ANNUAL SURVEY OF U.S. DIRECT INVESTMENT ABROAD 1993 INSTRUCTIONS

The Annual Survey of U.S. Direct Investment Abroad is conducted to secure current economic data on the operations of U.S. parent companies and their foreign affiliates. Reports filed in this survey should be consistent with those filed in the 1992 BE-11 annual survey as concerns concepts and definitions, accounting methods, affiliate and reporter consolidation, etc. However, filing this report is not contingent upon having filed a 1992 BE-11.

I. REPORTING REQUIREMENTS

Section 806.4 of 15 CFR, Chapter VIII, requires that all persons subject to the reporting requirements of the BE-11 survey respond, whether or not they are contacted by BEA. It also requires that a person, or their agent, who is contacted by BEA about reporting in this survey, either by sending them report forms or by written inquiry, must respond in writing. They may respond by: 1. certifying in writing, within 30 days of being contacted by BEA, to the fact that the person had no direct investment within the purview of the reporting requirements of the BE-11 survey; 2. completing and returning the "BE-11 Claim for Not Filing" within 30 days of receipt of the BE-11 survey report forms, or 3. filing the properly completed BE-11 report by May 31, 1994.

A. Who must report:

- 1. Basic requirement A BE-11 report, consisting of Forms BE-11A, B, and C, is required from every nonbank U.S. person having a nonbank foreign affiliate that is not exempt as detailed in I.C. below. The reporting status of a foreign affiliate is primarily based on
 - a. the amount of its -
 - (1) total assets at the end of the fiscal year.
 - (2) annual sales or gross operating revenues, excluding sales taxes, for the fiscal year, and
 - (3) annual net income (loss), after provision for foreign income taxes, for the fiscal year,

hereafter, the "exemption level items;" and

- percent ownership, direct and/or direct, by the U.S. person in the affiliate at the end of the fiscal year.
- 2. Calculation of ownership percentage A U.S. Reporter's ownership interest in a foreign business enterprise may be directly or indirectly held, or both. It is directly held if the U.S. Reporter (i.e., the "fully consolidated U.S. domestic business enterprise" as defined in I.D.1. below) holds the ownership interest in the foreign business enterprise. It is indirectly held if, for example, the U.S. Reporter holds an ownership interest in another foreign business enterprise that, in turn, owns the given foreign business enterprise. In determining "a U.S. Reporter's ownership interest," all direct and indirect lines of ownership interest in the foreign business enterprise must be summed.
 Note An associated group is deemed to be one U.S. Reporter.
 - A U.S. Reporter's percentage of indirect ownership interest in a given foreign business enterprise is the product of the direct ownership percentage of the U.S. Reporter in the first foreign business enterprise in the ownership chain, multiplied by that first enterprise's direct ownership percentage in the second enterprise in the chain, multiplied by the corresponding direct ownership percentages for all other intervening enterprises in the ownership chain, multiplied by the last intervening enterprise's direct ownership percentage in the given foreign business enterprise.

B. Forms required and the criteria for reporting on each are as follows:

- A Form BE-11A (Report for U.S. Reporter) must be filed by each nonbank U.S. person that has a foreign affiliate reportable on Form BE-11B or BE-11C. Form BE-11A is required to cover the fully consolidated U.S. domestic business enterprise. See I.D.1.
- 2. A Form BE-11B (Report for Majority-Owned Foreign Affiliate) must be filed by the U.S. Reporter for each majority-owned nonbank foreign affiliate for which any one of the three exemption level items is outside the range of negative \$15 million to positive \$15 million at year end.

- 3. A Form BE-11C (Report for Minority-Owned Foreign Affiliate) must be filed for each minority-owned nonbank foreign affiliate that is owned at least 20 percent, but not more than 50 percent, directly and/or indirectly, by all U.S. Reporters of the affiliate combined, and for which any one of the three exemption level items is outside the range of negative \$15 million to positive \$15 million at year end.
- 4. A Claim for Not Filing a BE-11 should be filed if you were contacted by BEA and all of your foreign affiliates are exempt.

NOTES — An affiliate is majority-owned by virtue of being owned more than 50 percent by all U.S. Reporters of the affiliate combined. Such affiliates that meet the reporting requirements in I.B.2. above must be reported on Form BE-11B.

An affiliate holding an equity interest in another affiliate that must be reported on Form BE-11B or C, must also be reported on Form BE-11B (if majority owned) or C (if minority owned), regardless of the value of its assets, sales, or net income (loss). That is, all affiliates upward in a chain of ownership must be reported.

- C. Exempt affiliates Based on the preceding, a foreign affiliate is exempt from being reported if it meets any one of the following criteria:
 - None of its exemption level items exceeds \$15 million (positive or negative).
 - 2. It is less than 20 percent owned, directly and/or indirectly, by all U.S. Reporters of the affiliate combined. Note that a minority-owned affiliate that is owned 20 percent or more by all U.S. Reporters of the affiliate combined, and that otherwise meets the reporting requirements, must be reported on Form BE-11C even if no one U.S. Reporter owns 20 percent or more.
 - 3. Its U.S. parent (U.S. Reporter) is a bank.
 - 4. It is a bank.

An affiliate's receivables due from its parent or from other affiliated persons may not be eliminated from total assets when applying the exemption criteria for preparing this report.

If you filed a BE-11B or BE-11C for an affiliate in 1992 that is exempt in 1993, and for which you received a label, affix the affiliate label to either the BE-11B or C report, as appropriate, and enter the amounts for total assets (in item 24 on the BE-11B or in item 9 on the BE-11C), annual sales or gross operating revenues (in item 30 on the BE-11B or in item 10 on the BE-11C), and annual net income (loss) (in item 39 on the BE-11B or in item 12 on the BE-11C). If all of your affiliates are exempt in 1993, see I.B.4.

- D. Other requirements for filing Form BE-11A Report for the U.S. Reporter:
 - 1. Definition of "fully consolidated U.S. domestic business enterprise" The fully consolidated U.S. domestic business enterprise is defined as: 1. the U.S. corporation whose voting securities are not owned more than 50 percent by another U.S. corporation, and 2. proceeding down each ownership chain from that U.S. corporation, any U.S. corporation (including Foreign Sales Corporations located in the United States) whose voting securities are more than 50 percent owned by the U.S. corporation above it. This consolidation excludes foreign branches and all other foreign affiliates.

It is recognized that, in rare instances, conditions may exist that would lead a U.S. parent company to exclude a domestic subsidiary from its consolidation. If a U.S. Reporter cannot consolidate all of its domestic subsidiaries in its Form BE-11A, it must request and be granted permission from BEA to file on an unconsolidated basis prior to filing the report. The U.S. parent is responsible for ensuring that the required Form BE-11A and related Forms BE-11B and BE-11C, for itself and any unconsolidated domestic subsidiaries, are filed with BEA. The filing deadline for an unconsolidated domestic subsidiary is the same as that for its U.S. parent.

I. REPORTING REQUIREMENTS — Continued

- D. Other requirements for filing Form BE-11A Report for the U.S. Reporter:
 - 2. If the foreign affiliate is owned by only part of the fully consolidated U.S. domestic business enterprise The U.S. Reporter is deemed to be the fully consolidated U.S. domestic business enterprise even if only one entity in the consolidated U.S. enterprise directly owns the foreign affiliate.
 - 3. U.S. Reporter that is an individual, estate, trust, or nonprofit organization A U.S. Reporter that is an individual, estate, trust, or religious, charitable, or other nonprofit organization, and that owns a nonexempt foreign affiliate directly, rather than through a U.S. business enterprise, should complete only item 1 of Form BE-11A and attach an explanatory note attesting to its status. Required Forms BE-11B and BE-11C must be filed as appropriate.
 - 4. U.S. business enterprise owned by an individual, estate, trust, or nonprofit organization If a U.S. individual, estate, trust, or nonprofit organization owns more than 50 percent of a U.S. business enterprise that, in turn, owns a foreign affiliate, then the U.S. Reporter is deemed to be the U.S. business enterprise, not the individual, etc. The BE-11 report should be filed by, and Form BE-11A should be for, the U.S. business enterprise rather than the individual, etc. However, direct financial transactions or positions, if any, by the individual, etc., with the foreign affiliate must be included in the business enterprise's report.
 - 5. U.S. Reporter owned by a foreign person A U.S. Reporter that is a U.S. affiliate of a foreign person and that is filing a BE-15, Annual Survey of Foreign Direct Investment in the United States 1993, should only complete items 1 through 4. See also III.B.
 - Joint ownership of foreign affiliate—If two or more U.S. Reporters jointly own, directly or indirectly, a foreign affiliate, each U.S. Reporter must file a Form BE-11A. See I.E.2.
- E. Other requirements for filing Forms BE-11B and BE-11C Report for foreign affiliate:
 - Rules for consolidation of foreign affiliate The following rules should be used in determining which foreign business enterprises may be consolidated into one foreign affiliate:
 - FOREIGN BUSINESS ENTERPRISES LOCATED IN DIFFERENT COUNTRIES MAY NOT, UNDER ANY CIRCUMSTANCES, BE CONSOLIDATED;
 - b. Foreign business enterprises located in the same country that are integral parts of the same business operation may be consolidated into one affiliate (example: German enterprise A manufactures automobile engines and a majority of its sales are to German enterprise B which produces complete automobilies); and
 - c. Foreign business enterprises located in the same country and in the same BEA 3-digit industry, as defined in the Guide to Industry and Foreign Trade Classifications for International Surveys, Part I, may be consolidated.

Note — A U.S. Reporter who participates in BEA's BE-577 quarterly survey of U.S. direct investment abroad, Direct Transactions of a U.S. Reporter with Foreign Affiliate, should consolidate foreign business enterprises on Form BE-11B and BE-11C in the same manner as on Form BE-577.

2. Reporting of foreign affiliates owned by more than one U.S. Reporter — If two or more U.S. Reporters jointly own, directly or indirectly, a foreign affiliate that is required to be reported on Form BE-11B, each U.S. Reporter must submit a Form BE-11B for the affiliate. The U.S. Reporter having the highest percentage ownership (direct and indirect combined) in the foreign affiliate must file a form in which all items have been completed. The other U.S. Reporter(s) must file a form in which only Part I, items 1, 2, 6, 7, 8, and 9, has been completed. If the ownership percentages are the same, the U.S. Reporters must decide among themselves which one will submit the complete report.

Note, however, that in Part II, Sections C, D, and E, of Form BE-11B, data must be reported by transactor. For example, in Part II, Section C, Composition of External Finances, one transactor category is "with U.S. Reporter(s) of this affiliate." If the U.S. Reporter filling the complete Form BE-11B cannot, or prefers not to, secure from the affiliate and report the data concerning the other U.S. Reporter(s) of the affiliate, then each U.S. Reporter is required to report its own data in those sections of Part II. The U.S. Reporter filing the complete

Form BE-11B must attach a note to the form stating that it is not reporting the data in Sections C, D, and E of Part II for the other U.S. Reporter(s) and must so inform the other U.S. Reporter(s).

If two or more U.S. Reporters jointly own a foreign affiliate that is required to be reported on Form BE-11C, only the U.S. Reporter having the highest percentage ownership (direct and indirect combined) in the foreign affiliate must file the form.

3. Reporting when there is more than one foreign affiliate in a chain of ownership — A Form BE-11B or BE-11C must be filed for a foreign affiliate of the U.S. Reporter that owns another nonexempt foreign affiliate of that U.S. Reporter, even if the foreign affiliate parent is otherwise exempt, i.e., a Form BE-11B or BE-11C must be filed for all affiliates upward in a chain of ownership.

Relationship between Forms BE-11A, BE-11B, and BE-11C — The term "U.S. Reporter" is defined to mean the fully consolidated U.S. domestic business enterprise; therefore, on Forms BE-11B and BE-11C, when data on trade and financial relationships between the U.S. Reporter and the foreign affiliate are requested, the data must reflect the foreign affiliate's relationship with the entire U.S. enterprise, not merely with one division, operating unit, or part.

