

2018 ANNUAL SURVEY OF U.S. DIRECT INVESTMENT ABROAD MANDATORY — CONFIDENTIAL

		BE-1	1A (Report	fo	r U.S. Reporte	er)		CO			
David David		May 04 0040				12	3				
Due Dat		May 31, 2019			Reporte	ID Number*					A
Electron	nic Filing:	Go to www.bea.gov/efile for details			*Do not ent	er Social Security N	lumbe	er in Re	porter II	D box	
Mail rep	orts to:	Bureau of Economic Analysis Direct Investment Division, BE-69(A) 4600 Silver Hill Road Washington, DC 20233	1 Nam	e ar	nd address of U.S. Repo	rter					
Deliver (reports to:	Bureau of Economic Analysis Direct Investment Division, BE-69(A) 4600 Silver Hill Road Suitland, MD 20746	JE 2010	al	reco.	dia					
Fax repo	orts to:	(301) 278-9502	isto"	1	bec						
Assistar	Reporter ID Number* *Do not enter Social Security Number in Reporter ID box Mail reports to: Bureau of Economic Analysis Direct Investment Division, BE-69(A) 4600 Silver Hill Road Washington, DC 20233 Deliver reports to: Bureau of Economic Analysis Direct Investment Division, BE-69(A) 4600 Silver Hill Road Suitland, MD 20746 Fax reports to: (301) 278-9502 E-mail: Telephone: (301) 278-9418 Copies of form: www.bea.gov/dia										
Please include your Reporter Identification Number with all requests. IMPORTANT											
Instruct	tion Bookle	t — Contains additional instruction				ents for completi	ng th	is form	١.		
Data on F	Who must report — Form BE-11A must be filed by each U.S. person that has a foreign affiliate reportable in fiscal year 2018. Data on Form BE-11A pertain to the fully consolidated U.S. domestic business enterprise for the U.S. Reporter's 2018 fiscal year. DO NOT FULLY CONSOLIDATE OPERATIONS OF FOREIGN AFFILIATES ON FORM BE-11A. Report data pertaining to the operations of foreign affiliates on Forms BE-11B, BE-11C, or BE-11D.										
`							\$	Bil.	Mil.	Thous.	Dols.
EXAMPL	E – If amoun	Report in U.S. dollars rounded to t is \$1,334,891.00, report as or - \$500.00, enter "0." Use parent					1		1	335	000
MANDA CONFII PENAL	DENTIALI	This survey is being co 94-472, 90 Stat. 2059, provides that your repo See page 11 for addition	22 U.S.C. 3101-310 ort to this Bureau is	8, a	as amended). The filing	of reports is mai	ndato	ory and	d the Ac	ct	
		RMATION on of person to consult abou	t this report:								
Name 0 0990	;										
Street 0	t 1			0994	Telephone Number ()				E)	xtension	
Street 0	t 2			0997	Fax Number ()						
City 0		State	Zip	0999	E-mail Address						
your e-ma not includ	ail address fo le any confid	ecure Messaging System to corres r survey-related announcements a ential business or personal informa	nd to inform you abo								
The unde		al certifies that this report has been							nd is su	bstantially	
	ture of Authorize	n accordance with instructions Part ed Official	Date Date		Telephone Number		videC		E	xtension	
Name	:		Title	0996	Fax Number				-		

Part I - Identification of U.S. Reporter

2	Intentio	nally bla	nk						illecti ⁽	ou.
3	Is the U.	S. Repor	rter owned to tl	he extent of m	ore than	50% of its voting	g stock	by another U.S. enterp	rise?	
	1003 ¹ 1	100	address of the U definition of a ful the claim to BEA data your data w	I.S. business ente lly consolidated U A and forward the vill be consolidate	erprise with the service of the serv	whose data your da c business enterpris of the BE-11 survey	ta will be o se. (See Ir packet to	ox number B.2 and enter the consolidated in accordance nstruction Booklet, Part the U.S. business enterprise us for further instructions.	with the 1.B.1.b.) Submit	
	¹ 2	No —	Complete the rem	nainder of this fori	m.	ile	u_{i}			
4	What is	the Fmnl	lover Identifica	tion Number(s	s) used by	the U.S. Report	er to file	income and payroll ta	ves? Show add	ditional
			ate sheet if necess		20	18-1 1ec	90/	Idia.	acci enen ade	
				Mis	Las	10 hes				
	1005 1	.69	ed in U	e for h	at W	N _N .		u required to file?		
6			ng date of this on calendar year 20				U.S. Repo	orter's financial reporting yea	ar that	
F	Mor	nth Day	Year							
•	P 12	-4-C	2018							
7	_	-	rter a bank?							
						related functions, inc es under the Gramm		ommercial banks, Edge Act o	corporations, sav	rings
	1008 1		ang companies, ar	ia ililariciai fiolalii	ig companie	3 dilaci tric diamini	LCacil Di	mey Act.		
	1	Yes								
	2	No								
			_							
8			rter named in E n Direct Investı				nd requi	red to file a 2018 Form	BE-15A, Annu	ual
	1011 1	Yes -		34 through 37		mainder of this Forn	n BE-11A.	Also complete		
	¹ 2	No -	— Continue with	(Major activity	of the fully	consolidated domes	stic U.S. Fi	Reporter).		
	Rem	narks								
	11011	iamo								
	1029	1		2		3		4	5	
	1030	1		2		3		4	5	
US ON	E 1031	1		2		3		4	5	
O I V										

Page 2 FORM BE-11A (REV. 12/2018)

Part I – Ident	ification of U.S. Reporte	er — Continu	ued			
9 What is the major activity of the fully consolic Reporter? — Mark (X) one.	lated domestic U.S.	F	Reporter ID		• 01	٥.
Select the one activity below that best descri Reporter, For an inactive U.S. Reporter, select period; for "start-ups," select the intended ac	t the activity based on its l	ne U.S. ast active	Reporter ID	0//6	ctio	
1013 1 Producer of goods	5	Other - Specify	42	CO		
Seller of goods the U.S. Reporter does r	not produce		data			
¹ 4 Provider of services		'isa'				
10 What is the MAJOR product or service involve whether it is mined, manufactured, sold at wholesale, pa	ckaged, transported, etc. (For exa	ample, "Manufac	rnat is done to it cture widgets to	, <i>I.e.</i> ,		
1014 0	2018-Press	old.	3.			
	20 al 160	ONIO				
 Industry classification of fully consolidated domes Report in columns (1) and (2), respectively, the 4-digit Intern For a full explanation of each code, see the Guide to Indu A summary list of ISI codes is included at the back of Form Isis For an inactive U.S. Reporter, enter an ISI code based on Holding companies (ISI code 5512) must show total incorposolidated U.S. domestic business enterprise. The "holding consolidated U.S. domestic business enterprise. 	ational Surveys Industry (ISI) coc stry Classifications for Inte BE-11B. its last active period. ome. A conglomerate must detern	de(s) and the salernational Su	les associated warveys, 2012 a	vith each co at www.bea.	ide. .gov/naics20	fullv
BEA for further assistance before using ISI code 5512. • Dealers in financial instruments and finance, insurance, and						tact
Eorni anteu at to.		ISI cod	de		or gross g revenues	
What is the U.S. Reporter's industry (ISI) code(s) a	and value(s) for:	(1)		Bil. Mil.	(2) Thous.	Dols.
_ Prind co.	1015	1	2	Dii. Wiii.	THOUS.	
11 Largest sales or gross operating revenues?	1016	1	2			000
12 2nd largest sales or gross operating revenues?	1017	1	2			000
13 3rd largest sales or gross operating revenues?						000
14 4th largest sales or gross operating revenues?	1018	1	2			000
in algest calce of groce operating revenues	1019	1	2			
15 5th largest sales or gross operating revenues?	1020	1	2			000
16 6th largest sales or gross operating revenues?		1	2			000
17 7th largest sales or gross operating revenues?						000
18 8th largest sales or gross operating revenues?	1022	1	2			000
	1023	1	2			
19 9th largest sales or gross operating revenues?	1024	1	2			000
20 10th largest sales or gross operating revenues?			1026 2			000
21 Sales or gross operating revenues not accounted for abo	ove?					000
22 What is the U.S. Reporter's total sales or gros Sum of 11 through 21			1027 2			000
Remarks						
22 through 25 Intentionally blank						
23 through 25 Intentionally blank	3	4		5		
BEA USE 1012 1 2	3	4		5		
ONLY						

FORM BE-11A (REV. 12/2018) Page 3

Part I – Identification of U.S. Reporter — Continued			
SIZE OF U.S. REPORTER 26 Did this U.S. Reporter have any one of these three items – (1) total assets, (2) sales or gross of the control of t	perati	ng revenues,	<i>U</i> •
excluding sales taxes, or (3) net income (loss) – greater than \$300 million at the end of, or for 2018 fiscal year? 1 Yes — Skip Part II, then continue with Part III on page 5. 2 No — Complete Part II, skip Part III, then continue to Part IV on page 10. Part II – Selected Financial and Operating Data of U.S. Reporte	the U	.S. Reporter's	
2030 1 1 Yes — Skip Part II, then continue with Part III on page 5.	a		
2 No — Complete Part II, skip Part III, then continue to Part IV on page 10.			
inaly			
	ľ		
Complete ONLY if the answer to 25 is "No." NET INCOME, ASSETS, LIABILITIES, AND EMPLOYEES What are the U.S. Reporter's values for: 2031 27 Net income (loss)? – See 31 on page 5 for instructions			
What are the U.S. Reporter's values for:	\$ Bi	. Mil. Thous.	Dols.
2031 27 Net income (loss)? – See 31 on page 5 for instructions	1		000
2032 Net income (loss)? – See ST on page 5 to instructions.	1		000
28 Total assets? — Balance at close of fiscal year	1		
29 Total liabilities? — Balance at close of fiscal year			000
a nze y hei calwa		lumber of employee	s
Total number of employees? — Report the total number of employees for the year.	1		
(See 41 on page 7 for an explanation of "number of employees.")			
Remarks			
FILL			
BEA USE	2036	1	
USE ONLY			

Page 4 FORM BE-11A (REV. 12/2018)

Part III - Financial and Operating Data of U.S. Reporter Complete ONLY if the answer to 26 is "Yes." Section A — Net Income, Certain Gains (Losses), and U.S. Income Taxes **Reporter ID** Bil. Mil. What are the U.S. Reporter's value(s) for: \$ Dols. 000 Net income (loss), after provision for U.S. income taxes?— INCLUDE: a. Income from equity investments in unconsolidated business enterprises (domestic and foreign); for those owned less than 20 percent report dividends; **b.** Non-operating income and extraordinary items (as defined by GAAP); c. Gains (losses) from the sale or liquidation of foreign affiliates. In accordance with FASB ASC 830 (FAS 52), these gains (losses) must be adjusted to include the closing balance in the foreign affiliate's translation adjustment account. \$ Thous. Dols. 32 Certain gains (losses)?— Read the following instructions carefully as they may deviate from what is normally 3039 required by U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles. Report gross amount before income tax 000 a. Sale or disposition of financial assets including investment securities; FASB ASC 320 (FAS 115) holding gains (losses) on securities classified as trading securities; FASB ASC 320 (FAS 115) impairment losses; and gains (losses) derived from derivative instruments. Dealers in financial instruments (including securities, currencies, derivatives, and other financial instruments) and finance and insurance companies, see Special Instructions, A.1., page 12; **b.** Sales or dispositions of land, other property, plant and equipment, or other assets, and FASB ASC 360 (FAS 144) impairment losses. **EXCLUDE** gains or losses from the sale of inventory assets in the ordinary course of trade or business. Real estate companies, see Special Instructions, A.2., page 12; c. Goodwill impairment as defined by FASB ASC 350 (FAS 142); Restructuring. INCLUDE restructuring costs that reflect write-downs or write-offs of assets or liabilities. **EXCLUDE** actual payments and charges to establish reserves for future expected payments, such as for severance pay, and fees to accountants, lawyers, consultants, or other contractors; e. Disposals of discontinued operations. **EXCLUDE** income from the operations of a discontinued segment. Report such income as part of your income from operations in 34; Re-measurement of U.S. Reporter's foreign-currency-denominated assets and liabilities due to changes in foreign exchange rates during the reporting period; Extraordinary, unusual, or infrequently occurring items that are material. INCLUDE losses from accidental damage or disasters after estimated insurance reimbursement. INCLUDE other material items, including write-ups, write-downs, and write-offs of tangible and intangible assets; gains (losses) from the sale or other disposition of capital assets; and gains (losses) from the sale or other disposition of financial assets, including securities, to the extent not included above. EXCLUDE legal judgments; **h.** The cumulative effect of a change in accounting principle; and The cumulative effect of a change in the estimate of stock compensation forfeitures under FASB ASC 718 (FAS 123(R)). Bil \$ Mil. Thous. Dols. 3043 33 U.S. income taxes?— Provision for U.S. Federal, state, and local income taxes. 000 Remarks BEA 3050 ONLY

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Part III - Financial and Operating Data of U.S. Reporter — Continued

Section B — Distribution of Sales or Gross Operating Revenues

- Report gross operating revenues or gross sales minus returns, allowances, and discounts. **EXCLUDE** sales or consumption taxes levied directly on the consumer. **EXCLUDE** net value-added and excise taxes levied on manufacturers, wholesalers, and retailers. **INCLUDE** revenues generated during the year from the operations of a discontinued business segment, but **EXCLUDE** gains or losses from disposals of discontinued operations. Report such gains or losses in 32.
- Finance and leasing companies with ISI codes 5221, 5223, 5224, 5229, 5231, 5238, 5252, or 5331 report interest income in 341.
- Insurance companies with ISI codes 5243 or 5249 report gross investment income in 34. See Special instructions, B.2.a., c., and d., page 12.
- Distribute sales or gross operating revenues among three categories sales of goods, sales of services, and investment income.
 See Additional Instructions on page 11.
- For the purpose of this distribution, "goods" are normally economic outputs that are tangible and "services" are normally economic outputs that are intangible.
- When a sale consists of both goods and services and cannot be unbundled (i.e., the goods and services are not separately billed), classify the sales as goods or services based on whichever accounts for the majority of the value. Give best estimates if actual figures are not available.

1E 20 21 10 40VI	3147	Ψ	DII.	IVIII.	THOUS.	DOIS.
What are the U.S. Reporter's sales or gross operating revenues, excluding sales taxes? (Equals the sum of 35, 36, and 37 and the sum of 38, 39, and 40)		i i				000
BY TRANSACTOR U.S. HISTORY		\$	Bil.	Mil.	Thous.	Dols.
What are the U.S. Reporter's value(s) for:	3101	1				
35 Sales to U.S. persons?						000
- a use 4 her arms	3102					000
36 Sales to foreign affiliates of this U.S. Reporter?	3103	1				000
37 Sales to other foreign persons?						000
0169						
BY TYPE		\$	Bil.	Mil.	Thous.	Dols.
What are the U.S. Reporter's value(s) for:	3148	1				
38 Sales of goods?						000
	3149	1				000
39 Sales of services?						000
	3150	1				000
40 Investment income?						000

THE CONTRACTOR OF THE CONTRACT	Ъ	BII.	IVIII.	rnous.	Do
hat are the U.S. Reporter's value(s) for: Sales of goods?	1				00
3149	1				
Sales of services?	1				00
Investment income?					00
Remarks					
EA SE	325	50 1			

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USE	
ONLY	

FORM BE-11A (REV. 12/2018) Page 6

Part III - Financial and Operating Data of U.S. Reporter — Continued

Section C — Number of Employees and Employee Compensation **Reporter ID** • Report the number of employees on the payroll at the end of FY 2018 including part-time employees, but excluding temporary and contract employees not included on your payroll records. A count taken at some other date during the reporting period may be given provided it is a reasonable estimate of employees on the payroll at the end of FY 2018. If the number of employees at the end of FY 2018 (or when the count was taken) was unusually high or low due to temporary factors (e.g., a strike), enter the number of employees that reflects normal operations. If the number of employees fluctuates widely during the year due to seasonal business variations, report the average number of employees on the payroll during FY 2018. Base such an average on the number of employees on the payroll at the end of each pay period, month or quarter. If precise figures are not available, give your best estimate. Number of employees 3253 1 • Report employee compensation expenditures, the base compensation data on payroll records, made by an employer in connection with the employment of workers, including cash payments, payments in kind, and employer expenditures for employee benefit plans including those required by statute. **Total employee compensation consists of wages and salaries of employees and employer** expenditures for all employee benefit plans. Report compensation that relates to activities that occurred during the reporting period regardless of whether the activities were charged as an expense on the income statement, charged to inventories, or capitalized. **EXCLUDE** data related to activities of a prior period, such as those capitalized or charged to inventories in prior periods. **EXCLUDE** compensation of contract workers not carried on the payroll of this U.S. Reporter. Wages and salaries — INCLUDE gross earnings of all employees before deduction of employees' payroll withholding taxes, social insurance contributions, group insurance premiums, union dues, etc. INCLUDE time and piece-rate payments, cost of living adjustments, overtime pay and shift differentials, bonuses, profit-sharing amounts, stock-based compensation, and commissions. **EXCLUDE** commissions paid to independent personnel who are not employees. **INCLUDE** direct payments by employers for vacations, sick leave, severance (redundancy) pay, etc. **EXCLUDE** payments made by, or on behalf of, benefit funds rather than by the employer. **INCLUDE** employer contributions to benefit funds. **INCLUDE** payments-in-kind, valued at their costs, that are clearly and primarily of benefit to the employees as consumers. EXCLUDE expenditures that benefit employers as well as employees, such as expenditures for plant facilities, employee training programs, and reimbursement of business expenses. Employee benefit plans — INCLUDE employer expenditures for all employee benefit plans including those mandated by government statute, those resulting from collective bargaining contracts, and those that are voluntary. INCLUDE Social Security and other retirement plans, life and disability insurance, guaranteed sick pay programs, workers' compensation insurance, medical insurance, family allowances, unemployment insurance, severance pay funds, etc. Also, INCLUDE deferred post-employment and postretirement expenses per FASB ASC 715 (FAS 106). If plans are financed jointly by the employer and the employee, INCLUDE only the contributions of the employer. \$ Bil. Mil. Thous. Dols. 3257 What is the U.S. Reporter's total employee compensation expenditure? — Report, for all

Section D — Balance Sheet Items							
• Do not fully consolidate your foreign opera What are the U.S. Reporter's values for:		Balance at close of fiscal year					
ASSETS		3369	\$	Bil.	Mil.	Thous.	Dols.
43 Equity investments in foreign affiliates? — Report of Report at cost enterprises owned less than 20 percentage.	on the equity basis enterprises owned 20 to 100 percent.		'				000
		3370	1				
44 All other assets?		3371	1				000
45 Total assets?—Sum of 43 and 44							000
LIABILITIES AND OWNERS' EQUITY		3375					
							000
		3376	1				
47 Total owners' equity?— 45 minus 46							000
Remarks							
48 Intentionally blank							
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Part III - Financial and Operating Data of U.S. Reporter — Continued

Section E — Expenditures	for Property, Plant,	, and Equipment (PP&E)
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- PP&E expenditures includes expenditures for land, timber, mineral and like rights owned, structures, machinery, equipment, special tools, and other depreciable property; construction-in-progress; and capitalized tangible and intangible exploration and development costs, but excludes expenditures for other types of intangible assets, and land held for resale.
- INCLUDE expenditures for items leased from others (including land) under capital leases. Also INCLUDE the expenditure for the capitalized value of timber, mineral, and similar rights leased by the U.S. Reporter from others. **EXCLUDE** items the U.S. Reporter has sold under a capital lease.
- EXCLUDE from expenditures all changes in PP&E resulting from a change in the entity (e.g., due to mergers, acquisitions, divestitures, etc.) or accounting principles during FY 2018.
- For U.S. Reporters engaged in exploring for, or developing, natural resources, INCLUDE exploration and development expenditures made during FY 2018 that were capitalized, including capitalized expenditures to acquire or lease mineral rights. EXCLUDE adjustments for expenditures charged against income in prior years but subsequently capitalized during FY 2018.
- Insurance companies should INCLUDE expenditures WHEREVER CLASSIFIED IN THE BALANCE SHEET. \$ Bil. Mil. Thous. Dols. What is the U.S. Reporter's expenditure for new and used property, plant, and equipment (PP&E)? 000 for history www.bea
- 50 Were total assets and/or total liabilities affected by the early implementation of FASB ASU No. 2016-02, Leases (Topic 842)?

