## 2019 BENCHMARK SURVEY OF U.S. DIRECT INVESTMENT ABROAD MANDATORY - CONFIDENTIAL FORM BE-10A (Report for U.S. Reporter)

Electronic Filing: Go to www.bea.gov/efile for details

| Mail reports to: | Bureau of Economic Analysis <br> Direct Investment Division, BE-69(A) <br> 4600 Silver Hill Road <br> Washington, DC 20233 |
| :---: | :---: |
| Deliver reports to: | Bureau of Economic Analysis <br> Direct Investment Division, BE-69(A) 4600 Silver Hill Road Suitland, MD 20746 |
| Fax reports to: | (301) 278-9502 |
| Assistance: | E-mail: $\quad \frac{\text { be10/11@ } \text { bea.gov }}{(301) 278-9418}$  <br> Telephone:  <br> Copies of form: www.bea.gov/dia |

Please include your BEA Identification Number with all requests.

## Reporter ID Number



A


Instruction Booklet - Contains additionalinstructions, definitions, and detailed reporting requirements for completing this form.
Who must report -Form BE-10A must be filed by each U.S. person that has a foreign affiliate reportable in fiscal year 2019.
Data on Form BE-10A pertain to the fully consolidated U.S. domestic business enterprise for the U.S. Reporter's 2019 fiscal year.
DO NOT FULLY CONSOLIDATE OPERATIONS OF FOREIGN AFFILIATES ON FORM BE-10A. Report data pertaining to the operations of foreign affiliates on Forms BE-10B, BE-10C, or BE-10D.
Due Date - A complete BE-10 report is due on the following dates:
May 29, 2020 for a U.S. Reporter required to file fewer than 50 Forms BE-10B, BE-10C, and/or BE-10D
June 30, 2020 for a U.S. Reporter required to file 50 or more Forms BE-10B, BE-10C, and/or BE-10D
Monetary Values - Report in U.S. dollars rounded to thousands (omitting 000).
EXAMPLE - If amount is $\$ 1,334,891.00$, report as.


If an item is between + or $-\$ 500.00$, enter " 0 ." Use parenthesis () to indicate negative numbers.

## MANDATORY This survey is being conducted under the International Investment and Trade in Services Survey Act (P.L. 94-472, 90 <br> CONFIDENTIALITY <br> PENALTIES <br> Stat. 2059, 22 U.S.C. $3101-3108$, as amended). The filing of reports is mandatory and the Act provides that your report to this Bureau is confidential. Whoever fails to report may be subject to penalties. See page 16 for additional details.

## CONTACT INFORMATION

Provide information of person to consult about this report:

| 0990 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Name } \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Street 1 |  |  | 0994 | Telephone Number | Extension |
| 0991 |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | $\text { Street } 2$ |  |  |  |  | Fax Number 0 |  |
| 0992 |  |  |  | 0997 |  |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { City } \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ | State | Zip |  | E-mail Address <br> 0 |  |
| 0993 |  |  |  | 0999 |  |  |

NOTE: BEA uses a Secure Messaging System to correspond with you via encrypted message to discuss questions relating to this form. We may use your e-mail address for survey-related announcements and to inform you about secure messages. When communicating with BEA by e-mail, please do not include any confidential business or personal information. This includes your Social Security Number which should never be provided to BEA via any method of transmission.

## CERTIFICATION

The undersigned official certifies that this report has been prepared in accordance with the applicable instructions, is complete, and is substantially accurate except that, in accordance with instructions Part IV.E of the Instruction Booklet, estimates may have been provided.


## Part I - Identification of U.S. Reporter

2 What is the form of organization of the U.S. Reporter? - Mark $(X)$ one.
1002
$\square$ Corporation (except S Corporations)

2 Partnership

3 Limited Liability Company (LLC)

4 $\square$ S Corporation

5Individual, estate, or trust

6 $\square$ Other - Specify $\square$

3 If the U.S. Reporter is a business enterprise, is the U.S. Reporter owned to the extent of more than 50\% of its voting stock by another U.S. business enterprise?
1003
1 Yes -
Complete the "BE-10, CLAIM FOR NOT FILING." On the claim, mark $(X)$ box number B. 2 and enter the name and address of the U.S. business enterprise in whose report your data will be consolidated in accordance with the definition of a fully consolidated U.S. domestic business enterprise, (See Instruction Booklet, Part I.B.1.b.) Submit the claim to BEA and forward the remainder of the BE-10 survey packet to the U.S. business enterprise in whose report your data will be consolidated. If this cannot be done, please contact us for further instructions.

2
No - Complete the remainder of this form.

4 What is the Employer Identification Number(s) used by the U.S. Reporter to file income and payroll taxes? Provide any additional numbers on a separate sheet.


Does this U.S. Reporter have a Legal Entity Identifier (LEI)?
Does


2 No

Is this U.S. Reporter a publicly traded company?
${ }^{1035} 1$ Yes - What stock exchange is the U.S. Reporter listed on?
What is the U.S. Reporter's ticker symbol? $\square$
2


How many foreign affiliate reports (Forms BE-10B, BE-10C, and BE-10D) are you required to file? 1005 $\square$

8 What is the ending date of this U.S. Reporter's 2019 fiscal year? - The U.S. Reporter's financial reporting year that has an ending date in calendar year 2019. See Instruction Booklet, Part II.A.


Was there a change in the entity due to mergers, acquisitions, divestitures, etc., or a change in accounting methods or principles during FY 2019 that caused FY 2018 data to be restated? 1007


Yes - The effect of restatement on property, plant, and equipment accounts must be entered in 82.
2 No

## Part I - Identification of U.S. Reporter - Continued

10 Does the U.S. Reporter own a majority interest in an unconsolidated U.S. business enterprise? See Instruction Booklet, Part 1.B.1.b.
1009
Yes - Form BE-10A should pertain to the fully consolidated U.S. domestic business enterprise. Permission must have been requested of, and granted by, BEA to file on an unconsolidated basis. A separate Form BE-10A must be filed for each unconsolidated U.S. domestic entity.

Enter the name under which a separate Form BE-10A is being filed.


11 Does the U.S. Reporter maintain one or more sales promotion or representative offices abroad that do not produce revenue directly for their own accounts but, instead, are established solely to do business, or provide market information or public relations services, for their U.S. parent? 1010


2 No

12 Is the U.S. Reporter named in 1 a U.S. affiliate of a foreign person and required to file a 2019 Form BE-15A, Annual Survey of Foreign Direct Investment in the United States? 1011

1 Yes - Complete only 53 through 65, 69 through 93, 99 through 104, and Part V on the remainder of this Form BE-10A. Also complete Form(s) BE-10B/C/D, as required.
No - Continue with 13 (Major activity of the fully consolidated domestic U.S. Reporter).

13 What is the major activity of the fully consolidated domestic U.S. Reporter? - Mark $(X)$ one.
Select the one activity below that best describes the major activity of the U.S. Reporter. For an inactive U.S. Reporter, select the activity based on its last active period; for "start-ups," select the intended activity.


Producer of goods
2
Seller of goods the U.S. Reporter does not produce
3
Producer or distributor of information
4
Provider of services
5
Other - Specify0

14 What is the MAJOR product or service involved in this activity?
If a product, briefly state what is done to it, i.e., whether it is mined, manufactured, sold at wholesale, packaged, transported, etc. (For example, "Manufacture widgets to sell at wholesale.")

10140

15 - 19 Intentionally blank.

| BEA $^{1012}$ | 1 | 2 | 4 | 5 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| USE |  |  |  |  |
| ONLY |  |  |  |  |

## Part II — Sales and Employment by Industry Classification

## Industry Classification, Total Sales, and Employees of Fully Consolidated U.S. Reporter

## Enter the 4-digit International Surveys Industry (ISI) code(s) and the sales and employment associated with each code in items 20 through 29.

Holding company (ISI code 5512) is often an invalid industry classification for a conglomerate. A conglomerate must determine its industry code based on the activities of the fully consolidated domestic U.S. business enterprise.

Column 1 - ISI Code - See the Summary of Industry Classifications on pages 18 and 19. For a full explanation of each code, see the Guide to Industry Classifications for International Surveys, 2017 located at www.bea.gov/naics2017. For an inactive U.S. Reporter, base the industry classification(s) on its last active period; for "start-ups" with no sales, show the intended activities.

## Column 2 - Sales

## INCLUDE

- Total sales or gross operating revenues, excluding sales taxes, returns, allowances, and discounts.
- Fees and commissions.
- Revenues generated during the year from the operations of a discontinued business segment.
- ONLY finance and insurance companies and units should report dividends and interest.
- Total income of holding companies (ISI code 5512) as reported in item 47.


## EXCLUDE

- Investment gains and losses reported in item 45 .
- Sales or consumption taxes levied directly on the consumer.
- Excise taxes levied directly on manufacturers, wholesalers, and retailers.
- Gains or losses from DISPOSALS of discontinued operations and gains and losses from derivative instruments (report as certain gains (losses) in item 45).
Dividends and interest earned by non-finance and non-insurance companies and units (report as other income in item 46).

NOTE: Dealers in financial instruments and finance, insurance, and real estate companies see Special Instructions on page 17.
Column (3) - Number of employees - INCLUDE all full-time and part-time employees on the payroll at the end of FY 2019 associated with each ISI code. EXCLUDE contract workers and other workers not carried on the payroll of this U.S. Reporter. If employment at the end of FY 2019 was unusually high or low because of temporary factors (e.g., a strike), give the number of employees that reflects normal operations. If the business enterprise's activity involves large seasonal variations, give the average number of employees for FY 2019. If precise figures are not available, provide your best estimate.
NOTE: For most U.S. Reporters, the employment distribution in column 3 is not proportional to the sales distribution in column 2. Therefore, do not distribute employment by industry in proportion to sales by industry.

Sales or gross operating revenues, excluding sales taxes
ISI code
(1)


20 Largest sales or gross operating revenues
21 2nd largest sales or gross operating revenues.
22
3rd largest sales or gross operating revenues
23 4th largest sales or gross operating revenues

24 5th largest sales or gross operating revenues
25 6th largest sales or gross operating revenues
26 7th largest sales or gross operating revenues
27 8th largest sales or gross operating revenues
28 9th largest sales or gross operating revenues
29 10th largest sales or gross operating revenues
30 Number of employees of administrative offices and other auxiliary units that service more
than one industry? - INCLUDE employees at corporate headquarters, central administrative, and regional offices, and operating units that provide administration and management or support services (such as accounting, data processing, legal, research and development and testing, and warehousing) to more than one industry. EXCLUDE employees that provide administration and management or support services for only one industry. Instead, report such employees in column (3) of items 20 through 29 in the industry(ies) of the operating unit(s).

31 Sales or gross operating revenues and employees not accounted for above?

10262 $\square$
32 What are the U.S. Reporter's total sales or gross operating revenues and employees? - Sum of 20 through 31 (Column (2) must equal 43 and also 53 column (1). Column (3) must equal 66 ) $\square$

## SIZE OF THE U.S. REPORTER

33 Did this U.S. Reporter have any one of these three items: (1) total assets, (2) sales or gross operating revenues, excluding sales taxes, or (3) net income (loss), greater than $\mathbf{\$ 3 0 0}$ million at the end of, or for, the U.S. Reporter's 2019 fiscal year?
2030
1 Yes - Skip Part III, then continue with Part IV on page 6.
2 No - Complete Part III, skip Part IV, then continue to Part V on page 15.
34-39 Intentionally blank.

Part III - Selected Financial and Operating Data of U.S. Reporter

## NET INCOME, ASSETS, AND LIABILITIES

What are the U.S. Reporter's values for:
40 Net income (loss)?
Total assets? - Balance at close of fiscal year
42 Total liabilities? - Balance at close of fiscal year

| 1028 |  | ${ }^{2}$ | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1029 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| BEA 1030 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| ONLY ${ }_{1031}$ | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| 2036 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |

## Part IV - Financial and Operating Data of U.S. Reporter Complete ONLY if the answer to 33 is "Yes"

Section A - Income Statement of U.S. Reporter - See Additional Instructions for Part IV, Section A, on page 16 at the back of this form. What are the U.S. Reporter's values for: INCOME

43 Sales or gross operating revenues, excluding sales taxes? - Must equal 32 column (2), (Dealers \$ Bil. Mil. Thous. Dols. in financial instruments see Special Instructions, A.1., page 17; insurance companies see Special Instructions, B.2.a., page 17.) or more (including majority-owned foreign affiliates), report equity in earnings during the reporting period; for those owned less than 20 percent, report dividends or distributed earnings for unincorporated affiliates.
EXCLUDE interest income.
a. Income from equity investments in unconsolidated U.S. business enterprises $\qquad$

44 Income from equity investments in unconsolidated business enterprises? - For those owned 20 percent

## b. Income from equity investments in foreign affiliates



45 Certain gains (losses)? - Read the following instructions carefully as they may deviate from what is normally required by U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles. Report gross amount before income tax effect. INCLUDE income tax effect in 49 . Report gains (losses) resulting from
a. Sale or disposition of financial assets including investment securities; FASB ASC 320 (FAS 115) holding gains (losses) on securities classified as trading securities; FASB ASC 320 (FAS 115) impairment losses; and gains (losses) derived from derivative instruments. Dealers in financial instruments (including securities, currencies, derivatives, and other financial instruments) and finance and insurance companies, see Special Instructions, A.1., page 17;
b. Sales or dispositions of land, other property, plant and equipment, or other assets, and FASB ASC 360 (FAS 144) impairment losses. EXCLUDE gains or losses from the sale of inventory assets in the Ordinary course of trade or business. Real estate companies, see Special Instructions, A.2., page 17;
c. Goodwill impairment as defined by FASB ASC 350 (FAS 142);
d. Restructuring. INCLUDE restructuring costs that reflect write-downs or write-offs of assets or liabilities. EXCLUDE actual payments and charges to establish reserves for future expected payments, such as for severance pay, and fees to accountants, lawyers, consultants, or other contractors;
e. Disposals of discontinued operations. EXCLUDE income from the operations of a discontinued segment. Report such income as part of your income from operations in 32, 43, and 53;
f. Re-measurement of U.S. Reporter's foreign-currency-denominated assets and liabilities due to changes in foreign exchange rates during the reporting period;
g. Extraordinary, unusual, or infrequently occurring items that are material. INCLUDE losses from accidental damage or disasters after estimated insurance reimbursement. INCLUDE other material items, including write-ups, write-downs, and write-offs of tangible and intangible assets; gains (losses) from the sale or other disposition of capital assets; and gains (losses) from the sale or other disposition of financial assets, including securities, to the extent not included above. EXCLUDE legal judgments;
h. The cumulative effect of a change in accounting principle; and
i. The cumulative effect of a change in the estimate of stock compensation forfeitures under FASB ASC 718 (FAS 123(R)).

46 Other income? - Report non-operating and other income not included in 43 - Specify


47 Total income? - Sum of 43 through 46


50 Other costs and expenses not included above, including minority interests in income (loss) that arise out of consolidation? - Specify
$\square$
$\square$

## COSTS AND EXPENSES

Cost of goods sold or services rendered and selling, general, and administrative expenses? Insurance companies see Special Instructions, B.2.c., page 17.
49 U.S. income taxes? - Provision for U.S. Federal, state, and local income taxes.
EXCLUDE production royalty payments

3045
51 Total costs and expenses? - Sum of 48 through 50 .

## NET INCOME

## Section B - Distribution of Sales or Gross Operating Revenues

Distribute sales or gross operating revenues among three categories - sales of goods, sales of services, and investment income. For the purpose of this distribution, "goods" are normally economic outputs that are tangible and "services" are normally economic outputs that are intangible, including sales related to intellectual property rights. When a sale consists of both goods and services and cannot be unbundled (i.e., the goods and services are not separately billed), classify the sales as goods or services based on whichever accounts for a majority of the value. Give best estimates if actual figures are not available. Insurance companies also see Special Instructions, B.2.d. and e., page 17.

54 Sales of goods - Goods are normally economic outputs that are tangible. Sales of goods include, but are not limited to:

- Mass produced media, including exposed film, video tapes, DVDs, audio tapes, and CDs.
- Books. NOTE: Report revenues associated with the design, editing, and marketing activities for producing and distributing books that you both publish and sell as sales of services.
- Energy trading activities where you take title to the goods. NOTE: If you act in the capacity of a broker or agent to facilitate the sale of goods and you do not take title to the goods, report your revenue (i.e., commissions) as sale of services in 55 .
- Bulk sales of newspapers and periodicals sold in retail stores. NOTE: Report subscription sales as sales of services in 55.
- Packaged general use computer software.
- Structures sold by businesses in real estate
- Revenues earned from building structures by businesses in construction.
- Electricity, natural gas, and water, NOTE: Revenues derived from transmitting and/or distributing these goods, as opposed to revenues derived from the sale of the actual product, should to the extent feasible, be reported as sales of services in 55.