II. DEFINITIONS

- A. 1993 fiscal year is the U.S. Reporter's or the foreign affiliate's financial reporting year that has an ending date in calendar year 1993. Those U.S. Reporters or affiliates having a "52/53 week" fiscal year that ends within the first week of January 1994, are considered to have a 1993 fiscal year for purposes of filing this survey, and should report December 31, 1993 as their 1993 fiscal year end. A business enterprise that does not have a financial reporting year, or does not have a financial reporting year ending in calendar year 1993 is deemed to have a fiscal year identical to calendar year 1993. (U.S. Reporters and foreign affiliates that changed the ending date of their financial reporting year in 1993 should contact BEA to determine what reporting period should be used.)
- B. Affiliate means a business enterprise located in one country which is directly or indirectly owned or controlled by a person of another country to the extent of 10 per centum or more of its voting stock for an incorporated business or an equivalent interest for an unincorporated business, including a branch.
- C. Associated group means two or more persons who, by the appearance of their actions, by agreement, or by an understanding, exercise their voting privileges in a concerted manner to influence the management of a business enterprise. Each of the following are deemed to be an associated group —
 - 1. Members of the same family,
 - A business enterprise and one or more of its officers or directors.
 - 3. Members of a syndicate or joint venture, or
 - 4. A corporation and its domestic subsidiaries.
- D. Branch means the operations or activities conducted by a person in a different location in its own name rather than through an incorporated entity.
- E. Business enterprise means any organization, association, branch, or venture which exists for profitmaking purposes or to otherwise secure economic advantage, and any ownership of any real estate.
- F. Foreign, when used in a geographic sense, means that which is situated outside the United States or which belongs to or is characteristic of a country other than the United States.
- G. Foreign affiliate means an affiliate located outside the United States in which a U.S. person has direct investment.
- H. Foreign affiliate parent means a U.S. Reporter's foreign affiliate which has an equity interest in another foreign affiliate of the U.S. Reporter.
- Foreign person means any person resident outside the United States or subject to the jurisdiction of a country other than the United States.
- J. Fully consolidated U.S. domestic business enterprise means

1. the U.S. corporation whose voting securities are not owned more than 50 percent by another U.S. corporation, and 2. proceeding down each ownership chain from that U.S. corporation, any U.S. corporation (including Foreign Sales Corporations located in the United States) whose voting securities are more than 50 percent owned by the U.S. corporation above it. This consolidation excludes foreign branches and all other foreign affiliates.

II. DEFINITIONS — Continued

- K. Intermediary means an agent, nominee, manager, custodian, trust, or any person acting in a similar capacity.
- L. Majority-owned foreign affiliate means a foreign affiliate in which the combined direct and indirect ownership interest of ALL U.S. REPORTERS of the affiliate exceeds 50 per centum.
- M. Minority-owned foreign affilate means a foreign affiliate in which the combined direct and indirect ownership interest of at least one U.S. Reporter is 10 per centum or more, but the combined direct and indirect ownership interests of all U.S. Reporters of the affiliate is 50 per centum or less.
- N. Person means any individual, branch, partnership, associated group, association, estate, trust, corporation, or other organization (whether or not organized under the laws of any State), and any government (including a foreign government, the United States Government, a State or local government, and any agency, corporation, financial institution, or other entity or instrumentality thereof, including a government-sponsored agency).
- O. U.S. direct investment abroad means the ownership or control, directly or indirectly, by one U.S. person of 10 per centum or more of the voting securities of an incorporated foreign business enterprise or an equivalent interest in an unincorporated foreign business enterprise, including a branch.
- P. U.S. person means any person resident in the United States or subject to the jurisidiction of the United States.
- Q. U.S. Reporter means the U.S. person which has direct investment in a foreign business enterprise, including a branch. If the U.S. person is an incorporated business enterprise, the U.S. Reporter is the fully consolidated U.S. domestic enterprise. See II.J.
- R. United States, when used in a geographic sense, means the several States, the District of Columbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, and all territories and possessions of the United States.

III. CLARIFICATION OF COVERAGE AND SPECIAL SITUATIONS

A. Determining existence of a foreign affiliate — In general, a U.S. person's foreign operation or activity is considered a foreign affiliate if it is legally or functionally separable from the domestic operations or activities of the U.S. person. In most cases, it is clear whether the foreign operation or activity constitutes an affiliate. For example, if the operation or activity is incorporated abroad, as is true in the majority of cases, it is always considered a foreign affiliate. Even if it is unincorporated, the foreign operation or activity is usually legally or functionally separable from the U.S. person's domestic operations or activities. In cases where it is not clearly separable, the determination of whether the operation or activity constitutes a foreign affiliate is made on a case-by-case basis, depending on the weight of the evidence.

Factors that would tend to indicate that the operation or activity is a foreign affiliate are:

- 1. It pays foreign income taxes.
- It has a substantial physical presence abroad, as evidenced by plant and equipment, or employees, permanently located abroad.
- 3. Separate financial records are kept on the foreign operation or activity that would allow preparation of financial statements, including a balance sheet and income statement. (A mere record of disbursements to, or receipts from, the foreign operation or activity would not constitute a "financial statement" for this purpose.)
- 4. It takes title to the goods it sells and receives revenues therefrom.
- It receives funds for its own account from customers for services it performs.

Factors that would tend to indicate that it is **not** a foreign affiliate are:

- It engages only in sales promotion, public relations types of activities, or otherwise conducts business abroad for the U.S. Reporter's account and not for its own account. See III.E.
- 2. It has no separate financial statements.
- 3. It receives funds to cover its expenses only from the U.S. Reporter.
- 4. It pays no foreign income taxes.
- It has limited property, plant, and equipment, or no employees, permanently located abroad.
- B. U.S. Reporter owned by a foreign person A U.S. business enterprise that is a U.S. Reporter in this BE-11 survey may also be a U.S. affiliate of a foreign person that must report in the BE-15, Annual Survey of Foreign Direct Investment in the United States 1993. This could be the case if the U.S. business enterprise both owns foreign affiliates and is owned 10 percent or more, directly or indirectly, by a foreign person. In such cases, the U.S. business enterprise should report in this survey with respect to any foreign

business enterprise it owns or controls, directly or indirectly, to the extent of 10 percent or more, but should not report other property of its foreign owner. (A foreign business enterprise that is jointly owned by the U.S. Reporter and the foreign owner of the U.S. Reporter should be considered a foreign affiliate of the U.S. Reporter provided the U.S. Reporter has a 10 percent or more ownership interest.) For purposes of the BE-11 survey, the foreign owner of the U.S. Reporter and the directly and indirectly owned foreign affiliates of the foreign owner (other than those held through the U.S. Reporter), are to be considered unaffiliated foreign persons.

For a U.S. person that files both Form BE-11A and Form BE-15, only items 1—4 and the certification on Form BE-11A should be completed. The remainder of Form BE-11A will be completed by BEA using data from that person's Form BE-15.

- C. Foreign affiliate operating completely outside its country of incorporation If a foreign affiliate conducts all its operations from, and is located in, a single foreign country that is different from its country of incorporation, it is deemed to be operating totally outside its country of incorporation. A single BE-11B or BE-11C report for the entity in the country of operation must be filed, treating it as an incorporated foreign affiliate; do not file a separate BE-11B or BE-11C report for the entity in the foreign country of incorporation. If, however, the foreign affiliate has any of the following in the country of incorporation:
 - 1. bank account,
 - 2. employees,
 - 3. property, plant, or equipment, or
 - 4. sales,

it is deemed to have operations in its foreign country of incorporation and, therefore, a separate BE-11B or BE-11C report must be filed for the entity in that country.

If a foreign affiliate incorporated abroad conducts its operations from, and has locations in, more than one foreign country, a separate Form BE-11B or BE-11C must be filed for each country in which it has operations, and a separate Form BE-11B or BE-11C must be filed for the entity in the foreign country of incorporation, treating the entity as an incorporated foreign affiliate in that country.

If a foreign affiliate incorporated abroad conducts its operations from, and is located in, the United States, a Form BE-11B or BE-11C must be filed for the entity in the country of incorporation, treating it as an incorporated foreign affiliate in that country.

D. Real estate — The ownership of foreign real estate is defined to be a business enterprise and, if foreign real estate is owned by a U.S. person, it is a foreign affiliate of a U.S. Reporter. A Form BE-11B or BE-11C is required unless the enterprise is otherwise exempt.

Real estate that is normally included in the property, plant, and equipment account of a foreign affiliate is not to be reported as a separate affiliate.

Residential real estate held exclusively by a U.S. person for personal use and not for profitmaking purposes is not subject to the reporting requirements. A primary residence abroad that is leased to others while the owner is a U.S. resident, but which the owner intends to reoccupy, is considered real estate held for personal use.

Ownership of foreign residential real estate by a business enterprise, the sole purpose of which is to hold the real estate for the personal use of the owner(s) of the business enterprise, is considered to be real estate held for personal use and therefore not subject to the reporting requirements.

If a U.S. person has a direct or indirect voting ownership interest of 10 percent or more in a joint venture, partnership, etc., that is formed to own and hold, develop, or operate real estate, the joint venture, partnership etc., in its entirety, not just the U.S. person's share, is a foreign, affiliate and must be reported unless otherwise exempt.

E. Airlines and ship operators — U.S. airlines' and ship operators' foreign stations, ticket offices, and terminal and port facilities that provide services only to their own operations are not foreign affiliates and are not subject to the reporting requirements. Reports are required when such facilities produce significant revenues from services provided to unaffiliated persons.

III. CLARIFICATION OF COVERAGE AND SPECIAL SITUATIONS — Continued

F. Determining location of transactor (source) for investment income included in sales or gross operating revenues — Finance or insurance companies that include investment income in gross operating revenues should report the amount of such investment income in item 21 on Form BE-11A and the amount and source of such investment income in item 52, columns (1) through (7), on Form BE-11B based on the location of the issuer of the financial instrument whether publicly issued or privately placed. (For rental income from real estate, base it on the location of the property.) If the location of the issuer of the financial instrument is unknown, then the nationality of the issuer may be substituted. In those cases where both the location and nationality of the issuer are unknown, and an intermediary (e.g., trustee, custodian, or nominee) is used to manage the investment (financial instrument or real estate) on behalf of the U.S. Reporter or foreign affiliate, the country of location of the intermediary may be used instead.