1 2

Section	Intoroct	200	Tavac

What are the U.S. Reporter's value(s) for:

- Bil. Mil. Thous. Dols. 51 Interest income? — Report interest received by or due to the U.S. Reporter from all payors (including affiliated persons), net of tax withheld at the source. **INCLUDE** all interest receipts included in 31 and 34. Do not net against interest expensed, 52 000 52 Interest expensed or capitalized? — Report interest expensed or capitalized by the U.S. Reporter,
- interest income, 51 3590 1 53 Taxes (except income and payroll taxes) and nontax payments (other than production 000 royalty payments)?
 - Report all such taxes and nontax payments whether or not included in revenues or expenses in the income statement. **INCLUDE** amounts paid or accrued for the year, net of refunds or credits, to Federal, state, and local governments, their subdivisions and agencies for —

paid or due to all payees (including affiliated persons), gross of tax withheld. Do not net against

- Sales, consumption, and excise taxes collected by the U.S. Reporter on goods and services the U.S. Reporter sold;
- Property and other taxes on the value of assets and capital;
- Any remaining taxes (other than income and payroll taxes); and
- Import and export duties, license fees, fines, penalties, and all other payments or accruals of nontax liabilities (except production royalty payments for natural resources).

Section G — Banking Industry Activities

3600 ¹ **1** Yes

Report assets, liabilities, and interest for banking related activities covered by ISI codes 5221 or 5229.

54 In 11 through 20, did you report sales for ISI codes 5221 or 5229 (depository or non-depository banking)?

Total

1 2 No — Skip to 56		(1	Colum) = (2)			Activities in ISI codes 5221 or 5229			All Other					
			(1)					(2)				(3)		
55 What are the U.S. Reporter's	\$	Bil.	Mil.	Thous.	Dols.	\$	Bil.	Mil.	Thous.	Dols.	\$ Bil.	Mil.	Thous.	Dols.
values for: 3601	1					2					3			
Assets? — Column (1) equals 45					000					000				000
3602	1					2					3			
Liabilities? — Column (1) equals 46					000					000				000
Interest income? —	1					2					3			
Column (1) equals 51					000					000				000
Interest expensed or capitalized? —	1					2					3			
Column (1) equals 52					000					000				000
Remarks														

Banking

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000

Part III – Financial and Operating Data of U.S. Reporter	— Continued	
Section H — Insurance		rriers, 11ection.
Insurance Industry Activities — Premiums earned and losses incurred	Reporter ID	4101
• Report premiums earned and losses incurred for insurance related activities covered by ISI codes 524 except life insurance carriers) and 5249 (Life insurance carriers).	43 (Insurance car	rriers,
56 Of the total sales and gross operating revenues reported in 22, column (2), were generated by insurance related activities covered by ISI codes 5243 or 5249? 3591	any of the sale	es or revenues
3591 1 Yes — Answer 57 and 58	AL CIC	
1 2 No — Skip to 59		
2 NO — Ship to 39		
What are the U.S. Reporter's values for:		
Premiums earned? — Report premiums, gross of commissions, included in revenue during the reporting year. Calculate as direct premiums written (including renewals) net of cancellations, plus reinsurance premiums assumed, minus reinsurance premiums ceded, plus unearned premiums at the beginning of the year, minus unearned premiums at the end of the year. EXCLUDE all annuity premiums. Also EXCLUDE premiums and policy fees related to universal and adjustable life, variable and interest-sensitive life, and variable-universal life policies	\$ 3592 1	Bil. Mil. Thous. Dols.
Losses incurred? — Report losses incurred for the insurance products covered by 57 above. EXCLUDE loss adjustment expenses and losses that relate to annuities. Also EXCLUDE losses related to universal and adjustable life, variable and interest-sensitive life, and variable-universal life polices	3593 1	000
 For property and casualty insurance, calculate as net losses paid during the reporting year, minus ne losses at the beginning of the year, plus net unpaid losses at the end of the year. In the calculation of losses, INCLUDE losses on reinsurance assumed from other companies and EXCLUDE losses of ceded to other companies. Unpaid losses include both case reserves and losses incurred but not rep 	f net n reinsurance ported.	
 For life insurance, losses reflect policy claims on reinsurance assumed or on primary insurance sold, recovered from reinsurance ceded, adjusted for changes in claims due, unpaid, and in the course of 		
Section I — Technology		
Research and development (R&D) expenditures in 59 pertains only to R&D performed by the account or for others. INCLUDE the cost of R&D performed by the U.S. Reporter and allocated to its fore allocated R&D costs on Form BE–11B, 33.) Also, INCLUDE R&D financed by the Federal Government by the Reporter but performed by others.	ign affiliate. (DO N	NOT report such
Research and development (R&D) expenditures — R&D is planned, creative work aimed at dis new or significantly improved goods and services. This includes a) activities aimed at acquiring new knowle immediate commercial application or use (basic research); b) activities aimed at solving a specific proobjective (applied research); and c) systematic use of research and practical experience to produce nor processes (development).	ledge or understar blem or meeting a	nding without specific a specific commercial
R&D EXCLUDES expenditures for:		
• Costs for routine product testing, quality control, and technical services unless they are an integral particle.	art of an R&D proj	ect
Market research		
Efficiency surveys or management studies Literary artistic or historical projects such as films, music, or hooks and other publications.		
 Literary, artistic, or historical projects, such as films, music, or books and other publications Prospecting or exploration for natural resources 		
Definitions for Basic Research, Applied Research, and Development		

- **Basic research** is the pursuit of new scientific knowledge or understanding that does not have specific immediate commercial objectives, although it may be in fields of present or potential commercial interest.
- Applied research applies the findings of basic research or other existing knowledge toward discovering new scientific knowledge that has specific commercial objectives with respect to new products, services, processes, or methods.
- **Development** is the systematic use of the knowledge or understanding gained from research or practical experience directed toward the production or significant improvement of useful products, services, processes, or methods, including the design and development of prototypes, materials, devices, and systems.
- R&D includes the activities described above, whether assigned to separate R&D organizational units of the company or carried out by company laboratories and technical groups that are not a part of an R&D organization.
- INCLUDE all costs incurred to support R&D performed by the affiliate. INCLUDE wages, salaries, and related costs; materials and supplies consumed; depreciation on R&D property and equipment, cost of computer software used in R&D activities; utilities, such as telephone, electricity, water, and gas; travel costs and professional dues; property taxes and other taxes (except income taxes) incurred on account of the R&D organization or the facilities they use; insurance expenses; maintenance and repair, including maintenance of buildings and grounds; company overhead including: personnel, accounting, procurement and inventory, and salaries of research executives not on the payroll of the R&D organization.
- **EXCLUDE** capital expenditures, expenditures for tests and evaluations once a prototype becomes a production model, patent expenses, and income taxes and interest.

				\$ E	il.	Mil.	Thous.	Dols.
			3694	1				
59 What is the U.S. Reporter's expenditure for researc	h and development that it	performed?						000
	0500	l a			1 2			
BEA	3599	1			2			
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Part IV - Exports and Imports By the U.S. Reporter

See Instruction Booklet, Part V.

IMPORTANT NOTES

Report exports and imports of goods by the U.S. Reporter in FY 2018. Report all goods that physically left or entered the U.S. customs area. Report data on a "shipped" basis, i.e., on the basis of when and to (or by) whom the goods were shipped. This is the same basis as official U.S. trade statistics to which these data will be compared. Do **not** record a U.S. import or export if the goods did not physically enter or leave (i.e., were not physically shipped to or from) the United States, even if they were charged to the U.S. Reporter by, or charged by the U.S. Reporter to, a foreign person.

U.S. Reporters normally keep their accounting records on a "charged" basis, i.e., on the basis of when and to (or by) whom the goods were charged. The "charged" basis may be used if there is no material difference between it and the "shipped" basis. If there is a material difference, the "shipped" basis must be used or adjustments made to data on a "charged" basis to approximate a "shipped" basis. The data should **INCLUDE** goods only; they should **EXCLUDE** services.

Capital goods — INCLUDE capital goods but **EXCLUDE** the value of ships, planes, railroad rolling stock, and trucks that were temporarily outside the United States transporting people or goods.

Consigned goods — **INCLUDE** consigned goods in the trade figures when shipped or received, even though they are not normally recorded as sales or purchases, or entered into intercompany accounts when initially consigned.

60 On what basis were the trade data in this section prepared? — Mark (X) one.

In-transit goods — EXCLUDE from exports and imports the value of goods that are in-transit. In-transit goods are goods that are not processed or consumed by residents in the intermediate country(ies) through which they transit; the in-transit goods enter that country(ies) only because that country(ies) is along the shipping lines between the exporting and importing countries. In-transit imports are goods en route from one foreign country to another via the United States (such as from Canada to Mexico via the United States), and in-transit exports are goods en route from one part of the United States to another part via a foreign country (such as from Alaska to Washington State via Canada).

ction.

Packaged general use computer software — INCLUDE exports and imports of packaged general use computer software. Value such exports and imports at the full transaction value, i.e., the market value of the media on which the software is recorded and the value of the information contained on the media. **EXCLUDE** exports and imports of customized software designed to meet the needs of a specific user. This type of software is considered a service and should not be included as trade in goods. Also **EXCLUDE** negotiated leasing fees for software that is to be used on networks.

Natural gas, electricity, and water — Report ONLY the product value of natural gas, electricity, and water that you produce or sell at wholesale as exports and imports of goods. DO NOT report the service value (transmission and distribution).

1	4101	"Shipped" basis.													
1	2	"Charged" basis without adjustments, be and "shipped" bases.	ecause	there is	no m	aterial dif	fferenc	e betwe	en th	e "charge	ed"				
	F1113	"Charged" basis with adjustments to core "shipped" bases.	rect for	materia	al diffe	rences b	etweer	n the "cl	narge	d" and					
					тоти	AL			ipped ign af	to its filiates			hipped er fore		
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		llue of the total goods shipped in is U.S. Reporter to foreigners?					000				000				000
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(Valu	what is the varied to the variety with t	port) Nue of the total goods shipped in		\$ Bil.	(1)			fore	ign aff (2)	iliates		othe	er fore (3)	igners	

	4104	1	2	3	4	5
BEA USE ONLY	4105	1	2	3	4	5

2018 ANNUAL SURVEY OF U.S. DIRECT INVESTMENT ABROAD FORM BE-11A ADDITIONAL INSTRUCTIONS BY ITEM

Authority — This survey is being conducted pursuant to the International Investment and Trade in Services Survey Act (P.L. 94 472., 90 Stat. 2059, 22 U.S.C 3101-3108, as amended, hereinafter "the Act"), and the filing of reports is MANDATORY pursuant to Section 5(b)(2) of the Act (22 U.S.C. 3104).

Penalties — Whoever fails to report shall be subject to a civil penalty of not less than \$4,619, and not more than \$46,192, and to injunctive relief commanding such person to comply, or both. Whoever willfully fails to report shall be fined not more than \$10,000 and, if an individual, may be imprisoned for not more than one year, or both. Any officer, director, employee, or agent of any corporation who knowingly participates in such violations, upon conviction, may be punished by a like fine, imprisonment, or both (22 U.S.C. 3105). These civil penalties are subject to in flationary adjustments. Those adjustments are found in 15 C.F.R. 6.4.

Notwithstanding any other provision of the law, no person is required to respond to, nor shall any person be subject to penalty for failure to comply with, a collection of information subject to the requirements of the Paperwork Reduction Act, unless that collection of information displays a currently valid OMB Control Number.

Respondent Burden — Public reporting burden for this BE-11 report (comprising Form BE-11A and Form(s) BE-11B, BE-11C, and/or BE-11D) is estimated to average 103.4 hours per response. This burden includes time for reviewing instructions, searching existing data sources, gathering and maintaining the data needed, and completing and reviewing the collection of information. Send comments regarding this burden estimate to Director, Bureau of Economic Analysis (BE-1), U.S. Department of Commerce, 4600 Silver Hill Rd, Washington, DC 20233; and to the Office of Management and Budget, Paperwork Reduction Project 0608-0053, Washington, DC 20503.

Confidentiality — The Act provides that your report to this Bureau is confidential and may be used only for analytical or statistical purposes. Without your prior written permission, the information filed in your report cannot be presented in a manner that allows it to be individually identified. Your report cannot be used for purposes of taxation, investigation, or regulation. Copies retained for your files are immune from legal process. Per the Cybersecurity Enhancement Act of 2015, your data are protected from cybersecurity risks through security monitoring of the BEA information systems.

Part III — Financial and Operating Data of U.S. Reporter

Section B — Distribution of Sales or Gross Operating Revenues (38 — 40)

- 38 Sales of goods Goods are normally economic outputs that are tangible. Report as sales of goods:
 - Mass produced media, including exposed film, video tapes, DVDs, audio tapes, and CDs.
 - Books. NOTE: Book publishers To the extent feasible, report as
 sales of services all revenues associated with the design, editing,
 and marketing activities necessary for producing and distributing
 books that you both publish and sell. If you cannot unbundle (i.e.,
 separate) these revenues from the value of the books you sell, then
 report your total sales as sales of goods or services based on the
 activity that accounts for a majority of the value.
 - Energy trading activities where you take title to the goods. NOTE: If you act in the capacity of a broker or agent to facilitate the sale of goods and you do not take title to the goods, report your revenue (i.e., commissions) as sale of services in 39.
 - Magazines and periodicals sold in retail stores. NOTE: Report subscription sales as sales of services in 39.
 - · Packaged general use computer software.
 - · Structures sold by businesses in real estate.
 - Revenues earned from building structures by businesses in construction.
 - Electricity, natural gas, and water. NOTE: Revenues derived from transmitting and/or distributing these goods, as opposed to revenues derived from the sale of the actual product, should to the extent feasible, be reported as sales of services in 39.
- 39 Sales of services Services are normally economic outputs that are intangible. Report as sales of services:
 - Advertising revenue.
 - Commissions and fees earned by companies engaged in finance and real estate activities.

- Mass produced audiovisual media that are delivered electronically, including film, music, manuscripts, or other digital content.
- Commissions earned by agents or brokers (i.e., wholesalers) who
 act on behalf of buyers and sellers in the wholesale distribution of
 goods. NOTE: Agents or brokers do not take title to the goods
 being sold.
- Magazines and periodicals sold through subscriptions. NOTE: Report magazines and periodicals sold through retail stores, as sales of goods in 38.
- Newspapers.
- · Pipeline transportation.
- Software downloaded from the Internet, electronic mail, an Extranet, an Electronic Data Interchange network, or some other online system.
- · Computer systems design and related services.
- Negotiated licensing fees for software to be used on networks.
 Licensing fees associated with rights to reproduce or distribute software.
- Electricity transmission and distribution, natural gas distribution, and water distribution.

Report the source of real estate rental income in **35** through **37** based on the location of the property.

Investment income — Report dividends and interest generated by finance and insurance activities as investment income. NOTE: Report commissions and fees as sales of services in **39**.

Finance or insurance companies that include investment income in gross operating revenues should report the source of such investment income in 35 through 37 based on the location of the issuer of the financial instrument whether publicly issued or privately placed. If the location of the issuer is unknown, then substitute the nationality of the issuer. If both the location and nationality of the issuer are unknown, and an intermediary (e.g., trustee, custodian, or nominee) is used to manage the investment (financial instrument or real estate) use the country of location of the intermediary.

FORM BE-11A (REV. 12/2018) Page 11

Special Instructions for Dealers in Financial Instruments, Finance Companies, Insurance Companies, and Real Estate Companies

- A. Certain gains (losses) (32) for (1) dealers in financial instruments and finance and insurance companies, and (2) real estate companies.
 - Dealers in financial instruments (including securities, currencies, derivatives, and other financial instruments) and finance and insurance companies — INCLUDE in 32:
 - impairment losses as defined by FASB ASC 320 (FAS 115),
 - · realized gains and losses on trading or dealing,
 - unrealized gains or losses, due to changes in the valuation of financial instruments, that flow through the income statement, and
 - goodwill impairment as defined by FASB ASC 350 (FAS 142).

EXCLUDE from **32**, unrealized gains or losses due to changes in the valuation of financial instruments that are taken directly to owners' equity.

EXCLUDE from 32, income from explicit fees and commissions. **INCLUDE** income from these fees and commissions as operating income in 22 and 34 and as sales of services in item 35.

- 2. Real estate companies INCLUDE in 32:
 - impairment losses as defined by FASB ASC 360 (FAS 144), and
 - goodwill impairment as defined by FASB ASC 350 (FAS 142).

EXCLUDE from 32 the revenues earned and expenses incurred from the sale of real estate you own. Such revenues should be reported as operating income in 22 and 34 and as sales of goods in 38.

B. Special instructions for insurance companies

1. When there is a difference between the financial and operating data reported to stockholders and the data reported in the annual statement to an insurance department, prepare the BE-11 on the same basis as the annual report to the stockholders. Valuation should be according to normal commercial accounting procedures, not at rates promulgated by insurance departments, e.g., **INCLUDE** assets not acceptable for inclusion in the annual statement to an insurance department such as:

- (1.) non-trusteed or free account assets and
- (2.) nonadmitted assets, including furniture and equipment, agents' debit balances, and all receivables deemed to be collectible. INCLUDE mandatory securities valuation reserves that are appropriations of retained earnings in the owners' equity section of the balance sheet, not in the liability section.

2. Instructions for reporting specific items

- a. Sales or gross operating revenues, excluding sales taxes [34] INCLUDE items such as earned premiums, annuity considerations, gross investment income, and items of a similar nature. EXCLUDE income from equity investments in unconsolidated business enterprises and EXCLUDE certain realized and unrealized gains or losses that are to be reported in 32.
- b. Certain gains (losses) (32) See Special Instructions,
- Sales of services (39) INCLUDE premium income and income from other services, if any.

Calculate premiums earned by companies engaged in insurance activities as direct premiums written (including renewals) net of cancellations, plus reinsurance premiums assumed, minus reinsurance premiums ceded, plus unearned premiums at the beginning of the year, minus unearned premiums at the end of the year.

d. Investment income (40) — Report that portion of sales or gross operating revenues that is investment income. However, report any gains or losses on investments in accordance with Special Instructions, A.1. See Additional Instructions for Part III, Section B, 40, on page 11 to determine the location of the transactor of investment income.