55 Sale of services, including intellectual property
rights - Services are normally economic outputs that are
intangible. Sales of services include, but are not limited to:

- Advertising revenue, inclúding placement of ads in print, broadcast, or digital media.
- Commissions and fees earned by companies engaged in finance and real estate activities.
- Commissions earned by agents or brokers (i.e., wholesalers) who act on behalf of buyers and sellers in the wholesale distribution of goods. NOTE: Agents or brokers do not take title to the goods being sold.
- Newspapers and periodicals sold through subscriptions, whether by mail, electronic subscription, or other means. NOTE: Report bulk sales as sales of goods in 54 .
- Transportation, including by air, rail, tanker, truck, or pipeline, and warehousing.
- Income from transactions in intellectual property, including franchise fees and the rights to use, reproduce and/or distribute, intellectual property, including:
- patents, process, trade secrets, and trademarks;
- bbooks or music, recorded performances and events, and broadcasting live performances and events, excluding on physical media;
general use computer software, excluding on physical media; and
- Computer services, including sales of customized software, cloud computing and data storage services.
- Electricity, natural gas, and water transmission and distribution.
- Operating electronic markets bringing together buyers and sellers of goods and services using the Internet or other electronic means.
- Real estate rental income. NOTE: report in columns (2) through (4) based on the location of the property.

56 Investment income - Report dividends and interest generated by finance and insurance activities as investment income. NOTE: Report commissions and fees as sales of services in 55.
Finance or insurance companies that include investment income in gross operating revenues should report the source of such investment income in 56 based on the location of the issuer of the financial instrument whether publicly issued or privately placed. If the location of the issuer is unknown, then substitute the nationality of the issuer. If both the location and nationality of the issuer are unknown, and an intermediary (e.g., trustee, custodian, or nominee) is used to manage the investment (financial instrument or real estate) use the country of location of the intermediary.

What are the U.S. Reporter's values for:
53 Sales or gross operating revenues, excluding sales taxes? -
a. Column (1) equals 43.
b. Each column of line 53 equals the sum of 54, 55 , and 56.

BY TYPE
54 Sales of goods?
55 Sales of services, including intellectual property rights?

56 Investment income?

|  | tOTAL$(1)=(2)+(3)+(4)$ |  |  |  |  | Sales to U.S. persons <br> (2) |  |  |  | Sales to foreign affiliates of this U.S. Reporter <br> (3) |  |  |  | Sales to other foreign persons <br> (4) |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | \$ | Bil. | Mil. | Thous. | Dols. | \$ | Bil. | Mil. | Thous. | \$ | Bil. | Mil. | Thous. | \$ | Bil. | Mil. | Thous. |
| 3147 | 1 |  |  |  |  | 2 |  |  |  | 3 |  |  |  | 4 |  |  |  |
|  | 000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 3148 | 000 |  |  |  |  | 2 |  |  |  | 3 |  |  |  | 4 |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 3149 | 1 | 000 |  |  |  | ${ }^{2}$ |  |  |  | 3 |  |  |  | 4 |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 3150 | 1 | 000 |  |  |  | ${ }^{2}$ |  |  |  | 3 |  |  |  | ${ }^{4}$ |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

## Section C - Digital Economy Activities

- Sales or gross operating revenues reported in this section should be included in the total for sales of services reported in $\mathbf{5 5}$.
- Estimates - If actual data are not available, or only partial data are available, provide estimates and label as such. Data provided in this section may be reasonable estimates based upon the informed judgment of persons in the responding organization, sampling techniques, prorations based on related data, etc.


## For cloud computing services, what are the U.S. Reporter's values for:

Cloud computing services - Computing services that customers can access from a shared pool of configurable computing resources in a flexible and on-demand way, without active management by the customer. They offer a range of resources, such as access to processing, storage, and networks; platforms for customers to deploy their own applications; and readymade software.

Sales or gross operating revenues, excluding sales tax?


59 Number of employees engaged in providing these services?
For digital intermediation services, what are the U.S. Reporter's values for:
Digital intermediation services - Services that are earned from operating a digital intermediary platform, which is an online interface that facilitates, for a fee, the direct interaction between multiple buyers and multiple sellers. The platform does not take economic ownership of the goods nor does it provide the services that are being

Sales or gross operating revenues, excluding sales tax?
Report fees and commissions only, not the value of the goods or services sold on the platform $\square$
Costs and expenses, excluding employee compensation, associated with providing these services?

62 Number of employees engaged in providing these services?

Digitally delivered services are those that are delivered remotely over information and communications technology networks - i.e.
over voice or data networks, including the Internet, or in an electronically downloadable format.
Digitally ordered pertains to the sale of a good or service conducted over computer networks by methods specifically designed for the purpose of receiving or placing orders, negotiating terms of sales or price. This covers orders placed over an electronic data interchange, the Internet, mobile device, or any other online system.


## Part IV - Financial and Operating Data of U.S. Reporter - Continued

## Section D - Employment

Report the number of employees on the payroll at the end of FY 2019 including part-time employees, but excluding temporary and contract employees not included on your payroll records. A count taken at some other date during the reporting period may be given provided it is a reasonable estimate of employees on the payroll at the end of FY 2019. If the number of employees at the end of FY 2019 (or when the count was taken) was unusually high or low due to temporary factors (e.g., a strike), enter the number of employees that reflects normal operations. If the number of employees fluctuates widely during the year due to seasonal business variations, report the average number of employees on the payroll during FY 2019. Base such an average on the number of employees on the payroll at the end of each pay period, month or quarter. If precise figures are not available, give your best estimate.

66 What is the U.S. Reporter's total number of employees?


## Research and Development Employees

INCLUDE all employees who work on R\&D or who provide direct support to R\&D, such as researchers, R\&D managers, technicians, clerical staff, and others assigned to R\&D groups.

- Researchers include R\&D scientists, engineers, and their managers.
- R\&D technicians and equivalent staff are persons whose main tasks require technical knowledge and experience in one or more field of science or engineering, but who contribute to R\&D by performing technical tasks under the supervision of researchers.
- R\&D support staff is not directly involved with the conduct of a research project, but support the researchers and technicians. These employees might include clerical staff, report writers, regulatory experts, quality assurance, safety trainers, and other related employees.

EXCLUDE employees who provide only indirect support to R\&D, such as corporate personnel, security guards, and cafeteria workers.

What is the number of employees in 66 who are research and development employees? - Employees who work on R\&D or who provide direct support to R\&D

Report employee compensation expenditures, the base compensation data on payroll records, made by an employer in connection with the employment of workers, including cash payments, payments-in-kind, and employer expenditures for employee benefit plans including those required by statute. Total employee compensation consists of wages and salaries of employees and employer expenditures for all employee benefit plans. Report compensation that relates to activities that occurred during the reporting period regardless of whether the activities were charged as an expense on the income statement, charged to inventories, or capitalized. EXCLUDE data related to activities of a prior period, such as those capitalized or charged to inventories in prior periods. EXCLUDE compensation of contract workers not carried on the payroll of this U.S. Reporter.

68 What is the U.S. Reporter's total employee compensation expenditure? - Report, for all employees in 66, the sum of wages and salaries and employee benefit plans
$3256{ }^{1}$ Number of employees
$\ldots$. .

| \$ Bil. Mil. Thous. | Dols. |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 32571 |  |  |  |
| $\ldots$. |  |  | 000 |

## Section E - Balance Sheet of U.S. Reporter at Close of FY 2019

NOTE - Disaggregate all asset and liability items in the detail shown. Show accounts receivable and payable between the U.S. Reporter and its foreign affiliates in the proper asset and liability accounts of the U.S. Reporter. Do not report them as a net amount.

69 Cash and cash equivalents - INCLUDE deposits in financial institutions and other cash items and short-term, highly liquid investments that are both readily convertible to known amounts of cash and so near their maturity that they present insignificant risk of changes in value because of changes in interest rates. EXCLUDE overdrafts as negative cash, instead report overdrafts in 78 .

72 Property, plant, and equipment, net - Report net of accumulated depreciation and depletion. INCLUDE land, timber, mineral rights and similar rights owned. Also INCLUDE structures, machinery, equipment, special tools, deposit containers, construction in progress, and capitalized tangible and intangible exploration and development costs of the U.S. Reporter. INCLUDE items leased from others, per FASB ASC 842. EXCLUDE all other types of intangible assets, and land held for resale.

What are the U.S. Reporter's values for:

## ASSETS

## LIABILITIES

- Insurance companies see Special Instructions, B.2.g., page 17.

|  |  | 3373 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 77 | Trade accounts and trade notes payable, current? |  | 000 |
|  |  | 3374 |  |
| 78 | Other liabilities?. |  | 000 |
|  |  | 3375 |  |
| 79 | Total liabilities? - Sum of 77 and 78 |  | 000 |

## OWNERS EQUITY?

Total owners' equity? - 76 minus 79
3376

## Part IV - Financial and Operating Data of U.S. Reporter - Continued

## Section F - Property, Plant and Equipment (PP\&E)

NOTE - PP\&E includes land, timber, mineral and like rights owned; structures, machinery, equipment, special tools, and other depreciable property; construction in progress; and capitalized tangible and intangible exploration and development costs, but excludes other types of intangible assets, and land held for resale.

## 81 - 88

INCLUDE items leased from others (including land). Also INCLUDE the capitalized value of timber, mineral, and similar rights leased by the U.S. Reporter from others. EXCLUDE items the U.S. Reporter has leased to others.
EXCLUDE from expenditures ( 83 and 84 ) all changes in PP\&E resulting from a change in the entity (e.g., due to mergers, acquisitions, divestitures, etc.) or accounting principles during FY 2019. Account for such changes in 82.

For U.S. Reporters engaged in exploring for, or developing natural resources, INCLUDE in 83 and 84 exploration and development expenditures made during FY 2019 that were capitalized, including capitalized expenditures to acquire or lease mineral rights. INCLUDE adjustments for expenditures charged against income in prior years, but subsequently capitalized during FY 2019 in 87.

85 Depreciation - EXCLUDE depletion. Report depletion separately in 86.

## What are the U.S. Reporter's values for:

## BALANCE CLOSE, FY 2018

\author{

- Insurance companies see Special Instructions, B.2.h., page 17.
}

81 Net book value of PP\&E at close FY 2018? - The closing FY 2018 value before restatement due to a change in the entity or accounting methods or principles.. .

## CHANGES DURING FY 2019

82 Restatement due to a change in the entity (i.e., due to mergers, acquisitions, divestitures, etc.) or due to a change in accounting methods or principles? -If the answer to 9 was "Yes," give amount by which 81 would be restated. If a decrease, put amount in parentheses. EXCLUDE gains (losses) resulting from the sale of disposition of domestic subsidiaries of the U.S. Reporter, and from the revaluation of assets (whether or not realized). Report these amounts in 45 and/or 80 - equals sum of $82 \mathbf{a}$ and $82 \mathbf{b}$

Amount by which the net book value of PP\&E would be restated due to:
a. Change in entity (i.e due to the acquisition of, or merger with, another company, or the divestiture of a subsidiary, change in fiscal year, etc.) $\square$ 000
b. Change in accounting methods or principles

34891 $\square$ 000

Is change in accounting methods due in whole or in part to implementation of FASB ASC 842 Lease Accounting?
$3_{3400}{ }^{1} 1$ Yes, in whole ${ }^{1} 2$ Yes, in part ${ }^{1} 3$ No

Expenditures by the U.S. Reporter for, or transfers into the U.S. Reporter of: - Insurance companies see Special Instructions, B.2.i., page 17.


## Part IV - Financial and Operating Data of U.S. Reporter - Gontinued

## Section G - Interest, Production Royalty Payments, and Taxes

## What are the U.S. Reporter's value(s) for:

90 Interest income? - Report interest received by or due to the U.S. Reporter from all payors (including affiliated persons), net of tax withheld at the source. INCLUDE all interest receipts included in 43 and 46 . Do not net against interest expensed in 91 .
\$ Bil. Mil. Thous. Dols.

91 Interest expensed or capitalized? - Report interest expensed or capitalized by the U.S. Reporter, paid or due to all payees (including affiliated persons), gross of tax withheld. Do not net against interest income in 90.

Taxes (except income and payroll taxes) and nontax payments (other than production royalty payments)? .
Report all such taxes and nontax payments whether or not included in revenues or expenses in the income statement. INCLUDE amounts paid or accrued for the year, net of refunds or credits, to Federal, state, and local governments, their subdivisions and agencies for -

- Sales, consumption, and excise taxes collected by the U.S. Reporter on goods and services the U.S. Reporter sold;
- Property and other taxes on the value of assets and capital;
- Any remaining taxes (other than income and payroll taxes); and
- Import and export duties, license fees, fines, penalties, and all other payments or accruals of nontax liabilities (except production royalty payments for natural resources).

95 What are the U.S. Reporter's values for:


Remarks

Banking Activities in ISI codes 5221 or 5229

TOTAL
(1) $=(2)+(3)$
(2) 000

All Other
(3)

Dols.

## Section I - Insurance Industry Activities - Premiums earned and losses incurred

96 Of the total sales and gross operating revenues reported in 32, column (2), were any of the sales or revenues generated by insurance-related activities covered by ISI codes 5243 (Insurance carriers, except direct life insurance carriers) and 5249 (Direct life insurance carriers)?
3591

$$
\begin{aligned}
1 & \text { Yes - Answer } 97 \\
\mathbf{1} & \text { and } 98 \\
1 & \text { No - Skip to } 99
\end{aligned}
$$

## What are the U.S. Reporter's values for:

97 Premiums earned?

- Report premiums, gross of commissions, included in revenue during the reporting year. Calculate as direct premiums written (including renewals) net of cancellations, plus reinsurance premiums assumed, minus reinsurance premiums ceded, plus unearned premiums at the beginning of the year, minus unearned premiums at the end of the year. EXCLUDE all annuity premiums. Also EXCLUDE premiums and policy fees related to universal and adjustable life, variable and interest-sensitive life, and variable-universal life policies.

98
Losses incurred?
O.....
O.

- Report losses incurred for the insurance products covered by 97 above. EXCLUDE loss adjustment expenses and losses that relate to annuities. Also EXCLUDE losses related to universal and adjustable life, variable and interest-sensitive life, and variable-universal life policies.
- For property and casualty insurance, calculate as net losses paid during the reporting year, minus net unpaid losses at the beginning of the year, plus net unpaid losses at the end of the year. In the calculation of net losses, INCLUDE losses on reinsurance assumed from other companies and EXCLUDE losses on reinsurance ceded to other companies. Unpaid losses INCLUDE both case reserves and losses incurred but not reported.
- For life insurance, losses reflect policy claims on reinsurance assumed or on primary insurance sold, minus losses recovered from reinsurance ceded, adjusted for changes in claims due, unpaid, and in the course of settlement.


## Part IV - Financial and Operating Data of U.S. Reporter - Continued

## Section J - Research and Development

R\&D is planned, creative work aimed at discovering new knowledge or developing new or significantly improved goods and services. This includes:
Basic research is the pursuit of new scientific knowledge or understanding that does not have specific immediate commercial objectives, although it may be in fields of present or potential commercial interest.
Applied research applies the findings of basic research or other existing knowledge toward discovering new scientific knowledge that has specific commercial objectives with respect to new products, services, processes, or methods.
Development is the systematic use of the knowledge or understanding gained from research or practical experience directed toward the production or significant improvement of useful products, services, processes, or methods, including the design and development of prototypes, materials, devices, and systems.

R\&D includes the activities described above, whether assigned to separate R\&D organizational units of the company or carried out by company laboratories and technical groups that are not a part of an R\&D organization.
EXCLUDE R\&D expenditures for:

- Costs for routine product testing, quality control, and technical services unless they are an integral part of an R\&D project
- Market research
- Efficiency surveys or management studies
- Literary, artistic, or historical projects, such as films, music, or books and other publications
- Prospecting or exploration for natural resources

INCLUDE wages, salaries, and related costs; materials and supplies consumed; depreciation on R\&D property and equipment, cost of computer software used in R\&D activities; utilities, such as telephone, electricity, water, and gas; travel costs and professional dues; property taxes and other taxes (except income taxes) incurred on account of the R\&D organization or the facilities they use; insurance expenses; maintenance and repair, including maintenance of buildings and grounds; company overhead including: personnel, accounting, procurement and inventory, and salaries of research executives not on the payroll of the R\&D organization
EXCLUDE capital expenditures, expenditures for tests and evaluations once a prototype becomes a production model, patent expenses, and income taxes and interest.

NOTE -99 through 103 pertain to R\&D performed by the U.S. Reporter, including R\&D performed by the U.S. Reporter for others under contract. This is the basis on which National Science Foundation surveys request information on R\&D. The FASB ASC 730 (FAS 2) - Measure of B\&D; (i.e., R\&D from which the firm benefits) is the sum of 100 and 104.


## IMPORTANT NOTES

Report exports and imports of goods by the U.S. Reporter in FY 2019. Report all goods that physically left or entered the U.S. customs area. Report data on a "shipped" basis, i.e., on the basis of when and to (or by) whom the goods were shipped. This is the same basis as official U.S. trade statistics to which these data will be compared. Do not record a U.S. import or export if the goods did not physically enter or leave (i.e., were not physically shipped to or from) the United States, even if they were charged to the U.S. Reporter by, or charged by the U.S. Reporter to, a foreign person.
U.S. Reporters normally keep their accounting records on a "charged" basis, i.e., on the basis of when and to (or by) whom the goods were charged. The "charged" basis may be used if there is no material difference between it and the "shipped" basis. If there is a material difference, the "shipped" basis must be used or adjustments made to data on a "charged" basis to approximate a "shipped" basis. The data should INCLUDE goods only; they should EXCLUDE services.
Capital goods - INCLUDE capital goods but EXCLUDE the value of ships, planes, railroad rolling stock, and trucks that were temporarily outside the United States transporting people or goods.
Consigned goods - INCLUDE consigned goods in the trade figures when shipped or received, even though they are not normally recorded as sales or purchases, or entered into intercompany accounts when initially consigned.