G. Reporting for U.S. Reporters and foreign affiliates that are insurance companies

- 1. Where there is a difference, the financial and operating data for insurance companies in the BE-11 survey are to be prepared on the same basis as an annual report to stockholders, rather than on the basis of an annual statement to an insurance department. Valuation should be according to normal commercial accounting procedures, not at the rates promulgated by national insurance departments, i.e., include assets not acceptable for inclusion in the annual statement to an insurance department. Include 1. non-trusteed or free account assets and 2. nonadmitted assets, such as furniture and equipment, agents' debit balances, and all receivables deemed to be collectible. Mandatory securities valuation reserves that are appropriations of retained earnings are to be included in the owners' equity section of the balance sheet, not in the liability section.
- Assets of an affiliate's U.S. Reporter that are held in the country of location of the affiliate and that are for the benefit of the U.S. Reporter's policy holders are not to be included in the data reported for the affiliate on Form BE-11B or BE-11C.
- 3. Instructions for reporting specific items are:
 - a. Include in total assets (item 17 on Form BE-11A, item 24 on Form BE-11B, and item 9 on Form BE-11C) and in "other current assets" (item 20 on Form BE-11B) such items as agents' balances, uncollected premiums, amounts recoverable from reinsurers, and other current notes and accounts receivable (net of allowances for doubtful items) arising from the ordinary course of business.
 - b. Include in total liabilities (item 18 on Form BE-11A and item 28 on Form BE-11B) and in current liabilities (item 25 or 26 on Form BE-11B) such items as loss liabilities, policy claims, commissions due, and other current liabilities arising from the ordinary course of business. Include policy reserves in total liabilities and in "other noncurrent liabilities" (item 27 on Form BE-11B).
 - c. Include in sales or gross operating revenues, excluding sales taxes (item 20 on Form BE-11A, item 30 on Form BE-11B, and item 10 on Form BE-11C), such items as earned premiums, annuity considerations, gross investment income, and items of a similiar nature. (Income from foreign affiliates should be reported in item 31, not item 33, on Form BE-11B.)
 - d. Include realized gains (losses) from the sale or maturity of investments in item 32 of Form BE-11B and unrealized gains (losses) from changes in the valuation of investments in item 41 of Form BE-11B.
 - e. Include in cost of services rendered (item 35 on Form BE-11B) costs relating to sales or gross operating revenues, excluding sales taxes (item 30 on Form BE-11B), such as policy losses incurred, death benefits, matured endowments, other policy benefits, increases in liabilities for future policy benefits, other underwriting expenses, and investment expenses.
 - f. Include in investment income (item 21 of Form BE-11A and item 52, column (1) of Form BE-11B) that portion of sales or gross operating revenues that is investment income (other than any gain (loss) on the sale or maturity of investments, which should be reported as "certain realized and unrealized gains (losses)" as detailed above). See III.F. for instructions on determining the location of the transactor of investment income.
 - g. Include in sales of services (items 23, 24, and 25 of Form BE-11A and item 54, column (1) of Form BE-11B premium income and income from other services, if any.

IV. GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

A. Accounting methods and records — Generally accepted U.S. accounting principles should be followed, unless otherwise specified. Corporations should generally use the same methods and records that are used to generate reports to stockholders, except where instructions indicate a variance. Reports for unincorporated persons must be generated on an equivalent basis.

References to Financial Accounting Standards Board statements are referred to as "FASB" statements.

B. Translation of foreign currency financial and operating data into U.S. dollars

- Financial statements Foreign affiliate financial statements, such as the balance sheet and income statement, should be translated into U.S. dollars using FASB 52.
- 2. Selected financial and operating data of foreign affiliate According to FASB 52, "Revenue and expense transactions shall be translated in a manner that produces approximately the same dollar amounts that would have resulted had the underlying transactions been translated into dollars on the dates they occured." Since separate translation of each transaction is usually impractical, the specific result can be achieved by using an average rate for the period.

In Forms BE-11B and BE-11C, certain revenue and expense transactions which may not be translated separately for the financial statements, such as employee compensation and exports and imports, are required to be reported. These transactions should be translated in a manner that is consistent with that used to translate the financial statements to U.S.

- C. Industry classification A list and explanation of the industry classifications used are given in the Guide to Industry and Foreign Trade Classifications for International Surveys, BE-799, which is included as part of the BE-11 report package.
- D. Distribution of sales among goods, services, and investment income Certain sections of the BE-11 survey forms request that sales be disaggregated into sales of goods, sales of services, and investment income. Sales of services are those sales associated with industries coded in the 400, 600, 700, or 800 series, or in codes 070, 108, 124, 138, or 148 of the list of ISI codes given in the Guide to Industry and Foreign Trade Classifications for International Surveys, except that companies, such as finance and insurance companies, that include investment income (e.g., interest and dividends) in gross operating revenues should include such income in "investment income" rather than in "sales of services." The question may arise as to whether sales classified in construction (code 150) or wholesale or retail trade (codes in the 500 series) should be considered sales of goods or sales of services. These industries are sometimes considered service industries on the basis of the activities of the firms classified in them. However, businesses engaged in wholesale and retail trade are selling goods, and the output of businesses engaged in the construction industry is largely tangible. Therefore, for the purpose of classifying sales between goods and services, sales in construction and in wholesale and retail trade are considered sales of goods even though these businesses may sometimes be considered to be in a service industry.
- E. Estimates If actual data are not available, or only partial data are available, estimates should be supplied and labeled as such. When data items cannot be fully subdivided as required, totals and an estimated breakdown of the totals should be supplied.

Certain sections of Forms BE-11A and BE-11B require data that may not normally be maintained in a company's customary accounting records. Provision of precise data in these areas may present the respondent with a substantial burden beyond what is intended by BEA. This may be especially true for:

- BE-11A, Part II, Section B Distribution of sales or gross operating revenues by whether the sales were goods, services, or investment income:
- BE-11A, Part II, Section D Exports and imports of the U.S. Reporter on a shipped basis;
- BE-11B, Part II, Section C Composition of external finances by transactor;
- Be-11B, Part II, Section D Distribution of sales or gross operating revenues, by transactor, by country of destination, and by whether the sales were goods, services, or investment income; and
- BE-11B, Part II, Section E U.S. exports and imports of the foreign affiliate on a shipped basis.

IV. GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS — Continued

F. Space on form insufficient — When space on a form is insufficient to permit a full answer to any item, the required information should be submitted on supplementary sheets, appropriately labeled and referenced to the item number and the form.

V. INSTRUCTIONS FOR SPECIFIC PARTS OF THE REPORT FORMS

- A. Certain realized and unrealized gains (losses) for securities dealers, finance companies, and real estate companies
 - Securities dealers DO NOT include realized gains (losses) due to sale or maturity of investments in item 32 of Form BE-11B, rather, include in gross operating revenues. Unrealized gains (losses) due to changes in the valuation of investments that are recognized during the reporting period SHOULD be included in item 41 of Form BE-11B.
 - Finance companies SHOULD include realized gains (losses) from the sale or maturity of investments in item 32 of Form BE-11B, and unrealized gains (losses) due to changes in the valuation of investments in item 41 of Form BE-11B.
- B. U.S. merchandise trade The data on U.S. merchandise trade between U.S. Reporters and their foreign affiliates are to be reported on a "shipped" basis, i.e., on the basis of when and to (or by) whom the goods where shipped in order for them to be on the same basis as official U.S. trade statistics to which they will be compared. However, it is recognized that U.S. Reporters and their foreign affiliates keep their accounting records on a "charged" basis, i.e., on the basis of when and to (or by) whom the goods were billed or charged. If there is no material difference between the two bases, the "charged" basis may be used. However, if a material difference does exist, then trade must be reported on the "shipped" basis. For this purpose, the U.S. Reporter may have to derive the data from export and import declarations filed with U.S. Customs or from shipping and receiving documents, rather than from accounting records, or may have to otherwise adjust its data from a "charged" to a "shipped" basis. In item 33 of Form BE-11A and item 55 of Form BE-11B, the U.S. Reporter must indicate that the data are in fact being reported essentially on the "shipped" basis, BEA will require the U.S. Reporter to refile the data if it determines that there is a material difference between the "charged" and "shipped" bases, and that the data are not on, or adjusted to, the "shipped" bases.
 - 1. Definition of U.S. merchandise trade U.S. merchandise trade refers to physical movements of goods between the customs area of the United States and the customs area of a foreign country. Consigned goods must be included in the trade figures when shipped or received, even though not normally recorded as sales or purchases, or entered into intercompany accounts when initially consigned. Exclude the value of ships, planes, railroad rolling stock, and trucks that were temporarily outside the United States, transporting people or merchandise.
 - 2. Timing Only goods actually shipped between the United States and foreign country during FY 1993 should be included, regardless of when the goods were charged or consigned. For example, goods shipped by the U.S. Reporter to an affiliate in FY 1993 that were charged or consigned in FY 1994 should be included, but goods shipped to an affiliate in FY 1992 that were charged or consigned to the affiliate in FY 1993 should be excluded.
 - Trade of the U.S. Reporter Goods shipped by, or to, the U.S. Reporter, whether or not they were actually charged or consigned by, or to, the U.S. Reporter, are considered to be trade of the U.S. Reporter.
 - 4. Trade of a foreign affiliate Goods shipped by, or to, a foreign affiliate, whether or not they were actually charged or consigned by, or to, the foreign affiliate are considered to be trade of the foreign affiliate.
 - 5. By (or to) whom goods were shipped Shipment by, or to, an entity refers to the physical movement of merchandise to or from the U.S. customs area by, or to, that entity regardless of by, or to, whom the merchandise was charged or consigned. Thus, for example, if the U.S. Reporter charges goods to a foreign affiliate in France but ships the goods to an unafffiliated foreigner in Switzerland, the goods are considered U.S. merchandise exports by the U.S. Reporter to the unafffiliated foreigner in Switzerland and should be recorded as such on the U.S. Reporter's Form BE-11A. Or if the U.S. Reporter charges goods to a German affiliate but ships them to an Italian affiliate, the goods should be recorded as U.S. merchandise exports by the U.S. Reporter only on the Form BE-11B or BE-11C of the Italian affiliate, not on that of the German affiliate. Similarly, if goods were charged by the U.S. Reporter to an affiliate but

shipped to the affiliate by another U.S. person, the goods should be considered an export by "other U.S. persons," not by the U.S. Reporter, on the affiliate's Form BE-11B or BE-11C.

Note — Merchandise shipped by an independent carrier or a freight forwarder at the expense of an entity are shipments by that entity.

- 6. Valuation of exports U.S. merchandise exports should be valued f.a.s. (free alongside ship) at the U.S. port of exportation. This includes all costs incurred up to the point of loading the goods aboard the export carrier at the U.S. Port of exportation, including the selling price at the interior point of shipment (or costs if not sold), packaging costs, and inland freight and insurance. It excludes all subsequent costs, such as loading cost, foreign import duties, and freight and insurance from the U.S. port of exportation to the foreign port of entry.
- 7. Valuation of imports U.S. merchandise imports should be valued at the actual contract price agreed upon between buyer and seller, adjusted to an f.a.s. foreign port-of-exportation basis. This includes all costs incurred up to the point of loading the goods aboard the export carrier at the foreign port of exportation, including the selling price at the interior point of shipment (or cost if not sold), packaging costs, and inland freight and insurance. It excludes all subsequent costs, such as loading costs, U.S. import duties, and freight and insurance from the foreign port of exportation to the U.S. port of entry.

FILING THE BE-11

- A. DUE DATE A fully completed and certified BE-11 report comprising Form BE-11A and Forms BE-11B and/or C is due to be filed with BEA not later than May 31, 1994.
- B. Extension Requests for an extension of the reporting deadline will not normally be granted. However, in a hardship case, a written request for an extension will be considered provided it is received at least 15 days prior to the due date of the report and enumerates substantive reasons necessitating the extension. BEA will provide a written response to such requests.
- C. Assistance For assistance, telephone (202) 606–5566 between 8:00 a.m. and 4:30 p.m., eastern time.
- D. Number of copies A single original copy of the report shall be filed with BEA. Each U.S. Reporter must retain a copy of its report to facilitate resolution of any problems which may arise covering the data reported.
- E. Where to send the report Reports filed by mail through the U.S. Postal Service should be sent to:

U.S. Department of Commerce Bureau of Economic Analysis BE-69(A) Washington, DC 20230

To file reports by direct private delivery, see "DELIVER REPORTS TO" on Form BE-11A.

- F. Confidentiality The information filed in this report may be used only for analytical and statistical purposes and access to the information shall be available only to officials and employees (including consultants and contractors and their employees) of agencies designated by the President to perform functions under the Act. The President may authorize the exchange of the information between agencies or officials designated to perform functions under the Act, but only for analytical and statistical purposes. No official or employee (including consultants and contractors and their employees) shall publish or make available any information collected under the Act in such a manner that the person to whom the information relates can be specifically identified. Reports and copies of reports prepared pursuant to the Act are confidential and their submission or disaclosure shall not be compelled by any person without the prior written permission of the person filing the report and the customer of such person where the information supplied is identifiable as being derived from the records of such customer (22 U.S.C. 3104).
- G. Annual stockholders' report and Form 10K Business enterprises issuing annual reports to stockholders and Form 10K are to furnish copies of these reports for FY 1993 when filing the BE-11 report.

