Investment Company Act of 1940 but for section 3(c)(1) or 3(c)(7) of ...[that] Act."

III. GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

- A. Required information not available Make all reasonable efforts to obtain the information required for reporting. Answer every item except where specifically exempt. Indicate when only partial information is available.
- **B. Estimates** If actual figures are not available, provide estimates and label them as such. When items cannot be fully subdivided as required, provide totals and an estimated breakdown of the totals. Information necessary to complete some of the items on Form BE-15C may not be available from a company's customary accounting records. Precise answers for these items may present the respondent with a substantial burden beyond what is intended by BEA. Therefore, the answers may be reasonable estimates based upon the informed judgment of persons in the responding organization, sampling techniques, prorations based on related data, etc. However, the estimating procedures used should be consistently applied on all BEA surveys.
- **C. Space on form insufficient –** When space on a form is insufficient to permit a full answer to any item, provide the required information on supplementary sheets, appropriately labeled and referenced to the item number on the form.

IV. INSTRUCTIONS FOR SPECIFIC SECTIONS OF THE REPORT FORM

NOTE: Instructions in section IV are cross-referenced by number to the items located on pages 2 to 9.

2 Consolidation Rules

Consolidated reporting by the U.S. affiliate – A U.S. affiliate must file on a fully consolidated **domestic** U.S. basis, including in the full consolidation all U.S. business enterprises proceeding down each ownership chain whose voting securities are more than 50 percent owned by the U.S. business enterprise above. The fully consolidated entity is considered one U.S. affiliate.

A foreign person holding real estate investments that are reportable on the BE-15 must aggregate all such holdings. See Instruction V.B. on page 16 for details.

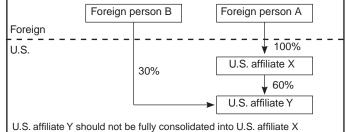
Do not prepare your BE-15 report using the proportionate consolidation method. Except as noted in IV.2.b. and c. below, consolidate all majority-owned U.S. business enterprises into your BE-15 report.

Unless the exceptions discussed below apply, any deviation from these consolidation rules must be approved in writing by BEA. If you file deconsolidated reports, you must file the same type of reports that would have been required if a consolidated report was filed.

Report majority-owned subsidiaries, if not consolidated, on the BE-15C using the equity method of accounting. DO NOT eliminate intercompany accounts (e.g., receivables or liabilities) for affiliates not consolidated.

Exceptions to consolidated reporting – Note: If a U.S. business enterprise is not consolidated into another U.S. affiliate's BE-15 report, then it **must** be listed on the Supplement B of the other U.S. affiliate's BE-15 report and each U.S. affiliate not consolidated **must** file its own Form BE-15.

- a. Do not consolidate foreign subsidiaries, branches, operations, or investments no matter what the percentage ownership. Include foreign holdings owned 20 percent or more using the equity method. DO NOT report employment, land, and other property, plant, and equipment and DO NOT eliminate intercompany accounts for holdings reported using the equity method. DO NOT list any foreign holdings of the U.S. affiliate on the Supplement B.
- b. Special consolidation rules apply to U.S. affiliates that are limited partnerships or that have an ownership interest in a U.S. limited partnership. These rules can be found on BEA's Web site at: www.bea.gov/help/faq/1011
- c. A U.S. affiliate in which a direct ownership interest and an indirect ownership interest are held by **different** foreign persons should not be fully consolidated into another U.S. affiliate, but must complete and file its own BE-15 report. (See diagram.)



U.S. affiliate Y should not be fully consolidated into U.S. affiliate X because of the 30 percent direct ownership by foreign person B.

If this exception applies, reflect the indirect ownership interest, even if more than 50 percent, on the owning U.S. affiliate's BE-15 report on an equity basis. For example, using the situation shown in the diagram above, U.S. affiliate X must treat its 60 percent ownership interest in U.S. affiliate Y as an equity investment.

5 Reporting period – The report covers the U.S. affiliate's 2018 fiscal year. The affiliate's 2018 fiscal year is defined as the affiliate's financial reporting year that had an ending date in calendar year 2018.

Special Circumstances:

a. U.S. affiliates without a financial reporting year – If a U.S. affiliate does not have a financial reporting year, its fiscal year is deemed to be the same as calendar year 2018.

b. Change in fiscal year

(1) New fiscal year ends in calendar year 2018 – A U.S.
 affiliate that changed the ending date of its financial reporting year should file a 2018 BE-15 report that covers the 12-month period prior to the new fiscal year end date. The following example illustrates the reporting requirements.

