# Single Country Trade in Value-Added



# Why is Trade in Value-Added (TiVA) important?



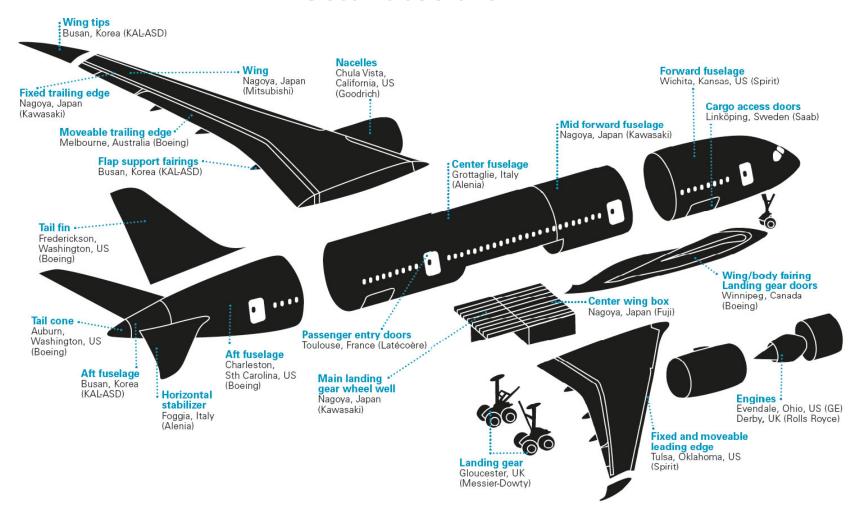
 Countries produce statistics on exports and imports of goods and services via their national accounts

- However, these data do not reflect the origin of inputs to these commodities or how they are used in production
- TiVA illustrates the value added of a country in the production of goods and services that are consumed worldwide. TiVA indicators provide details into trade between countries.

## TiVA Overview



#### Global Value Chains



## Single-Country TiVA Framework



- Key goal of BEA/NSF collaboration is to explore development of TiVA statistics in a single-country framework:
  - Rely primarily on the U.S. supply-use tables
  - No direct use of a multi-country supply-use framework
- By limiting reliance on a multi-country framework:
  - Greater timeliness
  - Higher level of detail
  - Greater consistency with official statistics

## Multi-country TiVA Framework



- Advantages of the multi-country framework:
  - Traces supply chain through direct and indirect U.S. trade partners
  - Captures exported U.S. value that "returns home" embedded in U.S. imports
  - Eliminates double counting of intermediate inputs that cross borders multiple times
- Disadvantages of the multi-country framework:
  - High level of international coordination required
  - Timeliness limited by statistical schedules in other countries
  - Level of detail limited by data availability in other countries
  - Changes to U.S. data required to reconcile discrepancies with other countries

# International Engagement to Support Global Value Chain Statistics



#### • OECD-WTO

- Ongoing support for world TiVA database
- Engagement with Expert Group on Extended Supply-Use Tables
- Asia Pacific Economic Cooperation (APEC)
  - Development of APEC regional TiVA statistics
  - Regional capacity building efforts

#### North America

- Collaboration to develop a North America regional TiVA database
- Bilateral trade asymmetries

# Methodology: data inputs



- Make-Use Tables 81 industry custom level of detail
  - Technology and aerospace manufacturing
  - Medical supplies manufacturing
  - Pharmaceuticals
  - Information services
  - Research and development
- Bilateral trade data from the International Transaction Accounts
  - Canada
  - China
  - Europe
  - Mexico
  - ROW

# Methodology: calculations



- Make table
- Use table
- Import matrix

Inputs

# Intermediate calculations

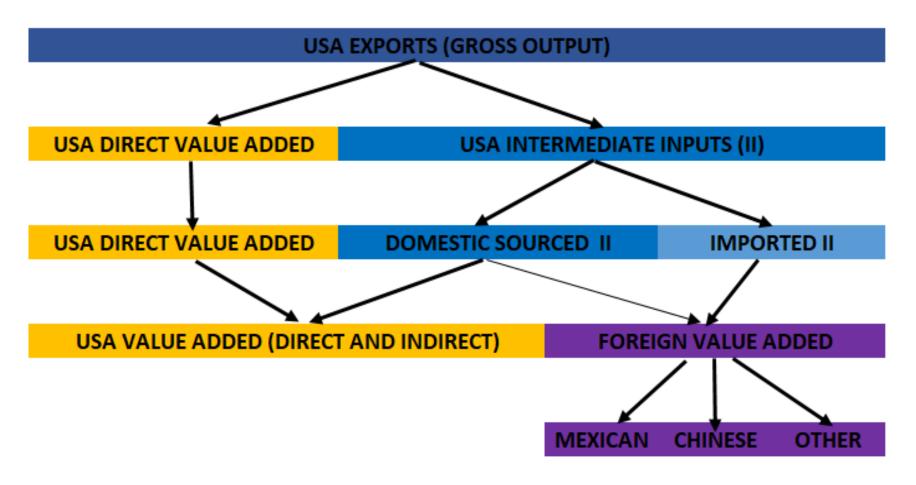
- Total Requirements
  - Value added requirements
  - Import requirements

- Decomposition of gross exports into:
  - Domestic value added
  - Imported content