1993 BE-11 ORDER FORM

To obtain additional copies of BE-11 Forms and Instructions, complete this order form or telephone (202) 606–5566. Enter the quantity of each item you require:

Enter the quantity of each	riterii you require.			
Item	i	Quantity	Oltem Only	Quantity
Form BE-11A			Instructions 050 at 050	
Form BE-11B		40	Guide to Industry and Foreign Trade Classifications for International Surveys	
Form BE-11C		veyati	Claim for Not Filing	
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March 8, 1994

Form BE-11 (REV 12/93)

ANNUAL SURVEY OF U.S. DIRECT INVESTMENT ABROAD 1993

The BE-11, Annual Survey of U.S. Direct Investment Abroad, is being conducted to obtain data on the financial and operating characteristics of U.S. parent companies and their foreign affiliates. A BE-11 report, consisting of Forms BE-11A, B, and/or C, is required from every nonbank U.S. person that, at the end of its 1993 fiscal year, had a nonbank foreign affiliate that is not exempt (see I.C. of the Instructions). A completed BE-11 annual survey or a Claim for Not Filing must be returned to the Bureau of Economic Analysis no later than May 31, 1994.

The data from the survey are needed to monitor changes in U.S. direct investment abroad, assess its impact on the U.S. and foreign economies, and, based upon that assessment, make informed policy decisions regarding U.S. direct investment abroad.

Reports are mandatory under Section 5 of the International Investment and Trade in Services Survey Act, (P.L. 94-472, 22 U.S.C. 3101 to 3108, as amended), which provides both civil and criminal penalties for failure to respond. As provided by Section 5(c) of the Act, the information reported may be used for analytical and statistical purposes only and will be held confidential. Implementing regulations are in the Code of Federal Regulations, Chapter 15, Part 806.

The enclosed affiliate identification labels are to be affixed in items 1 and 2 of Form BE-11B or BE-11C, whichever is applicable. For affiliates for which labels are not provided, please fill in the identification information. Also, please provide us with a copy of your annual report to stockholders and Form 10K; these documents frequently contain information that preclude follow-up calls.

If you have any questions, you may contact my staff at (202) 606-5566.

Sincerely,

Betty LUBarker, Chief

International Investment Division

Betty L. Barker



3E-11A						
DRM BE-11A (Report for U.S. Reporter)	BEA USE ONLY	Control number →				Δ
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE BUREAU OF ECONOMIC ANALYSIS MANDATORY	and/or BE-11C) is es hours per response. I sources, gathering an information. Send co Analysis (BE-1), U.S.	en for this BE-11 report (compristimated to vary from 4 to 3,000 h This burden includes time for revidential maintaining the data needed, a mements regarding this burden es Department of Commerce, Washidget, Paperwork Reduction Project	ours per respo ewing instructi nd completing timate to Direc ngton, DC 2023	nse, with an ions, searchin and reviewing tor, Bureau of 30; and to the	average on any existing any the coll of Economic Office of	f 71 I data ection of ic
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17. 18. 19. 20. 21. 22.	Total assets Total liabilit Total owne Section B For purpose between sal of goods the 000, 100, 20 148; considering income included industries of 108, 124, 13 income included income	ties The process of	or Gross Operating Reverses operating revenues services," consider as sales in with industries coded in the ot 070, 108, 124, 138, or sales that are associated with 1800 series, or in codes 070, elow regarding investment enues. For an explanation of and Foreign Trade veys. In this section should be in items 7 through 14, exce Gross sales minus returns, asive of sales or consumption	that companies, sucinvestment in foreign affiliation investment income revenues should inc. 24, and 25 as a sale when a sale consist unbundled (i.e., the as a good or service value. If actual figurent pt allowances, and discounts, in taxes levied directly on	liates, 2034 2038 2039 Ch as finance or insurance co (e.g., interest and dividends) clude such income in item 21 of a "service." Its of both goods and services goods and services are not a based on whichever accounters are not available, give be 2082 2270	Balance at closifiscal year (1) Bil. Mil. Thouse (1) In the companies, that including gross operating of the companies and cannot be separately billed), clots for a majority of st estimates. Amount (1)	b. Dols.
17. 18. 19. 20. 21. 22.	Total assets Total liabilit Total owne Section B For purpose between saling of goods the consument of the months of the consument of the c	urance companies, see Ins. Balance Sheet Items not fully consolidate your ranches, on either a cost of the second	or Gross Operating Reverses operating revenues services," consider as sales with industries coded in the ot 070, 108, 124, 138, or sales that are associated with enues. For an explanation of and Foreign Trade veys. In this section should be a finitems 7 through 14, excet Gross sales minus returns, asive of sales or consumption manufacturers, wholesaler	that companies, sucinvestment in foreign affiliation investment income revenues should inc. 24, and 25 as a sale when a sale consist unbundled (i.e., the as a good or service value. If actual figurent pt allowances, and discounts, in taxes levied directly on	liates, 2038 2039 ch as finance or insurance co (e.g., interest and dividends) clude such income in item 21 of a "service." Its of both goods and service goods and services are not a based on whichever accourses are not available, give be 2082 2270 2271	Balance at closifiscal year (1) Bil. Mil. Thouse (1) In the companies, that including gross operating of the companies and cannot be separately billed), clots for a majority of st estimates. Amount (1)	b. Dols.
17. 18. 19. 20. 21. 22. 23.	Total assets Total liability Total owne Section B For purpose between sal of goods the cool, so can be cooked as the cooked	urance companies, see Ins. Balance Sheet Items not fully consolidate your ranches, on either a cost of stees. Items To be a cost of see a	or Gross Operating Reverses operating revenues services," consider as sales with industries coded in the ot 070, 108, 124, 138, or sales that are associated with enues. For an explanation of and Foreign Trade veys. In this section should be a finitems 7 through 14, excet Gross sales minus returns, asive of sales or consumption manufacturers, wholesaler	that companies, sucinvestment in foreign affiliation investment income revenues should inc. 24, and 25 as a sale when a sale consist unbundled (i.e., the as a good or service value. If actual figurent pt allowances, and discounts, in taxes levied directly on	liates, 2034 2038 2039 Ch as finance or insurance co (e.g., interest and dividends) clude such income in item 21 of a "service." Its of both goods and services goods and services are not a based on whichever accounters are not available, give be 2082 2270	Balance at closifiscal year (1) Bil. Mil. Thouse (1) In the companies, that including gross operating of the companies and cannot be separately billed), clots for a majority of st estimates. Amount (1)	b. Dols.
17. 18. 19. 20. 21. 22. 23. 24.	Total assets Total liability Total owne Section B For purpose between sal of goods the cool, so can be cooked as the cooked	urance companies, see Ins. Balance Sheet Items not fully consolidate your ranches, on either a cost of street and except as ales of growing and sales of growing and sales of growing as sales that are associated on, 300, and 500 series, except as sales of services those oded in the 400, 600, 700, or 30, or 148, except as noted by add in gross operating revenues are the Guide to Industry site of The Guide to Industry site o	or Gross Operating Reverses operating revenues services," consider as sales with industries coded in the ot 070, 108, 124, 138, or sales that are associated with enues. For an explanation of and Foreign Trade veys. In this section should be a finitems 7 through 14, excet Gross sales minus returns, asive of sales or consumption manufacturers, wholesaler	that companies, sucinvestment in foreign affiliation investment income revenues should inc. 24, and 25 as a sale when a sale consist unbundled (i.e., the as a good or service value. If actual figurent pt allowances, and discounts, in taxes levied directly on	liates, 2038 2039 ch as finance or insurance co (e.g., interest and dividends) clude such income in item 21 of a "service." Its of both goods and service goods and services are not a based on whichever accourses are not available, give be 2082 2270 2271	Balance at closifiscal year (1) Bil. Mil. Thouse (1) In the companies, that including gross operating of the companies and cannot be separately billed), clots for a majority of st estimates. Amount (1)	b. Dols.

Par	till SE	LECTED FINANCIAL AN	D OPERATING DATA O	F U.S. RE	PORTER - Conti	nued			
>	Section C	- Other Financial and O	perating Data						
27.	Net incom stock. Also	e (loss) - After provision	for U.S. income taxes, but	before di	vidends on comm	on and preferred			
	a. Income	from equity investments ir ess than 20 percent report		enterpris	es (domestic and f	oreign); for those		Amount (1) Bil. Mil. Thous.	Dols.
		rating income and extraor osses) from the sale or ligu			rdance with FASB	52 these gains		1	1
		must be adjusted to includ					2049		I
28.	land, timbe depreciable costs, but e	res for property, plant, a r, mineral and like rights o property; construction in xcludes other types of inta	wned, structures, machin progress; and tangible an angible assets, and land h	ery, equip d intangib eld for res	ment, special tools le exploration and ale.	and other	•	iont	5.
	the U.S. Re owned by t U.S. Report	ding land, being leased fro port; items which the U.S. he U.S. Reporter. The capi er from others is to be inc	Reporter has sold on a ca talized value of timber, m luded.	apital lease ineral, and	e basis are not to be like rights being	pred as owned by the considered as leased by the	.0	pondent	
	Exclude fro due to mer	es cover all acquisitions by m expenditures all change gers, acquisitions, divesitu	es in property, plant, and e res, etc.) or to a change in	equipment n accounti	due to a change in due to a chan	TO THE HOLD BY	10		
	are to incluing e	eporters engaged in exp de capitalized and expense xpenditures to acquire or l ainst income that were sul	ed exploration and develo ease mineral rights. Adjus	pment ex stments re	penditures made of flecting prior perior	luring FY 1993, od expenditures	2275	1	
Em	ployment a	nd Employee Compensa	ation	.11	On				
	of FY 1993 taken durin FY 1993 nu 1993, was u reflects nor variations, Employee workers, in plans. Com reporting p statement,	ent - Employment is the nexcluding home workers a ge, rather than at the end of mber. If employment at the increase is a general way and operations should be the average number of em Compensation - Expended the cluding cash payments, papensation data should be eriod regardless of whether charged to inventories, or	ind independent sales per f, FY 1993 may be used p e end of FY 1993, or the couse of temporary factors given. If the business enter ployees for FY 1993 shou itures made by an employments-in-kind, and employments-in-kind, and employaged on payroll records. or such activities were characteristics. DO NOT including the property of the property o	sonnel where yield it count taker le.g., a structure in consiste the constant of the country should be give yer in consistent of the country should be data red country should be data red data	is a reasonable pro- ctivity involves larun. nection with the erunditures for emplo- ald relate to activity in expense on the in-	es. A count oxy for the end of ne during FY f employees that ge seasonal apployment of oyee benefit ies during the ncome		Number of emplo	oyees
20	such as tho	se capitalized or charged 1	to inventories in prior peri	iods.				1	
		loyment - Report the tota					2078		
30.	a. Wages a	loyee compensation – R and salaries, i.e., employee ts by the employer to emp	es' gross earnings (before			direct and in-kind		Amount (1) Bil. Mil. Thous.	Dols.
	b. Employe	ee benefit plans, i.e., emplo by statute, such as the en	oyer expenditures for all e	employee	benefit plans, incluse resulting from c	uding those		1	1
1	bargaini	ng contracts, and those th	at are voluntary.				2081		1
21	Pagagrah :	and development (PSD)	evenditures calculate	od in acco	redonce with EA	SP 2 All PSD		Amount (1)	
31.	costs incurr supplies, al U.S. Report	and development (R&D) red, including depreciation located overhead, indirect er. Exclude costs incurred	, amortization, wages and R&D costs, and the costs	d salaries, of R&D co	taxes, cost of mate anducted by others	erials and s on behalf of the		Bil. Mil. Thous.	Dols.
32.	BEA 2032 USE ONLY	1	2	3		4	2276	5	
>	Section D	- U.S. Merchandise Tra s. at the port of exportation		oods Only,	Do Not Include S	ervices			World Control
	This section	requires the reporting of da		ORTANT		1993. The data should	he on	a "ehinned" hacie i e	
	on the basis they will be	of when and to (or by) who compared. A U.S. import or hipped to or from) the Unite	m the goods were shipped, U.S. export should not be	, in order for recorded h	or them to be on the ere if the goods did	e same basis as officia I not physically enter	I U.S. tor leave	trade statistics to whi e (i.e., were not	ch
	charged. The	S. Reporters normally keep e "charged" basis may be us two bases, the "shipped" b cussed in the Instructions ,	sed if there is no material di asis must be used or adjust	ifference be	etween it and the "s	hipped" basis. If there	is a m	aterial difference	
	ships, plane goods must intercompar and imports	section cover all goods that s, railroad rolling stock, and be included in the trade figing accounts when initially co- of the U.S. Reporter to be so r reasons, sales and purchase	trucks that were temporari ures when shipped or receivensigned. The data should in thown here may not be the	ly outside t ved, even t nclude goo	the United States tranships the United States tranships the United States the United	ansporting people or or recorded as sales or declude services. T	mercha purcha hus, U.	ndise. Consigned ses or entered into S. merchandise expo	orts
33.	On what b	asis were the trade data	a in this section prepare	ed? – Mar	k (X) one				
2086	1 1 - "S	hipped" basis			If it is determine material differen				
	no	Charged" basis without adjournment of the control o		s	"charged" and "s the data have no "shipped" basis,	shipped" bases and ot been filed on the or the necessary		Amount	
	13 C	narged" basis with adjustn fferences between the "ch	nents to correct for materi arged" and "shipped" bas	ial es	put "charged" ba on a "shipped" b	re not been made to asis data essentially asis, then BEA will		(1) Value f.a.s. U.S. p	
• E)	(PORTS FR	OM THE U.S			require that the	uata be reffled.		Bil. Mil. Thous.	Dols.
34.	Merchand	ise shipped by U.S. Rep	orter in FY 1993, total -			>	2281		
35.	To its fo	oreign affiliates					2277	1	1
36.	To othe	r foreigners					2278		1
10100								Value f.a.s. foreign Bil. Mil. Thous.	and the latest designation of the latest des
		TO THE U.S ise shipped to U.S. Repo	orter in EV 1002 1	The same				1	1
3/.	werchand	ве этгрреа то О.Б. Керс	nter iii FT 1993, total -				2282	1.7	
-	and the same of the same	e de la companya de l						1	1
38.		s foreign affiliates					2279	1	