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2018 ANNUAL SURVEY OF U.S. DIRECT INVESTMENT ABROAD MANDATORY — CONFIDENTIAL

	BE-11B (Rep	ort for Majo	ority-O	wned Fo	reign	Affiliate	of U.S.	Reporter		
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Fax reports to:	(301) 278-9502	e Mis	-t0	e.g., Form B	iently for E-577.	this affiliate with	h the Bureau	ı of Economic Aı	nalysis,	
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Who must report- gross operating reven at the end of, or for, th filed on Form BE-11B revenues, excluding s end of, or for, the affili Form BE-11 Claim for	ues, excluding sales the affiliate's 2018 fisc or BE-11C, Form Bl ales taxes; or net in ate's 2018 fiscal yea	taxes; or net inconcal year. However, if E-11B must be filed come after provision	ne after pro the majori for the for n for foreig	ovision for fore ity-owned affili reign affiliate pa In income taxe	eign incor ate is a fo arent eve s were le	me taxes was groreign affiliate pen if all of the ite	eater than \$ arent of anot ms: total ass Il to \$60 milli	60 million (positi ther foreign affili sets; sales or gro on (positive or n	ve or negativate being ss operating egative) at the	re
Translation of fore Generally Accepted A								\$ Bil. Mil.	Thous.	Dols.
Monetary Values - EXAMPLE - If amoun								1	335	000
If an item is betwe	en + or – \$500.00, e	enter "0." Use parent	thesis () to	indicate nega	tive num	bers.			_	
Percentages — Re	eport ownership perc	entages to a tenth of	of one per	cent:				<u>9_8</u>	7 %	
	Pa	art I — Identifi	cation o	of Majority	-Owne	d Foreign A	ffiliate			
3 What is the co	ountry of locatio primary activity i				ffiliate's	s physical as	sets are lo	ocated		
Note – If the affil spanning more t	iate is engaged in pe han one country, use oil drilling rig that m	etroleum, shipping, of country of incorpo	other wate	er transportatio country of loca	tion. For	and gas drilling, example, classi	and has ope fy in country	erations of		
1007 1 601	Australia ¹ 650	China	1 313	Ireland	1319	Netherlands				
¹ 302	Belgium ¹ 307	France	¹ 314	Italy	¹ 325	Switzerland				
1 202	Brazil ¹ 308	Germany	¹ 614	Japan	1 327	United Kingo	lom			
1 100	Canada ¹ 611	Hong Kong	1 213	Mexico	1	Other — Spe	ecify			
What is the o	city of location?									
								Month	Day Y	⁄ear
5 What is the e								09 1	/ 2 0	1 8
_	at has an ending da	ĺ						——/-		
6 Did the foreig	n business enter	its initial report	- Affiliate			-	_	-	V	
	If "Yes," did the U.S.	. ,	X) one.)	Month 3	Year	
		e foreign affiliate?	0 × 0 0 × 1 =	in ·	ation of the	ian com	Enter date		/	
¹ 2	Acquire a vo	ting interest of 10 p	ercent or i	more in an exis	sung fore	eign company?	Jaco			

Pa	rt I — Identification of Major	ity-Owned Fore	eign Affiliate — Co	ontinued	
Section A — Direct Own	ership in this Foreign Affiliat	te			
 Examples of nonvoting equity inc Voting interest is the U.S. Re Examples of voting equity include 	porter's direct ownership in the total eq lude nonvoting stock and a limited parti porter's direct ownership in just the voti e voting stock and a general partner's in	ner's interest in a pa ing equity of the affili nterest in a partnersh	rtnership. ate. nip. Thus,	Percent of owners	
percent of the affiliate's total equi	d on total voting stock, as applicable, if			Equity 2018	Voting 2018
·	rship percent of this foreign affi	iliate held by:	21012 1	(1)	(2)
	? — Report equity interest and voting i	_	mina.	%	%
8 Other foreign affiliate(s) of U.	S. Reporter named in 1 ? — If entry	is made here, comp	lete 15 and 16	1014 2	%
9 Other U.S. Reporter(s) of this	foreign affiliate? — If entry is made he	ere, 17 must be "Ye	s. OAlgia.	1014 2	%_
10 Foreign affiliate(s) of other U.	S. Reporter(s)? — If entry is made here	e, 17 must be "Yes.		1016 2	%
11 Other U.S. persons?	" O'S' HIS	M.W.		1017 2	%
12 Foreign persons in this affiliat	e's country of location? (not reported a	bove)		1018 2	
13 All other foreign persons? (no	ot reported above)			1019 2	%
15 What is the indirect own	y held voting ownership interes nership interest held through the entry in 8 , enter U.S. Reporter's per	e U.S. Reporter's	other foreign	1020 2	100.0 %
	Part I.B.1.c., for instructions on how to				%
ID Number, and percent(s) of interest in this foreign affiliate	• foreign affiliate parent(s)? — If f ownership of each foreign affiliate of th h. Also, for each foreign affiliate in column of foreign affiliate that holds a direct own	ne U.S. Reporter nam nn (a) that is below th	ned in 🚹 holding a di	rect ownership	
Foreign affili	ate(s) holding direct ownership interest	in this foreign affiliat	е	Name of th	e foreian
Enter name and B affiliate(s) holding a	nd ID Number EA ID Number of foreign direct ownership interest in eign affiliate.	BEA USE ONLY	Percent of direct ownership in this foreign affiliate	affiliate, it ownership cha a direct inte foreign affiliat colum	f any, in in that holds rest in the e named in
	(a)		(b)	(c)
a.	1191	1	2		
b.	1192	1	%		
c.	1193	1	2 . %		
TOTAL — Must equal perce	entage entered in 8	1021	2 . %		
17 Do two or more U.S. per	sons each directly, or indirectly	through anothe	r foreign affiliate, o	wn or control at I	east 10 per-
	iate's voting rights? Mark (X) one. or 10 must have an entry, and 16 to 19	B must be complete	ed. See Instruction B	ooklet, Part I.B.2.e	.(2)
18 If the answer to 17 is "Yes," Name	give name(s) and mailing address(es)	of the other U.S. Re	porter(s). Mailing address		
rvanio			Walling address		
1025 1	2	3	4	5	
1026 1 BEA	2	3	4	5	
USE 1027 1	2	3	4	5	

Identification of Majority-Owned Foreign Affiliate — Continued data collection. Section B — Industry Classification **Affiliate ID** 19 What is the one activity below that best describes the major activity of the foreign affiliate? — Mark (X) one. Note — For an inactive affiliate, select the activity based on its last active period; for "start-ups," select the intended activity. Producer of goods Seller of goods the foreign affiliate does not produce Other - Specify 13 Producer or distributor of information Provider of services **20** What is the MAJOR product or service involved in this activity? If a product, briefly state what is done to it, i.e., whether it is mined, manufactured, sold at wholesale, packaged, transported, etc. (For example, "Manufacture widgets to sell at wholesale.") 1029 Industry classification of foreign affiliate (based on sales or gross operating revenues) · Report in columns (1) and (2) respectively, the 4-digit International Surveys Industry (ISI) code(s) and the sales associated with each code. • For a full explanation of each code, see the Guide to Industry Classifications for International Surveys, 2012 at www.bea.gov/naics2012. A summary list of ISI codes is on page 15. For an inactive foreign affiliate, enter an ISI code based on its last active period. • Holding companies (ISI code 5512) must show total income. To be considered a holding company, income from equity investments must be more than 50 percent of total income. In addition, normally at least 50 percent of total assets must consist of investments in affiliates. ISI code 5512 (holding company) is an invalid classification if more than 50 percent of income generated, or expected to be generated, by an affiliate is from non-holding company activities Dealers in financial instruments and finance, insurance, and real estate companies see Special Instructions on page 14. Sales or gross ISI code operating revenues (1) (2)What is the foreign affiliate's industry (ISI) code(s) and value(s) for: \$ Bil. Mil. Thous. Dols. 1030 000 1031 000 1032 23 3rd largest sales or gross operating revenues? 000 1033 000 24 4th largest sales or gross operating revenues?..... 000 25 5th largest sales or gross operating revenues?..... 1035 26 6th largest sales or gross operating revenues?..... 000 1036 27 7th largest sales or gross operating revenues?..... 000 1037 2 000 28 Sales or gross operating revenues not accounted for above?..... 1038 2 29 What is the foreign affiliate's total sales or gross operating 000 revenues? — Sum of 21 through 28 Remarks 1039 3 4 5 BEA 1040 USE **ONLY**

Part II — Financial and Operating Data of Majority-Owned Foreign Affiliate

	umber of Employees	and Employee Comp	ensation		300	
and contract empl given provided it is FY 2018 (or when employees that re variations, report	nber of employees on the oyees not included on your pass a reasonable estimate of em the count was taken) was unuflects normal operations. If the average number of employne end of each pay period, mo	yroll records. A count taken ployees on the payroll at the isually high or low due to ter number of employees fluctuees on the payroll during FY	at some other date during to end of FY 2018. If the num inporary factors (e.g., a strill lates widely during the year 2018. Base such an averages are not available, give years.	he reporting period may be reporting period may be referenced to the reference of the refer	pend of series s	
			orelimina	2105	Number of employ	rees
30 What is the	foreign affiliate's total n	umber of employees? .	orelilli.			
payments, payme data on payroll reactivities were cha activities of a prio workers not carrie and employer — Wages and social insurance adjustments, or exclude convacations, sick employer. INC primarily of be expenditures for expenditures for employee be government stand other refire	ee compensation expendints-in-kind, and employer experienced as an expense on the inperiod, such as those capital on the payroll of this affiliate expenditures for all emperiod expenditures and shift different expenditures and shift different expenditures and to independent elave, severance (redundancy tube employer contributions legit to the employees as considered in the employees as considered expenditures, employee trained the expenditures and the employees as considered expenditures, employee trained the employees as considered expenditures, employee trained expenditures, employees as considered expensive expensiv	enditures for employee bene- hich relates to activities that come statement, charged to zed or charged to inventorie . Total employee compo- loyee benefit plans. carnings of all employees be- ce premiums, union dues, et- als, bonuses, profit-sharing a the personnel who are not em) pay, etc. EXCLUDE paym to benefit funds. INCLUDE jumers. EXCLUDE expendit ning programs, and reimburs employer expenditures for all ective bargaining contracts, a insurance, guaranteed sick p	it plans including those recoccurred during the report inventories, or capitalized. In the prior periods. EXCLU ensation consists of wastern consi	puried by statute. Base coing period regardless of wexclude data related to DE compensation of contrages and salaries of es' payroll withholding taxed cerate payments, cost of pensation, and commission payments by employers for of, benefit funds rather that their costs, that are cleas as well as employees, sues. uding those mandated by a INCLUDE social security pensation insurance, mere	mpensation whether the to tract i employees es, living ons. or nan by the arly and uch as writy dical	
	ly allowances, unemployment enses per FASB ASC 715 (FAS the employer.				E only the	Dala
21 What is the	iorojan offiliotojo totol or	unlavas samuanastian	ovnondituro? Popor	2110	\$ Bil. Mil. Thous.	Dois.
	foreign affiliate's total er es, the sum of wages and s					000
	loyee compensation exp	enditure in 31 zero?				
²¹¹¹ ¹ 1	Yes — Explain below No — Skip to 33					
•	,	sation is zero.				
•	No — Skip to 33	sation is zero.				
•	No — Skip to 33	sation is zero.				
1 2	No — Skip to 33	sation is zero.				
1 2	No — Skip to 33	sation is zero.				
1 2	No — Skip to 33	sation is zero.				
1 2	No — Skip to 33	sation is zero.				
1 2	No — Skip to 33	sation is zero.				
1 2	No — Skip to 33	sation is zero.				
1 2	No — Skip to 33	sation is zero.	3	4	5	

Page 4 FORM BE-11B (REV. 02/2019)

Part II — Financial and Operating Data of Majority-Owned Foreign Affiliate — Continued

Section B — Technology

Affiliate ID

Research and development (R&D) expenditures in 33 pertains only to R&D performed by the foreign affiliate, including R&D performed by the affiliate for others (including the U.S. Reporter or its other foreign affiliates) under contract. **EXCLUDE** the cost of any R&D funded by the affiliate but performed by others, such as the affiliate's allocated share of R&D performed by the U.S. Reporter (report such R&D on Form BE-11A, 59).

Research and development (R&D) expenditures — R&D is planned, creative work aimed at discovering new knowledge or developing new or significantly improved goods and services. This includes a) activities aimed at acquiring new knowledge or understanding without specific immediate commercial application or use (basic research); b) activities aimed at solving a specific problem or meeting a specific commercial objective (applied research); and c) systematic use of research and practical experience to produce new or significantly improved goods, services, or processes (development).

R&D **EXCLUDES** expenditures for:

- · Costs for routine product testing, quality control, and technical services unless they are an integral part of an R&D project
- Market research
- Efficiency surveys or management studies
- Literary, artistic, or historical projects, such as films, music, or books and other publications
- Prospecting or exploration for natural resources

Definitions for Basic Research, Applied Research, and Development

- Basic research is the pursuit of new scientific knowledge or understanding that does not have specific immediate commercial objectives, although it may be in fields of present or potential commercial interest.
- Applied research applies the findings of basic research or other existing knowledge toward discovering new scientific knowledge that has specific commercial objectives with respect to new products, services, processes, or methods.
- **Development** is the systematic use of the knowledge or understanding gained from research or practical experience directed toward the production or significant improvement of useful products, services, processes, or methods, including the design and development of prototypes, materials, devices, and systems.
- R&D includes the activities described above, whether assigned to separate R&D organizational units of the company or carried out by company laboratories and technical groups that are not a part of an R&D organization.
- INCLUDE all costs incurred to support R&D performed by the affiliate. INCLUDE wages, salaries, and related costs; materials and supplies consumed; depreciation on R&D property and equipment, cost of computer software used in R&D activities; utilities, such as telephone, electricity, water, and gas; travel costs and professional dues; property taxes and other taxes (except income taxes) incurred on account of the R&D organization or the facilities they use; insurance expenses; maintenance and repair, including maintenance of buildings and grounds; company overhead including: personnel, accounting, procurement and inventory, and salaries of research executives not on the payroll of the R&D organization.
- EXCLUDE capital expenditures, expenditures for tests and evaluations once a prototype becomes a production model, patent expenses, and income taxes and interest.

33 What is the foreign affiliate's expenditure for research and development that it performed?

	\$ Bil.	Mil.	Thous.	Dols.
2155	1			
				000

34 Did tl	Section C — Size of Foreign Affiliate 34 Did this foreign affiliate have any one of these three items: (1) total assets, (2) sales or gross operating revenues, excluding sales taxes, or (3) net income (loss), greater than \$300 million at the end of, or for, the affiliate's 2018 fiscal year?										
2153	¹ 1 Ye	s — Skip to Part IV on pag	ne 7								
	¹ 2 No — Complete Part III on page 6, then continue with Part V on page 13										
Rema	arks										
BEA USE ONLY	2117	1	2	3	4	5					

FORM BE-11B (REV. 02/2019) Page 5

Part III — Financial and Operating Data of Majority-Owned Foreign Affiliate With Assets, Sales, And Net Income (Loss) Less Than or Equal to \$300 Million

Complete ONLY if the answer to 34 is "No."

Section	A	Inco	me
512 H I I I I I	Δ		

• Report in 35 net income (loss) for the year, after provision for foreign income taxes, but before provision for common and preferred dividends. Include income from equity investments and certain gains (losses) (net of income tax effects) included in the determination of net income. mary data 25

\$ Bil. Mil. Thous. Dols.

35 What is the foreign affiliate's net income (loss)?

000

Section B — Distribution of Sales or Gross Operating Revenues

36 What are the foreign affiliate's sales or gross operating revenues, excluding sales taxes? — See 79 on page 10 for instructions.

		0.4			
2154 TOTAL	Local sales	3 010	Sales to United States	Sales to ot	her countries
Column (1) equals the sum of columns (2) through (7) (1)	animales of	Mianillateu -	U.S. orter(s) Unaffiliated customers	To other foreign affiliates of the U.S. Reporter(s)	To unaffiliated customers
\$ Bil. Mil. Thous. Dols.	(2)	(3)	(4) (5)	(6)	(7)
000	13 16 401 3	at WW 4	5	6	7

Include accounts receivable and payable between the U.S. Reporter and this foreign affiliate in total assets or total liabilities, as appropriate. Do not report them as a net amount in either account.		Е	Balance at close of fiscal year		
or total liabilities, as appropriate. Do not report them as a net amount in either account. What are the foreign affiliate's values for:	1090	,	Mil.	Thous.	Dols.
37 Total assets?	1084	1			000
38 Of which: Property, plant, and equipment, net?	1094	1			000
39 Total liabilities?		1			000
40 Total owners' equity? — Equals 37 minus 39					000

	tion D — Prope 83 on page 11 for I		ipment (PP&E) Exp	enditures —		\$ Bil. Mil. T	hous. Dols.					
	What is the foreig	2157	1	000								
	Skip to Part V on page 13.											
	Remarks											
BE/ USI	E = 100	1	2	3	4	5						

Part IV — Financial and Operating Data of Majority-Owned Foreign Affiliate With Assets, Sales, or Net Income (Loss) Greater Than \$300 Million Complete ONLY if the answer to 34 is "Yes."

Section A — Income Statement	Affiliate ID		1 a C	
What are the foreign affiliate's values for:			1160	
INCOME	4.0	C	\$ Bil. Mil.	Thous. Dols.
45 Sales or gross operating revenues, excluding sales taxes? — Must equal 79, column (1). (Dealers in financial instruments see Special Instructions , A.1., page 14; insurance companies see Special Instructions , B.2.a., page 14.)	dato	2041	1	000
Income from equity investments in foreign affiliates? — Report income from equity investments reported in 61. For foreign affiliates owned 20 percent or more (including those that are majority-owned), report equity in earnings during the reporting period; for those owned less than 20 percent, report dividends or distributed earnings for unincorporated affiliates. Do not include interest income.	d	2042	1	000
Report interest in 45 or 49 as appropriate	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	2043	1	000
47 Income from other equity investments? — Report income from equity investments reported in 62	ia.			000
48 Certain gains (losses)? — Read the following instructions carefully as they may deviate from what is no required by U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles. Report gross amount before income tax income tax effect in 52. Report gains (losses) resulting from:	effect. Include	2044	1	000
a. Sale or disposition of financial assets including investment securities; FASB ASC 320 (FAS 115) ho gains (losses) on securities classified as trading securities; FASB ASC 320 (FAS 115) impairment to and gains (losses) derived from derivative instruments. Dealers in financial instruments (including securrencies, derivatives, and other financial instruments) and finance and insurance companies, see Special Instructions, A.1., page 14;	osses; ecurities,			
b. Sales or dispositions of land, other property, plant and equipment, or other assets, and FASB ASC (FAS 144) impairment losses. EXCLUDE gains or losses from the sale of inventory assets in the occurse of trade or business. <i>Real estate companies, see Special Instructions</i> , A.2., page 14; c. Goodwill impairment as defined by FASB ASC 350 (FAS 142);	360 Irdinary			
d. Restructuring. INCLUDE restructuring costs that reflect write-downs or write-offs of assets or liabil EXCLUDE actual payments and charges to establish reserves for future expected payments, such severance pay, and fees to accountants, lawyers, consultants, or other contractors. Report them in 51;				
 Disposals of discontinued operations. EXCLUDE income from the operations of a discontinued segment such income as part of your income from operations in 45; 	gment.			
f. Re-measurement of foreign affiliate's foreign-currency-denominated assets and liabilities due to characteristic foreign exchange rates during the reporting period;				
g. Extraordinary, unusual, or infrequently occurring items that are material. INCLUDE losses from accordinate or disasters after estimated insurance reimbursement. INCLUDE other material items, including write-ups, write-downs, and write-offs of tangible and intangible assets; gains (losses) from the sale other disposition of capital assets; and gains (losses) from the sale or other disposition of financial including securities, to the extent not included above. EXCLUDE legal judgments. Report legal judgments against the foreign affiliate in 51. Report legal settlements in favor of the foreign affiliate in 49;	cluding or assets,			
h. The cumulative effect of a change in accounting principle; and				
 The cumulative effect of a change in the estimate of stock compensation forfeitures under FASB ASC 718 (FAS 123(R)). 				
AGO / 10 (I AG 120(II)).		2045	1	
49 Other income? — Specify. Report non-operating and other income not included above				000
		2046	1	
50 Total income? — <i>Sum of</i> 45 <i>through</i> 49				000
COSTS AND EXPENSES				
51 Cost of goods sold or services rendered and selling, general, and administrative		2047	1	
expenses? — (Insurance companies see Special Instructions , B.2.c., page 14.)				000
52 Foreign income taxes? — Provision for foreign income taxes for FY 2018. EXCLUDE production royalty payments and U.S. income taxes.		2048	1	000
53 Other costs and expenses not included above? — Include noncontrolling interests in profits and losses FASB ASC 810 (FAS 167). — Specify. Report the net effect of any minority interest in the income and e items as a lump sum in this item.	xpense	2049	1	000
		2050	1	000
54 Total costs and expenses? — Sum of 51 through 53				000
NET INCOME		2051	1	
55 Net income (loss)? — 50 <i>minus</i> 54				000

FORM BE-11B (REV. 02/2019) Page 7

Part IV — Financial and Operating Data of Majority-Owned Foreign Affiliate With Assets, Sales, or Net Income (Loss) Greater Than \$300 Million — Continued collection.

Instructions for Section B — Balance Sheet

56 Cash and cash equivalents

• INCLUDE deposits in financial institutions and other cash items and short-term, highly liquid investments that are both readily convertible to known amounts of cash and so near their maturity that they present insignificant risk of changes in value because of changes in interest rates. **EXCLUDE** overdrafts as negative cash, instead report overdrafts in 65.

58 Inventories

 Land development companies should EXCLUDE land held for resale. Finance and insurance companies should EXCLUDE inventories of marketable securities; include these amounts in 62

59 Property, plant, and equipment, gross

- Report gross book value of land, timber, mineral rights and similar rights owned Also INCLUDE structures, machinery, equipment, special tools, deposit containers, construction-in-progress, and capitalized tangible and intangible exploration and development costs of the foreign affiliate.
- INCLUDE items on capital leases from others, per FASB ASC 840 (FAS 13).
- EXCLUDE all other types of intangible assets and land held for resale.
- Unincorporated affiliates include items owned by the U.S. Reporter(s) but in the affiliate's possession whether or not carried on the affiliate's books or records.
- Insurance companies should not include assets of the U.S. Reporter held in the country of location of the affiliate that are for the benefit of the U.S. Reporter's policyholders.

61 Equity investments in other foreign affiliates of which this affiliate is a parent

• Report this affiliate's equity investment in other foreign affiliates of the U.S. Reporter(s), including branches of this affiliate. (If 61 has an entry, 46 should have an entry and 96 must be completed).

62 Other assets

- INCLUDE land held for resale; other equity investments; noncurrent marketable securities; other investments; noncurrent trade accounts and trade notes receivable, net of allowance for doubtful items; intangible assets, net of amortization; and any other assets not reported elsewhere.
- Report credit balances in these accounts in 65, other liabilities.
- Insurance companies see Special Instructions B.1., page 14.

64 Trade accounts and trade notes payable, current

· Insurance companies should INCLUDE current items such as loss liabilities, policy claims, commissions due, and other current liabilities arising from the ordinary course of business, and long-term debt.