In-transit goods - EXCLUDE from exports and imports the value of goods that are in-transit. In-transit goods are goods that are not processed or consumed by residents in the intermediate country(ies) through which they transit; the in-transit goods enter that country(ies) only because that country(ies) is along the shipping lines between the exporting and importing countries. In-transit imports are goods en route from one foreign country to another via the United States (such as from Canada to Mexico via the United States), and in-transit exports are goods en route from one part of the United States to another part via a foreign country (such as from Alaska to Washington State via Canada).
Packaged general use computer software - INCLUDE exports and imports of packaged general use computer software. Value such exports and imports at the full transaction value, i.e., the market value of the media on which the software is recorded and the value of the information contained on the media. EXCLUDE exports and imports of customized software designed to meet the needs of a specific user. This type of software is considered a service and should not be included as trade in gooods, EXCLUDE negotiated fees for software that is to be used on networks.
Natural gas, electricity, and water - Report ONLY the product value of natural gas, electricity, and water that you produce or sell at wholesale as exports and imports of goods. DO NOT report the service value (transmission and distribution).
See Instruction Booklet, Part V.

## EXPORTS AND IMPORTS BY THE U.S. REPORTER

105 On what basis were the trade data in the section prepared? - Mark (X) one.

"Charged" basis without adjustments, because there is no material difference between the "charged" and "shipped" bases.
"Charged" basis with adjustments to correct for material differences between the "charged" and "shipped" bases.

TOTAL
(1) $=(2)+(3)$
(1) $\quad$ \$ Bil. Mil. Thous.
4102 F

. . . .

Shipped to its foreign affiliates
(2)

Dols. \$ Bil.
Dols. \$ Bil. Mil. Thous.
000

TOTAL
$(1)=(2)+(3)$
MPORTS OF GOODS BY THIS U.S. REPORTER (Valued f.a.s. foreign port)

107 What is the value of the total goods shipped in FY 2019 to this U.S. Reporter by foreigners?
By intended use - Sum of 108 through 110 must equal 107:
(1)
\$ Bil. Mil. Thous. $4103 \quad 1$
..$\square$

Shipped to other foreigners
(3)
(3)
\$ Bil. Mil. Thous.
 3

108 Goods intended for further processing, assembly, or manufacture by the U.S. Reporter before resale to others . 109

Goods for resale without further processing, assembly, or manufacture by the U.S. Reporter

Other, including capital equipment - Specify 0
\$ Bil (2)

(2)

Bil. Mil. Thous.
\$ Bil.
$\square$ $000^{2}$
4409

Shipped by its foreign affiliates

000

2

Shipped by other foreigners
(3)
\$ Bil. $\begin{gathered}(3) \\ \text { Mil. Thou }\end{gathered}$

106 What is the value of the total goods shipped in FY 2019 by this U.S. Reporter to foreigners?

## 2019 BENCHMARK SURVEY OF U.S. DIRECT INVESTMENT ABROAD FORM BE-10A ADDITIONAL INFORMATION AND INSTRUCTIONS BY ITEM

Authority — This survey is being conducted pursuant to the International Investment and Trade in Services Survey Act (P.L. 94-472., 90 Stat. 2059, 22 U.S.C 3101-3108, as amended, hereinafter "the Act"), and the filing of reports is MANDATORY pursuant to Section 5(b)(2) of the Act (22 U.S.C. 3104).

Penalties - Whoever fails to report shall be subject to a civil penalty and to injunctive relief commanding such person to comply, or both. Whoever willfully fails to report shall be fined and, if an individual, may be imprisoned for not more than one year, or both. Any officer, director, employee, or agent of any corporation who knowingly participates in such violations, upon conviction, may be punished by a like fine, imprisonment, or both (22 U.S.C. 3105). The civil penalties are subject to inflationary adjustments. Those adjustments are found in 15 C.F.R. 6.3.
Notwithstanding any other provision of the law, no person is required to respond to, nor shall any person be subject to penalty for failure to comply with, a collection of information subject to the requirements of the Paperwork Reduction Act, unless that collection of information displays acurrently valid OMB Control Number.
Respondent Burden - Public reporting burden for this BE-10 report (comprising Form BE-10A and Form(s) BE-10B, BE-10C, and/or BE-10D) is estimated to average 38 hours per response. This burden includes time for reviewing instructions, searching existing data sources, gathering and maintaining the data needed, and completing and reviewing the collection of information. Send comments regarding this burden estimate to Director, Bureau of Economic Analysis (BE-1), U.S. Department of Commerce, 4600 Silver Hill Road, Washington, DC 20233; and to the Office of Management and Budget, Paperwork Reduction Project 0608-0049, Washington, DC 20503.
Confidentiality - The Act provides that your report to this Bureau is confidential and may be used only for analytical or statistical purposes. Without your prior written permission, the information filed in your report cannot be presented in a manner that allows it to be individually identified. Your report cannot be used for purposes of taxation, investigation, or regulation. Copies retained for your files are immune from legal process. Per the Cybersecurity Enhancement Act of 2015, your data are protected from cybersecurity risks through security monitoring of the BEA information systems.

## Part IV - Financial and Operating Data of

U.S. Reporter

Section A - Income Statement of U.S. Reporter
43 Sales or gross operating revenues, excluding sales taxes - Report gross operating revenues or gross sales minus returns, allowances, and discounts. EXCLUDE sales or consumption taxes levied directly on the consumer. EXCLUDE net value-added taxes and excise taxes levied on manufacturers, wholesalers, and retailers. Companies with ISI codes 5221,5223 $5224,5229,5231,5238,5252$ and 5331 should include interest income on this line. Insurance companies with ISI codes 5243 and 5249 should include gross investment income on this line.
Dealers in financial instruments and finance, insurance, and real estate companies see Special Instructions, page 17.

# Special Instructions for Dealers in Financial Instruments, Finance Companies, Insurance Companies, and Real Estate Companies 

A. Certain gains (losses) (45) for (1) dealers in financial instruments and finance and insurance companies, and (2) real estate companies.

1. Dealers in financial instruments (including securities, currencies, derivatives, and other financial instruments) and finance and insurance companies INCLUDE in 45 :

- impairment losses as defined by FASB ASC 320 (FAS 115),
- realized gains and losses on trading or dealing,
- unrealized gains or losses, due to changes in the valuation of financial instruments, that flow through the income statement, and
- goodwill impairment as defined by FASB ASC 350 (FAS 142).

EXCLUDE from 45, unrealized gains or losses due to changes in the valuation of financial instruments that are taken directly to owners' equity.
EXCLUDE from 45, income from explicit fees and commissions. INCLUDE income from these fees and commissions as operating income in 32, 48 and 53 and as sales of services in item 55.
2. Real estate companies - INCLUDE

- impairment losses as defined by FASB ASC 360 (FAS 144), and - goodwill impairment as defined by FASB ASC 350 (FAS 142).

EXCLUDE from 45 the revenues earned and expenses incurred from the sale of real estate you own. Such revenues should be reported as operating income in 32, 43 and 53 and as sales of goods in 54.
B. Special instructions for insurance companies

1. When there is a difference between the financial and operating data reported to stockholders and the data reported in the annual statement to an insurance department, prepare the BE-10 on the same basis as the annual report to the stockholders.

Valuation should be according to normal commercial accounting procedures, not at rates promulgated by insurance departments, e.g., INCLUDE assets not acceptable for inclusion in the annual statement to an insurance department such as:
(1.) non-trusteed or free account assets and
(2.) nonadmitted assets, including furniture and equipment, agents' debit balances, and all receivables deemed to be collectible. INCLUDE mandatory securities valuation reserves that are appropriations of retained earnings in the owners' equity section of the balance sheet, not in the liability section.

## 2. Instructions for reporting specific items

a. Sales or gross operating revenues, excluding sales taxes (43) - INCLUDE items such as earned premiums, annuity considerations, gross investment income, and items of a similar nature. EXCLUDE income from equity
investments in unconsolidated business enterprises and certain realized and unrealized gains or losses that are to be reported in 45.
b. Certain gains (losses) (45) - See Special Instructions, A. 1.
c. Cost of goods sold or services rendered and selling, general, and administrative expenses ( 48 ) - INCLUDE costs relating to sales or gross operating revenues, such as policy losses incurred, death benefits, matured endowments, other policy benefits, increases in liabilities for future policy benefits, and other underwriting expenses.
d. Sales of services (55) - INCLUDE premium income and income from other services, if any.
Calculate premiums earned by companies engaged in insurance activities as direct premiums written (including renewals) net of cancellations, plus reinsurance premiums assumed, minus reinsurance premiums ceded, plus unearned premiums at the beginning of the year, minus unearned premiums at the end of the year.
e. Investment income (56) - Report that portion of sales or gross operating revenues that is investment income. However, report any gains or losses on investments in accordance with Special Instructions, A.1. See
Additional Instructions for Part IV, Section B, 56, on page 7 to determine the location of the transactor of investment income.
f. Current receivables (70) - INCLUDE current items such as agents' balances, uncollected premiums, amounts recoverable from reinsurers, and other current notes and accounts receivable (net of allowances for doubtful items) arising from the ordinary course of business.
g. Trade accounts and trade notes payable, current ( 77 ) - INCLUDE current items such as loss liabilities, policy claims, commissions due, and other current liabilities arising from the ordinary course of business. INCLUDE policy reserves in "Other liabilities," 78 unless they are clearly current liabilities.
h. Net book value of property, plant, and equipment ( 81 and 88 ) - INCLUDE the net book value of property, plant, and equipment, WHEREVER CLASSIFIED IN THE BALANCE SHEET. Therefore, the opening and closing net book values for property, plant, and equipment will not necessarily reconcile with their balance sheet counterpart (72).
i. Expenditures for property, plant, and equipment ( 83 and 84 ) - INCLUDE expenditures WHEREVER CLASSIFIED IN THE BALANCE SHEET (e.g., INCLUDE expenditures for PP\&E that have been classified in "other noncurrent assets").

## Summary of Industry Classifications

For a full explanation of each code see www.bea.gov/naics2017

## Agriculture, Forestry, Fishing, and Hunting

1110 Crop production
1120 Animal production and aquaculture
1130 Forestry and logging
1140 Fishing, hunting, and trapping
1150 Support activities for agriculture and forestry

## Mining

2111 Oil and gas extraction
2121 Coal
2123 Nonmetallic minerals
2124 Iron ores
2125 Gold and silver ores
2126 Copper, nickel, lead, and zinc ores
2127 Other metal ores
2132 Support activities for oil and gas operations
2133 Support activities for mining, except for oil and gas operations

## Utilities

2211 Electric power generation, transmission, and distribution
2212 Natural gas distribution
2213 Water, sewage, and other systems

## Construction

2360 Construction of buildings
2370 Heavy and civil engineering construction
2380 Specialty trade contractors

3254
3255
3256

3259

3261
3262
3271 Clay products and refractories
3272 Glass and glass products
3273 Cement and concrete products
3274 Lime and gypsum products
3279 Other nonmetallic mineral products
3311 Iron and steel mills
3312 Steel products from purchased steel
3313 Alumina and aluminum production and processing
3314 Nonferrous metal (except aluminum)
production and processing
Foundries
3321 Forging and stamping
3322 Cutlery and hand tools
3323 Architectural and structural metals
3324 Boilers, tanks, and shipping containers
3325 Hardware
3326
Spring and wire products
Machine shop products, turned products, and screws, nuts, and bolts
Coating, engraving, heat treating, and allied activities
3329 Other fabricated metal products Agriculture, construction, and mining machinery
3332 Industrial machinery
3333 Commercial and service industry machinery
3334 Ventilation, heating, air-conditioning, and commercial refrigeration equipment Metalworking machinery
3335
3336 Engines, turbines, and power transmission equipment
3339 Other general purpose machinery
3341 Computer and peripheral equipment
3342 Communications equipment
3343 Audio and video equipment
3344 Semiconductors and other electronic components

3359 Other electrical equipment and components
3361 Motor vehicles
3362 Motor vehicle bodies and trailers
3363 Motor vehicle parts
3364 Aerospace products and parts
3365 Railroad rolling stock
3366 Ship and boat building
3369 Other transportation equipment
3370 Furniture and related products
3391 Medical equipment and supplies
3399 Other miscellaneous manufacturing

Wholesale Trade, Durable Goods
4231 Motor vehicle and motor vehicle parts and supplies
4232 Furniture and home furnishing
4233 Lumber and other construction materials
4234 Professional and commercial equipment and supplies
4235 Metal and mineral (except petroleum)
4236 Household appliances, and electrical and electronic goods
4237 Hardware, and plumbing and heating equipment and supplies
4238 Machinery, equipment, and supplies
4239 Miscellaneous durable goods
Wholesale Trade, Nondurable Goods
4241 Paper and paper product
4242 Drugs and druggists' sundries
4243 Apparel, piece goods, and notions
4244 Grocery and related product
4245 Farm product raw material
4246 Chemical and allied products
4247 Petroleum and petroleum products
4248 Beer, wine, and distilled alcoholic beverage
4249 Miscellaneous nondurable goods
Wholesale Trade, Electronic Markets and Agents and Brokers

4251 Wholesale electronic markets and agents and brokers

## Retail Trade

4410 Motor vehicle and parts dealers
4420 Furniture and home furnishings
4431 Electronics and appliance
4440 Building material and garden equipment and supplies dealers
4450 Food and beverage
4461 Health and personal care
4471 Gasoline stations
4480 Clothing and clothing accessories
4510 Sporting goods, hobby, book, and music
4520 General merchandise
4530 Miscellaneous store retailers
4540 Non-store retailers

## Transportation and Warehousing

4810 Air transportation
4821 Rail transportation
4833 Petroleum tanker operations
4839 Other water transportation
4840 Truck transportation
4850 Transit and ground passenger transportation
4863 Pipeline transportation of crude oil, refined petroleum products, and natural gas
4868 Other pipeline transportation
4870 Scenic and sightseeing transportation
4880 Support activities for transportation
4920 Couriers and messengers
4932 Petroleum storage for hire
4939 Other warehousing and storage

# Summary of Industry Classifications - Continued <br> For a full explanation of each code see www.bea.gov/naics2017 

## Information

5111 Newspaper, periodical, book, and directory publishers
5112 Software publishers
5121 Motion picture and video industries
5122 Sound recording industries
5151 Radio and television broadcasting
5152 Cable and other subscription programming
5173 Wired and wireless telecommunication carriers
5174 Satellite telecommunications
5179 Other telecommunications
5182 Data processing, hosting, and related services
5191 Other information services

## Finance and Insurance

5221 Depository credit intermediation (Banking)
5223 Activities related to credit intermediation
5224 Non-depository credit intermediation, except branches and agencies
5229 Non-depository branches and agencies
5231 Securities and commodity contracts intermediation and brokerage
5238 Other financial investment activities and exchanges
5242 Agencies, brokerages, and other insurance related activities
5243 Insurance carriers, except direct life insurance carriers
5249 Direct life insurance carriers
5252 Funds, trusts, and other financial vehicles
Real Estate and Rental and Leasing
5310 Real estate
5321 Automotive equipment rental and leasing
5329 Other rental and leasing services
5331 Lessors of nonfinancial intangible assets, except copyrighted works

## Professional, Scientific, and Technical

 Services5411 Legal services
5412 Accounting, tax preparation, bookkeeping, and payroll services
5413 Architectural, engineering, and related services
5414 Specialized design services
5415 Computer systems design and related services
5416 Management, scientific, and technical consulting services
5417 Scientific research and development services
5418 Advertising, public relations, and related services
5419 Other professional, scientific, and technical services

Management of Companies and Enterprises
5512 Holding companies, except bank holding companies
5513 Corporate, subsidiary, and regional management offices

Administrative and Support, Waste Management and Remediation Services

Office administrative services
5612 Facilities support services
5613 Employment services
5614 Business support services
5615 Travel arrangement and reservation services
5616 Investigation and security services
5617 Services to buildings and dwellings
5619 Other support services
5620 Waste management and remediation services

Educational Services
6110 Educational services

## Health Care and Social Assistance

6210 Ambulatory health care services
6220 Hospitals
6230 Nursing and residential care facilities
6240 Social assistance services
Arts, Entertainment, and Recreation
7110 Performing arts, spectator sports, and related industries
7121 Museums, historical sites, and similar institutions
7130 Amusement, gambling, and recreation industries

## Accommodation and Food Services

7210 Accommodation
7220 Food services and drinking places

## Other Services

8110 Repair and maintenance
8120 Personal and laundry services
8130 Religious, grantmaking, civic, professional, and similar organizations

## Public Administration

9200 Public administration

# 2019 BENCHMARK SURVEY OF U.S. DIRECT INVESTMENT ABROAD MANDATORY - CONFIDENTIAL BE-10B (Report for Foreign Affiliate of U.S. Reporter) 



Instruction Booklet - Contains additional instructions, definitions, and detailed reporting requirements for completing this form.
Who must report - The U.S. Reporter must file Form BE-10B for each majority-owned foreign affiliate for which the affiliate's total assets; sales or gross operating revenues, excluding sales taxes; or nét income after provision for foreign income taxes was greater than $\$ 80$ million (positive or negative) at the end of, or for, the affiliate's 2019 fiscal year.