FORM (REV. 1	BE-11B (Report for Majority- Owned Foreign Affiliate)	Part I	IDENTIFI	CATION	F MAJORIT	Y-OWNED F	OREIG	N AFFIL	ATE	
(NEV.	Owned Foreign Armiate)	AFFIX it	below with ne	ecessary cor	or this affiliate rections and	Control	BEA	USE ON	LY	В
	U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE BUREAU OF ECONOMIC ANALYSIS		nd 2. Otherwise			Same as item	1. Form	BE-11A		
	MANDATORY									
	NNUAL SURVEY						alid			
	OF U.S. DIRECT	2. Na	me of fore	 ign affilia	 te being rep	orted - Use	the sam	e name	on all re	ports
	INVESTMENT	file	ed subsequer	ntly for this	affiliate with d BE-133C.	n the Bureau	of Econ	omic Ana	alysis, e.	9.,
	ABROAD 1993				is no	ses *		COOR		
	1993			orm	TALDO	te ac	1-10	SY		
	REPORTING REQUIREMENTS – Fo filed by the U.S. Reporter for each mannohank foreign affiliate that has total gross operating revenues, excluding income (loss) after provision for foreign outside the range of negative \$15 million. Read Instructions before constitution, see Part I. DUE DATE – BE-11 reports are due ASSISTANCE – Telephone (202) 606 hours – 8:00 a.m. to 4:30 p.m., easter.	ajority-ow al assets; sales taxe gn incom llion to po impleting Vlay 31, 19	vned control vned sales or net saxes ositive \$15 form; in	ation, rvey	rounded to amounts in	mounts shoul thousands (o n the shaded s between + o neses () to inc	mitting I portic r – \$500	000). Do ons of ea 0.00, ente	not en nch line r "0."	ter
	TRANSLATION OF FOREIGN CURI AND OPERATING DATA INTO U.S	RENCY F	INANCIAL RS - The		EXAMPLE report as	– If amount i	s \$1,33	4,891.0	0,	
	foreign affiliate's financial and operat	ting data s	should be dollars		Bil. Mil.	. Thous.	Pols.			
	using U.S. generally accepted accour 52). See Instructions , Part IV.B.	iting princ	ciples (FASB		1	335				
3.	Country of location Country in w activity is carried out – Mark (X) one	hich forei	gn affiliate's	physical a	ssets are loc	ated or where	e its pri	mary		
	1007 1 601 Australia 1 307 Fra	rmany	1 614 ☐ Japa 1 213 ☐ Mex 1 319 ☐ Neth		The same of the sa	ritzerland ited Kingdom	1	Oth	er – <i>Spe</i>	cify Z
4.	Enter the ending date of this fore	ign affili	iate's 1993	fiscal yea	ır			Month	Day	Year
							1008	1		93
5.	Did the foreign business enterpri	se becon	ne a foreigr	n affiliate	of the U.S.	Reporter du	ring FY	1993?		
	1009 1 1 Yes	Ponortor	Mark (V)	200						
	If "Yes," did the U.S. I) Jue <u>k</u>		Mon	th Ye	ear		
	2 2 Acquire a voting more in an exist	interes	t of 10 perc	ent or	Enter date	3				
	12 No	ing rore	gii compan	٠,٠						
	Ownership Interest in This Foreig	n Affiliat	te by U.S. R	Reporter N	lamed in Ite	m 1		Percent		
	Enter the U.S. Reporter's direct or inc	direct owr	nership intere	est based o	on voting sto	ck if		close of	fiscal ye	ear 1993
	an incorporated foreign affiliate, or a affiliate Enter to the nearest tenth of	n equivale	ent interest if	f an uninco	orporated for	eign		1		
6.	Direct ownership interest						1011	1		%
7.	Indirect ownership interest held t	hrough l	J.S. Report	er's other	foreign aff	iliates – See	1018			%
	Instructions, Part I.A.2., on how to ca	iculate in	airect owner	snip intere	ist.		1018	1		70
8.	Total ownership interest of U.S. F	Reporter	– Sum of ite	ems 6 and	7	,	1050			%
9.	Give name and address of other U.S 10 percent or more in this foreign a	. person(s	s) having a d	lirect and/o	or indirect ow	nership inter	est of			
	To percent of more in the foreign	annaco.								
	Name			Nan	ne					
	Address – Number and street or P.O.). Box nur	nber	Add	ress – Numb	er and street	or P.O.	Box num	ber	
	City State	2 7ID (Code	City			State	ZIP C	ode	
	State	211	2346	City			0.00			
10.	BEA 1036 1 2		3			4		5		
	ONLY 1010 1 2		3		, ,	4		5		
			1		- 1			1		

Part I IDENTIFICATIO	ON OF A MAJORITY-OW	NED FOREIGN AFFILI	ATE — Contin	nued				
11. Major activity of fore								
to industry and Forei	on of, the International Su gn Trade Classification	s for International Su	rvevs.		iuide			
For an inactive foreign indicate the intended a	affiliate, indicate the activ	ity pertinent to the last	active period; fo	or "start-ups,"				
Mark (X) one:	,							
1025 1 1 Product	tion - The foreign affiliate	is primarily engaged in	manufacturing	g, fabricating, asse	mblin	a,		
l processi	ng, growing, or mining or are coded in the 000, 100	extracting (including ex	coloring for or	developing) a prov	duct T	hoco		
12 Sales -	The foreign affiliate is prin	marily engaged in sellin	g (at wholesale	or retail) product	s whic	h it does i	not	
1 3 Service	These activities are code s – The foreign affiliate is	primarily engaged in pr	ovidina a servi	ce such as public	utilitie	9	Ufs.	
transpor	tation, lodging, consulting the 400, 600, 700, or 800	accounting anginoari	na halding con	proping oto Thee	a natio	ities are		
Sales of foreign affiliat		001100, 01 111 070, 100, 1	24, 130, 01 140,	of the list of 151 ct	oues.	21.		
Enter the 3-digit ISI code	e(s) and the amount of sal	es (as reported in item :	30) associated v	with each code. If	you us	se fewer ti	nan	
active period; for "start-t	count for total sales. For ir ups" with no sales, show t	he intended activity(ies		167				
Holding companies shou	uld show total income (ite it holds must constitute a	m 34). To be considered	d a holding com	npany, a company	's equ	ity in the r	net	
(usually, at least 50%) of	t its total assets invested in	n affiliates that it holds	one and, in ger	neral, it must have	a Siza			
toreign affiliate being re	ompany," is an invalid class ported generates, or is ex	pected to generate, mor	re	ISI code	11-11	S	Sales (2)	
than 50% of total income	e from other activities.	" sul atio		(1)		Bil. Mil.	Thous.	Dols.
12. Enter code with largest	amount of sales	nt surmation	1000			2		i
1013	20 (1)	infor	1028			2		1
13. Enter code with 2nd large	est amount of sales	11.	1029					1
14. Enter code with 3rd larg	est amount of sales		1030			2		1
15. Enter code with 4th larg	est amount of sales		1031		1	2		1
h	Sa		1		- 1	2		
16. Enter code with 5th large			1032			2		
17. TOTAL AMOUNT OF S Sum of items 12 through	h 16	R —	1033					
18. BEA 1034 1	2	3	4		1	5		
Part II FINANCIAL AN	ID OPERATING DATA O	E MA IODITY OWNER	FORFIGNIAN					
	iates, see Instructions,	Part III.G.	FOREIGN AF	FILIATE	Г			
Section A - Balance She All asset and liability items		in the detail shows in	portiouler econo	vijeta zasajijabla			at close	of
and payable between the U	J.S. Reporter and its foreign	on affiliate should be sh	own in the pro	per asset and		TISC	al year (1)	
liability accounts of the for • ASSETS	eign affiliate rather than ii	ncluded as a net amoun	it.		-	Bil. Mil.	Thous.	Dols.
19. Inventories — Land de	velopment companies sho	ould exclude land held f	or resale (inclu	de in item 20):	1	1		
finance and insurance co item 20 or 23 as appropri	ompanies should exclude	inventories of marketab	ole securities (in	nclude in	2039			1
20. Other current assets -		urront tuo do accounts ou	4 400 40 0 0 0 0 0 0	and other and	2033	1		-
other current receivables	s, net of allowances for do	pubtful items; land held	for resale; curr	ent marketable				İ
21. Property, plant and ed	rent assets not included in	7. J. T. W. S. T. S. J. S.	and like stakes		2100			<u> </u>
machinery, equipment, s	special tools, and other de	preciable property; con	struction in pro	aress:	'			1
Include items on capital	and intangible exploration leases from others, per F	ASB 13. Exclude all oth	er types of inta	anaible assets.				1
and land held for resale. but that are in the affilia	. (For an unincorporated a te's possession whether o	ffiliate, include items ov or not carried on the affi	vned by its U.S liate's own boo	6. Reporter(s) ks or records.)	2041	6		1
					1	U		1
22. Accumulated deprecia		manta (Fau fausian affili	-t d 00		2042	()	1
23. Other noncurrent asset including majority-owner	d foreign affiliates, report	on the equity basis to i	nclude equity in	n undistributed				į
intangible assets, net of	on; for those owned less the amortization; noncurrent	marketable securities: n	oncurrent trade	e accounts and				i
trade notes receivable, n	net of allowance for doubt	ful items; and other nor	current assets.	— Specify _▼				1
					2081			1
					1			
• LIABILITIES	n of items 19 through 2	23 ————		→	2045	1		1
25. Trade accounts and tr	ade notes payable, curi	rent			2046			i
26. Other current liabilities item 25, and long-term of	es and long-term debt — debt, including ALL LONG-	- Overdrafts, other curre	ent liabilities no	ot included in				i
that are capitalized in ac	cordance with FASB 13 wi	ith an original maturity	of more than o	ne year or		1		1
with no stated maturity.					2047			L
27. Other noncurrent liab	nd underlying minority in	terest in consolidated si	ubsidiaries. (Ho	wever the				1
equity of a direct minori	ty ownership interest in the Debit balances in these a	nis foreian affiliate is no	t to be separate	ed from the	1			i
long-term intercompany	debt (include in item 26).	accounts should be incli	udeu III ilem 23	. Exclude	2048			1
28. TOTAL LIABILITIES —	Sum of items 25 through	ah 27			2049			
OWNERS' EQUITY	or reems 20 timou	g 2./			2049			1
29. TOTAL OWNERS' EQU	ITY (INCORPORATED O	R UNINCORPORATE)		1			
FOREIGN AFFILIATE) -								21