65 Other liabilities

- · INCLUDE noncurrent items, deferred taxes, minority interest in consolidated subsidiaries, and long-term debt.
- Insurance companies should INCLUDE policy reserves unless they are clearly current liabilities.
- INCLUDE overdrafts, commercial paper issues, and other current liabilities not included in 64.

67 Capital stock and additional paid-in capital

· INCLUDE common and preferred, voting and nonvoting capital stock and additional paid-in capital.

68 Retained earnings (deficit)

· INCLUDE earnings retained by the corporation and legally available for dividends, and earnings voluntarily restricted.

69 Translation adjustment

· Report the cumulative amount at year end per FASB ASC 830 (FAS 52) - For unincorporated foreign affiliates, report that portion of 74 representing the affiliate's cumulative translation adjustment account in 75

70 All other components

INCLUDE the cumulative balance of unrealized holding gains and losses due to changes in the valuation of available-for-sale securities per FASB ASC 320 (FAS 115) and any other comprehensive income items required to be displayed separately from retained earnings as per FASB ASC 220 (FAS 130).

Page 8 FORM BE-11B (REV. 02/2019)

Part IV — Financial and Operating Data of Majority-Owned Foreign Affiliate With Assets, Sales, or Net Income (Loss) Greater Than \$300 Million — Continued

Sec	tion B — Balanc	e Sheet — See Ins	structions on page 8.		Affiliate ID		Yois	
and	I payable between the	d liability items in the de U.S. Reporter and this f report them as a net am	etail shown. Show accounts foreign affiliate in the prope ount.	receivable rasset and			Balance at close of fiscal year	
	What are the fore	ign affiliate's value	s for:		*2	y C	\$ Bil. Mil. Thous.	Dols.
	,		s for 59 and 62 on pa	,	al das	2080	1	000
56	Cash and cash equiv	alents?		Sino	<i>.</i> (.)	2081	1	000
57	Trade accounts and t	rade notes receivable, c	current? — Net of allowance	e for doubtful accounts		2082	1	000
58			. 6	bie. 49.	·····	2084	1	000
59	Property, plant, and e	equipment — gross?	· = 2018	eco, 1	gia.	2085	1	000
60	Accumulated depreci	iation and depletion?	ME	3/1, 401		2086	()	000
61	Equity investments in	n other foreign affil <mark>iate</mark> s o	of which this affiliate is a pa	arent?			<u>'</u>	000
				y-owned affiliates) on an equith FASB ASC 320 (FAS 115	•			
	lower of cost or ma	arket, as appropriate.	o percent in accordance w	III 1 AOD AOO 020 (1 AO 110	7 01	2089	1	
62	Other assets? Oth	ner assets not reported o	elsewhere					000
63	Total assets? - Sum	of 56 through 62				2090	1	000
1	256	"461,				2092	1	000
		O * '	ctions for 64 and 65 or rent?	on page 8.) 			·	000
65	Other liabilities?					2093	1	000
05	Otries habilities:					2094	1	
66	Total liabilities? — Su	um of 64 and 65						000
		•	, complete 67 through 7	73		2095	1	000
97	Capital Stock and aut	unionai paid-in Capitai: .				2096	1	
68	Retained earnings (d	leficit)?						000
					Balance at close of fiscal year			
	Accumulated oth	er comprehensive i	ncome (loss)	\$ B	il. Mil. Thous. I	Dols.		
69	Translation adjustmen	nt component?		2098 1	(000		
70	All other components	27				000		
71	Total accumulated otl	her comprehensive inco	me (loss)? —			2099	1	000
	Equals sum of 69	and 70				2100	1	000
72	Other? — Include tre noncontrolling interes	easury stock and involun sts per FASB ASC 810 (tarily (or legally) restricted FAS 167). — <i>Specify</i>	earnings, and				000
73	Total owners' equity ((incorporated foreign affi	iliato\2 —			2101	1	
19	Equals 63 minus	66, and equals the sum	of 67 , 68 , 71 , and	72				000
OWN		•	only, complete 74 and 75	5		2102	1	
74	Total owners' equity (Equals 63 minus 6	unincorporated foreign a	affiliate)? —					000
773	Translation adjustmen	nt?				2103	1	000
BEA	2104 1		2		4		5	000
USE								

Part IV — Financial and Operating Data of Majority-Owned Foreign Affiliate With Assets, Sales, or Net Income (Loss) Greater Than \$300 Million — Continued

\$ Bil Mil. Thous. Dols.

2127

000

000

000

Section C — Interest and Taxes

What are the foreign affiliate's values for:

- 76 Interest income? Interest received or due to the affiliate from all payors (including affiliated persons), net of tax withheld at the source. **INCLUDE** all interest receipts included in 45 and 49. Do not net against interest expensed, 77.
- Interest expensed or capitalized? Interest expensed or capitalized by the affiliate, paid or due to all payees (including affiliated persons), gross of tax withheld. Do not net against interest income, 76

78 Taxes (other than income and payroll taxes) and nontax payments (other than production

- Report all such taxes and nontax payments whether or not included in revenues or expenses in the income statement. INCLUDE amounts paid or accrued for the year, net of refunds or credits, to foreign governments,
 - their subdivisions and agencies for:
 - Sales, value added, consumption, and excise taxes collected by the affiliate on goods and services that the affiliate sold;
 - Property and other taxes on the value of assets and capital;
 - Any remaining taxes (other than income and payroll taxes); and
 - Import and export duties, license fees, fines, penalties, and all other payments or accruals of nontax liabilities (other than production royalty payments for natural resources).

Section D — Distribution of Sales or Gross Operating Revenues

- Report gross operating revenues or gross sales minus returns, allowances, and discounts. EXCLUDE sales or consumption taxes levied directly on the consumer. EXCLUDE net value-added and excise taxes levied on manufacturers, wholesalers, and retailers. INCLUDE revenues generated during the year from the operations of a discontinued business segment, but EXCLUDE gains or losses from disposals of discontinued operations. Report such gains or losses in 43.
- Finance and leasing companies with ISI codes 5221, 5223, 5224, 5229, 5231, 5238, 5252, or 5331 report interest income as sales and investment income.
- Insurance companies with ISI codes 5243 or 5249 report gross investment income as sales. Also see **Special Instructions**, B.2.a., d., and e., page 14.
- Distribute sales or gross operating revenues among three categories sales of goods, sales of services, and investment income. See
 Additional Instructions on page 14 at the back of this form.
- For the purpose of this distribution, "goods" are normally economic outputs that are tangible and "services" are normally economic outputs that are intangible.
- When a sale consists of both goods and services and cannot be unbundled (i.e., the goods and services are not separately billed), classify the sales as goods or services based on whichever accounts for a majority of the value. Give best estimates if actual figures are not available.

What is the foreign affiliate's value for: 79 Sales or gross		Local	l sales	Sales to U	nited States	Sales to oth	ner countries
operating revenues, excluding sales taxes? a. Column (1) equals 45.	TOTAL Column (1) equals the sum of columns (2) through (7)	To other foreign affiliates of the U.S. Reporter(s)	To unaffiliated customers	To U.S. Reporter(s)	To unaffiliated customers	To other foreign affiliates of the U.S. Reporter(s)	To unaffiliated customers
b. Each column of 79 equals the sum of 80, 81, and 82.	(1) \$ Bil. Mil. Thous. Dols.	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
3054	000	2	3	4	5	6	7
BY TYPE 80 Sales of goods?	1 000	2	3	4	5	6	7
Sales of services?	000	2	3	4	5	6	7
82 Investment income?		2	3	4	5	6	7
BEA 2134 USE ONLY	1	2	3		4	5	

Page 10 FORM BE-11B (REV. 02/2019)

Part IV — Financial and Operating Data of Majority-Owned Foreign Affiliate With Assets, Sales, or Net Income (Loss) Greater Than \$300 Million — Continued

Section E — Property, Plant, and Equipment (PP&E) Expenditures, and Depreciation	Affiliate ID	ction.	
 PP&E expenditures includes expenditures for land, timber, mineral and like rights owned, structures, machinother depreciable property; construction-in-progress; and capitalized tangible and intangible exploration and expenditures for other types of intangible assets, and land held for resale. 			
 INCLUDE expenditures for items leased from others (including land) under capital leases. Also INCLU of timber, mineral, and similar rights leased by the foreign affiliate from others. EXCLUDE items the foreign 	JDE the expenditure affiliate has sold un	for the capitalized value der a capital lease.	
 EXCLUDE from expenditures all changes in PP&E, resulting from a change in the entity (i.e., due to accounting principles during FY 2018. 	mergers, acquisitions	s, divestitures, etc.) or	
 For foreign affiliates engaged in exploring for, or developing, natural resources, INCLU expenditures made during FY 2018 that were capitalized, including capitalized expenditures to acquire or le adjustments for expenditures charged against income in prior years but subsequently capitalized during FY 	ease mineral rights. E	levelopment IXCLUDE	
• Insurance companies should INCLUDE expenditures WHEREVER CLASSIFIED IN THE BALANCE (i.e., INCLUDE expenditures that have been classified in "other noncurrent assets").	SHEET 310	\$ Bil. Mil. Thous. Dol	ls.
What are the foreign affiliate's values for: 83 Expenditures for new and used property, plant, and equipment (PP&E)?		00	00
84 Current-period depreciation and depletion? – Current-period charges against property, plant, and equip included in 60		. 00	00
	, Leases (Topic 842)?	?	
Were total assets and/or total liabilities affected by the early implementation of FASB ASU No. 2016-02 3116 1 Yes 1 2 No			
-orm tea to			

Section F — Change in Retained Earnings of Incorporated Foreign Affiliate or in Total Over 15th 1985 (1985)	vners	s' Equity	
of Unincorporated Foreign Affiliate What are the foreign affiliate's values for:			Thous. Dols.
86 Retained earnings (deficit), close FY 2017 before restatement due to a change in the entity or a change in accounting methods or principles, if any? – For an unincorporated affiliate, this item equals close FY 2017 owners' equity	3117	ļ ·	000
Changes during FY 2018	3118	1	
Restatement due to a change in the entity (i.e., due to mergers, acquisitions, divestitures, etc.) or due to a change in accounting methods or principles? — Specify reasons for change			000
	3119	1	
			000
88 Net income (loss)? — Enter amount from 55			000
	3120	1	
89 Dividends or net income remitted to owners?			000
Incorporated affiliate — Enter amount of dividends declared, before deduction of withholding taxes, out of current- and prior-period income on common and preferred stock during FY 2018. Exclude stock and liquidating dividends.			
Unincorporated affiliate — Enter amount of current- and prior-period net income remitted to owners during FY 2018.	3122	1	
90 Other increases (decreases)?			000
 Enter other increases (decreases) in retained earnings of an incorporated affiliate, including stock dividends and liquidating dividends, or in total owners' equity of an unincorporated affiliate, including capital contributions (return of capital) — Specify 			
P1 Retained earnings (deficit), close FY 2018? – Sum of 86, 87, 88, and 90, minus 89. Also, for an incorporated affiliate, this item equals 68. For an unincorporated affiliate, this item equals 74	3123		000
Remarks			
BEA 3069 1 2 3 4		5	
USE ONLY			

FORM BE-11B (REV. 02/2019) Page 11

	Part IV — Financial a Assets, Sales, or N	nd Operating Data of Majority-Owned et Income (Loss) Greater Than \$300	d Foreign Aff Million — Co	
Sec	etion G — Insurance Industry Activ	ities — Premiums earned and losses	sincurred	won.
	port premiums earned and losses incurred for in cept life insurance carriers) and 5249 (Life insura	surance related activities covered by ISI codes 524 nnce carriers).	43 (Insurance car	riers,
92		revenues reported in 29, column (2), we ed activities covered by ISI codes 5243 o	or 5249? 🐧 🔼 🕽	ales or
	2113	l	ary	
	¹ 2 No — Skip to 95	or: of commissions included in revenue during the ren	O	
	What are the foreign affiliate's values f	or: Drem. d.	.	
	Calculate as direct premiums written (including a minus reinsurance premiums ceded, plus unear premiums at the end of the year. EXCLUDE all	of commissions, included in revenue during the representations, plus reinsurance prenewals) net of cancellations, plus reinsurance prened premiums at the beginning of the year, minus annuity premiums. Also EXCLUDE premiums an rest-sensitive life, and variable-universal life policies.	emiums assumed unearned d policy fees relat	2114 1 ed
	expenses and losses that relate to annuities. Als	he insurance products covered by 93. EXCLUDE to EXCLUDE losses related to universal and adjulife policies	stable life, variabl	e
	the beginning of the year, plus net unpaid losse on reinsurance assumed from other companies losses include both case reserves and losses in	'	osses, INCLUDE other companies.	losses Unpaid
F		on reinsurance assumed or on primary insurance so in claims due, unpaid, and in the course of settlem		recovered
	Pies, cult			
95	Does this foreign affiliate have a direct branches of this affiliate, that are not f	Directly-Owned but not Fully Consolequity interest in other foreign affiliates ully consolidated in this BE-11B? ve an entry and 96 must be completed 2 ed but are not fully consolidated on this	, including No – Skip to	97
	Name of each foreign affiliate, as taken from 2 of the Form BE-11B or BE-11C or as listed on Form BE-11D, in which the reporting affiliate holds a direct equity interest	BEA Affiliate ID Number taken from the Form BE-11B or BE-11C of each foreign affiliate named in column (1)	BEA USE ONLY	Percentage of direct ownership in the foreign affiliate listed in column (1) held by the foreign affiliate named in Percentage of ownership at close of FY 2018
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
5002	0	2		4 %
5003	0	2		4 %
5004	0	2		4 %
5005	0	2		<u> </u>
5006	0	2	-	4 %
5007	0	2		<u> </u>
5008	0	2 _		4 %
5009	0	2		4

Continue listing onto as many copied pages as needed.

BEA 3124 1	2	3	4	5	
USE					
OIVEI					

Part V — U.S. Exports To and U.S. Imports From Majority-Owned Foreign Affiliate

See Instruction Booklet, Part V.

Affiliate ID

IMPORTANT NOTES

Report U.S. exports of goods to and U.S. imports of goods from the foreign affiliate in FY 2018. Report all goods that physically left or entered the U.S. customs area. Report data on a "shipped" basis, i.e., on the basis of when and to (or by) whom the goods were shipped. This is the same basis as official U.S. trade statistics to which these data will be compared. Do **not** record a U.S. import or export if the goods did not physically enter or leave (i.e., were not physically shipped to or from) the United States, even if they were charged to the foreign affiliate by, or charged by the foreign affiliate to, a U.S. person.

Foreign affiliates normally keep their accounting records on a "charged" basis, i.e., on the basis of when and to (or by) whom the goods were charged. The "charged" basis may be used if there is no material difference between it and the "shipped" basis. If there is a material difference, the "shipped" basis must be used or adjustments made to the data on a "charged" basis to approximate a "shipped" basis. The data should include goods only; they should **EXCLUDE** services.

Capital goods — **INCLUDE** capital goods but exclude the value of ships, planes, railroad rolling stock, and trucks that were temporarily outside the United States transporting people or goods.

Consigned goods — **INCLUDE** consigned goods in the trade figures when shipped or received, even though they are not normally recorded as sales or purchases, or entered into intercompany accounts when initially consigned.

In-transit goods — EXCLUDE from exports and imports the value of goods that are in-transit. In-transit goods are goods that are not processed or consumed by residents in the intermediate country(ies) through which they transit; the in-transit goods enter that country(ies) only because that country(ies) is along the shipping lines between the exporting and importing countries. In-transit imports are goods en route from one foreign country to another via the United States (such as from Canada to Mexico via the United States), and in-transit exports are goods en route from one part of the United States to another part via a foreign country (such as from Alaska to Washington State via Canada).

Packaged general use computer software — INCLUDE exports and imports of packaged general use computer software. Value such exports and imports at the full transaction value, i.e., the market value of the media on which the software is recorded and the value of the information contained on the media. EXCLUDE exports and imports of customized software designed to meet the needs of a specific user. This type of software is considered a service and should not be included as trade in goods. Also EXCLUDE negotiated leasing fees for software that is to be used on networks.

Natural gas, electricity, and water — Report ONLY the product value of natural gas, electricity, and water that you produce or sell at wholesale as exports and imports of goods. DO NOT report the service value (transmission and distribution).

- 97 On what basis were the trade data in the section prepared? Mark (X) one.
 - 4172 ¹ **1** "Shipped" basis.

ONLY

- *Charged" basis without adjustments, because there is no material difference between the "charged" and "shipped" bases.
- 3 "Charged" basis with adjustments to correct for material differences between the "charged" and "shipped" bases.

			TOT (1)	AL			oped b eporte (2)	oy U.S. er(s)			nipped I U.S. pe (3)		
U.S. EXPORTS OF GOODS TO THIS FOREIGN AFFILIATE (Valued f.a.s. U.S. port)	\$ 4173 1	Bil.		Thous.	Dols.	\$ Bil.	, ,	Thous.	Dols.	\$ B	` ′	Thous.	Dols.
98 What is the value of the total goods shipped in FY 2018 from the United States to this affiliate?					000				000				000
			TOTA	AL			oped t eporte (2)	o U.S. er(s)			hipped U.S. pe (3)		
U.S. IMPORTS OF GOODS FROM THIS FOREIGN AFFILIAT (Valued f.a.s. foreign port)		Bil.		Thous.	Dols.	\$ Bil.	` '	Thous.	Dols.	\$ B	` '	Thous.	Dols.
99 What is the value of the total goods shipped in FY 2018 to the United States by this affiliate?	'				000				000				000
Remarks													
BEA 4179 1 2			3				1				5 .		

FORM BE-11B (REV. 02/2019) Page 13

2018 ANNUAL SURVEY OF U.S. DIRECT INVESTMENT ABROAD FORM BE-11B — ADDITIONAL INSTRUCTIONS BY ITEM

Part IV, Section D — Distribution of Sales or Gross Operating Revenues

79 — 82

Disaggregate the total sales or gross operating revenues into sales of goods, sales of services, and investment income.

- **Sales of goods** Goods are normally economic outputs that are tangible. Report as sales of goods:
 - Mass produced media, including exposed film, video tapes, DVDs, audio tapes, and CDs.
 - Books. NOTE: Book publishers To the extent feasible, report as sales of services all revenues associated with the design, editing, and marketing activities necessary for producing and distributing books that you both publish and sell. If you cannot unbundle (i.e., separate) these revenues from the value of the books you sell, then report your total sales as sales of goods or services based on the activity that accounts for a majority of the value.
 - Energy trading activities where you take title to the goods.
 NOTE: If you act in the capacity of a broker or agent to facilitate the sale of goods and you do not take title to the goods, report your revenue (i.e., commissions) as sale of services in 31.
 - Magazines and periodicals sold in retail stores. NOTE: Report subscription sales as sales of services in 81.
 - · Packaged general use computer software.
 - Structures sold by businesses in real estate.
 - Revenues earned from building structures by businesses in construction.
 - Electricity, natural gas, and water. NOTE: Revenues derived from transmitting and/or distributing these goods, as opposed to revenues derived from the sale of the actual product, should to the extent feasible, be reported as sales of services in 81.
- **Sales of services** Services are normally economic outputs that are intangible. Report as sales of services:
 - Advertising revenue.

- Commissions and fees earned by companies engaged in finance and real estate activities.
- Mass produced audiovisual media that are delivered electronically, including film, music, manuscripts, or other digital content.
- Commissions earned by agents or brokers (i.e., wholesalers) who act on behalf of buyers and sellers in the wholesale distribution of goods. NOTE: Agents or brokers do not take title to the goods being sold.
- Magazines and periodicals sold through subscriptions. NOTE: Report magazines and periodicals sold through retail stores, as sales of goods in 80.
- Newspapers.
- Pipeline transportation.
- Software downloaded from the Internet, electronic mail, an Extranet, an Electronic Data Interchange network, or some other online system.
- Computer systems design and related services.
- Negotiated licensing fees for software to be used on networks.

 Licensing fees associated with rights to reproduce or distribute software.
- Electricity transmission and distribution, natural gas distribution, and water distribution.

Report the source of real estate rental income in columns (2) through (7) based on the location of the property.

32 Investment income — Report dividends and interest generated by finance and insurance activities as investment income. NOTE: Report commissions and fees as sales of services in **81**.

Finance or insurance companies that include investment income in gross operating revenues should report the source of such investment income in columns (2) through (7) based on the location of the issuer of the financial instrument whether publicly issued or privately placed. If the location of the issuer is unknown, then substitute the nationality of the issuer. If both the location and nationality of the issuer are unknown, and an intermediary (e.g., trustee, custodian, or nominee) is used to manage the investment (financial instrument or real estate) use the country of location of the intermediary.