Example 1: U.S. affiliate A had a June 30, 2017 fiscal year end date but changed its 2018 fiscal year end date to March 31. Affiliate A should file a 2018 BE-15 report covering the 12-month period from April 1, 2017 to March 31, 2018.

(2) No fiscal year ending in calendar year 2018 – If a change in fiscal year results in a U.S. affiliate not having a fiscal year that ended in calendar year 2018, the affiliate should file a 2018 BE-15 report that covers 12 months. The following example illustrates the reporting requirements.

Example 2: U.S. affiliate B had a December 31, 2017 fiscal year end date but changed its next fiscal year end date to March 31. Instead of having a short fiscal year ending in 2018, affiliate B decides to have a 15-month fiscal year running from January 1, 2018 to March 31, 2019. Affiliate B should file a 2018 BE-15 report covering a 12-month period ending in calendar year 2018, such as the period from April 1, 2017 to March 31, 2018.

6 Reporting for a U.S. business that became a U.S. affiliate during fiscal year 2018 —

- a. A U.S. business enterprise that was newly established in fiscal year 2018 should file a report for the period starting with the establishment date up to and ending on the last day of its fiscal year that ended in calendar year 2018. DO NOT estimate amounts for a full year of operations if the first fiscal year is less than 12 months.
- **b.** A U.S. business enterprise existing before fiscal year 2018 that became a U.S. affiliate in fiscal year 2018 should file a report covering a full 12 months of operations.
- **B** U.S. affiliates NOT consolidated Report investments in U.S. business enterprises that are not fully consolidated and that are owned 20 percent or more using the equity method of accounting. DO NOT report employment, land, and other property, plant, and equipment and DO NOT eliminate intercompany accounts (e.g., receivables or liabilities) for holdings reported using the equity method.

IV. INSTRUCTIONS FOR SPECIFIC SECTIONS OF THE REPORT FORM-Continued

You may report immaterial investments using the cost method of accounting if this treatment is consistent with your normal reporting practice. Report investments owned less than 20 percent in accordance with FASB ASC 320 (formerly FAS 115) or the cost basis of accounting.

List all U.S. affiliates in which this U.S. affiliate has a voting interest of at least 10 percent and that are not consolidated in this Form BE-15C on the Supplement B.

9 - 13 Ownership

a. Voting interest and equity interest

- (1) Voting interest is the percent of ownership in the voting equity of the U.S. affiliate. Voting equity consists of ownership interests that have a say in the management of the company. Examples of voting equity include capital stock that has voting rights, and a general partner's interest in a partnership.
- (2) Equity interest is the percent of ownership in the total equity (voting and nonvoting) of the U.S. affiliate. Nonvoting equity consists of ownership interests that do not have a say in the management of the company. An example of nonvoting equity is preferred stock that has no voting rights.

Voting interest and equity interest are not always equal. For example, an owner can have a 100 percent voting interest in a U.S. affiliate but own less than 100 percent of the affiliate's total equity. This situation is illustrated in the following example:

Example: U.S. affiliate A has two classes of stock common and preferred. There are 50 shares of common stock outstanding. Each common share is entitled to one vote and has an ownership interest in 1 percent of the total owners' equity amount. There are 50 shares of preferred stock outstanding. Each preferred share has an ownership interest in 1 percent of the total owners' equity amount but has no voting rights. Foreign parent B owns all 50 shares of the common stock. U.S. investors own all 50 shares of the preferred stock. Because foreign parent B owns all of the voting stock, foreign parent B has a 100 percent voting interest in U.S. affiliate A. However, because all 50 of the nonvoting preferred shares are owned by U.S. investors, foreign parent B has only a 50 percent interest in the owners' equity amount of U.S. affiliate A.

b. Determining place of residence and country of jurisdiction of individuals – An individual is considered a resident of, and subject to the jurisdiction of, the country in which he or she is physically located. The following guidelines apply to individuals who do not reside in their country of citizenship.

- (1) Individuals who reside, or expect to reside, outside their country of citizenship for less than one year are considered to be residents of their country of citizenship.
- Individuals who reside, or expect to reside, outside their country of citizenship for one year or more are considered to be residents of the country in which they are residing, except as provided in paragraphs (3) and (4) below.
- (3) If an owner or employee of a business enterprise resides outside the country of location of the enterprise for one year or more for the purpose of furthering the business of the enterprise, and the country of the business enterprise is the country of citizenship of the owner or employee, then the owner or employee is considered a resident of the country of citizenship, provided there is the intent to return to the country of citizenship within a reasonable period of time.