Section C — Composition of External Finances	TOTAL		With U.S				With persons in	
SI OOF BY 1000	Equals sum of columns (2) through (5)		Reporter(s) this affilia	of te	With other U.S persons		this affiliate's country of location	With other foreign persons
• CLOSE FY 1993	(1)		(2)		(3)		110	
46. Current liabilities	Bil. Mil. Thous. D	ols. Bil	. Mil. Thous.	Dols.	Bil. Mil. Thous.	ols I	(4) Bil Mil Thous Dols	(5) Bil. Mil. Thous. Do
and long-term debt Column (1) equals the sum of items 25	1	2			3	4	11.	5
and 26. 515	1 \$	\$		Ì	\$	\$	1	s\C
47. Current and noncurrent receivables and financial investments — Column (1) equals those accounts included in items 20 and 23 that are trade accounts and trade	SUK	16,	form	P	irms are	34	y-respor	
notes receivable and other receivables, net of allowances for doubtful items, marketable securities, stocks, bonds, and other investments (excluding equity investments in other foreign affiliates of the U.S. Reporter)	(1) Bil. Mil. Thous. D 1 \$ CUTTE 1 C	o it	orma		3	4	 	5
INCORPORATED AFFILIATES 48. Capital stock and additional paid-in capital Column (1) equals that part of item 29 that is capital stock and additional paid-in capital 515	1 1	2			3	4		5
UNINCORPORATED AFFILIATES								
49. Total owners' equity — Column (1) equals item 29	4	2			3	4		5 1 1 1
	5 1	2	-		3	4		5

For purposes of distributing sales or gross operating revenues between sales of "goods," and sales of "services," and "investment income," consider as sales of goods those sales that are associated with industries coded in the 000, 100, 200, 300, and 500 series, except 070, 108, 124, 138, or 148; consider as sales of services those sales that are associated with industries coded in the 400, 600, 700, or 800 series, or in codes 070, 108, 124, 138, or 148, except as noted below regarding investment income included in gross operating revenues. For an explanation of each code, see the **Guide to Industry and Foreign Trade Classifications for International Surveys.** International Surveys.

The disaggregation of sales by industry in this section should be consistent with the disaggregation used in items 12

through 16 (Sales of foreign affiliate by industry), except that companies, such as finance or insurance companies, that include investment income (e.g., interest and dividends) in gross operating revenues should include such income in item 52, rather than in item 54, as a sale of a "service." See **Instructions**, Part III.F., for determining the location of the transactor (source) for investment income.

When a sale consists of both goods and services and cannot be unbundled (i.e., the goods and services are not separately billed), classify as a good or service based on whichever accounts for a majority of the value. If actual figures are not available, give best estimates.

51. Sales or gross operating revenues,		тот	AL		Loca	ıl sales	Sales	to U.S.	Sales to other	ner countries
excluding sales taxes, total — a. Column (1) equals item 30. b. For each	sun	imn (1) n of col throu	equal lumns gh 7	s (2)	To other foreign affiliates of the U.S. Reporter(s)	To unaffiliated customers	To U.S. Reporter(s)	To unaffiliated customers	To other foreign affiliates of the U.S. Reporter(s)	To unaffiliated customers
column,	Bil. N	Mil. Th	nous.	Dols.	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
equals sum of items 52 through 54 516	7				2	3	4	5	6	7
• By type 52. Investment income 516	1 8		i		2	3	4	5	6	7
53. Sales of goods 516	1 9		1		2	3	4	5	6	7
54. Sales of services 517	0		i I I		2	3	4	5	6	7

FINANCIAL AND OPERATING DATA OF MAJORITY-OWNED FOREIGN AFFILIATE — Continued Section E — U.S. Merchandise Trade of Foreign Affiliate - Goods Only, Do NOT Include Services IMPORTANT NOTES This section requires the reporting of data on U.S. merchandise trade of the foreign affiliate in FY 1993. The data should be on a "shipped" basis, i.e., on the basis of when and to (or by) whom the goods were shipped, in order for them to be on the same basis as official U.S. trade statistics to which they will be compared. A U.S. import or U.S. export should **not** be recorded here if the goods did not physically enter or leave (i.e., were not physically shipped to or from) the United States, even though they may have been charged to the foreign affiliate by, or charged by the foreign affiliate to, a U.S. person. the "shipped" basis must be used or adjustments must be made to the data on a "charged" basis to approximate a "shipped" basis, as discussed in the **Instructions**, Part V.B. Data in this section cover all goods that physically left or entered the U.S. customs area in FY 1993, including capital goods but excluding the value of ships, planes, railroad rolling stock, and trucks that were temporarily outside the United States transporting people or merchandise. Consigned goods must be included in the trade figures when shipped or received, even though not normally recorded as sales or purchases or entered into intercompany accounts when initially consigned. The data should include goods only; they should **exclude** services. Thus, U.S. merchandise exports and imports of the foreign affiliate to be shown here may not be the same as the foreign affiliate's sales to, or purchases from, U.S. persons because, among other reasons, sales and purchases may include services. the "shipped" basis must be used or adjustments must be made However, foreign affiliates normally keep their accounting records on a "charged" basis, i.e., on the basis of when, and to (or by) whom the goods were charged. The "charged" basis may be used if there is no material difference between it and the "shipped" basis. If there is a material difference between the two bases, purchases may include services. 55. On what basis were the trade data in this section prepared? - Marks (X) one material difference between the "charged" and "shipped" bases and the data have not been filed on the "shipped" basis, or the necessary adjustments have not been made to put "charged" basis data essentially on a "shipped" basis, then BEA will require that the 5180 1 1 Shipped" basis "Charged" basis without adjustments, because there is no material difference between the "charged" and "shipped" bases. "Charged" basis, with adjustments to correct for material differences between the "charged" and "shipped" bases. 13 data be refiled. Amount Value f.a.s. U.S. port •EXPORTS FROM THE U.S. Bil. Mil. Thous. Dols. 56. Merchandise shipped TO this foreign affiliate in FY 1993, total 5181 From the U.S. Reporter(s) of this affiliate 5215 58. From other U.S. persons 5216 Value f.a.s. foreign port IMPORTS INTO THE U.S. — Thous 59. Merchandise shipped BY this foreign affiliate in FY 1993, total 60. To the U.S. Reporter(s) of this affiliate 61. To other U.S. persons 5218 Section F — Other Financial and Operating Data of Foreign Affiliate Amount (1) Dols Bil. Mil Thous. 62. Production royalty payments for natural resources - Include only amounts paid or accrued for the year to foreign governments, their subdivisions and agencies. Include payments-in-kind at market value. **63.** Taxes (other than income and payroll taxes) and nontax payments (other than production royalty payments) — Report all such taxes and nontax payments whether or not included in revenues or expenses in the income statement. Include amounts paid or accrued for the year, net of refunds or credits, to foreign governments, their subdivisions and agencies for a. Sales, value added, consumption, and excise taxes; b. Property taxes and other taxes on the value of assets or capital; c. Any remaining taxes (other than income or payroll taxes); and d. Import and export duties, license fees, fines, penalties and all other payments and accruals of nontax liabilities (other than production royalty payments). Employment — Employment is the number of full-time and part-time employees on the payroll at the end of FY 1993, excluding home workers and independent sales personnel who are not employees. A count taken during, rather than at the end of, FY 1993 may be used provided it is a reasonable proxy for the end FY 1993 number. If employment at the end of FY 1993 or the count taken at some other time during FY 1993 was unusually high or low because of temporary factors (e.g., a strike), the number of employees that reflects normal operations should be given. If the business enterprise's activity involves large seasonal variations, the average number of employees for FY 1993 should be given. **Employee compensation** — Expenditures made by an employer in connection with the employment of workers, including cash payments, payments-in-kind, and employer expenditures for employee benefit plans. Compensation data should be based on payroll records. They should relate to activities during the reporting period regardless of whether such activities were charged as an expense on the income statement, charged to inventories, or capitalized. DO NOT include data related to activities of a prior period, such as those capitalized or charged to inventories in prior periods. Number 64. Total employment — Report the total number of employees for the year. 5158 65. Total employee compensation - Report, for all employees, the sum of Amount (1) a. Wages and salaries, i.e., employees' gross earnings (before payroll deductions), and all direct and in-kind payments by the employer to employees; and Bil. Mil. Dols Thous. **b.** Employee benefit plans, i.e., employer expenditures for all employee benefit plans, including those required by statute, those resulting from collective bargaining contracts, and those that are voluntary. S 2200 66. BEA USE ONLY 2202 2203 2 5 2 5

SUMMARY OF INDUSTRY CLASSIFICATIONS

AGRICULTURE, FORESTRY, AND FISHING

010 Agricultural production – crops
 020 Agricultural production – livestock and animal specialties

Agricultural services

080 Forestry 090 Fishing, hunting, and trapping

MINING

101 Iron ores

Copper, lead, zinc, gold, and silver ores Other metallic ores 102

107

108 Metal mining services

120 Coal

124 Coal mining services

133 Crude petroleum extraction (no refining) and natural gas
138 Oil and gas field services

140 Nonmetallic minerals, except fuels148 Nonmetallic minerals services, except

CONSTRUCTION

150 Construction

MANUFACTURING

201 Meat products

202 Dairy products

Preserved fruits and vegetables 203

Grain mill products
Bakery products 204 205

208 Beverages

209 210

220

Other food and kindred products
Tobacco products
Textile mill products
Apparel and other textile products
Lumber and wood products 230

240

250 Furniture and fixtures 262

Pulp, paper, and board mills Other paper and allied products 265

271 Newspapers

272 275

Miscellaneous publishing Commercial printing and services

281 Industrial chemicals and synthetics 283

Drugs

Soap, cleaners, and toilet goods Agricultural chemicals 284

287 289

Chemical products, n.e.c. Integrated petroleum refining and 291

extraction 292

Petroleum refining without extraction Petroleum and coal products, n.e.c. 299

Rubber products 305

Miscellaneous plastics products Leather and leather products 308

310

Glass products

Stone, clay, concrete, gypsum, and other nonmetalic mineral products 329

335

Primary metal industries, ferrous Primary metal industries, nonferrous Metal cans, forgings, and stampings

MANUFACTURING -- Continued

342 Cutlery, hardware, and screw products

Heating equipment, plumbing fixtures, and structural metal products

349 Metal services; ordnance; and fabricated 517

metal products, n.e.c. Engines and turbines 351

352 Farm and garden machinery

Construction, mining, and materials handling machinery 353

354 Metalworking machinery

Special industry machinery General industrial machinery 355

356

Computer and office equipment Refrigeration and service industry 358

machinery Industrial and commercial machinery, 359

363

n.e.c.
Household appliances
Household audio and video, and
communications equipment
Electronic components and accessories 366

369

371

Electronic components and accessories
Electrical machinery, n.e.c.
Motor vehicles and equipment
Other transportation equipment
Measuring, scientific, and optical
instruments
Medical instruments and supplies and 379 381

384

ophthalmic goods
386 Photographic equipment and supplies
390 Miscellaneous manufacturing industries

TRANSPORTATION, COMMUNICATION, AND PUBLIC UTILITIES

401 Railroads

441

Petroleum tanker operations Other water transportation 449

Transportation by air 450

Pipelines, petroleum and natural gas 461 462 Pipelines, except petroleum and

natural gas 470

Petroleum storage for hire 472

Passenger transportation arrangement Transportation, n.e.c., warehousing, terminal facilities, and related services

Telephone and telegraph

communications
Other communications services 483

Electric, gas, and sanitary services

WHOLESALE TRADE

Motor vehicles and equipment 501

Lumber and construction materials 503 Professional and commercial equipment 873 504

and supplies Metals and minerals, except petroleum 505

506 Electrical goods

Hardware, and plumbing and heating equipment and supplies 507

Machinery, equipment, and supplies Durable goods, n.e.c. Paper and paper products 508

509

Drugs, proprietaries, and sundries

WHOLESALE TRADE - Continued

513

514

Apparel, piece goods, and notions Groceries and related products Farm-product raw materials 515

Petroleum and petroleum products Nondurable goods, n.e.c.