Special Instructions for Dealers in Financial Instruments, Finance Companies, Insurance Companies, and Real Estate Companies

- A. Certain gains (losses) for (1) dealers in financial instruments and finance and insurance companies, and (2) real estate companies.
 - Dealers in financial instruments (including securities, currencies, derivatives, and other financial instruments) and finance and insurance companies — INCLUDE in 48
 - impairment losses as defined by FASB ASC 320 (FAS 115),
 - realized gains and losses on trading or dealing,
 - unrealized gains or losses, due to changes in the valuation of financial instruments, that flow through the income statement, and
 - · goodwill impairment as defined by FASB ASC 350 (FAS 142).

EXCLUDE from **48**, unrealized gains or losses due to changes in the valuation of financial instruments that are taken to other comprehensive income. Reflect such changes in **70** (all other components of accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)).

EXCLUDE from **48**, income from explicit fees and commissions. **INCLUDE** income from these fees and commissions as operating revenue in **29** and **45** and as sales of services in **81**.

- 2. Real estate companies Include in 48:
 - $\bullet\,$ impairment losses as defined by FASB ASC 360 (FAS 144), and
 - goodwill impairment as defined by FASB ASC 350 (FAS 142).

EXCLUDE the income earned and expenses incurred from the sale of real estate you own. Such income should be reported as operating revenue in 29, 45 and 79 and as sales of goods in 80. Such expenses, including the net book value of the real estate sold, should be reported as cost of goods sold in 51. Do not net the expenses against the revenues.

B. Special instructions for insurance companies

 When there is a difference between the financial and operating data reported to the stockholders and the data reported in the annual statement to an insurance department, prepare the BE-11 on the same basis as the annual report to the stockholders.

Valuation should be according to normal commercial accounting procedures, not at rates promulgated by national insurance departments, e.g., **INCLUDE** assets not acceptable for inclusion in

the annual statement to an insurance department, such as:
1. non-trusteed or free account assets, and 2. nonadmitted assets, including furniture and equipment, agents' debit balances, and all receivables deemed to be collectible. **INCLUDE** mandatory securities valuation reserves that are appropriations of retained earnings in the owners' equity section of the balance sheet, not in the liability section.

2. Instructions for reporting specific items

- a. Sales or gross operating revenues, excluding sales taxes (45) INCLUDE items such as earned premiums, annuity considerations, gross investment income, and items of a similar nature. EXCLUDE income from equity investments in unconsolidated business enterprises that is to be reported in 46 and EXCLUDE certain gains or losses that are to be reported in 48.
- b. Certain gains (losses) (48) See Special Instructions, A.1.
- c. Cost of goods sold or services rendered and selling, general, and administrative expenses [51] INCLUDE costs relating to sales or gross operating revenues, such as policy losses incurred, death benefits, matured endowments, other policy benefits, increases in liabilities for future policy benefits, and other underwriting expenses.
- d. Sales of services (81, column 1) INCLUDE premium income and income from other services, if any.

Calculate premiums earned by companies engaged in insurance activities as direct premiums written (including renewals) net of cancellations, plus reinsurance premiums assumed, minus reinsurance premiums ceded, plus unearned premiums at the beginning of the year, minus unearned premiums at the end of the year.

e. Investment income (82, column 1) — Report that portion of sales or gross operating revenues that is investment income. However, report any gains or losses on investments, in accordance with **Special Instructions**, A.1. See **Additional Instructions** for Part IV, Section D, 32, above to determine the location of the transactor of investment income.

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Summary of Industry Classifications

For a full explanation of each code see www.bea.gov/naics2012

		·	o de la companya de		41011
_	ulture, Forestry, Fishing,	3254	Pharmaceuticals and medicines	Whol	esale Trade, Durable Goods
	lunting	3255 3256	Paints, coatings, and adhesives Soap, cleaning compounds, and	4231	Motor vehicles and motor vehicle
1110	Crop production Animal production	0200	toilet preparations	4000	parts and supplies
1120 1130	Forestry and logging	3259	Other chemical products and	4232 4233	Furniture and home furnishing Lumber and other construction materials
1140	Fishing, hunting, and trapping	3261	preparations Plastics products	4234	Professional and commercial
1150	Support activities for agriculture	3262	Rubber products	4005	equipment and supplies
	and forestry	3271	Clay products and refractories	4235 4236	Metal and mineral (except petroleum) Electrical and electronic goods
Minin	ıa	3272 3273	Glass and glass products Cement and concrete products	4237	Hardware, and plumbing and heating
2111	Oil and gas extraction	3274	Lime and gypsum products	4000-	equipment and supplies
2121	Coal	3279	Other nonmetallic mineral products	4238 4239	Machinery, equipment, and supplies Miscellaneous durable goods
2123	Nonmetallic minerals	3311 3312	Iron and steel mills and ferroalloys Steel products from purchased steel	Otre	oo
2124 2125	Iron ores Gold and silver ores	3313	Alumina and aluminum production	Whol	esale Trade, Nondurable Goods
2126	Copper, nickel, lead, and zinc ores		and processing	4241	Paper and paper product
2127	Other metal ores	3314	Nonferrous metal (except aluminum) production and processing	4242	Drugs and druggists' sundries
2132	Support activities for oil and gas operations	3315	Foundries	4243 4244	Apparel, piece goods, and notions Grocery and related product
2133	Support activities for mining, except	3321	Forging and stamping	4245	Farm product raw material
	for oil and gas operations	3322 3323	Cutlery and handtools Architectural and structural metals	4246	Chemical and allied products
	used here	3324	Boilers, tanks, and shipping containers	4247	Petroleum and petroleum products
Utiliti	ies O O A I O CON	3325	Hardware	4248	Beer, wine, and distilled alcoholic beverage
	Electric power generation,	3326 3327	Spring and wire products Machine shops; turned products; and	4249	Miscellaneous nondurable goods
2212	transmission, and distribution Natural gas distribution	3321	screws, nuts, and bolts		
	Water, sewage, and other systems	3328	Coating, engraving, heat treating,		esale Trade, Electronic Markets
\	SI 7 CO.	3329	and allied activities Other fabricated metal products		Agents and Brokers
Cons	truction	3331	Agriculture, construction, and mining	4251	Wholesale electronic markets and agents and brokers
2360	Construction of buildings		machinery		agonto and brokero
2370	Heavy and civil engineering construction	3332 3333	Industrial machinery Commercial and service industry	Retai	il Trade
2380	Specialty trade contractors	3333	machinery	4410	Motor vehicle and parts dealers
Manu		3334	Ventilation, heating, air-conditioning,	4420	Furniture and home furnishings
3111	Animal foods	3335	and commercial refrigeration equipment Metalworking machinery	4431 4440	Electronics and appliance Building material and garden
3112	Grain and oilseed milling	3336	Engines, turbines, and power	4440	equipment and supplies dealers
3113	Sugar and confectionery products		transmission equipment	4450	Food and beverage
3114	Fruit and vegetable preserving and specialty foods	3339 3341	Other general purpose machinery Computer and peripheral equipment	4461 4471	Health and personal care Gasoline stations
3115	Dairy products	3342	Communications equipment	4480	Clothing and clothing accessories
3116	Meat products	3343	Audio and video equipment	4510	Sporting goods, hobby, book, and music
3117	Seafood product preparation and packaging	3344	Semiconductors and other electronic components	4520 4530	General merchandise Miscellaneous store retailers
3118	Bakeries and tortillas	3345	Navigational, measuring, electromedical,	4540	Nonstore retailers
3119	Other food products	0040	and control instruments		
3121 3122	Beverages Tobacco	3346	Manufacturing and reproducing magnetic and optical media	Trans	sportation and Warehousing
3130	Textile mills	3351	Electric lighting equipment	4810	Air transportation
3140	Textile product mills	3352	Household appliances	4821 4833	Rail transportation
3150 3160	Apparel Leather and allied products	3353 3359	Electrical equipment Other electrical equipment and	4839	Petroleum tanker operations Other water transportation
3210	Wood products	0000	components	4840	Truck transportation
3221	Pulp, paper, and paperboard mills	3361	Motor vehicles	4850	Transit and ground passenger transportation
3222 3231	Converted paper products Printing and related support activities	3362 3363	Motor vehicle bodies and trailers Motor vehicle parts	4863	Pipeline transportation of crude oil,
3242	Integrated petroleum refining and	3364	Aerospace products and parts		refined petroleum products,
2040	extraction	3365	Railroad rolling stock	4868	and natural gas Other pipeline transportation
3243 3244	Petroleum refining without extraction Asphalt and other petroleum and	3366 3369	Ship and boat building Other transportation equipment	4870	Scenic and sightseeing transportation
32 14	coal products	3370	Furniture and related products	4880	Support activities for transportation
3251	Basic chemicals	3391	Medical equipment and supplies	4920 4932	Couriers and messengers
3252	Resins, synthetic rubbers, and artificial and synthetic fibers and	3399	Other miscellaneous manufacturing	4932	Petroleum storage for hire Other warehousing and storage
	filaments				
3253	Pesticides, fertilizers, and other				
	agricultural chemicals				

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Summary of Industry Classifications - Continued

Information

- 5111 Newspaper, periodical, book, and directory publishers 5112 Software publishers 5121 Motion picture and video industries 5122 Sound recording industries Radio and television broadcasting 5151 5152 Cable and other subscription programming 5171 Wired telecommunications carriers 5172 Wireless telecommunications carriers,
- 5174 Satellite telecommunications Other telecommunications 5179

except satellite

- 5182 Data processing, hosting, and related services
- 5191 Other information services

Finance and Insurance

5221	Depository credit intermediation (Banking)
5223	Activities related to credit intermediation
5224	Nondepository credit intermediation
5229	Nondepository branches and agencies
5231	Securities and commodity contracts
	intermediation and brokerage
5238	Other financial investment activities and
	exchanges
5242	Agencies, brokerages, and other
	insurance related activities
E049	Indurance corriers except life incurance

- 5243 Insurance carriers, except life insurance
- 5249 Life insurance carriers 5252 Funds, trusts, and other financial vehicles

neai	Estate and Rental and Leasing
5310	Real estate

- 5321 Automotive equipment rental and leasing 5329 Other rental and leasing services
- 5331 Lessors of nonfinancial intangible assets, except copyrighted works

Professional, Scientific, and Technical Services

- 5411 Legal services Accounting, tax preparation, bookkeeping, 5412 and payroll services 5413 Architectural, engineering, and related services
- Specialized design services 5414
- Computer systems design and related ser 5415
- 5416 Management, scientific, and technical consulting services
- Scientific research and development 5417 services
- Advertising, public relations, and related services Other professional, scientific, and

Management of Companies and Enterprises

technical services

- Holding companies, except bank holding 5512 companies
- Corporate, subsidiary, and regional management offices

5611 Office administrative services

Administrative and Support, Waste **Management and Remediation Services**

5612	Facilities support services
5613	Employment services
5614	Business support services
5615	Travel arrangement and reservation
	services
5616	Investigation and security services
5617	Services to buildings and dwellings

5619 Other support services 5620 Waste management and remediation

Educational Services

Educational services **Health Care and Social Assistance**

- 6210 Ambulatory health care services 6220 Hospitals
- 6230 Nursing and residential care facilities
- 6240 Social assistance

Arts, Entertainment, and Recreation

- Performing arts, spectator sports, and related industries 7121 Museums, historical sites, and similar institutions
- 7130 Amusement, gambling, and recreation industries

Accommodation and Food Services

Accommodation Food services and drinking places 7220

Other Services

Repair and maintenance 8110 8120 Personal and laundry services Religious, grantmaking, civic, 8130 professional, and similar organizations

Public Administration

Public administration

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MANDATORY — CONFIDENTIAL BE-11C (Report for Minority-Owned Foreign Affiliate of U.S. Reporter) May 31, 2019

Due Date:	May 31, 2019			Affiliate ID Number*		
Electronic Filing:	Go to www.bea.gov/efi	ile for details		*Do not enter Social Security Numb		
Mail reports to:	Bureau of Economic A Direct Investment Divis 4600 Silver Hill Road Washington, DC 2023	nalysis sion, BE-69(A)	1 Name of U.S. Re	porter of foreign affiliate – <i>Same</i>	as 1, Form BE-11A	
Deliver reports to:	Bureau of Economic A Direct Investment Divis 4600 Silver Hill Road Suitland, MD 20746	nalysis sion, BE-69(A)	1 Name of U.S. Re 2 Name of foreign filed subsequent	cord. Idia.		
Fax reports to:	(301) 278-9502	SIL	2 Name of foreign	affiliate being reported - Use the		
Assistance:	Telephone: (3	e10/11@bea.gov 01) 278-9418 ww.bea.gov/dia	filed subsequent e.g., Form BE-5	ly for this affiliate with the Bureau 77.	of Economic Analysis,	
	r Reporter Identific		' Mar			
with all requests.	-00 ' re	3 6 3	1002			
- 11	sed her	"Wa	IMPORTANT			
Instruction Bookl	et — Contains addition	nal instructions, def		porting requirements for completi	ing this form.	
				ned foreign affiliate owned direct		
percent, but not more revenues, excluding s for, the affiliate's 2018 must be filed for the for after provision for fore	than 50 percent, by al ales taxes; or net inco fiscal year. However, preign affiliate parent e eign income taxes was	Il U.S. Reporters of to ome after provision for if the affiliate is a for even if all of the item less than or equal to	he affiliate combined a or foreign income taxes eign affiliate parent of a s: total assets; sales or o \$60 million (positive o	nd for which the affiliate's total as was greater than \$60 million (po	sets; sales or gross operating sitive or negative) at the end of, or I on Form BE-11C, Form BE-11C ling sales taxes; or net income ne affiliate's 2018 fiscal year.	
			ing data into U.S. o 52). <i>See Instruction</i>		\$ Bil. Mil. Thous. Dols.	
the state of the s	Report in U.S. dolla		` ,		1 335 000)
			() to indicate negative	numhers		
ii aii iteiii is between	+ 01	o. Ose parentinesis	() to maleate negative	iumbers.	98.7%	
Percentages — Re	eport ownership perce	ntages to a tenth of	one percent:			J
	Part	I — Identificat	ion of Minority-O	wned Foreign Affiliate		
			hich this foreign af	iliate's physical assets are	located or where its primary	,
	rried out — Mark (X)		other water transpartet	on, or oil and gas drilling, and ha	o operations aparating mars than	
one country, use				on, or on and gas drilling, and has ssify in country of incorporation ar		
1007 1 601	Australia ¹ 650	China ¹ 3	13 Ireland	¹ 319 Netherlands		
1 302	Belgium ¹ 307		14 Italy	Switzerland		
1 202	Brazil ¹ 308	Germany 16	oupu	¹ 327 United Kingdom		
¹ 100	Canada '611	Hong Kong 2	13 Mexico	Other — Specify		
	city of location? — cal assets are located		104 ich this foreign activity is carried out .			
affiliate's financia	al reporting year that h	as an ending date in	s 2018 fiscal year? n calendar year 2018.	ŭ .	Month Day Year 1009 1// 2 0 1 8	_
6 Did the foreign	n business enterp	rise become a fo	oreign affiliate of t	ne U.S. Reporter during the	fiscal year?	
1010 1 1	Yes, and this is it	s initial report –	- Affiliate was not previ	ously owned by the U.S. Reporter	_	
	If "Yes," did the U.S. F	. ,	one.)	Month Year	
		foreign affiliate?		Ente		
	² 2 Acquire a votin	ng interest of 10 per	cent or more in an exis	ting foreign company? J date		
¹ 2						
	No					

Identification of Minority-Owned Foreign Affiliate — Continued **Ownership in this Foreign Affiliate** Equity interest is direct ownership in the total equity (voting and nonvoting) of the affiliate. Examples of nonvoting equity include nonvoting stock and a limited partner's interest in a partnership. Percent of ownership at close Voting interest is direct ownership in just the voting equity of the affiliate. Examples of voting equity of fiscal year include voting stock and a general partner's interest in a partnership. Thus, a U.S. Reporter could have a 100 percent direct voting interest in an affiliate but own less than 100 percent of the affiliate's total Equity Votina 2018 2018 Enter percent of ownership based on total voting stock, as applicable, if an incorporated affiliate, or (2) **(1)** an equivalent interest if an unincorporated affiliate. 1012 1 What is the direct ownership interest held by the U.S. Reporter named in Image: Table 1020 8 What is the indirect ownership interest held through the U.S. Reporter's other foreign affiliates? See Instruction Booklet, Part I.B.1.c., for instructions on how to calculate indirect ownership interest. (If entry is made here, complete 10.) 1050 What is the total ownership interest held by the U.S. Reporter? 10 What is the name of the foreign affiliate parent(s)? — If there is an entry in 8 , enter below, the name(s) and percent(s) of ownership of each foreign affiliate of the U.S. Reporter named in 1 holding a direct ownership interest in this foreign affiliate. Also, for each foreign affiliate in column (a) that is below the first tier in its ownership chain, enter in column (c) the name of the foreign affiliate that holds a direct ownership interest in it. Foreign affiliate(s) holding direct ownership interest in this foreign affiliate Name of the foreign affiliate, if any, in ownership chain that holds Percent of direct Name and ID Number ownership in this foreign affiliate Enter name and BEA ID Number of foreign a direct interest in the RFΔ foreign affiliate named in affiliate(s) holding a direct ownership interest in USE column (a) ONLY this foreign affiliate. Close FY 2018 (c) (b) a. 1192 b. 1021 2 11 What is the MAJOR product or service involved in this activity? If a product, briefly state what is done to it, i.e., whether it is mined, manufactured, sold at wholesale, packaged, transported, etc. (For example, "Manufacture widgets to sell at wholesale.") 12 What is the foreign affiliate's primary industry (ISI) code? — Give the 4-digit ISI code for the industry 1039 2 group that accounts for the largest amount of the affiliate's sales. A list and a full explanation of the ISI codes are given in the **Guide to Industry Classifications for International Surveys, 2012**. A summary list of ISI codes is included at the back of Form BE-11B. For an inactive affiliate, enter an ISI code based on its last **Note** — To be considered a **holding company** (ISI code 5512), income from equity investments must be more than 50 percent of total income. In addition, normally at least 50 percent of total assets must consist of investments in affiliates. ISI code 5512 (holding company) is an invalid classification if more than 50 percent of income generated, or expected to be generated, by an affiliate is from non-holding company activities. Remarks

В	3EA 1040	1	2	3	4	5
U	BEA 1040 ISE DNLY					

Page 2 FORM BE-11C (REV. 11/2018)

Part II — Fina	ncial and Operating Da	ata of Minority-Own	ed Foreign Aff	iliate	
Section A — Selected Financial D)ata		Affiliate ID		40.
Report the data to represent 100 percent of the owned by the U.S. Reporter(s).		he portion		100	(10/1.
 Report in 15 gross operating revenues or gridirectly on the consumer. EXCLUDE net valing — Finance and leasing companies with ISI codes 5243 	ue-added and excise taxes levie odes 5221, 5223, 5224, 5229, 5	ed on manufacturers, whole 231, 5238, 5252, or 5331 r	esalers, and retailers	s. CO	ied
Report in 16 net income (loss) for the year, INCLUDE income from equity investments a Dealers in financial instruments and finance,	and certain gains (losses) (net o	f income tax effects) includ	ed in the determina	ition of net income.	
What are the foreign affiliate's val	ues for:	prelind.	2090	\$ Bil. Mil. Th	ous. Dols.
13 Total assets? — Balance at close of fiscal	year2011	al record.	dia.	1	000
14 Total liabilities? — Balance at close of fisc	al yearC	hea.go	2041	1	000
15 Annual sales or gross operating revenues	excluding sales taxes?	N.D.	2051	1	000
16 Net income (loss)?	to at w				000
Section B — Number of Employee	ornio				
an average on the number of employees on the estimate.	in payron at the one of odon pa	, postos, montro o quarto.	2105	Number of em	
17 What is the foreign affiliate's total	number of employees?*			1	
*Note – If the total number of employees					
 Report employee compensation exper payments-in-kind, and employer expenditures records. Report compensation that relates to expense on the income statement, charged to or charged to inventories in prior periods. EX compensation consists of wages and 	s for employee benefit plans incl activities that occurred during the prince inventories, or capitalized. EX CLUDE compensation of contr	luding those required by sta ne reporting period regardle CLUDE data related to act act workers not carried on	atute. Base compeness of whether the a tivities of a prior per the payroll of this af	sation data on pay activities were char riod, such as those ffiliate. Total emp	roll ged as an capitalized loyee
— Wages and salaries — INCLUDE gro contributions, group insurance premiums, of differentials, bonuses, profit-sharing amout who are not employees. INCLUDE direct made by, or on behalf of, benefit funds rath valued at their costs, that are clearly and p as employees, such as expenditures for plant	union dues, etc. INCLUDE tim nts, stock-based compensation, payments by employers for vac rer than by the employer. INCL rrimarily of benefit to the employ	e and piece-rate payments, and commissions. EXCLI ations, sick leave, severanc UDE employer contribution rees as consumers. EXCL I	, cost of living adjus UDE commissions post ce (redundancy) pay ns to benefit funds. I UDE expenditures	stments, overtime p paid to independen y, etc. EXCLUDE INCLUDE paymenthat benefit employ	eay and shift out personnel payments onts-in-kind,
— Employee benefit plans — INCLUD those resulting from collective bargaining of disability insurance, guaranteed sick pay p severance pay funds, etc. Also, INCLUDE financed jointly by the employer and the er	contracts, and those that are vol rograms, workers' compensatio deferred post-employment and	untary. INCLUDE Social S n insurance, medical insura d post-retirement expenses	Security and other rance, family allowant per FASB ASC 715	etirement plans, life ices, unemploymer 5 (FAS 106). If plan	e and nt insurance, s are
18 What is the foreign affiliate's total employees, the sum of wages and sala				1	ous. Dols.
2076 1 BEA USE ONLY	2	3	4	5	

Part III — U.S. Exports To and U.S. Imports From Minority-Owned Foreign Affiliate

See Instruction Booklet, Part V.