(4) Individuals and members of their immediate family who are residing outside their country of citizenship as a result of employment by the government of that country - diplomats, consular officials, members of the armed forces, etc. - are considered to be residents of their country of citizenship.

22 Number of employees at close of FY 2018 -

Employment is the number of full-time and part-time employees on the payroll at the end of FY 2018, excluding contract workers and other workers not carried on the payroll of the U.S. affiliate. A count taken during, rather than at the end of, FY 2018 may be used provided it is a reasonable estimate for the end of FY 2018 number. If employment at the end of FY 2018, or the count taken at some other time during FY 2018, was unusually high or low because of temporary factors (e.g., a strike), give the number of employees that reflects normal operations. If the business enterprise's activity involves large seasonal variations, give the average number of employees for FY 2018 of the number of persons on the payroll at the end of each payroll period, month, or quarter. If precise figures are not available, give your best estimate.

23 Total employee compensation – Base compensation on payroll records. Employee compensation must cover compensation charged as an expense on the income statement, charged to inventories or capitalized during the reporting period. Exclude employee compensation related to activities of a prior period, such as compensation capitalized or charged to inventories in prior periods. Employee compensation consists of:

Wages and salaries – are the gross earnings of all employees before deduction of employees' payroll withholding taxes, social insurance contributions, group insurance premiums, union dues, etc. Include time and piece rate payments, cost of living adjustments, overtime pay and shift differentials, bonuses, profit sharing amounts, and commissions. Exclude commissions paid to persons who are not employees.

Employee benefit plans – are employer expenditures for all employee benefit plans, including those required by government statute, those resulting from a collective-bargaining contract, or those that are voluntary. Employee benefit plans include Social Security and other retirement plans, life and disability insurance, guaranteed sick pay programs, workers' compensation insurance, medical insurance, family allowances, unemployment insurance, severance pay funds, etc. If plans are financed jointly by the employer and the employee, include only the contributions of the employer.

25 Research and development (R&D) performed BY

the U.S. affiliate – Research and development (R&D) comprise creative and systematic work undertaken in order to increase the stock of knowledge and to devise new applications of available knowledge. This includes a) activities aimed at acquiring new knowledge or understanding without specific immediate commercial applications or uses (basic research); b) activities aimed at solving a specific problem or meeting a specific commercial objective (applied research); and c) systematic work, drawing on research and practical experience and resulting in additional knowledge, which is directed to producing new products or processes or to improving existing products or processes (development). R&D includes both direct costs such as salaries of researchers as well as administrative and overhead costs clearly associated with the company's R&D.

The term R&D does **NOT** include expenditures for:

- Costs for routine product testing, quality control, and technical services unless they are an integral part of an R&D project
- Market research
- · Efficiency surveys or management studies
- Literary, artistic, or historical projects, such as films, music, or books and other publications
- Prospecting or exploration for natural resources

Basic research is the pursuit of new scientific knowledge or understanding that does not have specific immediate commercial

IV. INSTRUCTIONS FOR SPECIFIC SECTIONS OF THE REPORT FORM-Continued

objectives, although it may be in fields of present or potential commercial interest.

Applied research applies the findings of basic research or other existing knowledge toward discovering new scientific knowledge that has specific commercial objectives with respect to new products, services, processes, or methods.

Development is the systematic use of the knowledge or understanding gained from research or practical experience directed toward the production or significant improvement of useful products, services, processes, or methods, including the design and development of prototypes, materials, devices, and systems.

R&D includes the activities described above whether assigned to separate R&D organizational units of the company or carried out by company laboratories and technical groups not a part of an R&D organization.

INCLUDE all costs incurred to support R&D performed by the affiliate. INCLUDE wages, salaries, and related costs; materials and supplies consumed; depreciation on R&D property and equipment; cost of computer software used in R&D activities; utilities, such as telephone, electricity, water, and gas; travel costs and professional dues; property taxes and other taxes (except income taxes) incurred on account of the R&D organization or the facilities they use; insurance expenses; maintenance and repair, including maintenance of buildings and grounds; company overhead including: personnel, accounting, procurement and inventory, and salaries of research executives not on the payroll of the R&D organization. EXCLUDE capital expenditures, expenditures for tests and evaluations once a prototype becomes a production model, patent expenses, and income taxes and interest.