NOTE - If the foreign affiliate is exempt from being reported on Form $B E-10 B$, see the reporting requirements for Form BE-10C and BE-10D.
The foreign affiliate must be reported on one of those forms.
Due Date A complete BE-10 report is due on the following dates:
May 29, 2020 fora U.S. Reporter required to file fewer than 50 Forms $\mathrm{BE}-10 \mathrm{~B}, \mathrm{BE}-10 \mathrm{C}$ and/or $\mathrm{BE}-10 \mathrm{D}$
June 30, 2020 for a U.S. Reporter required to file 50 or more Forms BE-10B, BE-10C, and/or BE-10D
Translation of foreign currency financial and operating data into U.S. dollars -
Use U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles FASB ASC 830 (FAS 52). See Instruction Booklet, Part IV.B.
Monetary Values - Report in U.S. dollars rounded to thousands (omitting 000).
EXAMPLE - If amount is $\$ 1,334,891.00$, report as.
If an item is between + or $-\$ 500.00$, enter " 0 ." Use parenthesis () to indicate negative numbers.
Percentages - Report ownership percentages to a tenth of one percent:


## Part I - Identification of Foreign Affiliate

3 What is the number of foreign business enterprises consolidated in this report? - Do not consolidate business enterprises located in different countries or in different 4-digit industries. See the Instruction Booklet, Part I.B.2.d.(1). If your answer to this question is 2 or more, you must complete Supplement B (page 19) of this report. If this report is for a single foreign business enterprise, enter " 1 " in the box.
10031

Does this foreign affiliate have a direct equity interest in other foreign affiliates, including branches of this affiliate, that are not fully consolidated in this BE-10B? - Mark $(X)$ one.
$1004 \quad 1$ $\square$
59
must have entries and Supplement $A$ (page 17) of this Form BE-10B must be completed.
${ }^{1} 2$
No
5 What is the form of organization of this foreign affiliate? - $\operatorname{Mark}(X)$ one.
$1005{ }^{1} 1$ Corporation
${ }^{1} 2$ Branch
3 Partnership
4 Other - Specify

6 Does this foreign affiliate have a Legal Entity Identifier (LEI)?

| 1044 | ${ }^{1} \mathbf{1}$ | Yes - Enter the 20-digit LEl of the foreign affiliate. ${ }^{2}$ |
| ---: | :--- | :--- |
|  | ${ }^{1} \mathbf{2}$ | No |

7 Is this foreign affiliate a regional headquarter (RHQ)?
Regional headquarters are separate and independent entities, located in different geographical regions than the corporate headquarters. RHQs have decision-making authority and direct other affiliates in their respective regions.

```
1045 11 Yes
    12 No
```

8 What is the country of incorporation or organization of this foreign affiliate? - Mark $(X)$ one.


9 What is the country of location? - Country in which this foreign affiliate's physical assets are located or where its primary activity is carried out - Mark ( $X$ ) one.
NOTE - If the affiliate is engaged in petroleum, shipping, other water transportation, or oil and gas drilling, and has operations spanning more than one country, use country of incorporation for country of location. For example, classify in country of incorporation an oil drilling rig that moves from country to country during the year.

| 1007 | ${ }^{1} 601$ | Australia | ${ }^{1} 650$ | China |
| ---: | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | ${ }^{1} 302$ | Belgium | ${ }^{1} 307$ | France |
|  | ${ }^{1} \mathbf{3 0 2}$ |  |  |  |
|  | ${ }^{1} \mathbf{2 0 2}$ | Brazil | ${ }^{1} 308$ | Germany |
|  | ${ }^{1} \mathbf{1 0 0}$ | Canada | ${ }^{1} \mathbf{6 1 1}$ | Hong Kong |
|  |  |  |  |  |



Netherlands Switzerland United Kingdom Other - Specify
$\square$

10 What is the city of location? - City in which this foreign affiliate's
physical assets are located or where its primary activity is carried out .

11 What is the currency that this foreign affiliate's financial books and records are kept in? - Mark (X) one. 1008
 The currency of the country of the affiliate given in 9 . (Foreign affiliates located in Euro Area countries should check this box if they keep their books in euros.)
${ }^{1} 2$ U.S. dollars
${ }^{1}$ 3 A foreign currency which is not that of the country of location of the affiliate as given in $\mathbf{9}$.

12 What is the ending date of this foreign affiliate's 2019 fiscal year? The foreign affiliate's financial


13 Did the foreign business enterprise become a foreign affiliate of the U.S. Reporter during the fiscal year?
$1010{ }^{1} 1$ Yes, and this is its initial report - Affiliate was not previously owned by the U.S. Reporter If "Yes," did the U.S. Reporter - Mark (X) one.


14 Was there a change in the entity due to mergers, acquisitions, divestitures, etc., or a change in accounting methods or principles during FY 2019 that caused FY 2018 data to be restated? Mark ( $X$ ) one.
$1011 \quad{ }^{1} 1 \quad$ Yes - Report all close FY 2018 data before restatement, unless otherwise specified.
${ }^{1} 2$
No

## Section A - Direct Ownership in this Foreign Affiliate

- Equity interest is the direct ownership in the total equity (voting and nonvoting) of the affiliate.

Examples of nonvoting equity include nonvoting stock and a limited partner's interest in a partnership.

- Voting interest is the direct ownership in the voting equity of the affiliate. Examples of voting equity include voting stock and a general partner's interest in a $\quad$ Percent of ownership at close
partnership. Thus, a U.S. Reporter could have a 100 percent direct voting interest in an affiliate but own less than 100 percent of the affiliate's total equity.
of fiscal year
- Enter percent of ownership based on total voting stock, as applicable, for an incorporated affiliate, or an equivalent interest for an unincorporated affiliate.

Equity 2019
What is the direct ownership percent of this foreign affiliate held by:
15 U.S. Reporter named in 1 ? - Report equity interest and voting interest
16 Other foreign affiliate(s) of U.S. Reporter named in 1 ?

- If entry is made here, complete 22 and 23

17 Other U.S. Reporter(s) of this foreign affiliate?

- If entry is made here, 24 must be "Yes."

18 Foreign affiliate(s) of other U.S. Reporter(s)?

- If entry is made here, 24 must be "Yes."

19 Other U.S. persons?

20 Other foreign persons? (not reported above).
21 What is the total directly held voting ownership interests? - Sum of 15 through 20

22 What is the indirect ownership interest held through the U.S. Reporter's other foreign affiliates? If there is an entry in 16, enter U.S. Reporter's percent of indirect ownership in this affiliate. See Instruction Booklet, Part I,B.1.c., for instructions on how to calculate indirect ownership percentage
(2)
(3)

Voting 2018
(4)


23 What is the name of the foreign affiliate parent(s)? - If there is an entry in 16, enter below the name(s), BEA ID Number, and percent(s) of ownership of each foreign affiliate of the U.S. Reporter named in 1 holding a direct ownership interest in this foreign affiliate. Also, for each foreign affiliate in column (a) that is below the first tier in its ownership chain, enter in column (d) the name of the foreign affiliate that holds a direct ownership interest in it.

Foreign affiliate(s) holding direct ownership interest in this foreign affiliate

24 Do two or more U.S. persons each directly or indirectly own or control at least $\mathbf{1 0}$ percent of this foreign affiliate's voting rights? $\operatorname{Mark}(X)$ one.

| 1022 | ${ }^{1} 1$ | Yes -17 or 18 must have an entry. See Instruction Booklet, Part I.B.2.d.(2) |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | ${ }^{1} \mathbf{1}$ (2) | No - Skip to 27 |

25 If the answer to 24 is "Yes," give name(s) and mailing address(es) of the other U.S. Reporter(s).
Name Mailing address

| 2 |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 4 |  |

26 If the answer to 24 is "Yes," and if the U.S. Reporter named in 1 is not submitting the complete report (i.e., is submitting a "partial" report) for this foreign affiliate - Give name and mailing address of U.S. Reporter who is submitting the data.

## Section B - Industry Classification

27 What is the one activity below that best describes the major activity of the foreign affiliate? - Mark ( $X$ ) one. NOTE - For an inactive affiliate, select the activity based on its last active period; for "start-ups," select the intended activity.
$1028 \quad{ }^{1} \mathbf{1}$ Producer of goods
${ }^{1} 2$ Seller of goods the foreign affiliate does not produce
${ }_{1}^{1}$ Producer or distributor of information
${ }^{1} 4$ Provider of services
${ }^{1} 5$ Other - Specify
0

28 What is the MAJOR product or service involved in this activity? If a product, briefly state what is done to it, i.e., whether it is mined, manufactured, sold at wholesale, packaged, transported, etc. (For example, "Manufacture widgets to sell at wholesale.") 10290

## Industry classification of foreign affiliate (based on sales or gross operating revenues)

- Report in columns (1) and (2) respectively, the 4-digit International Surveys Industry (ISI) code(s) and the sales associated with each code. A list of the ISI codes is provided on pages 21 and 22.
- For a full explanation of each code, see the Guide to Industry Classifications for International Surveys, 2017 located at www.bea.gov/naics2017.
- For an inactive foreign affiliate, enter an ISI code based on its last active period; For "startups" with no sales, show the intended activity(ies).
- Holding companies (ISI code 5512) must show total income. To be considered a holding company, income from equity investments must be more than 50 percent of total income. In addition, normally at least 50 percent of total assets must consist of investments in affiliates. ISI code 5512 (holding company) is an invalid classification if more than 50 percent of income generated, or expected to be generated, by an affiliate is from non-holding company activities.
- Dealers in financial instruments and finance, insurance, and real estate companies see Special Instructions on page 20.



## Section A - Income Statement

## What are the foreign affiliate's values for: INCOME


a. Sale or disposition of financial assets including investment securities; FASB ASC 320 (FAS 115) holding gains (losses) on securities classified as trading securities; FASB ASC 320 (FAS 115) impairment losses; and gains (losses) derived from derivative instruments. Dealers in financial instruments (including securities, currencies, derivatives, and other financial instruments) and finance and insurance companies, see Special Instructions, A.1., page 20;
b. Sales or dispositions of land, other property, plant and equipment, or other assets, and FASB ASC 360 (FAS 144) impairment losses. EXCLUDE gains or losses from the sale of inventory assets in the ordinary course of trade or business. Real estate companies, see Special Instructions, A.2., page 20;
c. Goodwill impairment as defined by FASB ASC 350 (FAS 142);
d. Restructuring. INCLUDE restructuring costs that reflect write-downs or write-offs of assets or liabilities. EXCLUDE actual payments and charges to establish reserves for future expected payments, such as for severance pay, and fees to accountants, lawyers, consultants, or other contractors. Report them in 48 ;
e. Disposals of discontinued operations. EXCLUDE income from the operations of a discontinued segment. Report such income as part of your income from operations in 42;
f. Re-measurement of foreign affiliate's foreign-currency-denominated assets and liabilities due to changes in foreign exchange rates during the reporting period;
g. Extraordinary, unusual, or infrequently occurring items that are material. INCLUDE losses from accidental damage or disasters after estimated insurance reimbursement. INCLUDE other material items, including write-ups, write-downs, and write-offs of tangible and intangible assets; gains (losses) from the sale or other disposition of capital assets; and gains (losses) from the sale or other disposition of financial assets, including securities, to the extent not included above. EXCLUDE legal judgments. Report legal judgments against the foreign affiliate in 48 . Report legal settlements in favor of the foreign affiliate in 46 ;
h. The cumulative effect of a change in accounting principle; and
i. The cumulative effect of a change in the estimate of stock compensation forfeitures under FASB ASC 718 (FAS 123(R)).

46 Other income? - Report non-operating and other income not included above. Specify.
$2045 \quad 1$
0 .
0

47 Total income? - Sum of 42 through 46 $\square$

## COSTS AND EXPENSES

48 Cost of goods sold or services rendered and selling, general, and administrative
expenses? - (Insurance companies see Special Instructions, B.2.c., page 20.)
49 Foreign income taxes? - Provision for foreign income taxes for FY 2019. EXCLUDE production royalty payments and U.S. income taxes
50 Other costs and expenses not included above? - INCLUDE noncontrolling interests in profits and losses per FASB ASC 810 (FAS 167). - Report the net effect of any minority interest in the income and expense items as a lump sum in this item. Specify.

52 Net income (loss)? - 47 minus 51

## Instructions for Section B - Balance Sheet

## 53 Cash and cash equivalents

- INCLUDE deposits in financial institutions and other cash items and short-term, highly liquid investments that are both readily convertible to known amounts of cash and so near their maturity that they present insignificant risk of changes in value because of changes in interest rates. EXCLUDE overdrafts as negative cash, instead report overdrafts in 63.

54 Current receivables

- INCLUDE current items such as agent's balances, uncollected premiums, amounts recoverable from reinsurers, and other current notes and accounts receivable (net of allowances for doubtful items) arising from the ordinary course of business.


## 55 Inventories

- Land development companies should EXCLUDE land held for resale. Finance and insurance companies should EXCLUDE inventories of marketable securities; INCLUDE these amounts in 60 .


## 56 Land

- Land refers to any part of the earth's surface. Report gross book value of all land owned including land leased from others, per FASB ASC 842. EXCLUDE land held for resale.


## 57 Other property, plant, and equipment, gross

- Report gross book value of land, timber, mineral rights and similar rights owned. Also INCLUDE structures, machinery, equipment, special tools, deposit containers, construction-in-progress, and capitalized tangible and intangible exploration and development costs of the foreign affiliate.
- INCLUDE items leased from others, per FASB ASC 842.
- EXCLUDE all other types of intangible assets and land held for resale.
- Unincorporated affiliates should INCLUDE items owned by the U.S. Reporter(s) but in the affiliate's possession whether or not carried on the affiliate's books or records.
- Insurance companies should not include assets of the U.S. Reporter held in the country of location of the affiliate that are for the benefit of the U.S. Reporter's policyholders.

59 Equity investments in other foreign affiliates of which this affiliate is a parent

- Report this affiliate's equity investment in other foreign affiliates of the U.S. Reporter(s), including branches of this affiliate. (If 59 has an entry, 43 should have an entry and Supplement A must be completed). See Instruction Booklet, Part IV.C.2.

60 Other assets

- INCLUDE land held for resale; other equity investments; noncurrent marketable securities; other investments; noncurrent trade accounts and trade notes receivable, net of allowance for doubtful items; intangible assets, net of amortization; and any other assets not reported elsewhere.
- Report credit balances in these accounts in 63, other liabilities.
- Insurance companies see Special Instructions B.1., page 20.


## 62 Trade accounts and trade notes payable, current

- Insurance companies should INCLUDE current items such as loss liabilities, policy claims, commissions due, and other current liabilities arising from the ordinary course of business, and long-term debt.


## 63 Other liabilities

- INCLUDE noncurrent items, deferred taxes, minority interest in consolidated subsidiaries, and long-term debt.
- Insurance companies should INCLUDE policy reserves unless they are clearly current liabilities then include in 62 .
- INCLUDE overdrafts, commercial paper issues, and other current liabilities not included in 62.


## 65 Capital stock and additional paid-in capital

- INCLUDE common and preferred, voting and nonvoting capital stock and additional paid-in capital.


## 66 Retained earnings (deficit)

- INCLUDE earnings retained by the affiliate and legally available for dividends, and earnings voluntarily restricted.


## 67 Translation adjustment

- Report the cumulative amount at year end per FASB ASC 830 (FAS 52).


## 68 All other components

- INCLUDE the cumulative balance of unrealized holding gains and losses due to changes in the valuation of available-for-sale securities per FASB ASC 320 (FAS 115) and any other comprehensive income items required to be displayed separately from retained earnings as per FASB ASC 220 (FAS 130).


## 73 Translation adjustment

- For unincorporated foreign affiliates, report that portion of 72 representing the affiliate's cumulative translation adjustment account amount at year end per FASB ASC 830 (FAS 52).

Section B - Balance Sheet - See Instructions on page 6.

- Disaggregate all asset and liability items in the detail shown. Show accounts receivable and payable between the U.S. Reporter and this foreign affiliate in the proper asset and liability accounts of the foreign affiliate. Do not report them as a net amount.

What are the foreign affiliate's values for:
ASSETS (Insurance companies see Instructions for 54, 55, 57, and $\mathbf{6 0}$ on page 6.) 2080
53 Cash and cash equivalents?
54 Trade accounts and trade notes receivable, current? - Net of allowance for doubtful accounts

55 Inventories?
56 Land?
57 Other property, plant, and equipment - gross?
58 Accumulated depreciation and depletion?
59 Equity investments in other foreign affiliates of which this affiliate is a parent?

- Report foreign affiliates owned 20 percent or more (including majority-owned affiliates) on an equity basis.
- Report foreign affiliates owned less than 20 percent in accordance with FASB ASC 320 (FAS 115) or lower of cost or market, as appropriate.