519

RETAIL TRADE

General merchandise stores

540

Food stores Gasoline service stations Apparel and accessory stores 554 560

580 Eating and drinking places

590 Retail trade, n.e.c.

FINANCE, INSURANCE, AND REAL **ESTATE**

600 Banking

603 612 Savings institutions and credit unions Other finance

Life insurance 631

Accident and health insurance Other insurance 632

639

Real estate

Holding companies, except bank holding companies Franchising, business — selling of - selling or licensing

SERVICES

700 Hotels and other lodging places

731

Advertising Services to buildings

Equipment rental and leasing, except automobiles and computers 735

Personnel supply services

Computer processing and data preparation services 741

Information retrieval services

Computer related services, n.e.c. Other business services 743

749 Automotive rental and leasing,

without drivers 752

Automotive parking, repair, and other services

Miscellaneous repair services Motion pictures, including television tape 760 780

and film Amusement and recreation services 790

Health services 800

Legal services 810

820 Educational services Engineering, architectural, and surveying 871 services

Accounting, auditing, and bookkeeping services

Research, development, and testing services

Management and public relations

services Other services provided on a commercial 890 basis

NONBUSINESS ENTITIES

Government entities

Nonbusiness entities, except government

REMARKS

	non-operating income and extraordinary items. For affiliates classified in ISI code 612, report interest income as sales or gross operating revenues (item 30) and interest expense as cost of goods sold or		Amount
	services rendered (item 35). Insurance companies classified in ISI code 631, 632, or 639, report gross investment income as sales or gross operating revenues (item 30).		(1)
o IIV	ICOME	6	Bil. Mil. Thous.
	Sales or gross operating revenues, excluding sales taxes — Gross sales minus returns, allowances, and discounts, or gross operating revenues, both exclusive of sales or consumption taxes levied directly on the consumer, net value-added taxes, and excise taxes levied on manufacturers, wholesalers, and retailers.	2056	nts
31.	Income from equity investments — Income from equity investment included in item 23. For foreign affiliates owned 20 percent or more (including majority-owned foreign affiliates), report on the equity basis to include earnings during the reporting period; for those owned less than 20 percent, report dividends. Do not include interest income (include in item 30 or 33, as appropriate).	2057	ponder
32.	Certain realized and unrealized gains (losses) — Include gains (losses) net of income tax effects resulting from:		1
	a. Sale, disposition, or revaluation of investment securities (dealers in securities, other finance companies, and insurance companies). See Instructions, Part III.G);		1
	 b. Sale, disposition, or revaluation of land, other property, plant and equipment, or other assets; c. Remeasurement of the foreign affiliate's foreign currency-denominated assets and liabilities due to changes in foreign exchange rates during the period and transaction gains (losses) (FASB 52); 		1 1
	d. Extraordinary items (except those resulting from the early retirement or forgiveness of debt, legal judgments, and accidental damage to fixed assets); and		1 !
_	e. Unusual or infrequently occurring items.	2059	1
200	201		1
53.	Other income — Non-operating and other income not included above.	2060	
2/1	TOTAL INCOME 4 Sum of items 30 through 33	0001	1
	OST AND EXPENSES	2061	
35.	Cost of goods sold or services rendered and selling, general, and administrative expenses — Operating expenses that relate to sales or gross operating revenues (item 30) and selling, general, and administrative expenses. Include production royalty payments to governments, their subdivisions and agencies, and to other persons. Include depletion charges representing the amortization of the actual cost of capital assets. Do not include tax or percentage depletion charges.		1 1
libe	amortization of the actual cost of capital assets. Do not include tax of percentage depletion charges.	2035	1
36.	Foreign income taxes — Provision for foreign income taxes for FY 1993. Do not include U.S. income taxes. Exclude production royalty payments.	2036	į
37.	Other costs and expenses not included above, including underlying minority interest in profits that arise out of consolidation — The equity of a direct minority interest in this foreign affiliate's net income (loss) is not to be separated from the normal income accounts.	2037	
			1 1
38.	TOTAL COSTS AND EXPENSES — Sum of items 35 through 37	2038	į
N	ET INCOME		1
39.	Net income (loss) after provision for foreign income taxes — Item 34 minus item 38.	2066	
	DDENDA — SELECTED DATA FOR CURRENT PERIOD (DO NOT EPORT CUMULATIVE AMOUNTS.)		
40.	Current period foreign currency translation adjustment — Increase (decrease) during the current year in the balance sheet's cumulative foreign currency translation adjustment account (FASB 52). Report debit amounts in parentheses ().	2040	
41.	Certain unrealized gains (losses) not included in the determination of net income — Enter net unrealized gains (losses) that are not included in the determination of net income that were taken directly to retained earnings for an incorporated affiliate, or to owners' equity for an unincorporated affiliate. Report amount net of income tax effects, if any, on the gains (losses). Do not include		1 1 1 1 1 1 1
10	Pividende ev net income versitted to eveneral lecome et defiliete extraores de filiate.	2071	1
ba.	Dividends or net income remitted to owners — Incorporated affiliate, enter amount of dividends declared out of current- and prior-period income on common and preferred stock, excluding stock and liquidating dividends. Unincorporated affiliate, enter amount of current- and prior-period net income remitted to owners.	2000	1
-		2069	1 1
3.	Current-period depreciation and depletion — Current-period charges against property, plant, and equipment included in item 21.	2043	l I
	Research and development (R&D) expenditures, calculated in accordancee with FASB 2— All R&D costs incurred, including depreciation, amortization, wages and salaries, taxes, cost of materials and supplies, allocated overhead, indirect R&D costs, and the costs of R&D conducted by others on behalf of the foreign affiliate. Exclude costs incurred in R&D activities conducted for others under a contractual arrangement.	- Salaran	1 1
	others under a contractual arrangement.	2044	1
15	BEA 2077 1 2 3 4		5

	-110				OMB	No. 0608-0	053: Appro	val Expire	s 08/31/9
FORM (REV.	BE-11C (Report for Minority- Owned Foreign Affiliate)	Part I IDENTI	FICATION OF	MINORITY	-OWNED	Marie Control	200,000,000,000	-	
	,	If a BEA label has be AFFIX it below with	en provided for	this affiliate,	Control	BEA	USE ON	LY	1 1
	U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE	skip 1 and 2. Otherw	vise fill in 1 and 2	enons and	number				С
	BUREAU OF ECONOMIC ANALYSIS	1. Name of U.S	. Reporter of a	iffiliate – Sa	me as iten	1, Form	BE-11A		
	MANDATORY								
//	NNUAL SURVEY					110			
1					CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF THE	130			
	OF U.S. DIRECT	2. Name of fore	eign affiliate b	eing report	ed Use th	he same r	name on a	Il reports	3
	INVESTMENT	Form BE-577.	ently for this aff	mate with th	e Dureau D	LCOHOIII	ic Analysi	a, c.y.,	(P)
	ABROAD			00	ح O، .		-10	Ge.	
	1993		45	1,056	37	_	00,		
	REPORTING REQUIREMENTS - Fo	rm BE 11C must be	ently for this aff	NSLATIO	SE EORI	FIGN CI	BBENC	FINAN	CLAI
	filed by the U.S. Reporter for each minonbank foreign affiliate owned at least more than 50 percent, directly or indi Reporters of the affiliate combined, a sales or gross operating revenues, every or net income (loss) after provision for taxes outside the range of negative \$15 million. – Read Instructions befin particular, see Part I. Note – When the combined ownersh Reporters exceeds 50 percent, the afford otherwise exempt, be reported on Formajority-owned affiliate) and not on IDUE DATE – BE-11 reports are due ASSISTANCE – Telephone (202) 606 hours – 8:00 a.m. to 4:30 p.m., easter	inority-owned ast 20 percent, but rirectly, by all U.S. and with total assets counting sales taxes of foreign income in the completing four completing four most unless in BE-11B (as a Form BE-11B.) May 31, 1994.	fore transfer of the transfer	D OPERATION OF THE PROPERTY OF	s financial its function ally acceptions, Paris 9, 10, and tions of the order's shadounts show the shadous and show a financial financia	and ope nal curre oted accort IV.B. d 12 throe foreign re. uld be re (omitting ed portion is \$1,33	J.S. DOL rating darney to U. runting prough 16 s affiliate a ported in 000). Do ons of east, 891.0	ta should so dollar rinciples hould reand NOT U.S. dollar not entach line o,	The d be s (FASB
3.	Country of location - Country in w	hich foreign affiliate	e's physical ass	ets are loca	ted or whe	ere its pri	marv		
	activity is carried out - Mark (X) one						7		
	1007	rmany 1213 M	ipan		zerland ed Kingdo	m [1	Oth	er – <i>Spe</i>	cify Z
4.	Enter the ending date of this fore	ign affiliate's 199	3 fiscal year				Month	Day	Year
							1		
						1008	i		93
5.		Reporter – Mark (X	one recent or	Enter date	Mc		7 1993?		
6.	Percent ownership interest in this						1		
7.	item 1 at close of FY 1993 – The Linterest based on voting stock if a interest if an unincorporated fore calculate. – Enter to the nearest tenth What is the major product product, briefly state what is done to example, "Manufacture widgets to see	an incorporated for ign affiliate. See In of one percent. ced or sold, or the it, i.e., whether it is	oreign affiliat nstructions, Pa major service	e, or an equ rt l.A.2, on l	uivalent now to				%
8.	International Survey Industry (ISI industry group" that accounts for the explanation of, the ISI codes are give Classifications for International S	largest amount of ten in the Guide to I	the affiliate's sa ndustry and F	iles. A list, a oreign Tra	nd an de		2		
Par	Form BE-11B.			*		1034	-	Λ	
intal i	FINANCIAL AND OPERATIN	G DATA OF WIINO	MIT-OWNED	PONEIGIN /	METILIA II	-		Amount (1)	
							Bil. M	il. Thous	Dols.
9	Total assets - Balance at close of	fiscal year				2045	1		1
	Annual sales or gross operating r		g sales taxes	- Gross sale	es minus	2045			
	returns, allowances, and discounts, o	r gross operating re	venues, both e	exclusive of	sales or				1
	consumption taxes levied directly on levied on manufacturers, wholesalers	s, and retailers. For	affiliates classif	ied in ISI co	de 612,		1		1
	include interest income; for affiliates investment income.	classified in ISI code	e 631, 632, or 6	39 include g	gross	2056			1
11.	BEA 2072 1 2		3	4			5		
	USE ONLY								