Does R&D include development of software and Internet applications?

Research and development activity in software and internet applications refers only to activities with an element of uncertainty and that are intended to close knowledge gaps and meet scientific and technological needs.

R&D activity in software INCLUDES:

 Software development or improvement activities that expand scientific or technological knowledge

Construction of new theories and algorithms in the field of computer science

R&D activity in software EXCLUDES:

- Software development that does not depend on a scientific or technological advance, such as
 - supporting or adapting existing systems
 - adding functionality to existing application programs, and
 - routine debugging of existing systems and software
- Creation of new software based on known methods and applications
- Conversion or translation of existing software and software languages
- Adaptation of a product to a specific client, unless knowledge that significantly improved the base program was added in that process

V. SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS

A. Insurance companies – Reporting should be in accordance with U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles, not Statutory Accounting Practices (SAP). For example, the BE-15 report should include the following assets even though they are not acceptable under SAP: 1. non-trusteed or free account assets, and 2. nonadmitted assets such as furniture and equipment, agents' debit balances, and all receivables deemed to be collectible. **B. Real Estate** – The ownership of real estate is defined to be a business enterprise, and if the real estate is foreign owned, it is a U.S. affiliate of a foreign person. A BE-15 report is required unless the enterprise is otherwise exempt.

Residential real estate held exclusively for personal use and not for profit making purposes is not subject to the reporting requirements. A residence that is an owner's primary residence that is then leased by the owner while outside the United States, but which the owner intends to reoccupy, is considered real estate held for personal use and therefore not subject to the reporting requirements. Ownership of U.S. residential real estate by a corporation whose sole purpose is to hold the real estate for the personal use of the owner(s) of the corporation is considered to be real estate held for personal use and therefore not subject to the reporting requirements.

Aggregation of real estate investments – A foreign person holding real estate investments that are reportable on the BE-15 must aggregate all such holdings for the purpose of applying the reporting criteria. If the aggregate of such holdings exceeds one or more of the exemption levels, then the holdings must be reported even if individually they would be exempt. In such a case, file a single Form BE-15C to report the aggregated holdings. If permission has been received in writing from BEA to file on an non-aggregated basis, the reports should be filed as a group and you should inform BEA that they are all for one owner.

On page 1, name and address of U.S. business enterprise, BEA is not seeking a legal description of the property, nor necessarily the address of the property itself. Because there may be no operating business enterprise for a real estate investment, what BEA seeks is a consistently identifiable name for the investment (i.e., the U.S. affiliate) together with an address to which report forms can be mailed so that the investment (affiliate) can be reported on a consistent basis for each reporting period and for the various BEA surveys.

Thus, on page 1 of the BE-15 survey forms the "name and address" of the U.S. affiliate might be:

XYZ Corp. N.V., Real Estate Investments c/o B&K Inc., Accountants 120 Major Street Miami, FL XXXXX

If the investment property has a name, such as Sunrise Apartments, the name and address on page 1 of the BE-15 survey forms might be:

Sunrise Apartments c/o ABC Real Estate 120 Major Street Miami, FL XXXXX

There are items throughout the Form BE-15C that may not be applicable to certain types of real estate investments, such as the employer identification number and the number of employees. In such cases, enter zero or leave items blank as appropriate.

- C. Joint ventures and partnerships If a foreign person has a direct or indirect voting ownership interest of 10 percent or more in a joint venture, partnership, etc., that is formed to own and hold, develop, or operate real estate, the joint venture, partnership, etc., in its entirety, not just the foreign person's share, is a U.S. affiliate and must be reported as follows:
 - If the foreign interest in the U.S. affiliate is directly held by the foreign person, then a BE-15 report must be filed by the affiliate (subject to the aggregation rules discussed above).
 - 2. If a voting interest of more than 50 percent in the U.S. affiliate is owned by another U.S. affiliate, the owned affiliate must be fully consolidated in the BE-15 report of the owning affiliate.
 - If a voting interest of 50 percent or less in the U.S. affiliate is owned by another U.S. affiliate, and no U.S. affiliate owns a voting interest of more than 50 percent, then a separate BE-15 report must be filed by the owned affiliate. The BE-15 report(s) of the owning affiliate(s) must show an equity investment in the owned affiliate.
- D. Farms For farms that are not operated by their foreign owners, the income statement and related items should be prepared based on the extent to which the income from the farm accrues to, and the expenses of the farm are borne by, the owner. Generally, this

V. SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS – Continued

means that income, expenses, and gain (loss) assignable to the owner should reflect the extent to which the risk of the operation falls on the owner. For example, even though the operator and other workers on the farm are hired by a management firm, if their wages and salaries are assigned to, and borne by, the farm operation being reported, then the operator and other workers should be reported as employees of that farm operation and the wages and salaries should be treated as an expense.