60 Other assets? - Other assets not reported elsewhere.
61 Total assets? - Sum of 53 through 60
LIABILITIES (Insurance companies see Instructions for 62 and 63 on page 6.)
62 Trade accounts and trade notes payable, current?
63 Other liabilities?
64 Total liabilities? - Sum of 62 and 63 .
OWNERS' EQUITY - Incorporated affiliate only, complete 65 through 71
65 Capital stock and additional paid-in capital?
66 Retained earnings (deficit)?

Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)

Balance at close of fiscal year 2018 (unrestated)
(2) of fiscal year 2019 (1) \$ Bil. Mil. Thous. Dols.

Balance at close of fiscal year 2019
(1)

1

Balance at close of fiscal year 2018 (unrestated)
(2)


67 Translation adjustment component?

68 All other components? $\square$ 000
000
69 Total accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)? Equals sum of 67 and 68 .

70 Other? - INCLUDE treasury stock and involuntarily (or legally) restricted earnings, and noncontrolling interests per FASB ASC 810 (FAS 167). - Specify $\qquad$ 0 71 Total owners' equity (incorporated foreign affiliate)? Equals 61 minus 64 and equals the sum of $65,66,69$, and 70 $\square$

72 Total owners' equity (unincorporated foreign affiliate)? -
21021
$\cdots .$.
2103
$\ldots$

| $000^{2}$ | 000 |
| :--- | :--- |
| $000^{2}$ | 000 |

73 Translation adjustment?.


Equals 61 minus 64.

| $2^{2089} 9^{1}$ | $000^{2}$ | 000 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\ldots .0^{2}$ | $000^{2}$ | 000 |


| 2092 | 000 | 000 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 209 | 000 | 000 |
| 2094 | 000 | 000 |


|  | 000 | 000 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2096 | 000 |  |000000


| BEA <br> USE <br> ONLY | 2117 | 1 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

## Part II - Financial and Operating Data of Foreign Affiliate - Continued

## Section C - Employment

Report the number of employees on the payroll at the end of FY 2019 including part-time employees, but excluding temporary and contract employees not included on your payroll records. A count taken at some other date during the reporting period may be given provided it is a reasonable estimate of employees on the payroll at the end of FY 2019. If the number of employees at the end of FY 2019 (or when the count was taken) was unusually high or low due to temporary factors (e.g., a strike), enter the number of employees that reflects normal operations. If the number of employees fluctuates widely during the year due to seasonal business variations, report the average number of employees on the payroll during FY 2019. Base such an average on the number of employees on the payroll at the end of each pay period, month or quarter. If precise figures are not available, give your best estimate. What is the foreign affiliate's total number of employees?

## Research and Development employees

## INCLUDE:

- Researchers include R\&D scientists, engineers, and their managers.
- R\&D technicians and equivalent staff are persons whose main tasks require technical knowledge and experience in one or more field of science or engineering, but who contribute to R\&D by performing technical tasks under the supervision of researchers
- R\&D support staff is not directly involved with the conduct of a rêsearch project, but support the researchers and technicians. These employees might include clerical staff, report writers, regulatory experts, quality assurance, safety trainers, and other related employees.
EXCLUDE employees who provide only indirect support to R\&D, such as corporate personnel, security guards, and cafeteria workers.

75 What is the number of research and development employees included in 74 ? R\&D employees - Employees who work on R\&D or who provide direct support to R\&D.

## Number of <br> employees

Report employee compensation expenditures made by an employer in connection with the employment of workers, including cash payments, payments-in-kind, and employer expenditures for employee benefit plans including those required by statute. Base compensation data on payroll records. Report compensation which relates to activities that occurred during the reporting period regardless of whether the activities were charged as an expense on the income statement, charged to inventories, or capitalized. EXCLUDE data related to activities of a prior period, such as those capitalized or charged to inventories in prior periods. EXCLUDE compensation of contract workers not carried on the payroll of this affiliate. Total employee compensation consists of wages and salaries of employees and employer expenditures for all employee benefit plans.
\$ Bil. Mil. Thous. Dols.
76 What is the foreign affiliate's total employee compensation expenditure? -
2110
Report, for all employees, the sum of wages and salaries and employee benefit plans

77 Is total employee compensation expenditure in 76 zero?

| 2111 | ${ }^{1} 1$ | Yes - Explain below |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | ${ }^{1} \mathbf{2}$ | No - Skip to $\mathbf{7 8}$ |

If "Yes," explain why compensation is zero.

0

| BEA | 2116 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| USE |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ONLY |  |  |  |  |  |  |

## Section D - Insurance Industry Activities - Premiums earned and losses incurred

78 Of the total sales and gross operating revenues reported in 37, column (2), were any of the sales or revenues generated by insurance related activities covered by ISI codes 5243 (Insurance carriers, except direct life insurance carriers) or 5249 (Direct life insurance carriers)?

```
2113 1 Yes - Answer 79 and 80
    1 2 No - Skip to 81
```


## What are the foreign affiliate's values for:

79 Premiums earned? - Report premiums, gross of commissions, included in revenue during the reporting year. Calculate as direct premiums written (including renewals) net of cancellations, plus reinsurance premiums assumed, minus reinsurance premiums ceded, plus unearned premiums at the beginning of the year, minus unearned premiums at the end of the year. EXCLUDE all annuity premiums. Also EXCLUDE premiums and policy fees related to universal and adjustable life, variable and interest-sensitive life, and variable-universal life policies....

80 Losses incurred? - Report losses incurred for the insurance products covered by 79 . EXCLUDE loss adjustment expenses and losses that relate to annuities. Also EXCLUDE losses related to universal and adjustable life, variable and interest-sensitive life, and variable-universal life policies.

- For property and casualty insurance, calculate as net losses paid during the reporting year, minus net unpaid losses at the beginning of the year, plus net unpaid losses at the end of the year. In the calculation of net losses, INCLUDE losses on reinsurahce assumed from other companies and EXCLUDE losses on reinsurance ceded to other companies. Unpaid losses include both case reserves and losses incurred but not reported.
- For life insurance, losses reflect policy claims on reinsurance assumed or on primary insurance sold, minus losses recovered from reinsurance ceded, adjusted for changes in claims due, unpaid, and in the course of settlement.

Section E - Interest, Production Royalty Payments, and Taxes
What are the foreign affiliate's values for:
81 Interest income? - Interest received or due to the affiliate from all payors (including affiliated persons), net of tax withheld at the source. INCLUDE all interest receipts included in 42 and 46 . Do not net against interest expensed, 82
${ }^{\circ}$
Interest expensed or capitalized? - Interest expensed or capitalized by the affiliate, paid or due to all
payees (including affiliated persons), gross of tax withheld. Do not net against interest income, 81
$\square$

83 Production royalty payments, to foreign governments for natural resources? - Report amounts paid or accrued for the year to foreign governments, their subdivisions and agencies. INCLUDE payments-in-kind at market value.


84 Taxes (other than income and payroll taxes) and nontax payments (other than production royalty payments)?

- Report all such taxes and nontax payments whether or not included in revenues or expenses in the income statement.

INCLUDE amounts paid or accrued for the year, net of refunds or credits, to foreign governments, their subdivisions and agencies for:

- Sales, value added, consumption, and excise taxes collected by the affiliate on goods and services that the affiliate sold;
- Property and other taxes on the value of assets and capital;
- Any remaining taxes (other than income and payroll taxes); and
- Import and export duties, license fees, fines, penalties, and all other payments or accruals of nontax liabilities (other than production royalty payments for natural resources).


## Remarks

| BEA | 2134 | 1 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| USE |  |  |
| ONLY |  |  |

2
3
4

## Section F - Size of Foreign Affiliate

85 Did this foreign affiliate have any one of these three items: (1) total assets, (2) sales or gross operating revenues, excluding sales taxes, or (3) net income (loss), greater than \$300 million at the end of, or for, the affiliate's 2019 fiscal year?

## 2153

1 Yes - Skip to Part IV on page 11
2 No - Complete Part III on this page, then continue with Part V on page 15

> Part III - Financial and Operating Data of Foreign Affiliate With Assets, Sales, and Net Income (Loss) Less Than or Equal to $\$ 300$ Million
> Complete ONLY if the answer to 85 is "No."

## Section A - Distribution of Sales or Gross Operating Revenues

86 What are the foreign affiliate's sales or gross operating revenues, excluding sales taxes? - See 92 on page 11 for instructions.


## Section B - Research and Development - See instructions for Part IV, Section D, on page 13 of this form.

## What are the foreign affiliate's expenditures for:

|  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 87 | R\&D performed BY the affiliate? - Report all costs incurred in performing R\&D, including depreciation, amortization, wages and salaries, property taxes and other taxes (except income taxes), materials and supplies, allocated overhead, and indirect costs. INCLUDE R\&D performed by the affiliate for others under contract.. | 2155 | 1 |
|  |  | 2156 | 1 |
| 88 | R\&D performed FOR the affiliate by others (including U.S. parent(s)) on a contractual basis? |  |  |

89Intentionally blank.

Section C - Property, Plant and Equipment (PP\&E) - See instructions for Part IV, Section E, on page 14 of this form. (Insurance companies also see instructions on page 14 of this form.)

## What are the foreign affiliate's values for:

90 Expenditures for new and used property, plant and equipment (PP\&E)? - PP\&E includes land, timber, mineral and like rights owned, structures; machinery, equipment, special tools, and other depreciable property; construction in progress; and capitalized tangible and intangible exploration and development costs, but excludes other types of intangible assets, and land held for resale.


| BEA <br> USE <br> ONLY | 2159 | ${ }^{1}$ | 3 | 5 | 5 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

## Complete ONLY if the answer to 85 is "Yes." If you completed Part III, skip to Part V (item 136) on page 15. $\rightarrow$

## Section A - Distribution of Sales or Gross Operating Revenues

- Report gross operating revenues or gross sales minus returns, allowances, and discounts. EXCLUDE sales or consumption taxes levied directly on the consumer. EXCLUDE net value-added and excise taxes levied on manufacturers, wholesalers, and retailers. INCLUDE revenues generated during the year from the operations of a discontinued business segment, but EXCLUDE gains or losses from disposals of discontinued operations. Report such gains or losses in 45.
- Finance and leasing companies with ISI codes $5221,5223,5224,5229,5231,5238,5252$, or 5331 report interest income as sales and investment income.
- Insurance companies with ISI codes 5243 or 5249 report gross investment income as sales. Also see Special Instructions, B.2.a., d., and e., page 20.
- Distribute sales or gross operating revenues among three categories - sales of goods, sales of services, and investment income. See Additional Instructions on page 20 at the back of this form.
- For the purpose of this distribution, "goods" are normally economic outputs that are tangible and "services" are normally economic outputs that are intangible, including sales related to intellectual property rights.
- When a sale consists of both goods and services and cannot be unbundled (i.e., the goods and services are not separately billed), classify the sales as goods or services based on whichever accounts for a majority of the value. Give best estimates if actual figures are not available.


96 Intentionally blank

## Section B - Receipts and Payments Related to Intellectual Property Rights

Sales or gross operating revenues reported in this section should be included in the total for sales of services reported in 94.

Receipts for license fees, royalties, and other fees received by this affiliate for the use, reproduction, and/or distribution of intellectual property. Do not report outright sales.
97 Receipts? - Sum of 98 through 101
98 To the U.S. Reporter(s)? . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .
99 To other U.S. persons?. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .
100 To other foreign affiliate(s) of the U.S. Reporter(s)? . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 2138
101 To other foreign persons?
Payments for license fees, royalties, and other fees paid by this affiliate for the use, reproduction, and/or distribution of intellectual property. Do not report outright purchases.
102 Payments? - Sum of 103 through 106
103 From the U.S. Reporter(s)?
104 From other U.S. persons?
105 From other foreign affiliate(s) of the U.S. Reporter(s)?
106 From other foreign persons?
\$ Bil. Mil. Thous. Dols


## Section C - Sales Related to the Digital Economy

Sales or gross operating revenues reported in this section should be included in the total for sales of services reported in 94.
Estimates - If actual data are not available, or only partial data are available, provide estimates and label as such. Data provided in this section may be reasonable estimates based upon the informed judgment of persons in the responding organization, sampling techniques, prorations based on related data, etc.

## What are the foreign affiliate's sales or gross operating revenue for:

## 107 Cloud computing services?

Computing services that customers can access from a shared pool of configurable computing resources in a flexible and on-demand way, without active management by the customer. They offer a range of resources, such as access to processing, storage, and networks; platforms for customers to deploy their own applications; and readymade software.


Digitally delivered services are those that are delivered remotely over information and communications technology networks-i.e. over voice or data networks, including the Internet, or in an electronically downloadable format.
Digitally ordered pertains to the sale of a good or service conducted over computer networks by methods specifically designed for the purpose of receiving or placing orders, negotiating terms of sales or price. This covers orders placed over an electronic data interchange, the Internet, mobile device, or any other online system.
Check the appropriate percent range
(check one)

## Remarks

## Section D - Research and Development

R\&D is planned, creative work aimed at discovering new knowledge or developing new or significantly improved goods and services. This includes:
Basic research is the pursuit of new scientific knowledge or understanding that does not have specific immediate commercial objectives, although it may be in fields of present or potential commercial interest.
Applied research applies the findings of basic research or other existing knowledge toward discovering new scientific knowledge that has specific commercial objectives with respect to new products, services, processes, or methods.
Development is the systematic use of the knowledge or understanding gained from research or practical experience directed toward the production or significant improvement of useful products, services, processes, or methods, including the design and development of prototypes, materials, devices, and systems.
R\&D includes the activities described above whether assigned to separate R\&D organizational units of the company or carried out by company laboratories and technical groups not a part of an R\&D organization.

EXCLUDE R\&D expenditures for:

- Costs for routine product testing, quality control, and technical services unless they are an integral part of an R\&D project
- Market research
- Efficiency surveys or management studies
- Literary, artistic, or historical projects, such as films, music, or books and other publications
- Prospecting or exploration for natural resources

INCLUDE wages, salaries, and related costs; materials and supplies consumed; depreciation on R\&D property and equipment, cost of computer software used in R\&D activities; utilities, such as telephone, electricity, water, and gas; travel costs and professional dues; property taxes and other taxes (except income taxes) incurred on account of the R\&D organization or the facilities they use; insurance expenses; maintenance and repair, including maintenance of buildings and grounds; company overhead including: personnel, accounting, procurement and inventory, and salaries of research executives not on the payroll of the R\&D organization. EXCLUDE capital expenditures, expenditures for tests and evaluations once a prototype becomes a production model, patent expenses, and income taxes and interest.


118 Of the expenditures included in 117, what was the share of R\&D performed by the U.S. parent for the foreign affiliate under a collaborative R\&D agreement such as a cost-sharing agreement?

|  | Check the appropriate percent range (check one) |  |  |  |  |  |  | The information provided is based on (check one) |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 0\% | 1-24\% | 25-49\% | 50-74\% | 75-89\% | 90-99\% | 100\% | Accounting records | Recall/general knowledge of operations |
| 3078 | ${ }^{1} 1$ | ${ }^{1} 2$ |  | ${ }^{1} 4$ |  |  | ${ }^{1} 7$ | ${ }^{2} 1$ | ${ }^{2} 2$ |

119 Intentionally blank.

|  | 3069 | 1 | 3 | 4 | 5 |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| BEA <br> USE <br> ONLY | 3070 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 5 |  |

## Section E - Property, Plant, and Equipment (PP\&E)

- PP\&E expenditures include expenditures for land, timber, mineral and like rights owned, structures, machinery, equipment, special tools, and other depreciable property; construction-in-progress; and capitalized tangible and intangible exploration and development costs, but excludes expenditures for other types of intangible assets, and land held for resale.
- INCLUDE expenditures for items leased from others (including land). Also INCLUDE the expenditure for the capitalized value of timber, mineral, and similar rights leased by the foreign affiliate from others. EXCLUDE items the foreign affiliate has leased to others.
- EXCLUDE from expenditures all changes in PP\&E, resulting from a change in the entity (i.e., due to mergers, acquisitions, divestitures, etc.) or accounting principles during FY 2019.
- For foreign affiliates engaged in exploring for, or developing, natural resources, INCLUDE exploration and development expenditures made during FY 2019 that were capitalized, including capitalized expenditures to acquire or lease mineral rights. EXCLUDE adjustments for expenditures charged against income in prior years but subsequently capitalized during FY 2019.
- Insurance companies should INCLUDE expenditures (i.e., INCLUDE expenditures that have been classified in "other noncurrent assets") and the net book value of property, plant, and equipment, WHEREVER CLASSIFIED IN THE BALANCE SHEET. Therefore, the opening and closing net book values for property, plant, and equipment will not necessarily reconcile with their balance sheet counterparts (56,57, and 58).


## What are the foreign affiliate's values for:

BALANCE, CLOSE FY 2018
120 Net book value of PP\&E at close FY 2018? - The close FY 2018 value, before restatement due to a change in the entity or a change in accounting methods or principles. Equals the sum of 56,57, and 58 , column (2).
\$ Bil. Mil. Thous. Dols.