Part II	FINANCIAL AND OPER	RATING DATA OF MIN	ORITY-	OWNED FOREI	GN AFFILIATE - Conti	nued
aivia	ncome (loss) – Net incomends on common and prefed and unrealized gains (lo	e for the year, after proverged stock, include inco	vision fo	r foreign income	taxes but before	
a. Th	e sale; disposition; or reva int and equipment, or othe	uation of investment se			erty,	
b. Rei	measurement of the foreig to changes in foreign exc ncome in accordance with	n affiliate's foreign curre hange rates during the i	period a	nd transaction a	aine (Ineses) taken	
acc	ordance with FASB 52, are	taken directly to a sepa	arate owi	ners' equity acco	ount.);	Amount (1)
leg	raordinary items (except that al judgments, and acciden	tial damage to fixed ass	early reti ets); and	rement or forgiv	veness of debt.	Bil. Mil. Thous. Dols.
d. Un	usual or infrequently occur	ring items.		A	2066	150
• U.S. I	/lerchandise Trade of Fo	reign Affiliate - Good	s Only, L	Do NOT include	Services	Yell
		IIVIPO	PRTANT	NOTES	ses.	OULC
merch data s when order trade impor goods physic	ection requires the reporting and ise trade of the foreign hould be on a "shipped" be and to (or by) whom the good for them to be on the same statistics to which they will to rU.S. export should not did not physically enter outly shipped to or from) the they may have been challed.	a affiliate in FY 1993. The asis, i.e., on the basis of cods were shipped, in a basis as official U.S. I be compared A U.S. t be recorded here if the rleave (i.e., were not a United States, even	for ation	data on a "charg basis, as discuss Data in this sect entered the U.S. goods but exclu rolling stock, an United States tra	sed or adjustments must led" basis to approxima sed in the Instructions ion cover all goods that customs area in FY 198 dig the value of ships, di trucks that were temp ansporting people or must be must be included in the	te a "shipped", Part V.B. physically left or 3 including capital planes, railroad orarily outside the erchandise.
However record and to "charge differe	e by, or charged by the foint. ver, foreign affiliate normalls on a "charged" basis, i.e. (or by) whom the goods it to be used if to the setween it and the "shall difference between the stall difference between the setween the setwe	reign affiliate to, a.U.S. Ify keep their accounting, on the basis of when were charged. The here is no material hipped" basis. If there is the "shipped"	a a	when shipped or recorded as sale intercompany as should include of thus, U.S. merc foreign affiliate the foreign affilipersons because	received, even though a received, even though a or purchases or enter acounts when initially concern and improved and impr	not normally ed into onsigned. The data exclude services. posts of the lot be the same as ses from, U.S.
	www.bea.s					Amount
	N. be					(1) Value f.a.s. U.S. port
	MM					Bil. Mil. Thous. IDols.
13. Expo	rts from the U.S. – Merch reporter(s) of this affiliate a	andise shipped TO this	foreign	affiliate in FY 19	93 from the 5181	1
		The state of the police	70110.		5161	Value f.a.s. foreign port
44 1	4-1-4-4-110-14					Bil. Mil. Thous. IDols.
U.S. R	rts into the U.S. – Mercha eporter(s) of this affiliate a	andise shipped BY this f nd to other U.S. person	foreign a s.	ffiliate in FY 199	3 to the 5198	'
	yment and Employee Co					
and pa 1993, e persor rather is a rea emplo' some of low be numbe should involve	eyment – Employment is to art-time employees on the excluding home workers are not employee than at the end of, FY 1993 as onable proxy for the end eyment at the end of FY 1993 other time during FY 1993, cause of temporary factors of employees that reflect be given. If the business destarge seasonal variation eyees for FY 1993 should be	payroll at the end of FY and independent sales s, A count taken during, amay be used provided of FY 1993 number. If 13, or the count taken at was unusually high or s (e.g., a strike), the is normal operations enterprise's activity s, the average number of	it c	employer in con ncluding cash pexpenditures for data should be be relate to activitie of whether such the income state capitalized. DO N	pensation – Expenditunection with the employayments, payments-in-kemployee benefit plans ased on payroll records during the reporting pactivities were charged ment, charged to invention include data related has those capitalized of or periods.	ment of workers, ind, and employer s. Compensation They should beriod regardless as an expense on tories, or to activities of a r charged to
						Number 1
	employment - Report the				5158	
	employee compensation ges and salaries, i.e., emplo				a), and all direct	Amount (1)
and	in-kind payments by the e	mployer to employees;	and			Bil. Mil. Thous. Dols.
thos	ployee benefit plans, i.e., e se required by statute, thos voluntary.	e resulting from collecti	ive barga	ployee benefit paining contracts,	and those that	1
-	204 1	I a	T _o		5162	!
17. BEA		2	3		4	5
ONLY	205 1	2	3		4	5
2	206 1	2	3		4	5
2	207 1	2	3		4	5
REMARKS						
	*					

FORM BE-11 Claim for Not Filing

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE BUREAU OF ECONOMIC ANALYSIS

ANNUAL SURVEY OF U.S. DIRECT **INVESTMENT ABROAD - 1993**

CLAIM FOR NOT FILING

RETURN REPORTS

U.S. Department of Commerce Bureau of Economic Analysis BE-69(A) Washington, DC 20230

U.S. Department of Commerce Bureau of Economic Analysis, BE-69(A) Shipping and Receiving Section M-100 1441 L Street, NW Washington, DC 20005

NOTE – A single original copy of this report shall be filed with the Bureau of Economic Analysis; this should be the

with the Bureau of Economic Analysis; this should be the copy with the address label if such a label has been provided.

A BE-11, Annual Survey of U.S. Direct Investment Abroau 1993, is required from any nonbank U.S. person that had a nonbank foreign affiliate – that is, that had direct or indirect ownership or control of at least 10 percent of the voting stock of an incorporated norbank foreign business enterprise or an equivalent interest in an unincorporated norbank foreign business enterprise — at the end of its 1993 fiscal year, unless all of the person's affiliates are exerting (The U.S. person's 1993 fiscal year is defined to be the person's financial reporting year that has an ending date in calendar year 1993.)

Section 806.4 of 15 CFB. Chapter VIII, requires that all persons subject.

Section 806.4 of 15 CFR, Chapter VIII, requires that all persons subject to the reporting requirements of the BE-11 survey respond, whether or

MANDATORY – This survey is being conducted pursuant to the International Investment and Trade in Services Survey Act (P.L. 94-472, 90 Stat. 2059, 22 U.S.C. 3101 to 3108, as amended by P.L. 98-573 and P.L. 101-533 – hereinafter "the Act"), and the filing of reports is mandatory pursuant to Section 5(b)(2) of the Act (22 U.S.C. 3104).

CONFIDENTIALITY – The Act provides that your report to this Bureau is CONFIDENTIAL. It may be used only for analytical or statistical purposes and CANNOT be used for purposes of taxation, investigation, or regulation. The Act also provides that copies retained in your files are immune from legal process.

Name and address of U.S. business enterprise for which this claim is filed If the enterprise received a label for Form BE-11A but is exempt from filing Form BE-11A, affix the label below. If a label was not received, enter name and address as contained on the letter transmitting the leport forms to you, indicating any changes or corrections.

Name of U.S. Reporter ZIP Code

BEA Identification Number

- raiso requires that a person, or their agent, who is contacted by BEA about reporting in this survey, either by sending them report forms or by written inquiry, must respond in writing. They may respond by:
 - certifying in writing, within 30 days of being contacted by BEA, to the fact that the person had no direct investment within the purview of the reporting requirements of the
 - completing and returning the "BE-11 Claim for Not Filing" within 30 days of receipt of BE-11 survey report forms; or
 - filing the properly completed BE-11 report by May 31, 1994,

t they are contacted by BEA.	if required.		
BASIS OF	F CLAIM FOR NOT FILING		
Mark (X) and complete either A or B			
This U.S. person did not own or control, directly and/o incorporated foreign business enterprise, or an equival (including a branch or real estate held for other than person including a branch or real estate held for the person including a branch or real estate held for the person including a branch or real estate held for the person including a branch or real estate held for the person including a branch or real estate held for the person including a branch or real estate held for the person including a branch or real estate held for the person including a branch or real estate held for the person including a branch or real estate held for the person including a branch or real estate held for the person including a branch or real estate held for the p	ent interest in an unincorporated foreign	business enterprise	
☐ But <i>did</i> file a 1992 BE-11 survey report with t	this Bureau.		
This U.S. person did own or control, directly or indirect foreign business enterprise, or an equivalent interest in or real estate held for other than personal use) at the enterprise of the control o	an unincorporated foreign business ente	erprise (including a branc	h .
None of its foreign affiliates are required to be rep You must complete the reverse side of this c preprinted label. (See Instructions, page 1, for	laim for those affiliates for which you	use all affiliates are exem u received a	pt.
2 The U.S. person is a bank or bank holding compa activities classified in International Surveys Industry		ies are generated by	
The owners are citizens of a foreign country who a foreign government (including the immediate fa resident in the U.S. for less than one year.			
4 Is fully consolidated in the BE-11 report for another U.S. person – Give name and address of that person and their BEA	Name	¥	
Identification Number, if known.	Address – Number and street or P.O. Bo	xc	
ž.	City	State	ZIP Code
	BEA Identification Number		
5 Other – Specify and include reference to section of	of regulations or instructions on which cla	im is based.	
-			
13 U.S.C. 1001 (Crimes and Criminal Procedure) makes	s it a knowingly participates	in a willful failure to repo	ort, upon
criminal offense to make a willfully false statement or representation to any department or agency of the Uni States as to any matter within its jurisdiction. Any offic director, employee, or agent of any corporation who	conviction, may be pun ted both (22 U.S.C. 3105). F	ished by a fine, imprisor or a further citation of a	iment, or
of U.S. person for BEA to consult about this claim or type	CERTIFICATION - The information contained it to the best of his/her kn	e undersigned official cer in this claim is correct an nowledge.	tifies that the d complete

Nar

Area code

U.S. telephone

Address - Number and street Authorized official's signature

Extension

State ZIP Code

Number

Print or type name and title

Date

. Name of foreign affiliate – AFFIX BEA label here	a. Percent ownership at close of fiscal year 1993 – Enter to the nearest tenth of one percent	
		Amount
	b. Total assets – Balance at close of fiscal year	(Thousands of U.S. dollar
	c. Annual sales or gross operating revenues, excluding sales taxes d. Net income (loss)	andents.
2. Name of foreign affiliate – AFFIX BEA label here 3. Name of foreign affiliate – AFFIX BEA label here WWW bea. 301 here		5001
	b. Total assets Balance at	Amount (Thousands of U.S. dollar
	close of viscal year Annual sales or gross operating revenues, excluding sales taxes	
	d. Net income (loss)	2
	a. Percent ownership at close of fiscal year 1993 – Enter to the nearest tenth of one percent	Amount
	b. Total assets – Balance at close of fiscal year	(Thousands of U.S. dollar
	c. Annual sales or gross operating revenues, excluding sales taxes	
	d. Net income (loss)	
4. Name of foreign affiliate – AFFIX BEA label here	a. Percent ownership at close of fiscal year 1993 – Enter to the nearest tenth of one percent	. %
	b. Total assets – Balance at close of fiscal year	Amount (Thousands of U.S. dollar
	c. Annual sales or gross operating revenues, excluding sales taxes	
	d. Net income (loss)	
5. Name of foreign affiliate – AFFIX BEA label here	a. Percent ownership at close of fiscal year 1993 – Enter to the nearest tenth of one percent	. 9
	b. Total assets – Balance at close of fiscal year	Amount (Thousands of U.S. dollar
	c. Annual sales or gross operating revenues, excluding sales taxes	
	d. Net income (loss)	
6. Name of foreign affiliate – AFFIX BEA label here	a. Percent ownership at close of fiscal year 1993 – Enter to the nearest tenth of one percent	. %
	b. Total assets – Balance at close of fiscal year	Amount (Thousands of U.S. dollar
	c. Annual sales or gross operating revenues, excluding sales taxes	
	d. Net income (loss)	
Additional foreign affiliates should be rep	ported on additional copied sheets.	
EMARKS		