IMPORTANT NOTES

Report U.S. exports of goods to and U.S. imports of goods from the foreign affiliate in FY 2018. Report all goods that physically left or entered the U.S. customs area. Report data on a "shipped" basis, i.e., on the basis of when and to (or by) whom the goods were shipped. This is the same basis as official U.S. trade statistics to which these data will be compared. Do **not** record a U.S. import or export if the goods did not physically enter or leave (i.e., were not physically shipped to or from) the United States, even if they were charged to the foreign affiliate by, or charged by the foreign affiliate to, a U.S. person.

Foreign affiliates normally keep their accounting records on a "charged" basis, i.e., on the basis of when and to (or by) whom the goods were charged. The "charged" basis may be used if there is no material difference between it and the "shipped" basis. If there is a material difference, the "shipped" basis must be used or adjustments made to the data on a "charged" basis to approximate a "shipped" basis. The data should **INCLUDE** goods only; they should **EXCLUDE** services.

Capital goods — INCLUDE capital goods but EXCLUDE the value of ships, planes, railroad rolling stock, and trucks that were temporarily outside the United States transporting people or goods.

Consigned goods — **INCLUDE** consigned goods in the trade figures when shipped or received, even though they are not normally recorded as sales or purchases, or entered into intercompany accounts when initially consigned.

In-transit goods — EXCLUDE from exports and imports the value of goods that are in-transit. In-transit goods are goods that are not processed or consumed by residents in the intermediate country(ies) through which they transit; the in-transit goods enter that country(ies) only because that country(ies) is along the shipping lines between the exporting and importing countries. In-transit imports are goods en route from one foreign country to another via the United States (such as from Canada to Mexico via the United States), and in-transit exports are goods en route from one part of the United States to another part via a foreign country (such as from Alaska to Washington State via Canada).

Packaged general use computer software — INCLUDE exports and imports of packaged general use computer software. Value such exports and imports at the full transaction value, i.e., the market value of the media on which the software is recorded and the value of the information contained on the media. **EXCLUDE** exports and imports of customized software designed to meet the needs of a specific user. This type of software is considered a service and should not be included as trade in goods. Also **EXCLUDE** negotiated leasing fees for software that is to be used on networks.

Natural gas, electricity, and water — Report ONLY the product value of natural gas, electricity, and water that you produce or sell at wholesale as exports and imports of goods. DO NOT report the service value (transmission and distribution).

U.S. EXPORTS OF GOODS TO THIS FOREIGN AFFILIATE (Valued f.a.s. U.S. port)	\$	Bil.	Mil.	Thous.	Dols.
What is the value of the total goods shipped in FY 2018 from the United States (by the U.S. Reporter(s) of this affiliate and by other U.S. persons) to this affiliate?	ľ				000
ols. Reporter(s) of this anniate and by other ols. persons) to this anniate:					000
U.S. IMPORTS OF GOODS FROM THIS FOREIGN AFFILIATE (Valued f.a.s. foreign port)		Bil.	Mil.	Thous.	Dols.
20 What is the value of the total goods shipped in FY 2018 to the United States (to the U.S. Reporter(s) of this affiliate and to other U.S. persons) by this affiliate?	1				000

SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS FOR DEALERS IN FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS, FINANCE COMPANIES, AND REAL ESTATE COMPANIES

- A. Certain gains (losses) for (1) dealers in financial instruments and finance and insurance companies, and (2) real estate companies.
 - Dealers in financial instruments (including securities, currencies, derivatives, and other financial instruments) and finance and insurance companies — INCLUDE in the calculation of net income in 16:
 - impairment losses as defined by FASB ASC 320 (FAS 115),
 - · realized gains and losses on trading or dealing,
 - unrealized gains or losses, due to changes in the valuation of financial instruments, that flow through the income statement, and
 - · goodwill impairment as defined by FASB ASC 350 (FAS 142).

EXCLUDE from **15** and **16**, unrealized gains or losses due to changes in the valuation of financial instruments that are taken to other comprehensive income.

INCLUDE income from explicit fees and commissions as operating revenue in 15.

- 2. Real estate companies INCLUDE in 16:
 - impairment losses as defined by FASB ASC 360 (FAS 144), and
 - goodwill impairment as defined by FASB ASC 350 (FAS 142).

INCLUDE income earned from the sale of real estate you own as operating revenue in 15.

- **B.** Special instructions for insurance companies
 - 1. When there is a difference between the financial and operating data reported to the stockholders and the data reported in the annual statement to an insurance department, prepare the BE-11 on the same basis as the annual report to the stockholders. Valuation should be according to normal commercial accounting procedures, not at rates promulgated by national insurance departments, e.g., INCLUDE assets not acceptable for inclusion in the annual statement to an insurance department, such as: 1. non-trusteed or free account assets, and 2. nonadmitted assets, including furniture and equipment, agents' debit balances, and all receivables deemed to be collectible. INCLUDE mandatory securities valuation reserves that are appropriations of retained earnings in the owners' equity section of the balance sheet, not in the liability section.
 - 2. **EXCLUDE** assets of the U.S. Reporter held in the country of location of the affiliate that are for the benefit of the U.S. Reporter's policyholders in the data reported for the affiliate.
 - 3. Instructions for reporting specific items

Sales or gross operating revenues, excluding sales taxes — INCLUDE in 15 items such as earned premiums, annuity considerations, gross investment income, and items of a similar nature.

Calculate premiums earned by companies engaged in insurance activities as direct premiums written (including renewals) net of cancellations, plus reinsurance premiums assumed, minus reinsurance premiums ceded, plus unearned premiums at the beginning of the year, minus unearned premiums at the end of the year.

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BEA					
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ONLY					

Page 4 FORM BE-11C (REV. 11/2018)



2018 ANNUAL SURVEY OF U.S. DIRECT INVESTMENT ABROAD MANDATORY — CONFIDENTIAL BE-11D (Report for Foreign Affiliate(s) Established or Acquired)

					Α'	Sico				
Due Date:	May 31, 2019			Reporte	er ID Number*					D
Electronic Filing:	Go to www.bea.go	v/efile for details		*Do not e	nter Social Security	in Repo	rter ID bo	ОХ		
Mail reports to:	Bureau of Econom Direct Investment I 4600 Silver Hill Ro Washington, DC 2	nic Analysis Division, BE-69(A) ad 20233	Name of	Reporter *Do not e	eign affiliate – <i>Sam</i>	e as 1	, Form	BE-11 <i>F</i>	4	
Deliver reports to:	Bureau of Econom Direct Investment I 4600 Silver Hill Ros Suitland, MD 2074	nic Analysis Division, BE-69(A) pad 46	torica	bea.go	2410					
Fax reports to:	(301) 278-9502	J. for his	NNN	•						
Assistance:	E-mail: Telephone: Copies of form:	www.bea.gov/dia								
Please include you with all requests.	r Reporter Ident	incation Number								
bi. 4	Co.		IMPORTA	NT						
Instruction Book	let — Contains ac	dditional instructions, de	finitions, and de	etailed reporting rec	quirements for com	pleting	this form	١.		
total assets; sales or \$25 million (positive	gross operating re or negative), but fo	orter must report each for evenues, excluding sales or which no one of these ate funds are exempt fror	taxes; or net in items was great	ncome after provision ter than \$60 million	on for foreign incor (positive or negat	me taxe ive) at t	s was gr he end o	eater tl of, or fo	han r, the	
Foreign affiliate's See Instruction B		ear — The foreign affilia	te's financial rep	oorting year that ha	s an ending date i	n calen	dar year	2018.		
EXAMPLE — If the	he financial reporti	ing year ended on March	1 31, report for t	he 12-month period	d ended March 31,	, 2018.				
		financial and operate ion Booklet, Part IV		o U.S. dollars —	Use U.S. General	ly Acce	pted Acc	ounting	g Principle	es
						;	\$ Bil.	Mil.	Thous.	Dols.
		dollars rounded to thous 00, report as		000).				1	335	000
If an item is betw	een + or - \$500.00	, enter "0." Use parenthe	esis () to indicat	te negative number	S.					
Percentages — R	deport ownership po	ercentages to a tenth of	one percent: .						9 8 .	7 %
BEA USE ONLY	1000	1		2		3				

	Listing of Fore	ign Affiliates Establis	hed or Acquired in FY	2018	3		
5000	Affiliate ID Number	1			(Thous	Amount ands of U.S. doll	ars)
	0		_	\$	Mil.	Thous.	Dols.
Name of foreign affiliate	2 – BEA USE ONLY			7	CC) House	
Country of location		0	Total assets	8	3		000
City of location		3	Total liabilities	9			000
Primary industry code			Sales or gross operating revenues	10			000
Number of employees			Net income (loss) after foreign income tax	10			000
U.S. Reporter's percentage of ownership	5 <u>Direct</u> %	6 Indirect %	Research and development performed BY the affiliate	11			000
5001	Affiliate ID Number	NE 2010 %, historical history.	3.904		(Thous	Amount ands of U.S. doll	ars)
Name of foreign affiliate	0 ,15.	wisto will		\$	Mil.	Thous.	Dols.
J	2-BEA USE ONLY	" WW	T-1-1	7			000
Country of location	y sele	5 2		8			
City of location	9 ho	3	Total liabilities	9			000
Primary industry code	ent	4	operating revenues	10			000
Number of employees			Net income (loss) after foreign income tax				000
U.S. Reporter's percentage of ownership	5 <u>Direct</u> %	6 <u>Indirect</u> %	Research and development performed BY the affiliate	11			000
5002	Affiliate ID Number	1			(Thous	Amount ands of U.S. doll	'ars)
Name of foreign offiliate	0			\$	Mil.	Thous.	Dols.
Name of foreign affiliate	2 – BEA USE ONLY			7			
Country of location		4					000
		0	Total assets	8			000
City of location		0	Total liabilities	8			000
City of location			Total liabilities				
•		3	Total liabilities	9			000
Primary industry code	5 <u>Direct</u>	3	Total liabilities	9			000
Primary industry code Number of employees U.S. Reporter's percentage	5 <u>Direct</u>	3 4 6 Indirect	Total liabilities	9	(Thous	Amount ands of U.S. doll	000 000 000
Primary industry code Number of employees U.S. Reporter's percentage of ownership	5 <u>Direct</u> % Affiliate ID Number	3 4 6 Indirect %	Total liabilities	9	(Thous		000 000 000
Primary industry code Number of employees U.S. Reporter's percentage of ownership	5 <u>Direct</u> % Affiliate ID Number 0 2 – BEA USE ONLY	3 4 6 Indirect %	Total liabilities	9 10 11	,	ands of U.S. doll	000 000 000 000
Primary industry code Number of employees U.S. Reporter's percentage of ownership	5 <u>Direct</u> % Affiliate ID Number 0 2 – BEA USE ONLY	3 4 6 Indirect %	Total liabilities	9 10 11 11 \$\$ 7 8	,	ands of U.S. doll	000 000 000 000 lars)
Primary industry code Number of employees U.S. Reporter's percentage of ownership	5 <u>Direct</u> % Affiliate ID Number 0 2 – BEA USE ONLY	3 4 6	Total liabilities	9 10 11 11 \$\$ 7 8	,	ands of U.S. doll	000 000 000 000 lars) Dols. 000
Primary industry code Number of employees U.S. Reporter's percentage of ownership	5 <u>Direct</u> % Affiliate ID Number 0 2 – BEA USE ONLY	3 4 6	Total liabilities	9 10 11 11 \$\$ 7 8	,	ands of U.S. doll	000 000 000 000 lars)
Primary industry code Number of employees U.S. Reporter's percentage of ownership	5 <u>Direct</u> % Affiliate ID Number 0 2 – BEA USE ONLY	3 4 6 Indirect	Total liabilities	9 10 11 1	,	ands of U.S. doll	000 000 000 000 lars) Dols. 000
Primary industry code Number of employees U.S. Reporter's percentage of ownership	5 Direct % Affiliate ID Number 0 2 – BEA USE ONLY	3 4 6	Total liabilities	9 10 11 1	,	ands of U.S. doll	000 000 000 000 dars) Dols. 000 000

INSTRUCTIONS

Country of location — If the affiliate is engaged in petroleum shipping, other water transportation, or oil and gas drilling, and has operations spanning more than one country, use country of incorporation for country of location. For example, classify in country of incorporation an oil drilling rig that moves from country to country during the year.

Primary industry code (based on sales or gross operating revenues) — Provide the 4-digit ISI code in the industry group that accounts for the largest amount of the affiliate's sales. A list and a full explanation of the ISI codes are given in the **Guide to Industry** Classifications for International Surveys, 2012. A summary list of ISI codes is included at the back of Form BE-11B. To be considered a holding company (ISI code 5512), income from equity investments must be more than 50 percent of total income.

Number of employees — Employees on the payroll at the end of FY 2018 including part-time employees, but excluding temporary and contract employees not included on your payroll records. A count taken at some other date during the reporting period may be given provided it is a reasonable estimate of employees on the payroll at the end of FY 2018. If the number of employees at the end of FY 2018 (or when the count was taken) was unusually high or low due to temporary factors (e.g., a strike), enter the number of employees that reflects normal operations. If the number of employees fluctuates widely during the year due to seasonal business variations, report the average number of employees on the payroll during FY 2018. Base such an average on the number of employees on the payroll at the end of each pay period, month or quarter. If precise figures are not available, give your best estimate.

U.S. Reporter's Percentage of Ownership in the Foreign Affiliate: Calculation of ownership percentage — A U.S.
Reporter's ownership interest in a foreign business enterprise may be directly held, indirectly held, or both. It is directly held if the U.S. Reporter

Itself holds the ownership interest in the foreign business enterprise. It is indirectly held if the U.S. Reporter holds an ownership interest in another foreign business enterprise that, in turn, owns the given foreign business enterprise. The U.S. Reporter must sum all direct and indirect lines of ownership interest in the foreign business enterprise to determine its ownership interest. Note — An associated group is deemed to be one U.S. Reporter. See Instruction Booklet, Part II.C.

A U.S. Reporter's percentage of indirect ownership interest in a given foreign business enterprise is the product of the direct ownership percentage that the U.S. Reporter has in the first foreign business enterprise in the ownership chain, multiplied by that first enterprise's direct ownership percentage in the second enterprise in the chain, multiplied by the direct ownership percentages for all other intervening enterprises in the ownership chain, multiplied by the last intervening enterprise's direct ownership percentage in the given foreign business enterprise.

Sales or Gross Operating Revenues of Foreign Affiliate — Report gross operating revenues or gross sales minus returns, allowances, and discounts. **EXCLUDE** sales or consumption taxes levied directly on the consumer. **EXCLUDE** net value-added and excise taxes levied on manufacturers, wholesalers, and retailers.

Finance and leasing companies with ISI codes 5221, 5223, 5224, 5229, 5231, 5238, 5252, or 5331 report interest income. Insurance companies with ISI codes 5243 or 5249 report gross investment income. *Dealers in financial instruments and finance, insurance, and real estate companies see* **Special Instructions** below.

Holding companies (ISI code 5512) must show total income. ISI code 5512 (holding company), is an invalid primary industry code if more than 50 percent of income generated, or expected to be generated, by the affiliate is from non-holding company activities.

TECHNOLOGY

Research and development (R&D) expenditures on the BE-11D form pertains only to R&D performed by the foreign affiliate, including R&D performed by the affiliate for others (including the U.S. Reporter or its other foreign affiliates) under contract. **EXCLUDE** the cost of any R&D funded by the affiliate but performed by others, such as the affiliate's allocated share of R&D performed by the U.S. Reporter (report such R&D on Form BE-11A, 59).

Research and development (R&D) expenditures — R&D is planned, creative work aimed at discovering new knowledge or developing new or significantly improved goods and services. This includes a) activities aimed at acquiring new knowledge or understanding without specific immediate commercial application or use (basic research); b) activities aimed at solving a specific problem or meeting a specific commercial objective (applied research); and c) systematic use of research and practical experience to produce new or significantly improved goods, services, or processes (development).

R&D **EXCLUDES** expenditures for:

- · Costs for routine product testing, quality control, and technical services unless they are an integral part of an R&D project
- Market research
- Efficiency surveys or management studies
- Literary, artistic, or historical projects, such as films, music, or books and other publications
- Prospecting or exploration for natural resources
- R&D includes the activities described above, whether assigned to separate R&D organizational units of the company or carried out by company laboratories and technical groups that are not a part of an R&D organization.
- INCLUDE all costs incurred to support R&D performed by the affiliate. INCLUDE wages, salaries, and related costs; materials and supplies consumed; depreciation on R&D property and equipment, cost of computer software used in R&D activities; utilities, such as telephone, electricity, water, and gas; travel costs and professional dues; property taxes and other taxes (except income taxes) incurred on account of the R&D organization or the facilities they use; insurance expenses; maintenance and repair, including maintenance of buildings and grounds; company overhead including: personnel, accounting, procurement and inventory, and salaries of research executives not on the payroll of the R&D organization.
- **EXCLUDE** capital expenditures, expenditures for tests and evaluations once a prototype becomes a production model, patent expenses, and income taxes and interest.

FORM BE-11D (REV. 11/2018) Page 3

SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS FOR DEALERS IN FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS, FINANCE COMPANIES, INSURANCE collection. **COMPANIES, AND REAL ESTATE COMPANIES**

A. Dealers in financial instruments (including securities, currencies, derivatives, and other financial instruments) and finance and insurance companies -

Sales or gross operating revenues:

INCLUDE income from explicit fees and commissions.

EXCLUDE

- Impairment losses as defined by FASB ASC 320 (FAS 115),
- Realized gains and losses on trading or dealing,
- Unrealized gains or losses, due to changes in the valuation of financial instruments, that flow through the income statement or are taken to other comprehensive income, and
- Goodwill impairment as defined by FASB ASC 350 (FAS

B. Real estate companies

Sales or gross operating revenues

INCLUDE the revenues earned from the sale of real estate you own. Do not net the expenses against the revenues.

EXCLUDE

- Impairment losses as defined by FASB ASC 360 (FAS 144), and
- Goodwill impairment as defined by FASB ASC 350 (FAS 142).

C. Insurance companies -

Assets:

1. When there is a difference between the financial and operating data reported to the stockholders and the data reported in the annual statement to an insurance department, prepare the BE-11 on the same basis as the annual report to the stockholders.

Valuation should be according to normal commercial accounting procedures, not at rates promulgated by national insurance departments, e.g., INCLUDE assets not acceptable for inclusion in the annual statement to an insurance department, such as: 1. non-trusteed or free account assets, and 2. nonadmitted assets, including furniture and equipment, agents' debit balances, and all receivables deemed to be collectible.

2. Do not **INCLUDE** assets of the U.S. Reporter held in the country of location of the affiliate and that are for the benefit of the U.S. Reporter's policyholders in the data reported for the affiliate.

Sales or gross operating revenues:

INCLUDE items such as earned premiums, annuity considerations, gross investment income, and items of a similar nature.

EXCLUDE

- Income from equity investments in unconsolidated business enterprises, and
- · Certain gains (losses).

Calculate premiums earned by companies engaged in insurance activities as direct premiums written (including renewals) net of cancellations, plus reinsurance premiums assumed, minus reinsurance premiums ceded, plus unearned premiums at the beginning of the year, minus unearned premiums at the end of the year.

Page 4 FORM BE-11D (REV. 11/2018)

2018 ANNUAL SURVEY OF U.S. DIRECT INVESTMENT ABROAD INSTRUCTIONS

The Annual Survey of U.S. Direct Investment Abroad is conducted to secure current economic data on the operations of U.S. parent companies and their foreign affiliates. Reports filed in this survey should be consistent with those filed in the 2017 BE-11 Annual Survey of U.S. Direct Investment Abroad in regard to concepts and definitions, accounting methods, affiliate and reporter consolidations, etc. However, filing this report is not contingent upon having filed a 2017 BE-11.