CHANGES DURING FY 2019
121 Restatement due to a change in the entity (i.e., due to mergers, acquisitions, divestitures, etc.) or due to a change in accounting methods orprinciples? - If the answer to 14 was "Yes," give amount by which 120 would be restated. For a decrease, put amount in parentheses. EXCLUDE gains (losses) resulting from the sale or disposition of subsidiaries of the affiliate and from the revaluation of assets (whether or not realized). This should be included in 45 - equals sum of 121 a and 121b

Amount by which the net book value of PP\&E would be restated due to:
 Is change in accounting methods due in whole or in part to implementation of FASB ASC 842 Lease Accounting? ${ }_{3489}{ }^{1} \mathbf{1}$ Yes, in whole ${ }^{1} \mathbf{2}$ Yes, in part ${ }^{1} 3$ No

Net book value of transfers in from the U.S. Reporter(s) or other foreign affiliates of U.S.
Reporter(s)?

## Expenditures by the foreign affiliate for:

123 Land and mineral rights, including timber? - INCLUDE expenditures for land and capitalized expenditures for mineral and timber rights. EXCLUDE other capitalized expenditures for the exploration and development of natural resources and expenditures for land held for resale.


126 Depletion?
.

| 3109 | 1 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\ldots \ldots$ |  | 000 |
| 3110 | 1 | 000 |
| $\ldots$ |  |  |
| 3111 | 1 | 000 |
| $\ldots$. | $($ |  |
| 3112 | 1 | 000 |
| $\ldots$. | $($ |  |

127 Other increases (decreases)? - Net book value of sales, retirements, or transfers out of assets; land held for resale; and other increases (decreases). Report divestitures of subsidiaries in 121. Report any gains (losses) from the sale or disposition of property, plant, and equipment in 45.

3113 $\square$
BALANCE, CLOSE FY 2019
128 Net book value of PP\&E at close FY 2019? - Equals sum of 120 through 127; must also equal the sum of 56, 57, and 58, column (1).

## Section F - Change in Retained Earnings of Incorporated Foreign Affiliate or in Total Owners' Equity of Unincorporated Foreign Affiliate

## What are the foreign affiliate's values for:

129 Retained earnings (deficit), close FY 2018 before restatement due to a change in the entity or a change in accounting methods or principles, if any? - For an incorporated affiliate, this equals $\mathbf{6 6}$, column (2). For an unincorporated affiliate this equals $\mathbf{7 2}$, column (2)..

## Changes during FY 2019

130 Restatement due to a change in the entity (i.e., due to mergers, acquisitions, divestitures, etc.) or due to a change in accounting methods or principles? - Specify reasons for change.

131 Net income (loss)? - Enter amount from 52
Bil. Mil. Thous. Dols.
$\square$ 0

Dividends or net income remitted to owners? 000
Incorporated affiliate - Enter amount of dividends declared, before deduction of withholding taxes, out of current and prior-period income on common and preferred stock during FY 2019. EXCLUDE stock and liquidating dividends.
Unincorporated affiliate - Enter amount of current and prior-period net income remitted to owners during FY 2019.

133 Stock dividends?

134 Other increases (decreases)?
Enter other increases (decreases) in retained earnings of an incorporated affiliate, including liquidating dividends, or in total 'owners' equity of an unincorporated affiliate, including capital contributions (return of capital) - Specify


135 Retained earnings (deficit), close FY 2019? - Sum of 129, 130, 131, and 134, minus 132 and 133. Also, for an incorporated affiliate, this equals $\mathbf{6 6}$, column (1). For an unincorporated affiliate, this equals $\mathbf{7 2}$, column (1). $\square$

## Part V - Reverse Ownership

136 Did the foreign affiliate have an equity interest in the U.S. Reporter? - Mark (X) one.
$4169 \quad 1 \quad$ Yes - Enter percent of ownership, to the tenth of one percent, and the dollar value of the equity owned at the end of FY 2019
${ }^{1} 2$
No - Continue with 140


137 - 139 Intentionally blank.

Remarks

## IMPORTANT NOTES

Report U.S. exports of goods to and U.S. imports of goods from the foreign affiliate in FY 2019. Report all goods that physically left or entered the U.S. customs area. Report data on a "shipped" basis, i.e., on the basis of when and to (or by) whom the goods were shipped. This is the same basis as official U.S. trade statistics to which these data will be compared. Do not record a U.S. import or export if the goods did not physically enter or leave (i.e., were not physically shipped to or from) the United States, even if they were charged to the foreign affiliate by, or charged by the foreign affiliate to, a U.S. person.
Foreign affiliates normally keep their accounting records on a "charged" basis, i.e., on the basis of when and to (or by) whom the goods were charged. The "charged" basis may be used if there is no material difference between it and the "shipped" basis. If there is a material difference, the "shipped" basis must be used or adjustments made to the data on a "charged" basis to approximate a "shipped" basis. The data should include goods only; they should EXCLUDE services.

Capital goods - INCLUDE capital goods but exclude the value of ships, planes, railroad rolling stock, and trucks that were temporarily outside the United States transporting people or goods.

Consigned goods - INCLUDE consigned goods in the trade figures when shipped or received, even though they are not normally recorded as sales or purchases, or entered into intercompany accounts when initially consigned.

In-transit goods - EXCLUDE from exports and imports the value of goods that are in-transit. In-transit goods are goods that are not processed or consumed by residents in the intermediate country(ies) through which they transit; the in-transit goods enter that country(ies) only because that country(ies) is along the shipping lines between the exporting and importing countries. In-transit imports are goods en route from one foreign country to another via the United States (such as from Canada to Mexico via the United States), and in-transit exports are goods en route from one part of the United States to another part via a foreign country (such as from Alaska to Washington State via Canada).

## Packaged general use computer software - INCLUDE

 exports and imports of packaged general use computer software. Value such exports and imports at the full transaction value, i.e., the market value of the media on which the software is recorded and the value of the information contained on the media. EXCLUDE exports and imports of customized software designed to meet the needs of a specific user. This type of software is considered a service and should not be included as trade in goods. EXCLUDE negotiated fees for software that is to be used on networks.Natural gas, electricity, and water - Report ONLY the product value of natural gas, electricity, and water that you produce or sell at wholesale as exports and imports of goods. DO NOT report the service value (transmission and distribution).

140 On what basis were the trade data in the section prepared? - Mark (X) one.
$4172 \quad 1 \mathbf{1}$ "Shipped" basis.
${ }_{1} 2$ "Charged" basis without adjustments, because there is no material difference between the "charged" and "shipped" bases.
${ }^{1} 3$ "Charged" basis with adjustments to correct for material differences between the "charged" and "shipped" bases.

Shipped by U.S. Reporter(s)
(2)

Shipped by other
U.S. persons
(3)
U.S. EXPORTS OF GOODS TO THIS FOREIGN AFFILIATE
(Valued f.a.s. U.S. port) \$ Bil. Mil. Thous. Do \$ Bil. $000^{2}$
 000

## BY INTENDED USE - Sum of 142

through 144 must equal 141


0
U.S. IMPORTS OF GOODS FROM THIS FOREIGN AFFILIATE (Valued f.a.s. foreign port)

TOTAL
(1)

Shipped to U.S. Reporter(s)
(2)

Shipped to other
U.S. persons
(3)

What is the value of the total goods shipped in FY 2019 to the U.S. by this affiliate?

USE
ONLY




# 2019 BENCHMARK SURVEY OF U.S. DIRECT INVESTMENT ABROAD FORM BE-10B - ADDITIONAL INSTRUCTIONS BY ITEM 

Part IV, Section A - Distribution of Sales or Gross Operating Revenues 92-95

Disaggregate the total sales or gross operating revenues into sales of goods, sales of services, and investment income.
93 Sales of goods - Goods are normally economic outputs that are tangible. Sales of goods include, but are not limited to:

- Mass produced media, including exposed film, video tapes, DVDs, audio tapes, and CDs.
- Books. NOTE: Report revenues associated with the design, editing, and marketing activities for producing and distributing books that you both publish and sell as sales of services.
- Energy trading activities where you take title to the goods. NOTE: If you act in the capacity of a broker or agent to facilitate the sale of goods and you do not take title to the goods, report your revenue (i.e., commissions) as sale of services in 94.
- Bulk sales of newspapers and periodicals. NOTE: Report subscription sales as sales of services in 94.
- Packaged general use computer software.
- Structures sold by businesses in real estate.
- Revenues earned from building structures by businesses in construction.
- Electricity, natural gas, and water. NOTE: Revenues derived from transmitting and/or distributing these goods, as opposed to revenue derived from the sale of the actual product, should be reported as sales of services in 94.
Sales of services, including intellectual property rights Services are normally economic outputs that are intangible. Sales of services include, but are not limited to:
- Advertising revenue, including placement of ads in print, broadcast, or digital media.
- Commissions and fees earned by companies engaged in finance and real estate activities.
- Commissions earned by agents or brokers (i.e., wholesalers) who act on behalf of buyers and sellers in the wholesale distribution of goods. NOTE: Agents or brokers do not take title to the goods being sold.
- Newspapers and periodicals sold through subscriptions, whether by mail, electronic subscription, or other means. NOTE: Report bulk sales as sales of goods in 93.
- Transportation, including by air, rail, tanker, truck, or pipeline, and warehousing.
- Income from transactions in intellectual property, including franchise fees and the rights to use, reproduce, and/or distribute intellectual property, including:
- patents, process, trade secrets, and trademarks;
- books or music, recorded performances and events, and broadcasting live performances and events, excluding on physical media;
- general use computer software, excluding on physical media; and
- Computer services, including sales of customized software, cloud computing and data storage services.
- Electricity, natural gas, and water transmission and distribution.
- Report fees or commissions earned from operating electronic markets or platforms that bring together buyers and sellers using the Internet or other electronic means, without taking ownership of the goods nor providing the services being sold.
Mining services including drilling wells, exploration, and surveying. Includes both initiated and proposed projects.
- Real estate rental income. NOTE: report in columns (2) through (7) based on the location of the property.
Investment income - Report dividends and interest generated by finance and insurance activities as investment income. NOTE: Report commissions and fees as sales of services in 94.
Finance or insurance companies that include investment income in gross operating revenues should report the source of such investment income in 95 columns (2) through (7) based on the location of the issuer of the financial instrument whether publicly issued or privately placed. If the location of the issuer is unknown, then substitute the nationality of the issuer. If both the location and nationality of the issuer are unknown, and an intermediary (e.g., trustee, custodian, or nominee) is used to manage the investment (financial instrument or real estate) use the country of location of the intermediary.


## Special Instructions for Dealers in Financial Instruments, Finance Companies, Insurance Companies, and Real Estate Companies

A. Certain gains (losses) for (1) dealers in financial instruments and finance and insurance companies, and (2) real estate companies.

1. Dealers in financial instruments (including securities, currencies, derivatives, and other financial instruments) and finance and insurance companies - INCLUDE in 45

- impairment losses as defined by FASB ASC 320 (FAS 115),
- realized gains and losses on trading or dealing,
- unrealized gains or losses, due to changes in the valuation of financial instruments, that flow through the income statement, and
- goodwill impairment as defined by FASB ASC 350 (FAS 142).

EXCLUDE from 45, unrealized gains or losses due to changes in the valuation of financial instruments that are taken to other comprehensive income. Reflect such changes in 68 (all other components of accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)). EXCLUDE from 45, income from explicit fees and commissions. INCLUDE income from these fees and commissions as operating revenue in 37, 42, and also 86 or 92 , as appropriate and as sales of services in 94.
2. Real estate companies - INCLUDE in 45 :

- impairment losses as defined by FASB ASC 360 (FAS 144), and
- goodwill impairment as defined by FASB ASC 350 (FAS 142).

EXCLUDE the income earned and expenses incurred from the sale of real estate you own. Such income should be reported as operating revenue in 37, 42, and also 86 or 92, as appropriate and as sales of goods in 93 . Such expenses, including the net book value of the real estate sold, should be reported as cost of goods sold in 48 . Do not net the expenses against the revenues.
B. Special instructions for insurance companies

1. When there is a difference between the financial and operating data reported to the stockholders and the data reported in the annual statement to an insurance department, prepare the $\mathrm{BE}-10$ on the same basis as the annual report to the stockholders.
Valuation should be according to normal commercial accounting procedures, not at rates promulgated by national insurance departments,
e.g., INCLUDE assets not acceptable for inclusion in the annual statement to an insurance department, such as: 1. non-trusteed or free account assets, and 2. nonadmitted assets, including furniture and equipment, agents' debit balances, and all receivables deemed to be collectible. INCLUDE mandatory securities valuation reserves that are appropriations of retained earnings in the owners' equity section of the balance sheet, not in the liability section.
2. Instructions for reporting specific items
a. Sales or gross operating revenues, excluding sales taxes (42) - INCLUDE items such as earned premiums, annuity considerations, gross investment income, and items of a similar nature. EXCLUDE income from equity investments in unconsolidated business enterprises that is to be reported in 43 and EXCLUDE certain gains or losses that are to be reported in 45.
b. Certain gains (losses) (45) - See Special Instructions, A. 1
c. Cost of goods sold or services rendered and selling, general, and administrative expenses ( 48 ) -
INCLUDE costs relating to sales or gross operating revenues, such as policy losses incurred, death benefits, matured endowments, other policy benefits, increases in liabilities for future policy benefits, and other underwriting expenses.
d. Sales of services (94) - INCLUDE premium income and income from other services, if any.
Calculate premiums earned by companies engaged in insurance activities as direct premiums written (including renewals) net of cancellations, plus reinsurance premiums assumed, minus reinsurance premiums ceded, plus unearned premiums at the beginning of the year, minus unearned premiums at the end of the year.
e. Investment income ( 95 ) - Report that portion of sales or gross operating revenues that is investment income. However, report any gains or losses on investments, in accordance with Special Instructions, A.1. See Additional Instructions for Part IV, Section A, 95, above to determine the location of the transactor of investment income.

## Summary of Industry Classifications

For a full explanation of each code see www.bea.gov/naics2017

Agriculture, Forestry, Fishing,
and Hunting
1110 Crop production
1120 Animal production and aquaculture
1130 Forestry and logging
1140 Fishing, hunting, and trapping
1150 Support activities for agriculture and forestry

## Mining

2111 Oil and gas extraction
2121 Coal
2123 Nonmetallic minerals
2124 Iron ores
2125 Gold and silver ores
2126 Copper, nickel, lead, and zinc ores
2127 Other metal ores
2132 Support activities for oil and gas operations
2133 Support activities for mining, except for oil and gas operations

## Utilities

2211 Electric power generation, transmission, and distribution.
2212 Natural gas distribution
2213 Water, sewage, and other systems

## Construction

2360 Construction of buildings
2370 Heavy and civil engineering construction
2380 Specialty trade contractors
Manufacturing
3111 Animal foods
3112 Grain and oilseed milling
3113 Sugar and confectionery products
3114 Fruit and vegetable preserving and specialty foods
3115 Dairy products
3116 Meat products
3117 Seafood product preparation and packaging
3118 Bakery products and tortillas
3119 Other food products
3121 Beverages
3122 Tobacco
3130 Textile mills
3140 Textile product mills
3150 Apparel
3160 Leather and allied products
3210 Wood products
3221 Pulp, paper, and paperboard mills
3222 Converted paper products
3231 Printing and related support activities
3242 Integrated petroleum refining and extraction
3243 Petroleum refining without extraction
3244 Asphalt and other petroleum and coal products
3251 Basic chemicals
3252 Resins, synthetic rubbers, and artificial and synthetic fibers and filaments
3253 Pesticides, fertilizers, and other agricultural chemicals

3254
3255
3256

3259

3261
3262
3271 Clay products and refractories
3272 Glass and glass products
3273 Cement and concrete products
3274 Lime and gypsum products
3279 Other nonmetallic mineral products
3311 Iron and steel mills
3312 Steel products from purchased steel
3313 Alumina and aluminum production and processing
3314 Nonferrous metal (except aluminum) production and processing
3315 Foundries
3321 Forging and stamping
3322 Cutlery and hand tools
3323 Architectural and structural metals
3324 Boilers, tanks, and shipping containers
3325 Hardware
3326 Spring and wire products
3327 Machine shop products, turned products, and screws, nuts, and bolts
3328 Coating, engraving, heat treating, and allied activities
3329 Other fabricated metal products
3331 Agriculture, construction, and mining machinery
3332 Industrial machinery
3333 Commercial and service industry machinery
3334 Ventilation, heating, air-conditioning, and commercial refrigeration equipment Metalworking machinery
3335
3336 Engines, turbines, and power transmission equipment
3339 Other general purpose machinery
3341 Computer and peripheral equipment
3342 Communications equipment
3343 Audio and video equipment
3344 Semiconductors and other electronic components

3359 Other electrical equipment and components
3361 Motor vehicles
3362 Motor vehicle bodies and trailers
3363 Motor vehicle parts
3364 Aerospace products and parts
3365 Railroad rolling stock
3366 Ship and boat building
3369 Other transportation equipment
3370 Furniture and related products
3391 Medical equipment and supplies
3399 Other miscellaneous manufacturing

Wholesale Trade, Durable Goods
4231 Motor vehicle and motor vehicle parts and supplies
4232 Furniture and home furnishing
4233 Lumber and other construction materials
4234 Professional and commercial equipment and supplies
4235 Metal and mineral (except petroleum)
4236 Household appliances, and electrical and electronic goods
4237 Hardware, and plumbing and heating equipment and supplies
4238 Machinery, equipment, and supplies
4239 Miscellaneous durable goods