**TiVA Statistics** 

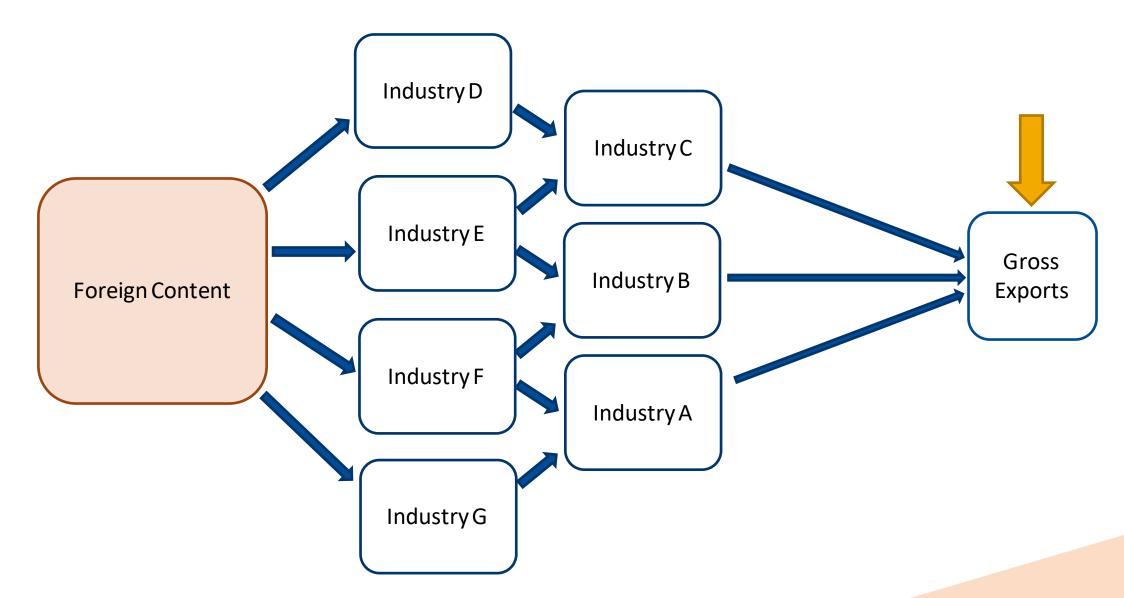
# Single Country Decomposition Concept





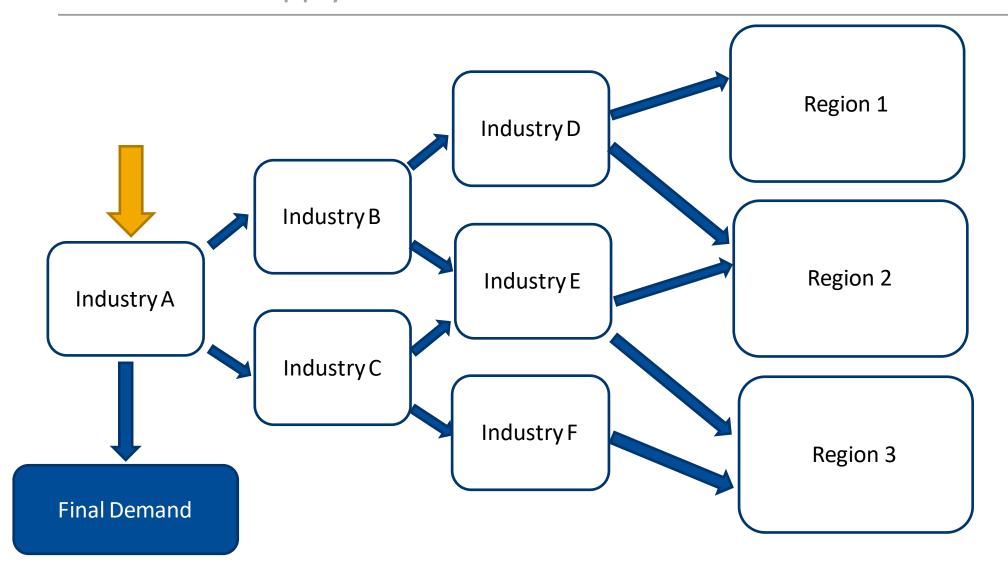
# Views of the Supply Chain: Upstream





# Views of the Supply Chain: Downstream





## **Publication Products**



#### TiVA Statistics

- Gross output and value added by industry
- Gross exports by exporting industry and purchasing region
- Value added exports by producing industry and purchasing region
- Domestic value added in U.S. gross exports
- Imported Content in U.S. gross exports
- o Disaggregation by exporting industry, value added source/import user sectors, trading partners

### Supporting tables

- Make table
- Use Table
- Bilateral import matrices by trading partner
- Export Vectors

### What's Next for TiVA?



- This is a multi-year project with NSF
- Year 2 (FY2022)
  - Publication of annual TiVA Statistics at 140-industry SUT for TiVA
  - o Research potential for breakout of Value-Added components at 140-order
  - Research potential for publication of 400-industry SUT for TiVA
- Year 3 (FY2023)
  - Refine TiVA methodology
  - Re-evaluate regional breakout and propose additional countries/regions
  - Propose publication of 400-industry SUT for TiVA
  - Propose incorporation into regular production cycle