Electronic filing option (eFile) – Forms that can be transmitted to BEA electronically will be available on the BEA Web site: www.bea.gov/efile. If you eFile, please do not submit paper reports.

I. REPORTING REQUIREMENTS

A response is required from persons (as defined in subsection 801.2(c) of 15 C.F.R. pt. 801) subject to the reporting requirements of the BE-11 survey. Persons contacted by BEA concerning their being subject to reporting, either by sending them a report form or by written inquiry, must respond pursuant to section 801.3 of 15 C.F.R. pt. 801 and instructions accompanying a report form. This may be accomplished by submitting by May 31, 2019: 1) a completed "BE-11 Claim for Not Filing" or certifying in writing that they had no direct investment within the purview of the reporting requirements of the BE-11 survey; or 2) a properly completed BE-11 report, as required.

Penalties – Whoever fails to report shall be subject to a civil penalty of not less than \$4,619, and not more than \$46,192, and to injunctive relief commanding such person to comply, or both. Whoever willfully fails to report shall be fined not more than \$10,000 and, if an individual, may be imprisoned for not more than one year, or both. Any officer, director, employee, or agent of any corporation who knowingly participates in such violations, upon conviction, may be punished by a like fine, imprisonment or both (22 U.S.C. 3105). These civil penalties are subject to inflationary adjustments. Those adjustments are found in 15 C.F.R. 6.4.

Notwithstanding any other provision of the law, no person is required to respond to, nor shall any person be subject to a penalty for failure to comply with, a collection of information subject to the requirements of the Paperwork Reduction Act, unless that collection of information displays a currently valid OMB Control Number. The control number for this survey, 0608-0053, appears at the top of each form.

Forms comprising a BE-11 report are:

- Form BE-11A Report for U.S. Reporter;
- Form BE-11B Report for each majority-owned foreign affiliate of U.S. Reporter with assets, sales, or net income greater than \$60 million (positive or negative);
- Form BE-11C Report for each minority-owned foreign affiliate of U.S. Reporter with assets, sales, or net income greater than \$60 million (positive or negative);
- Form BE-11D Report for foreign affiliate(s) established or acquired by the U.S. Reporter with assets, sales, or net income greater than \$25 million, but not greater than \$60 million (positive or negative);
- BE-11 Claim for Not Filing

See I.B.2.d. and I.C. for an exception to this filing requirement.

For definition of terms, see Section II of these instructions.

A. Who must report – A BE-11 report is required of any U.S. person that had a foreign affiliate at the end of the U.S. person's 2018 fiscal year that is not exempt as detailed in *I.C. on page 4 of the Instruction Booklet*.

B. Forms for U.S. Reporter and foreign affiliates

- 1. Form BE-11A Report for U.S. Reporter
- **a.** Basic requirements Form BE-11A must cover the fully consolidated U.S. domestic business enterprise (banking and nonbanking). See *I.B.1.b* for the definition of "fully consolidated U.S. domestic business enterprise."

The U.S. Reporter must file a complete Form BE-11A if **any one** of the following three items of the fully consolidated U.S. **domestic** business enterprise was greater than \$300 million (positive or negative) at the end of, or for, the Reporter's 2018 fiscal year:

- (1) total assets,
- (2) sales or gross operating revenues excluding sales taxes, or
- (3) net income after provision for U.S. income taxes.

The U.S. Reporter must complete only items 1 through 30 and items 60 through 62 of Form BE-11A if **no one** of the three items listed above for the fully consolidated U.S. **domestic** business enterprise was greater than \$300 million (positive or negative) at the end of, or for, the Reporter's 2018 fiscal year.

The U.S. Reporter, whether filing a complete or partial BE-11A, must also complete a Form BE-11B, BE-11C or BE-11D, as appropriate, for **each** nonexempt foreign affiliate. See *I.B.2* and *I.C.*

- b. Definition of "fully consolidated U.S. domestic business enterprise" The fully consolidated U.S. domestic business enterprise is defined as: 1) the U.S. business enterprise whose voting securities are not owned more than 50 percent by another U.S. business enterprise, and 2) proceeding down each ownership chain from that U.S. business enterprise, any U.S. business enterprise (including Foreign Sales Corporations located in the United States) whose voting securities are more than 50 percent owned by the U.S. business enterprise above it. This consolidation excludes foreign branches and all other foreign affiliates.
- c. Calculation of ownership percentage A U.S. Reporter's ownership interest in a foreign business enterprise may be directly held, indirectly held, or both. It is directly held if the U.S. Reporter itself holds the ownership interest in a foreign business enterprise.

It is indirectly held if, for example, the U.S. Reporter holds an ownership interest in another foreign business enterprise that, in turn, owns the given foreign business enterprise. The U.S. Reporter must sum all direct and indirect lines of ownership interest in the foreign business enterprise to determine whether it holds a foreign business enterprise to the extent of 10 percent or more, directly or indirectly.

Note – An associated group is deemed to be one U.S. Reporter. See II.C. for the definition of an associated group.

A U.S. Reporter's percentage of indirect ownership interest in a given foreign business enterprise is the product of the direct ownership percentage that the U.S. Reporter has in the first foreign business enterprise in the ownership chain, multiplied by that first enterprise's direct ownership percentage in the second enterprise in the chain, multiplied by the direct ownership percentages for all other intervening enterprises in the ownership chain, multiplied by the last intervening enterprise's direct ownership percentage in the given foreign business enterprise. To illustrate, assume the U.S. Reporter owned 50 percent of foreign business enterprise A directly, and that A owned 75 percent of foreign business enterprise B which, in turn, owned 80 percent of foreign business enterprise C. Then the U.S. Reporter's percentage of indirect ownership of B would be 37.5 percent (the product of the first two percentages), its indirect ownership of C would be 30 percent (the product of all three percentages), and B and C (as well as A) would be considered foreign affiliates of the U.S. Reporter.



- d. Other requirements for filing Form BE-11A
 - (1) Foreign affiliate is owned by only part of the fully consolidated U.S. domestic business enterprise – The U.S. Reporter is deemed to be the fully consolidated U.S. domestic business enterprise even if only one entity in the consolidated U.S. enterprise directly owns the foreign affiliate.
 - (2) U.S. Reporter that is an individual, estate, trust, or nonprofit organization – A U.S. Reporter that is an individual, estate, trust, or religious, charitable, or other nonprofit organization, and that owns a foreign affiliate directly, rather than through a U.S. business enterprise, should complete only items 1 and 5 of Form BE-11A. Required Forms BE-11B, BE-11C or BE-11D must be filed as appropriate.

- (3) U.S. business enterprise owned by an individual, estate, trust, or nonprofit organization If a U.S. individual, estate, trust, or nonprofit organization owns more than 50 percent of a U.S. business enterprise that, in turn, owns a foreign affiliate, then the U.S. Reporter is deemed to be the U.S. business enterprise, not the individual, etc. The BE-11 report should be filed by, and Form BE-11A should be for, the U.S. business enterprise, not the individual, etc. However, direct financial transactions or positions, if any, by the individual, etc., with the foreign affiliate must be included in the business enterprise's report.
- (4) U.S. Reporter owned by a foreign person (See II.J) A U.S. Reporter that is a U.S. affiliate of a foreign person and that is filing a BE-15, 2018 Annual Survey of Foreign Direct Investment in the United States should only complete items 1–8 and 34–37 of Form BE-11A. If the U.S. Reporter is filing a BE-15B, or BE-15C, in lieu of the BE-15A, it should complete the entire Form BE-11A. See also III.B.
- (5) Joint ownership of foreign affiliate If two or more U.S. Reporters jointly own, directly or indirectly, a foreign affiliate, each U.S. Reporter must file a Form BE-11A.
- Forms BE-11B, BE-11C, and BE-11D Report for foreign affiliates. The coverage of the forms is summarized in the chart below.

Ownership U.S. Dollar Amount	MAJORITY- OWNED FOREIGN AFFILIATE > 50%	MINORITY- OWNED FOREIGN AFFILIATE ≥ 10 and ≤ 50%
At least one of the three items* is greater than \$300 million (+ or -).	BE-11B, except Part III	
At least one of the three items* is greater than \$60 million (+ or -), but no one is greater than \$300 million (+ or -).	BE-11B, except Part IV	BE-11C
Foreign affiliate established or acquired during fiscal year 2018 and at least one of the three items* is greater than \$25 million (+ or -) but no one item is greater than \$60 million (+ or -).	BE-	11D

* Total assets, sales or gross operating revenues excluding sales taxes, and net income (loss), after provision for foreign income taxes of the foreign affiliate.

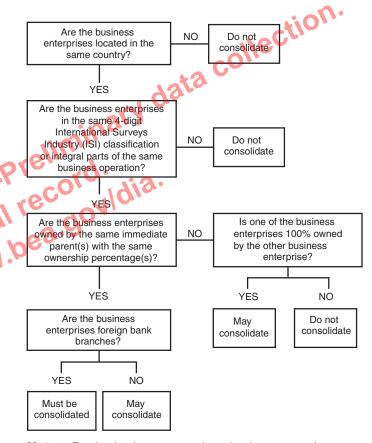
Exception – A Form BE-11B or BE-11C must be filed for a foreign affiliate of the U.S. Reporter that owns another non-exempt foreign affiliate of that U.S. Reporter, even if the foreign affiliate parent is otherwise exempt.

Page 2 BE-11 INSTRUCTIONS (REV. 12/2018)

Note – Unless otherwise stated, whenever reference is made to the financial or operating data of a foreign affiliate, such as assets, sales, or net income, the data are to represent 100 percent of the foreign affiliate's operations and not just the portion, if less than 100 percent, owned by the U.S. Reporter(s). Also, include equity investment in unconsolidated foreign affiliates and do not eliminate an affiliate's receivables due from its parent or from other affiliated persons from the affiliate's total assets when applying the exemption criteria for this report.

- a. Basic requirement for Form BE-11B A BE-11B must be filed for each majority-owned foreign affiliate, whether held directly or indirectly, for which any one of the following three items was greater than \$60 million (positive or negative) at the end of, or for, the affiliate's 2018 fiscal year:
 - (1) total assets,
 - (2) sales or gross operating revenues excluding sales taxes, or
 - (3) net income (loss) after provision for foreign income taxes. Affiliates with assets, sales, or net income greater than \$300 million, positive or negative, are required to report more information on the form than smaller affiliates.
- b. Basic requirement for Form BE-11C A BE-11C must be filed for each minority-owned foreign affiliate owned directly or indirectly, at least 10 percent, but not more than 50 percent, by all U.S. Reporters of the affiliate combined, for which any one of the three items listed in I.B.2.a. above was greater than \$60 million (positive or negative), at the end of, or for, the affiliate's 2018 fiscal year.
- c. Basic requirement for Form BE-11D A BE-11D must be filed for foreign affiliates of the U.S. Reporter, established or acquired in 2018, whether held directly or indirectly, for which any one of the three items listed in *I.B.2.a.* above was greater than \$25 million (positive or negative) but for which no one of these items was greater than \$60 million (positive or negative) at the end of, or for, the affiliate's 2018 fiscal year.
- d. Exception to the basic requirement A BE-11B or BE-11C must be filed for a foreign affiliate of the U.S. Reporter that owns another non-exempt foreign affiliate of that U.S. Reporter, even if the foreign affiliate parent is otherwise exempt.
- e. Other requirements for filing Forms BE-11B, BE-11C or BE-11D
 - (1) Rules for consolidation of foreign affiliate A U.S. Reporter who participates in BEA's BE-577 Quarterly Survey of U.S. Direct Investment Abroad, Direct Transactions of a U.S. Reporter with Foreign Affiliate, should consolidate foreign business enterprises on Forms BE-11B, BE-11C and BE-11D in the same manner as on Form BE-577.

The following rules should be used in determining which foreign business enterprises may be consolidated into one foreign affiliate form:



Note – Foreign business enterprises that have an equity investment in an unconsolidated business enterprise should report that investment using the equity method of accounting. See also *IV.C.*

(2) Reporting of foreign affiliates owned by more than one U.S. Reporter – If the foreign affiliate is owned directly and/or indirectly, through another foreign affiliate, by more than one U.S. Reporter, the U.S. Reporter with the highest percentage of ownership in the foreign affiliate (direct and indirect combined) must file a complete Form BE-11B on which all Parts have been completed. The other U.S. Reporter(s) with total direct and indirect ownership of 10 percent or more must file a partial

If no one of the U.S. Reporters owns a greater share of the foreign affiliate than the other U.S. Reporter(s), then the U.S. Reporters must decide which one will file the complete Form BE-11B and which one(s) will file a partial Form BE-11B.

A partial form consists of:

• BE-11B Part I, items 1-18 and Part V.

The U.S. Reporter filing a **complete** BE-11B for a foreign affiliate owned by more than one U.S. Reporter should note that data must be reported by transactor. If the U.S. Reporter filing the complete BE-11B cannot, or prefers not to, obtain from the affiliate data about the other U.S. Reporter(s) of the affiliate, then each U.S. Reporter is required to report its own data.

If two or more Reporters jointly own a foreign affiliate that is required to be reported on Form BE-11C, only the U.S. Reporter having the highest percentage ownership (direct and indirect combined) in the foreign affiliate must file the form.

- (3) Reporting when there is more than one foreign affiliate in a chain of ownership A Form BE-11B or BE-11C must be filed for a foreign affiliate of the U.S. Reporter that owns another nonexempt foreign affiliate of that U.S. Reporter, even if the foreign affiliate parent is otherwise exempt, i.e., a Form BE-11B or BE-11C must be filed for all affiliates upward in a chain of ownership.
- (4) Relationship between Form BE-11A and Forms BE-11B, BE-11C, and BE-11D The term "U.S. Reporter" is defined to mean the fully consolidated U.S. domestic business enterprise; therefore, on Forms BE-11B, BE-11C, and BE-11D, when data on trade and financial relationships between the U.S. Reporter and the foreign affiliate are requested, the data must reflect the foreign affiliate's relationship with the entire U.S. enterprise, not merely with one division, operating unit, or part.
- C. Exempt affiliates A foreign affiliate is exempt from being reported if none of its exemption level items exceeds \$60 million (positive or negative) and it is not required to be filed on Form BE-11D. See I.B.2.c.

However, a form BE-11B or BE-11C must be filed for a foreign affiliate of the U.S. Reporter that owns another nonexempt foreign affiliate of that U.S. Reporter, even if the foreign affiliate parent is otherwise exempt. That is, all affiliates upward in the chain of ownership must be reported.

An affiliate's receivable due from its parent or from other affiliated persons should not be eliminated from total assets when applying the exemption criteria for preparing this report.

If you filed a form for an affiliate in 2017 that is exempt in 2018 and for which you received a pre-printed form or is listed in the eFile system as required, then complete Part II of the "Claim for Not Filing" and on page 3 provide the required information. If **all** of your affiliates are exempt in 2018, complete Part I of a "Claim for Not Filing."

A foreign affiliate can also be exempt if **ALL** of the following apply: 1) the foreign affiliate is a private fund, **AND** 2) the private fund foreign affiliate does not own, directly or indirectly through another business enterprise, an "operating company" – i.e., a business enterprise that is not a private fund or a holding company— in which the consolidated U.S. reporter owns at least 10 percent of the voting interest, **AND** 3) If the U.S. reporter owns the private fund indirectly (through one or more other business enterprises), there are no "operating companies" between the consolidated U.S. reporter and the indirectly-owned foreign private fund. For more information regarding private funds visit www.bea.gov/privatefunds.

II. DEFINITIONS

A. 2018 fiscal year is the U.S. Reporter's or the foreign affiliate's financial reporting year that has an ending date in calendar year 2018. U.S. Reporters or affiliates having a "52/53 week" fiscal year that ended within the first week of January 2019, are considered to have a 2018 fiscal year for purposes of filing this survey, and should report December 31, 2018 as their 2018 fiscal year end. A business enterprise that does not have a financial reporting year, or does not have a financial reporting year ending in calendar year 2018, is deemed to have a fiscal year identical to calendar year 2018.

Change in fiscal year

1. New fiscal year ends in calendar year 2018 – A U.S. Reporter that changed the ending date of its financial reporting year should file a 2018 BE-11 report that covers the 12 month period prior to the new fiscal year end date. The following example illustrates the reporting requirements.

Example 1: The U.S. Reporter had a June 30, 2017 fiscal year end date but changed its 2018 fiscal year end date to March 31. The U.S. Reporter should file a 2018 BE-11 report covering the 12 month period from April 1, 2017 to March 31, 2018.

The ending balance sheet amounts reported must be the correct balances as of March 31, 2018.

- 2. No fiscal year ending in calendar year 2018 If a change in fiscal year results in the U.S. Reporter not having a fiscal year that ended in calendar year 2018, the U.S. Reporter should file a 2018 BE-11 report that covers 12 months. The following example illustrates the reporting requirements.
 - **Example 2:** The U.S. Reporter had a December 31, 2017 fiscal year end date but changed its next fiscal year end date to March 31. Instead of having a short fiscal year ending in 2018, the U.S. Reporter decides to have a 15 month fiscal year running from January 1, 2018 to March 31, 2019. The U.S. Reporter should file a 2018 BE-11 report covering a 12 month period ending in calendar year 2018, such as the period from April 1, 2017 to March 31, 2018.

In this example, the ending balance sheet amounts reported must be the correct balances as of March 31, 2018.

For 2019, assuming no further changes in the fiscal year end date occur, the U.S. Reporter should file a BE-11 report covering the 12 month period from April 1, 2018 to March 31, 2019.

- **B.** Affiliate means a business enterprise located in one country which is directly or indirectly owned or controlled by a person of another country to the extent of 10 percent or more of its voting stock for an incorporated business or an equivalent interest for an unincorporated business, including a branch.
- **C. Associated group** means two or more persons who, by the appearance of their actions, by agreement, or by an understanding, exercise their voting privileges in a concerted manner to influence the management of a business enterprise. Each of the following are deemed to be associated groups:
 - members of the same family,
 - a business enterprise and one or more of its officers or directors.
 - 3. members of a syndicate or joint venture, or
 - 4. a corporation and its domestic subsidiaries.
- D. Banking covers business enterprises engaged in deposit banking or closely related functions, including commercial banks, Edge Act corporations engaged in international or foreign banking, foreign branches and agencies of U.S. banks whether or not they accept deposits abroad, savings and loans, savings banks, bank holding companies, and financial holding companies under the Gramm-Leach-Bliley Act.

Banks located on U.S. Military bases abroad servicing base personnel are not considered "foreign" and should not be reported on Form BE-11B, BE-11C, or BE-11D.

Activities of subsidiaries of a bank or bank holding company that may not be banks but provide support to the bank parent company, such as real estate subsidiaries set up to hold the office buildings occupied by the bank parent company, are considered bank activities.

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- **E. Branch** means the operations or activities conducted by a person in a different location in its own name rather than through an incorporated entity.
- **F.** Business enterprise means any organization, association, branch, or venture which exists for profit-making purposes or to otherwise secure economic advantage, and any ownership of any real estate.
- **G. Foreign,** when used in a geographic sense, means that which is situated outside the United States or which belongs to or is characteristic of a country other than the United States.
- **H. Foreign affiliate** means an affiliate located outside the United States in which a U.S. person has direct investment. *See II.R.*
- Foreign affiliate parent means a U.S. Reporter's foreign affiliate which has an equity interest in another foreign affiliate of the U.S. Reporter.
- J. Foreign person (See II.Q.) means any person resident outside the United States or subject to the jurisdiction of a country other than the United States. See III.D.
- K. Fully consolidated U.S. domestic business enterprise means:
 - the U.S. business enterprise whose voting securities are not owned more than 50 percent by another U.S. business enterprise, and
 - 2. proceeding down each ownership chain from that U.S. business enterprise, any U.S. business enterprise (including Foreign Sales Corporations located in the United States) whose voting securities are more than 50 percent owned by the U.S. business enterprise above it. This consolidation excludes foreign branches and all other foreign affiliates.
 - **Note** A U.S. Reporter that is not a bank but owns a majority interest in a U.S. bank must consolidate its banking activities when filling its Form BE-11A.
- L. Intercompany means between a U.S. Reporter and its foreign affiliates.
- **M. Intermediary** means an agent, nominee, manager, custodian, trust, or any person acting in a similar capacity.
- N. Lease is an arrangement conveying the right to use property, plant, or equipment (i.e., land and/or depreciable assets), usually for a stated period of time.
 - Capital lease A long-term lease under which a sale of the asset is recognized at the inception of the lease. These may be shown as lease contracts or accounts receivable on the lessor's books. The assets would not be considered to be owned by the lessor.
 - Operating lease Generally, a lease with a term which is less than the useful life of the asset and in which a transfer of ownership is not contemplated.
- O. Majority-owned foreign affiliate means a foreign affiliate in which the combined direct and indirect ownership interest of ALL U.S. REPORTERS of the affiliate exceeds 50 percent.
- P. Minority-owned foreign affiliate means a foreign affiliate in which the combined direct and indirect ownership interest of at least one U.S. Reporter is 10 percent or more, but the combined direct and indirect ownership interests of all U.S. Reporters of the affiliate is 50 percent or less.
- Q. Person (as the term is used in the broad legal sense) means any individual, branch, partnership, associated group, association, estate, trust, corporation, or other organization (whether or not organized under the laws of any state), and any government (including a foreign government, the United States Government, a state or local government, and any agency, corporation, financial institution, or other entity or instrumentality thereof, including a government-sponsored agency).