## Wholesale Trade, Nondurable Goods

4241 Paper and paper product
4242 Drugs and druggists' sundries
4243 Apparel, piece goods, and notions
4244 Grocery and related product
4245 Farm product raw material
4246 Chemical and allied products
4247 Petroleum and petroleum products
4248 Beer, wine, and distilled alcoholic beverage
4249 Miscellaneous nondurable goods
Wholesale Trade, Electronic Markets and Agents and Brokers

4251 Wholesale electronic markets and agents and brokers

## Retail Trade

4410 Motor vehicle and parts dealers
4420 Furniture and home furnishings
4431 Electronics and appliance
4440 Building material and garden equipment and supplies dealers
4450 Food and beverage
4461 Health and personal care
4471 Gasoline stations
4480 Clothing and clothing accessories
4510 Sporting goods, hobby, book, and music
4520 General merchandise
4530 Miscellaneous store retailers
4540 Non-store retailers

## Transportation and Warehousing

4810 Air transportation
4821 Rail transportation
4833 Petroleum tanker operations
4839 Other water transportation
4840 Truck transportation
4850 Transit and ground passenger transportation
4863 Pipeline transportation of crude oil, refined petroleum products, and natural gas
4868 Other pipeline transportation
4870 Scenic and sightseeing transportation
4880 Support activities for transportation
4920 Couriers and messengers
4932 Petroleum storage for hire
4939 Other warehousing and storage

# Summary of Industry Classifications - Continued <br> For a full explanation of each code see www.bea.gov/naics2017 

| Information |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| 5111 | Newspaper, periodical, book, |
|  | and directory publishers |
| 5112 | Software publishers |
| 5121 | Motion picture and video industries |
| 5122 | Sound recording industries |
| 5151 | Radio and television broadcasting |
| 5152 | Cable and other subscription |
|  | programming |
| 5173 | Wired and wireless telecommunication |
| 5174 | carriers |
| 5179 | Satellite telecommunications |
| 5182 | Other telecommunications |
| 5191 | services |
| 5191 | Other information services |
|  |  |
| Finance and Insurance |  |
| 5221 | Depository credit intermediation (Banking) |
| 5223 | Activities related to credit intermediation |
| 5224 | Non-depository credit intermediation, |
| except branches and agencies |  |
| 5229 | Non-depository branches and agencies |
| 5231 | Securities and commodity contracts |
| 5238 | intermediation and brokerage |
| 5 | Other financial investment activities and |
| exchanges |  |
| 5242 | Agencies, brokerages, and other |
| insurance related activities |  |
| 5243 | Insurance carriers, except direct life |
| insurance carriers |  |
| 5249 | Directlife insurance canriers |
| 5252 | Funds, trusts, and other financialvehicles |
|  | Real |

5111 Newspaper, periodical, book, and directory publishers
5112 Software publishers
industries
5151 Radio and television broadcasting
5152 Cable and other subscription programming
5173 Wired and wireless telecommunication carriers
Satelite telecommunications
5179 Other telecommunications
Data processing, hosting, and related services
5191 Other information services

## Finance and Insurance

5221 Depository credit intermediation (Banking) except branches and agencies
5229 Non-depository branches and agencies
5231 Securities and commodity contracts intermediation and brokerage

5242 Agencies, brokerages, and other insurance related activities ere carriers, except direct life Direct life insurance carriers
5252 Funds, trusts and other financiatyehicles

## Estate and Rental and Leasing

Real estate
5329 Other rental and leasing services
5331 Lessors of nonfinancial intangible assets, except copyrighted works

## Professional, Scientific, and Technical

 Services5411 Legal services
5412 Accounting, tax preparation, bookkeeping, and payroll services
5413 Architectural, engineering, and related services
5414 Specialized design services
5415 Computer systems design and related services
5416 Management, scientific, and technical consulting services
5417 Scientific research and development services
5418 Advertising, public relations, and related services
5419 Other professional, scientific, and technical services

Management of Companies and Enterprises
5512 Holding companies, except bank holding. companies
5513 Corporate, subsidiary, and regional management offices

## Administrative and Support, Waste

 Management and Remediation ServicesFacilities support services
613 Employment services
5614 Business support services
5615 Travel arrangement and reservation services
5616 Investigation and security services
5617 Services to buildings and dwellings
5619 Other support services
5620 Waste management and remediation services

## Educational Services

6110 Educational services

## Health Care and Social Assistance

6210 Ambulatory health care services
6220 Hospitals
6230 Nursing and residential care facilities
6240 Social assistance services
Arts, Entertainment, and Recreation
7110 Performing arts, spectator sports, and
7121 Museums, historical sites, and similar institutions
7130 Amusement, gambling, and recreation industries

## Accommodation and Food Services

7210 Accommodation
7220 Food services and drinking places

## Other Services

8110 Repair and maintenance
8120 Personal and laundry services
8130 Religious, grantmaking, civic, professional, and similar organizations

## Public Administration

9200 Public administration

# 2019 BENCHMARK SURVEY OF U.S. DIRECT INVESTMENT ABROAD MANDATORY - CONFIDENTIAL BE-10C (Report for Foreign Affiliate of U.S. Reporter) 

## Electronic Filing: Go to www.bea.gov/efile for details

Mail reports to: Bureau of Economic Analysis Direct Investment Division, BE-69(A) 4600 Silver Hill Road Washington, DC 20233

Deliver reports to: Bureau of Economic Analysis Direct Investment Division, BE-69(A) 4600 Silver Hill Road Suitland, MD 20746

Fax reports to:
(301) 278-9502

## Assistance:

E-mail: be10/11@bea.gov Telephone: (301) 278-9418 Copies of form: www.bea.gov/dia

Please include your BEA Identification Number with all requests.

Affiliate ID Number $C$
*Do not enter Social Security Number in Affiliate ID box
1 Name of U.S. Reporter of foreign affiliate - Same as 1 , Form BE-10A

2 Name of foreign affiliate being reported - Use the same name on all reports filed subsequently for this affiliate with the Bureau of Economic Analysis, e.g., Forms BE-11 and BE-577.

## IMPORTANT

Instruction Booklet - Contains additional instructions, definitions, and detailed reporting requirements for completing this form.
Who must report - The U.S. Reporter must file Form BE-10C for:
(1) each majority-owned foreign affiliate for which totalassets; sales or gross operating revenues, excluding sales taxes; or net income after provision for foreign income taxes was greater than $\$ 25$ million (positive or negative), but for which no one of these items was greater than $\$ 80$ million (positive or negative) at the end of, or for, the affiliate's 2019 fiscal year;
(2) each minority-owned foreign affiliate for which total assets; sales or gross operating revenues, excluding sales taxes; or net income after provision for foreign income taxes was greater than $\$ 25$ million (positive or negative) at the end of, or for, the affiliate's 2019 fiscal year; and
(3) each foreign affiliate for which no one of the items: total assets; sales or gross operating revenues, excluding sales taxes; or net income after provision for foreign income taxes was greater than $\$ 25$ million (positive or negative) at the end of, or for, the affiliate's 2019 fiscal year that is a foreign affiliate parent of another foreign affiliate being filed on Forms BE-10B or BE-10C.
NOTE - If the foreign affiliate is exempt from being reported on Form $B E-10 C$, see the reporting requirements for Forms $B E-10 B$ and $B E-10 D$. The foreign affiliate must be reported on one of those forms.

Due Date - A complete BE-10 report is due on the following dates:
May 29, 2020 for a U.S. Reporter required to file fewer than 50 Forms BE-10B, BE-10C, and/or BE-10D
June 30, 2020 for a U.S. Reporter required to file 50 or more Forms BE-10B, BE-10C, and/or BE-10D
Translation of foreign currency financial and operating data into U.S. dollars - Use U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles FASB ASC 830 (FAS 52). See Instruction Booklet, Part IV.B.
Monetary Values - Report in U.S. dollars rounded to thousands (omitting 000).
EXAMPLE - If amount is $\$ 1,334,891.00$, report as.
If an item is between + or $-\$ 500.00$, enter " 0 ." Use parenthesis () to indicate negative numbers.
Percentages - Report ownership percentages to a tenth of one percent:


## Part I - Identification of Foreign Affiliate

3 What is the number of foreign business enterprises consolidated in this report? - Do not consolidate business enterprises located in different countries or in different 4-digit industries. See the Instruction Booklet, Part I.B.2.d.(1). If your answer to this question is 2 or more, you must complete Supplement B (page 11) of this report. If this report is for a single foreign business enterprise, enter " 1 " in the box.
10031

Does this foreign affiliate have a Legal Entity Identifier (LEI)?

| 1044 | 1 | Yes - Enter the 20 -digit LEI of the foreign affiliate. ${ }^{2}$ |
| ---: | :--- | :--- |
|  | 1 |  |
| ${ }^{1}$ |  | No | $\square$

## Part I - Identification of Foreign Affilate - Gontinued

5 Is this foreign affiliate a regional headquarter (RHQ)?
Regional headquarters are separate and independent entities, located in different geographical regions than the corporate headquarters. RHQs have decision-making authority and direct other affiliates in their respective regions.

| 1045 | ${ }^{1} 1$ | Yes |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | ${ }^{1} \mathbf{2}$ | No |

6 What is the country of incorporation or organization of this foreign affiliate - Mark $(X)$ one.

| 1006 | 1601 | Australia | ${ }^{1} 650$ | China | 1313 | Ireland | 1319 | Netherlands |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1302 | Belgium | 1307 | France | 1314 | Italy | 1325 | Switzerland |
|  | 1202 | Brazil | 1308 | Germany | 1614 | Japan | 1327 | United Kingdom |
|  | 1100 | Canada | ${ }^{1} 611$ | Hong Kong | 1213 | Mexico | 1 | Other - Specify |

7 What is the country of location? - Country in which this foreign affiliate's physical assets are located or where its primary activity is carried out - Mark ( $X$ ) one.

Note - If the affiliate is engaged in petroleum, shipping, other water transportation, or oil and gas drilling, and has operations spanning more than one country, use country of incorporation for country of location. For example, classify in country of incorporation an oil drilling rig that moves from country to country during the year.
1007

| ${ }^{1} 601$ | Australia | ${ }^{1} 650$ | China |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| ${ }^{1} 302$ | Belgium | ${ }^{1} 307$ | France |
| ${ }^{1} \mathbf{3 0 2}$ | Brazil | ${ }^{1} 308$ | Germany |
| ${ }^{1} 202$ |  |  |  |
| ${ }^{1} 100$ | Canada | ${ }^{1} 611$ | Hong Kong |
|  |  |  |  |

1313 - Ireland 213 213 Mexico
314 Italy ${ }^{13} 325$

What is the city of location? - City in which this foreign affiliate's physical assets are located or where its primary activity is carried out


10 Did the foreign business enterprise become a foreign affiliate of the U.S. Reporter during the fiscal year?
1010
${ }^{1} 1$ Yes, and this is its initial report - Affiliate was not previously owned by the U.S. Reporter. If "Yes," did the U.S. Reporter - Mark (X) one.
${ }^{2} 1$ Establish the foreign affiliate?
${ }^{2} 2$ Acquire a voting interest of 10 percent or more in an existing foreign company from a foreign person?
${ }^{2} 3$ Acquire a voting interest of 10 percent or more in this affiliate from a U.S. person?
Acquire a voting interest of 10 percent or mors.

- Give name and address of U.S. person.


## Enter

 date
$\square$
${ }^{1} 2$ No

## Part I - Identification of Foreign Affiliate - Continued

## Section A - Direct Ownership in this Foreign Affiliate

- Equity interest is the direct ownership in the total equity (voting and nonvoting) of the affiliate.

Examples of nonvoting equity include nonvoting stock and a limited partner's interest in a partnership.

- Voting interest is the direct ownership in just the voting equity of the affiliate. Examples of voting equity include voting stock and a general partner's interest in a partnership. Thus, a U.S. Reporter could have a 100 percent direct voting interest in an affiliate but own less than 100 percent of the affiliate's total equity.
- Enter percent of ownership based on total voting stock, as applicable, if an incorporated affiliate, or an equivalent interest if an unincorporated affiliate.

| Percent of ownership at close of fiscal year |  |  |  |
| ---: | :--- | ---: | :--- |
| Equity interest | Voting interest |  |  |
| Equity | Equity | Voting | Voting |
| $\mathbf{2 0 1 9}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 8}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 9}$ | 2018 |
| (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) |

11 U.S. Reporter named in 1 ? - Report equity interest and voting interest
12 Other foreign affiliate(s) of U.S. Reporter named in 1 ? - If entry is made here, complete 18 and 19
13 Other U.S. Reporter(s) of this foreign affiliate?

14 Foreign affiliate(s) of other U.S. Reporter(s)?
15 Other U.S. persons?

16 Other foreign persons? (not reported above).
17 What is the total directly held voting ownership interests? - Sum of 11 through 16
18 What is the indirect ownership interest held through the U.S. Reporter's other foreign affiliates? If there is an entry in 12, enter U.S. Reporter's percent of indirect ownership in this affiliate. See Instruction Booklet, Part I.B.1.c., for instructions on how to calculate indirect ownership percentage

## What is the direct ownership percent of this foreign affiliate held by:

12 ती

19. What is the name of the foreign affiliate parent(s)? - If there is an entry in 12, enter below the name(s), BEA ID Number, and percent(s) of ownership of each foreign affiliate of the U.S. Reporter named in 1 holding a direct ownership interest in this foreign affiliate. Also, for each foreign affiliate in column (a) that is below the first tier in its ownership chain, enter in column (d) the name of the foreign affiliate that holds a direct ownership interest in it.


## Section B - Industry Classification

20 What is the one activity below that best describes the major activity of the foreign affiliate? - Mark $(X)$ one. Note - For an inactive affiliate, select the activity based on its last active period; for "start-ups," select the intended activity.
1028
1 Producer of goods
2 Seller of goods the foreign affiliate does not produce
${ }^{1} 3$ Producer or distributor of information
${ }^{1} 4$ Provider of services
5 Other - Specify

0

21 What is the MAJOR product or service involved in this activity? If a product, briefly state what is done to it, i.e., whether it is mined, manufactured, sold at wholesale, packaged, transported, etc. (For example, "Manufacture widgets to sell at wholesale.") 10290

## Industry classification of foreign affiliate (based on sales or gross operating revenues)

- Report in columns (1) and (2), respectively, the 4-digit International Surveys Industry (ISI) code(S) and the sales associated with each code. A list of the ISI codes is provided on pages 14 and 15.
- For a full explanation of each code, see the Guide to Industry Classifications for International Surveys, 2017 located at www.bea.gov/naics2017.
- For an inactive foreign affiliate, enter an ISI code based on its last active period; For "startups" with no sales, show the intended activity(ies).
- Holding companies (ISI code 5512) must show total income. To be considered a holding company, income from equity investments must be more than 50 percent of total income. In addition, normally at least 50 percent oftotal assets must consist of investments in affiliates. ISI code 5512 (holding company) is an invalid classification if more than 50 percent of income generated, or expected to be generated, by an affiliate is from non-holding company activities.
- Dealers in financial instruments and finance, insurance, and real estate companies Sales or gross



## Part II - Financial and Operating Data of Foreign Affiliate

Section A - Selected Income Statement Items - See Additional Instructions for Part II, Section A, on page 12 at the back of this form.

## What are the foreign affiliate's values for:

27 Sales or gross operating revenues, excluding sales taxes? - Must equal 26, column (2) and 57, column (1), if applicable. (Dealers in financial instruments see Special Instructions, A.1., page 13; insurance companies see Special Instructions, B.2.a., page 13.)

28 Certain gains (losses)? - Report gross amount before income tax effect


Remarks

## Section B - Employment

Report the number of employees on the payroll at the end of FY 2019 including part-time employees, but excluding temporary and contract employees not included on your payroll records. A count taken at some other date during the reporting period may be given provided it is a reasonable estimate of employees on the payroll at the end of FY 2019. If the number of employees at the end of FY 2019 (or when the count was taken) was unusually high or low due to temporary factors (e.g., a strike), enter the number of employees that reflects normal operations. If the number of employees fluctuates widely during the year due to seasonal business variations, report the average number of employees on the payroll during FY 2019. Base such an average on the number of employees on the payroll at the end of each pay period, month or quarter. If precise figures are not available, give your best estimate.

31 What is the foreign affiliate's total number of employees?

Report employee compensation expenditures made by an employer in connection with the employment of workers, including cash payments, payments-in-kind, and employer expenditures for employee benefit plans including those required by statute. Base compensation data on payroll records. Report compensation that relates to activities that occurred during the reporting period regardless of whether the activities were charged as an expense on the income statement, charged to inventories, or capitalized. EXCLUDE data related to activities of a prior period, such as those capitalized or charged to inventories in prior periods. EXCLUDE compensation of contract workers not carried on the payroll of this affiliate. Total employee compensation consists of wages and salaries of employees and employer expenditures for all employee benefit plans.

32 What is the foreign affiliate's total employee compensation expenditure?

- Report, for all employees, the sum of wages and salaries and employee benefit plans.

3 Is total employee compensation expenditure in 32 zero?
$2111 \quad{ }^{1} 1$ Yes - Explain below.
No - Skip to 34.
If yes, explain why compensation is zero.