E. Estates, trusts, and intermediaries

A Foreign Estate is a person and therefore may have direct investment, and the estate, not the beneficiary, is considered to be the owner.

A Trust is a person but it is not a business enterprise. The trust is considered to be the same as an intermediary, and reporting should be as outlined below. For reporting purposes, the beneficiary(ies) of the trust is (are) considered to be the owner(s) for purposes of determining the existence of direct investment, except in two cases: (1) if there is, or may be, a reversionary interest, or (2) if a corporation or other organization creates a trust, designating its shareholders or members as beneficiaries. In these two cases, the creator(s) of the trust is (are) deemed to be the owner(s) of the investments of the trust or succeeding trusts where the presently existing trust had evolved out of a prior trust), for the purposes of determining the existence and reporting of direct investment.

This procedure is adopted in order to fulfill the statistical purposes of this survey and does not imply that control over an enterprise owned or controlled by a trust is, or can be, exercised by the beneficiary(ies) or creator(s).

For An Intermediary:

1. If a U.S. intermediary holds, exercises, administers, or manages a particular foreign direct investment in the United States for the beneficial owner, such intermediary is responsible for reporting the required information for, and in the name of, the U.S. affiliate. Alternatively, the U.S. intermediary can instruct the U.S. affiliate to submit the required information. Upon so doing, the intermediary is released from further liability to report, provided it has informed BEA of the date such instructions were given and provides BEA the name and address of the U.S. affiliate, and has supplied the U.S. affiliate with any information in the possession of, or which can be secured by, the intermediary that is necessary to permit the U.S. affiliate to complete the required reports.

When acting in the capacity of an intermediary, the accounts or transactions of the U.S. intermediary with a UBO are considered as accounts or transactions of the U.S. affiliate with the UBO. To the extent

such transactions or accounts are unavailable to the U.S. affiliate, BEA may require the intermediary to report them.

2. If a UBO holds a U.S. affiliate through a foreign intermediary, the U.S. affiliate may report the intermediary as its foreign parent but, when requested, must also identify and furnish information concerning the UBO. Accounts or transactions of the U.S. affiliate with the foreign intermediary are considered as accounts or transactions of the U.S. affiliate with the UBO.

VI. FILING THE BE-15

- A. Due date A completed report, or Claim for Exemption from filing, covering a reporting company's fiscal year ending in calendar year 2018 is due no later than May 31, 2019 (or by June 30 for reporting companies that use BEA's eFile system). Go to www.bea.gov/efile for details about using eFile.
- **B. Extensions** For the efficient processing of the survey and timely dissemination of the results, it is important that your report is filed by the due date. Nevertheless, reasonable requests for extension of the filing deadline will be granted.

Requests for extensions may be submitted through the eFile system at **www.bea.gov/eFile**. All requests for extensions must be received **NO LATER THAN** May 31, 2019.

- C. Assistance For assistance, telephone (301) 278-9247 or send e-mail to be12/15@bea.gov Forms can be obtained from BEA's Web site at www.bea.gov/fdi
- D. Electronic Filing Forms that can be transmitted to BEA electronically will be available on the BEA website: www.bea.gov/efile. If you eFile, please do not submit paper reports.
- E. Annual stockholders' report or other financial statements Furnish a copy of your FY 2018 annual stockholders' report or Form 10-K when filing the BE-15 report. If you do not publish an annual stockholders' report or file Form 10-K, provide any financial statements that may be prepared, including the accompanying notes. Information contained in these statements is useful in reviewing your report and may reduce the need for further contact. Section 5(c) of the International Investment and Trade in Services Survey Act, Public Law 94-472, 90 Stat. 2059, 22 U.S.C. 3101-3108, as amended, provides that this information can be used for analytical and statistical purposes only and that it must be held strictly confidential.
- F. Retention of copies Each U.S. affiliate must retain a copy of its report to facilitate the resolution of problems. These copies should be retained by the U.S. affiliate for at least 3 years after the report's original due date.