- **R. Private Fund** refers to the same class of financial entities that must report to the Securities and Exchange Commission as private funds on Form PF: "any issuer that would be an investment company as defined in section 3 of the Investment Company Act of 1940 but for section 3(c)(1) or 3(c)(7) of ... [that] Act."
- S. U.S. direct investment abroad means the ownership or control, directly or indirectly through a foreign affiliate, by one U.S. person of 10 percent or more of the voting securities of an incorporated foreign business enterprise or an equivalent interest in an unincorporated foreign business enterprise, including a branch.
- T. U.S. person means any person resident in the United States or subject to the jurisdiction of the United States. See III.D.
- **U.S. Reporter** means the U.S. person that has direct investment in a foreign business enterprise, including a branch. The U.S. Reporter is the fully consolidated U.S. domestic enterprise. See II.K.
- V. United States, when used in a geographic sense, means the several states, the District of Columbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, and all territories and possessions of the United States.

III. CLARIFICATION OF COVERAGE

A. Determining existence of a foreign affiliate – In general, a U.S. person's foreign operation or activity is considered a foreign affiliate if it is legally or functionally separable from the domestic operations or activities of the U.S. person. In most cases, it is clear whether the foreign operation or activity constitutes an affiliate. For example, if the operation or activity is incorporated abroad – as most are – it is always considered a foreign affiliate. Even if it is unincorporated, the foreign operation or activity is usually legally or functionally separable from the U.S. person's domestic operations or activities. In cases where it is not clearly separable, the determination of whether the operation or activity constitutes a foreign affiliate is made on a case-by-case basis, depending on the weight of the evidence.

The following characteristics would indicate that an operation or activity **is** a foreign affiliate:

- 1. it pays foreign income taxes,
- it has a substantial physical presence abroad, as evidenced by plant and equipment, or employees permanently located abroad,
- 3. it has separate financial records that would allow preparation of financial statements, including a balance sheet and income statement. (A mere record of disbursements to, or receipts from, the foreign operation or activity would not constitute a "financial statement" for this purpose.), or
- **4.** it takes title to the goods it sells and receives revenues from the sale, or it receives funds from customers for its own account for services it performs.

The following characteristics would indicate that an operation or activity is probably **not** a foreign affiliate:

- 1. it engages only in sales promotion or public relations activities on behalf of the U.S. person,
- it conducts business abroad only for the U.S. person's account, not for its own account.
- **3.** it has no separate financial records that allow the preparation of financial statements,
- 4. its expenses are paid by the U.S. parent,
- 5. it is not subject to foreign income taxes, and
- **6.** it has limited physical assets or few employees permanently located abroad.

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- **B. U.S. Reporter owned by a foreign person -** A U.S. business enterprise that is a U.S. Reporter in this BE-11 survey may also be a U.S. affiliate of a foreign person that must report in the BE-15, 2018 Annual Survey of Foreign Direct Investment in the United States. This could be the case if the U.S. business enterprise owns foreign affiliates and is also owned 10 percent or more, directly or indirectly, by a foreign person. In such cases, the U.S. business enterprise should report in this survey for any foreign business enterprise it owns or controls, directly or indirectly, at least 10 percent or more, but should not report other property of its foreign owner. (A foreign business enterprise that is jointly owned by the U.S. Reporter and the foreign owner of the U.S. Réporter should be considered a foreign affiliate of the U.S. Reporter provided the U.S. Reporter has a 10 percent or more ownership interest.) For purposes of the BE-11 survey, consider the foreign owner of the U.S. Reporter and the directly and indirectly owned foreign affiliates of the foreign owner (other than those held through the U.S. Reporter), as unaffiliated foreign persons. See also I.B.1.d.(4).
- C. Partnerships Most partnerships are either general or limited partnerships. The determination of percentage of voting interest in a general or limited partnership is based on who controls the partnership. The percentage of voting interest is NOT based on the percentage of ownership in the partnerships equity.

A **general partnership** usually consists of at least two general partners who together control the partnership. Unless a clause to the contrary is contained in the partnership agreement a general partnership is presumed to be controlled equally by each of the general partners.

A **limited partnership**, usually consists of at least one general partner and one limited partner. The general partner usually controls a limited partnership, and therefore, has 100 percent voting interest in the limited partnership. Limited partners do not normally exercise any control over a partnership. Therefore, unless a clause to the contrary is contained in the partnership agreement, limited partners are presumed to have zero voting interest in a partnership.

Note – Cross-border holdings of limited partnerships are included in the annual Department of Treasury International Capital (TIC) securities data reports (TIC SHL(A), TIC SHA(A), and TIC SLT) and purchases and sales of limited partnerships with foreign counterparties should be included on the TIC S report.

- D. Determining country of residence or jurisdiction of individuals – An individual is considered a resident of, and subject to the jurisdiction of, the country in which it is physically located, subject to the following qualifications:
 - individuals who reside, or expect to reside, outside their country of citizenship for less than one year are considered to be residents of their country of citizenship,
 - 2. individuals who reside, or expect to reside, outside their country of citizenship for one year or more are considered to be residents of the country in which they are residing. There are two exceptions to this rule:
 - a. individuals (and their immediate families) who either own or are employed by a business in their country of citizenship and who are residing outside of that country for one year or more in order to conduct business for the enterprise are considered residents of their country of citizenship if they intend to return within a reasonable period of time.
 - b. individuals who reside outside their country of citizenship because they are government employees (such as diplomats, consular officials, members of the armed forces, and their immediate families) are considered residents of their country of citizenship regardless of their length of stay.

- E. Foreign affiliate operating completely outside its country of incorporation If a foreign affiliate conducts all its operations from, and is located in, a single foreign country that is different from its country of incorporation, it is deemed to be operating totally outside its country of incorporation. File a single BE-11B, BE-11C report or report on the BE-11D, for the entity in the country of operation treating it as an incorporated foreign affiliate; do not file for the entity in the foreign country of incorporation. If, however, the foreign affiliate has any of the following in the country of incorporation:
 - 1. bank account.
 - 2. employees,
 - 3. property, plant, or equipment, or
 - 4. sales,

it is considered to have operations in its foreign country of incorporation and, therefore, a separate report must be filed for the entity in that country.

If a foreign affiliate incorporated abroad conducts its operations from, and has locations in, more than one foreign country, a separate Form BE-11B, BE-11C, or entry on BE-11D must be filed for each foreign country in which it has operations, and a separate Form BE-11B, BE-11C, or entry on BE-11D must be filed for the entity in the foreign country of incorporation, treating the entity as an incorporated foreign affiliate in that country.

If a foreign affiliate incorporated abroad conducts its business operations from, and is located in, the United States, you must file a Form BE-11B, BE-11C or BE-11D entry to report the equity investment in the affiliate and the affiliate's income. Show country of incorporation as country of location and report the affiliate as a holding company (ISI code 5512). You must report the operating business enterprise located in the United States on the BE-15, 2018 Annual Survey of Foreign Direct Investment in the United States.

- F. Agencies and representative offices Foreign representative offices, agents and employees of a U.S. person are not considered to be foreign affiliates, and therefore, they should not be reported on Forms BE-11B, BE-11C or BE-11D. However, a U.S. Reporter's disbursements to maintain foreign sales and representative offices must be reported on Form BE-125, Quarterly Survey of Transactions in Selected Services and Intangible Assets with Foreign Persons. Copies of Form BE-125 are available by writing to BEA at: Bureau of Economic Analysis, Balance of Payments Division, BE-50 (SSB), 4600 Silver Hill Rd., Washington, DC 20233, by telephoning (301) 278-9507 or by accessing the BEA Web site at www.bea.gov. (Under "International," select "Survey Forms and Related Materials" and then "U.S. International Services Transactions.") A foreign presence of a U.S. person is considered a foreign sales promotion or representative office if:
 - 1. it has no assets (other than office furniture) held either in its own name or in the name of the U.S. person,
 - to the extent that its employees are compensated by commissions, the commissions arise only from sales or business that the employees generate for the U.S. person,
 - **3.** it does not produce revenue (other than funds from the U.S. person to cover its expenses), and
 - **4.** it is engaged only in sales promotion, representational activities, public relations activities, or the gathering of market information, on behalf of the U.S. person.

Note – A foreign presence that produces revenue for its own account (instead of, or in addition to, producing revenue for the account of its U.S. parent) from goods or services it provides to unaffiliated persons is considered a foreign affiliate and is subject to the reporting requirements on this BE-11 survey.

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G. Real estate – The ownership of foreign real estate is defined to be a business enterprise and, if foreign real estate is owned by a U.S. person, it is a foreign affiliate of a U.S. Reporter. A Form BE-11B, BE-11C or BE-11D is required unless the enterprise is otherwise exempt.

Real estate that is normally included in the property, plant, and equipment account of a foreign affiliate is not to be reported as a separate affiliate.

Residential real estate held exclusively by a U.S. person for personal use and not for profit-making purposes is not subject to the reporting requirements. A primary residence abroad that is leased to others while the owner is a U.S. resident, but which the owner intends to reoccupy, is considered real estate held for personal use.

Ownership of foreign residential real estate by a business enterprise, the sole purpose of which is to hold the real estate for the personal use of the owner(s) of the business enterprise, is considered to be real estate held for personal use and therefore not subject to the reporting requirements.

If a U.S. person has a direct or indirect voting ownership interest of 10 percent or more in a joint venture, partnership, etc., that is formed to own and hold, develop, or operate real estate, the joint venture, partnership etc., in its entirety, not just the U.S. person's share, is a foreign affiliate and must be reported unless otherwise exempt.

H. Airlines and ship operators – U.S. airlines and ship operators foreign stations, ticket offices, and terminal and port facilities that provide services only to their own operations are not foreign affiliates and are not subject to the reporting requirements. Reports are required when such facilities produce significant revenues from services provided to unaffiliated persons.

I. Estates, trusts, and intermediaries

- A U.S. estate is a person (see II.Q.) and, therefore, may have direct investment; the estate, not the beneficiary, is considered to be the U.S. Reporter. Thus, ownership of a foreign affiliate by a U.S. estate shall be reported by the administrator, executor, etc., of the estate and not by the beneficiary.
- 2. A trust, either U.S. or foreign, is a person (see II.Q.), but is not a business enterprise. The trust is considered to be the same as an intermediary, and should report as outlined in III.1.3. For reporting purposes, the beneficiary(ies) of the trust, is (are) considered to be the owner(s) for purposes of determining the existence of direct investment, except in two cases: (1) if there is, or may be, a reversionary interest, and (2) if a corporation or other organization creates a trust designating its shareholders or members as beneficiaries. In these two cases, the creator(s) of the trust is (are) deemed to be the owner(s) of the investments of the trust (or succeeding trusts where the presently existing trust has evolved out of a prior trust), for the purposes of determining the existence and reporting of direct investment.

This procedure is adopted to fulfill statistical purposes of this survey and does not imply that control over an enterprise owned or controlled by a trust is, or can be, exercised by the beneficiary(ies) or creator(s).

3. Intermediary

- a. If a particular U.S. direct investment abroad is held, exercised, administered, or managed by a U.S. intermediary, such intermediary is responsible for reporting the required information for, and in the name of, its principal or shall instruct the principal to submit the required information. Upon instructing the principal, the intermediary shall be released from further liability to report, provided it has informed BEA of the date such instructions were given and the name and address of the principal, and has supplied the principal with any information in the possession of, or which can be secured by, the intermediary that is necessary to permit the principal to complete the required reports. When acting in the capacity of an intermediary, the accounts or transactions of the U.S. intermediary with the foreign affiliate are considered as accounts or transactions of the U.S. principal with the foreign affiliate. To the extent such transactions or accounts are unavailable to the principal, they may be required to be reported by the intermediary.
- If a U.S. person holds a foreign affiliate through a foreign intermediary, the U.S. person is considered to own the foreign affiliate directly and all accounts or transactions of the U.S. person with the intermediary are considered to be with the foreign affiliate.

IV. GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

A. Accounting methods and records – Follow generally accepted U.S. accounting principles unless otherwise specified in the instructions. Corporations should generally use the same methods and records that are used to generate reports to stockholders, except where otherwise instructed. Generate reports for unincorporated persons on an equivalent basis.

Financial Accounting Standards Board Accounting Standards Codification Topics are referred to as "FASB ASC" in the instructions.

B. Translation of foreign currency financial and operating data into U.S. dollars

- Financial statements Translate foreign affiliate financial statements, i.e., balance sheets and income statements, not maintained in U.S. dollars from the host country currency to U.S. dollars using FASB ASC 830 (FAS 52), as would be required to incorporate foreign statements into the U.S. Reporter's financial statements for reports to shareholders.
- 2. Other financial and operating data of foreign affiliate According to FASB ASC 830 (FAS 52), "Revenue and expense transactions shall be translated in a manner that produces approximately the same dollar amounts that would have resulted had the underlying transactions been translated into dollars on the dates they occurred."

Since separate translation of each transaction is usually impractical, the specific result can be achieved by using an average rate for the period.

On Forms BE-11B and BE-11C, certain revenue and expense transactions that may not be translated separately for the financial statements, such as employee compensation and exports and imports, must be reported. Translate these transactions in a manner consistent with that used to translate the financial statements into U.S. dollars.

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C. Method of accounting for equity investments – Forms BE-11B, BE-11C and BE-11D – Report a foreign affiliate parent's equity investments of 20 percent or more in unconsolidated foreign affiliates, including all unconsolidated majority-owned foreign affiliates, using the equity method of accounting. Report equity investments of less than 20 percent, in accordance with FASB ASC 320 (FAS 115) or cost basis of accounting. See important note on foreign affiliate consolidation rules under instruction I.B.2.e.

Note – If it is determined that there is a material difference between the "equity" and the "cost" methods and the data should have been filed using the "equity" method, BEA will require that the data be refiled.

- D. Industry classification A list and explanation of the industry classifications used are given in the Guide to Industry Classifications for International Surveys, 2012, (BE-799), which is available at www.bea.gov/naics2012.
- **E. Estimates** If actual data are not available, or only partial data are available, provide estimates and label as such. When data items cannot be fully subdivided as required, provide totals and an estimated breakdown of the totals.

Certain sections of Forms BE-11A and BE-11B require data that may not be maintained in your customary accounting records. Providing precise data in these areas may require substantial burden beyond what is intended by BEA. This may be especially true for:

- BE-11A, Part III, Section B Distribution of sales or gross operating revenues by whether the sales were goods, services, or investment income;
- BE-11A, Part IV, Exports and imports of the U.S. Reporter on a shipped basis;
- BE-11B, Part III, Section B, and Part IV, Section D Distribution
 of sales or gross operating revenues, by transactor and by
 whether the sales were goods, services, or investment income;
- BE-11B, Part V Exports and imports of the foreign affiliate on a shipped basis.

Data provided in these sections may be reasonable estimates based upon the informed judgment of persons in the responding organization, sampling techniques, prorations based on related data, etc. Consistently apply estimating procedures used on all BEA surveys.

- **F. Space on form insufficient –** When space on a form is insufficient to permit a full answer to any item, submit the required information on supplementary sheets, appropriately labeled and referenced to the item number and the form.
- **G. Specify** When asked to "specify" amounts reported for certain data items, give the type and dollar amount of the major items included in the data item.

V. U.S. EXPORTS AND IMPORTS OF GOODS

When there is a material difference between the "charged" and "shipped" bases and the data have not been filed on the "shipped" basis, or the necessary adjustments have not been made to approximate a "shipped" basis, then BEA will require the data to be refiled.

Differences between the "charged" and "shipped" bases may be substantial. A major difference arises when the U.S. Reporter buys goods in country A and sells them in country B, but the goods are

shipped directly from country A to country B. Because the goods did not physically enter or leave the United States, they are not U.S. trade. However, when the U.S. Reporter records the transactions on its books, it shows a purchase charged to it from country A and a sale charged by it to country B. If the U.S. Reporter's trade data in this survey were prepared on the "charged" basis, the purchase and sale would appear incorrectly as a U.S. import and a U.S. export, respectively. Other differences arise when the U.S. Reporter charges the sale of its products to a foreign affiliate in one country, but ships the goods directly from the United States to an unaffiliated foreigner in another country. If the data are on the "shipped" basis, this transaction constitutes a U.S. export to an unaffiliated foreigner, not to the foreign affiliate and should not be recorded on the form for the foreign affiliate.

If a material difference exists between the "charged" and "shipped" bases, trade must be reported on the "shipped" basis. To do this, the U.S. Reporter may have to derive the data from export and import declarations filed with U.S. Customs and Border Protection or from shipping and receiving documents, rather than from accounting records, or may have to otherwise adjust its data from a "charged" to a "shipped" basis.

- A. Timing. Only include goods actually shipped between the United States and the affiliate during FY 2018 regardless of when the goods were charged or consigned. For example, include goods shipped by the U.S. Reporter to the affiliate in FY 2018 that were charged or consigned in FY 2019 but exclude goods shipped to the affiliate in FY 2017 that were charged or consigned to the affiliate in FY 2018.
- **B. Trade of the U.S. Reporter**. Goods shipped by, or to, the U.S. Reporter, whether or not actually charged or consigned by, or to, the U.S. Reporter, are considered to be trade of the U.S. Reporter.
- **C. Trade of a foreign affiliate**. Goods shipped by, or to, a foreign affiliate, whether or not actually charged or consigned by, or to, the foreign affiliate are considered to be trade of the foreign affiliate.
- D. By (or to) whom goods were shipped. Shipment by, or to, an entity refers to the physical movement of goods to or from the U.S. customs area by, or to, that entity regardless of by, or to whom the goods were charged or consigned. For example, if the U.S. Reporter charges goods to a German affiliate but ships them to an Italian affiliate, the goods should be recorded as U.S. exports shipped by the U.S. Reporter on the Form BE-11B or BE-11C, of the Italian affiliate, but not on that of the German affiliate. Similarly, if goods were charged by the U.S. Reporter to an affiliate but shipped to the affiliate by another U.S. person, the goods should be considered a U.S. export shipped by "other U.S. persons," not by the U.S. Reporter, on the affiliate's Form BE-11B or BE-11C.

Note – Goods shipped by an independent carrier or a freight forwarder at the expense of an entity are shipments by that entity.

E. Valuation of exports and imports. Value U.S. exports and imports f.a.s. (free alongside ship) at the port of exportation. This includes all costs incurred up to the point of loading the goods aboard the export carrier at the U.S. or foreign port of exportation, including the selling price at the interior point of shipment (or cost if not sold), packaging costs, and inland freight and insurance. It excludes all subsequent costs, such as loading costs, U.S. and foreign import duties, and freight and insurance from the port of exportation to the port of entry.

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VI. FILING THE BE-11

- A. Due date A fully completed and certified BE-11 report comprising Form BE-11A and Forms BE-11B, BE-11C or BE-11D (as required) is due to be filed with BEA by May 31, 2019.
- **B. Extensions** For the timely dissemination of the survey results, it is important that your report be filed by the due date. However, a written request for an extension will be considered provided it is received no later than the original due date of the report and enumerates substantive reasons necessitating the extension. BEA will provide a written response to such requests.
- C. Assistance For assistance, telephone (301) 278-9418 or e-mail BEA at be10/11@bea.gov.
- D. Retention of copies Each U.S. Reporter must retain a copy of its report to facilitate resolution of problems. These copies should be retained by the U.S. Reporter for at least 3 years after the report's original due date.
- E. Electronic filing option (eFile) Forms that can be transmitted to BEA electronically will be available on the BEA Web site: www.bea.gov/efile. If you eFile, please do not submit paper reports.
- F. Where to send the report Send reports filed by mail through the U.S. Postal Service to:

Bureau of Economic Analysis Direct Investment Division, BE-69(A) 4600 Silver Hill Road Washington, DC 20233

Send reports filed by direct private delivery to:

Bureau of Economic Analysis Direct Investment Division, BE-69(A) 4600 Silver Hill Road Suitland, MD 20746

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BE-11 INSTRUCTIONS (REV. 12/2018)

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