## Section C - Research and Development

Research and development (R\&D) expenditures in 34 pertains only to R\&D performed by the foreign affiliate, including R\&D performed by the affiliate for others (including the U.S. Reporter or its other foreign affiliates) under contract. EXCLUDE the cost of any R\&D funded by the affiliate but performed by others, such as the affiliate's allocated share of R\&D performed by the U.S. Reporter (report such R\&D on Form BE-10A, 99 ). See R\&D Instructions on page 13 at the back of this form.

INCLUDE all costs incurred in performing R\&D, including depreciation, amortization, wages and salaries, property taxes and other taxes (except income taxes), materials and supplies, allocated overhead, and indirect costs.

| BEA <br> USE <br> ONLY | 2116 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

## Section D - Balance Sheet

- Property, plant, and equipment, net - Report NET book value of land, timber, mineral rights and similar rights owned. Also INCLUDE net book value of structures, machinery, equipment, special tools, deposit containers, construction in progress, other depreciable property and capitalized tangible and intangible exploration and development costs of the foreign affiliate.
INCLUDE items leased from others, per FASB ASC 842. EXCLUDE all other types of intangible assets, and land held for resale. (Unincorporated affiliates INCLUDE items owned by the U.S. Reporter(s) but in the affiliate's possession whether or not carried on the affiliate's books or records.) Insurance companies see Special Instructions, page 13.
- Capital stock and additional paid-in capital - INCLUDE common and preferred, voting and nonvoting capital stock and additional paid-in capital.
- Retained earnings (deficit) - INCLUDE earnings retained by the affiliate and legally available for dividends, and earnings voluntarily restricted.
- Translation adjustment - Report the cumulative amount at year end per FASB ASC 830 (FAS 52). For unincorporated foreign affiliates, report that portion of 46 representing the affiliate's cumulative translation adjustment account in 47.
- All other components - INCLUDE the cumulative balance of unrealized holding gains and losses due to changes in the valuation of available-forsale securities per FASB ASC 320 (FAS 115) and any other comprehensive income items required to be displayed separately from retained earnings as per FASB ASC 220 (FAS 130).
- Disaggregate all asset and liability items in the detail shown. Show accounts receivable and payable between the U.S. Reporter and this foreign affiliate in the proper asset and liability accounts. Do not report them as a net amount.

What are the foreign affiliate's values for:
ASSETS (Insurance companies see Special Instructions for 35 on page 13.)
35 Property, plant, and equipment - net? .
36 Other assets?
37 Total assets? - Sum of 35 and 36
LIABILITIES


Balance at close
of fiscal year 2019
(1)

Bil. Mil. Thous. Dols. \$

|  |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| $000^{2}$ |  |
| $0{ }^{2}$ | 000 |
| $00{ }^{2}$ | 000 |
| $000^{2}$ | 000 |
| $000^{2}$ | 000 |

Balance at close

Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)

Balance at close of fiscal year 2019
(1)

Bil Mil Thous. Dols. Bil Mil
41 Translation adjustment component?
42 All other components? $\square$ Dols. $000^{2}$

43 Total accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)? Equals sum of 41 and 42
44 Other? - INCLUDE treasury stock and involuntarily (or legally) restricted earnings, and noncontrolling interests per FASB ASC 810 (FAS 167). - Specify

$$
0
$$

45 Total owners' equity (incorporated foreign affiliate)? -
Equals 37 minus 38 and equals the sum of 39, 40, 43, and 44 .
2101
$\qquad$
$\square$
$000^{2} 000$

OWNERS' EQUITY - Unincorporated affiliate only, complete 46 and 47
46 Total owners' equity (unincorporated foreign affiliate)? -
Equals 37 minus 38. $\qquad$
Translation adjustment?

| 2159 | 1 | 2 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |

$\left.\right|^{2} 3^{3}$

## Section E - Property, Plant, and Equipment (PP\&E)

- PP\&E expenditures include expenditures for land, timber, mineral and like rights owned, structures, machinery, equipment, special tools, and other depreciable property; construction-in-progress; and capitalized tangible and intangible exploration and development costs, but excludes expenditures for other types of intangible assets, and land held for resale.
- INCLUDE expenditures for items leased from others (including land). Also INCLUDE the expenditure for the capitalized value of timber, mineral, and similar rights leased by the foreign affiliate from others. EXCLUDE items the foreign affiliate has leased to others.
- EXCLUDE from expenditures all changes in PP\&E resulting from a change in the entity (i.e., due to mergers, acquisitions, divestitures, etc.) or accounting principles during FY 2019.
- For foreign affiliates engaged in exploring for, or developing, natural resources, INCLUDE exploration and development expenditures made during FY 2019 that were capitalized, including capitalized expenditures to acquire or lease mineral rights. EXCLUDE adjustments for expenditures charged against income in prior years but subsequently capitalized during FY 2019.
- Insurance companies should INCLUDE expenditures WHEREVER CLASSIFIED IN THE BALANCE SHEET
(i.e., INCLUDE expenditures that have been classified in "other noncurrent assets").

What are the foreign affiliate's values for:
48 Expenditures for new and used property, plant, and equipment (PP\&E)?
$\qquad$

49 Current-period depreciation and depletion? - Current-period charges against property, plant, and equipment


Part III - Receivable and Payable Balances and Interest Between the U.S. Reporter and Foreign Affiliate

## Intercompany Debt Balances

50 Did this affiliate have any one of these items: (1) assets, (2) sales or gross operating revenue, excluding sales tax, or (3) net income (loss), greater than $\$ 60$ million at the end of the affiliate's 2019 fiscal year?
$4154 \quad 1 \quad$ Yes - Skip to Part IV
${ }^{1} 2$ No-Continue with 51

Report in 51 and 52 all current and long-term intercompany receivables and payables and related interest between the U.S. Reporter and the foreign affiliate. Include current and long-term items, indebtedness resulting from a capital lease, and the net book value of equipment under a long-term operating lease. For leases, derivative contracts, and further instructions see Additional Information for Part III, on page 12 at the back of this form.

## What are the values for:

Do NOT net receivables and payables or interest income and expense.

Short- and long-term receivables due to the U.S. Reporter from the foreign affiliate and the related interest income on those balances?
Receivable balances

| Balance at close |
| :---: |
| Balance at close fiscal year 2018 | Interest

Balance at close
of fiscal year 2019
of fiscal year 2018 (unrestated)

For FY 2019
(1)
\$ Bil. Mil. Thous.
(2)

Dols.


Bil. Mil. Thous. Dols.
(1)


## IMPORTANT NOTES

Report U.S. exports of goods to and U.S. imports of goods from the foreign affiliate in FY 2019. Report all goods that physically left or entered the U.S. customs area. Report data on a "shipped" basis, i.e., on the basis of when and to (or by) whom the goods were shipped. This is the same basis as official U.S. trade statistics to which these data will be compared. Do not record a U.S. import or export if the goods did not physically enter or leave (i.e., were not physically shipped to or from) the United States, even if they were charged to the foreign affiliate by, or charged by the foreign affiliate to, a U.S. person.

Foreign affiliates normally keep their accounting records on a "charged" basis, i.e., on the basis of when and to (or by) whom the goods were charged. The "charged" basis may be used if there is no material difference between it and the "shipped" basis. If there is a material difference, the "shipped" basis must be used or adjustments made to the data on a "charged" basis to approximate a "shipped" basis. The data should INCLUDE goods only; they should EXCLUDE services.
Capital goods - INCLUDE capital goods but EXCLUDE the value of ships, planes, railroad rolling stock, and trucks that were temporarily outside the United States transporting people or goods.
Consigned goods - INCLUDE consigned goods in the trade figures when shipped or received, even though they are not normally recorded as sales or purchases, or entered into intercompany accounts when initially consigned.


54 What is the value of the total goods shipped in FY 2019 from the U.S. to this affiliate?
U.S. IMPORTS OF GOODS FROM THIS FOREIGN AFFILIATE
(Valued f.a.s. foreign port)

In-transit goods - EXCLUDE from exports and imports the value of goods that are in-transit. In-transit goods are goods that are not processed or consumed by residents in the intermediate country(ies) through which they transit; the in-transit goods enter that country(ies) only because that country(ies) is along the shipping lines between the exporting and importing countries. In-transit imports are goods en route from one foreign country to another via the United States (such as from Canada to Mexico via the United States), and in-transit exports are goods en route from one part of the United States to another part via a foreign country (such as from Alaska to Washington State via Canada).

Packaged general use computer software - INCLUDE exports and imports of packaged general use computer software. Value such exports and imports at the full transaction value, i.e., the market value of the media on which the software is recorded and the value of the information contained on the media. EXCLUDE exports and imports of customized software designed to meet the needs of a specific user. This type of software is considered a service and should not be included as trade in goods. EXCLUDE negotiated fees for software that is to be used on networks.

Natural gas, electricity, and water - Report ONLY the product value of natural gas, electricity, and water that you produce or sell at wholesale as exports and imports of goods. DO NOT report the service value (transmission and distribution).
See Instruction Booklet, Part V.

TOTAL
(1)
\$ Bil.

Shipped by U.S. Reporter(s)
(2)


TOTAL

(1) \$ Bil. Mil. Thous. Dols. \$ Bil. Mil. Thous. Dols. \$ Bil. Mil. Thous. Dols. |  | $\$ 178$ |
| :--- | :--- |

55 What is the value of the total goods shipped in FY 2019 to the U.S. by this affiliate? $\qquad$ FY 2019 to the U.S. by this allote? Remarks

| BEA | 4179 | 1 | 2 | 4 | 5 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| USE |  |  |  |  |  |
| ONLY |  |  |  |  |  |

56 Is this a majority-owned foreign affiliate? - See Instruction Booklet, Part II.O.


## Distribution of Sales or Gross Operating Revenues

57 What are the foreign affiliate's sales or gross operating revenues, excluding sales taxes? -

- Report gross operating revenues or gross sales minus returns, allowances, and discounts. EXCLUDE sales or consumption taxes levied directly on the consumer. EXCLUDE net value-added and excise taxes levied on manufacturers, wholesalers, and retailers. INCLUDE revenues generated during the year from the operations of a discontinued business segment, but EXCLUDE gains or losses from disposals of discontinued operations. Report such gains or losses in 28.
- Finance and leasing companies with ISI codes $5221,5223,5224,5229,5231,5238,5252$, or 5331 report interest income as sales.
- Insurance companies with ISI codes 5243 or 5249 report gross investment income as sales. Also see Special Instructions, B.2.a. on page 13.
- Report the source of real estate rental income in columns (2) through (7) based on the location of the property.
- Finance or insurance companies that include investment income in gross operating revenues should report the source of such investment income in columns (2) through (7) based on the location of the issuer of the financial instrument whether publicly issued or privately placed. If the location of the issuer is unknown, then substitute the nationality of the issuer. If both the location and nationality of the issuer are unknown, and an intermediary (e.g. trustee, custodian, or nominee) is used to manage the investment (financial instrument or real estate) use the country of location of the intermediary.



## Interest and Taxes

## What are the foreign affiliate's values for:

58 Interest income? - Interest received or due to the affiliate from all payors (including affiliated persons), net of tax withheld at the source. INCLUDE all interest receipts included in 27. Do not net against interest expensed, 59


- Report all such taxes and nontax payments whether or not included in revenues or expenses in the income statement. INCLUDE amounts paid or accrued for the year, net of refunds or credits, to foreign governments, their subdivisions and agencies for:
- Sales, value added, consumption, and excise taxes collected by the affiliate on goods and services that the affiliate sold;
- Property and other taxes on the value of assets and capital;
- Any remaining taxes (other than income and payroll taxes); and
- Import and export duties, license fees, fines, penalties, and all other payments or accruals of nontax liabilities (other than production royalty payments for natural resources).

| BEA <br> USE <br> ONLY | 2128 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |


FORM BE-10C Supplement B
(REV. $01 / 2020$ ) Identification - Name of foreign affiliate as shown in 2 of Form BE-10C
digit industry or are integral parts of the same business operation.
c
Name of foreign business enterprise which holds the direct equity

19

enterprise fully consolidated in this Form BE-10C
(2)
they are located in the same cour Booklet, Part I.B.2.d(1).
Name and country of locatio
enterprise fully consolida

(4)

| $\circ$ |
| :--- |
| 0 |
| 1 |
| 1 |
| 1 |


| $\circ$ |
| ---: |
| 1 |
| 1 |
| 1 |
| 1 |



ஃ


 ๐○

 ๐ㅇ

## Reporting Foreign Affiliate

List of all Foreign Business Enterprises Fully Consolidated into the Reporting Foreign Affiliate
Supplement B - This list must be completed for the foreign affiliate for which the U.S. Re

 pages as needed.
BEA USE ONLY


# 2019 BENCHMARK SURVEY OF U.S. DIRECT INVESTMENT ABROAD FORM BE-10C ADDITIONAL INSTRUCTIONS BY ITEM 

## Part I - Identification of Foreign Affiliate

22-26
Sales or gross operating revenues of foreign affiliate, by industry of sales or gross operating revenues. See Additional Instructions for Part II, Section A, 27 below.
Dealers in financial instruments and finance, insurance, and real estate companies see Special Instructions, page 13.

## Part II - Financial and Operating Data of Foreign Affiliate

Section A - Income Statement
27 Sales or gross operating revenues, excluding sales taxes Report gross operating revenues or gross sales minus returns, allowances, and discounts. EXCLUDE sales or consumption taxes levied directly on the consumer. EXCLUDE net value-added and excise taxes levied on manufacturers, wholesalers, and retailers. Affiliates classified in ISI codes 5221, 5223, 5224, 5229, 5231, 5238,5252 and 5331 report interest income on this line. Insurance companies with ISI codes 5243 and 5249 should include gross investment income in this item.

Dealers in financial instruments and finance, insurance, and real estate companies see Special Instructions, page 13.
28 Certain gains (losses) - Read the following instructions carefully as they may deviate from what is normally required by Generally Accepted Accounting Principles. Report at gross before income tax effect. INCLUDE income tax effect in 29 . Report gains (losses) resulting from:

Sale or other disposition of financial assets including investment securities; FASB ASC 320 (FAS 115) holding gains (losses) on securities classified as trading securities; FASB ASC 320 (EAS 115) impairment losses; and gains (losses) derived from derivative instruments; Dealers in financial instruments (including securities, currencies, derivatives, and other financial instruments) and finance and insurance companies, see Special Instructions, A.1., page 13;
b. Sale or disposition of land, other property, plant and equipment, or other assets, and FASB ASC 360 (FAS 144) impairment losses. EXCLUDE gains (losses) from the sale of inventory assets in the ordinary course of trade or business;
c. Goodwill impairment as defined by FASB ASC 350 (FAS 142);
d. Restructuring. INCLUDE restructuring costs that reflect writedowns or write-offs of assets or liabilities. EXCLUDE actual payments, or charges to establish reserves for future actual payments, such as for severance pay, and fees to accountants, lawyers, consultants, or other contractors;
e. Disposals of discontinued operations. EXCLUDE income from the operations of a discontinued segment. Report such income as part of your income from operations in 26 and 27;
f. Re-measurement of the foreign affiliate's foreign-currencydenominated assets and liabilities due to changes in foreign exchange rates during the reporting period;
g. Extraordinary, unusual, or infrequently occurring items that are material. INCLUDE losses from accidental damage or disasters, after estimated insurance reimbursement. INCLUDE other material items, including write-ups, write-downs, write-offs of tangible and intangible assets; gains (losses) from the sale or other disposition of capital assets; and gains (losses) from the sale or other disposition of financial assets, including securities, to the extent not included above. EXCLUDE legal judgments and settlements;
h. The cumulative effect of a change in accounting principle;
i. The cumulative effect of a change in the estimate of stock compensation forfeitures under FASB ASC 718 (FAS 123(R)). Dealers in financial instruments and finance, insurance, and real estate companies, see Special Instructions, page 13.
29 Foreign income taxes - EXCLUDE production royalty payments and U.S. income taxes.

Part III - Receivable and Payable Balances and Interest Between the U.S. Reporter and Foreign Affiliate

Report all current and long-term receivable and payable balances and related interest ONLY between the U.S. Reporter and the foreign affiliate.
Base data on the books of the U.S. Reporter.
Report interest income or expense accrued in the current year,

## GROSS OF WITHHOLDING TAXES.

EXCLUDE debt balances and associated interest with all other affiliated or unaffiliated entities.
Leases - In accordance with FASB ASC 842, leases greater than one year between the U.S. parent and the foreign affiliate should be reported as intercompany balances. Lease payments should be disaggregated into the amounts that are (i) a reduction in an intercompany balance, and (ii) interest.
Derivatives contracts - EXCLUDE the value of outstanding financial derivatives contracts or any payments or receipts resulting from the settlement of these contracts. For example, the settlements of interest rate derivatives should NOT be reported as interest or as another type of transaction on this form. Derivatives contracts are covered by the Treasury International Capital (TIC) Form D, Report of Holdings of, and Transactions in, Financial Derivatives Contracts.

## Part II - Financial and Operating Data of Foreign Affiliate Section C - Research and Development

34
R\&D pertains to planned, creative work aimed at discovering new knowledge or developing new or significantly improved goods and services. This includes:

Basic research is the pursuit of new scientific knowledge or understanding that does not have specific immediate commercial objectives, although it may be in fields of present or potential commercial interest.
Applied research applies the findings of basic research or other existing knowledge toward discovering new scientific knowledge that has specific commercial objectives with respect to new products, services, processes, or methods.
Development is the systematic use of the knowledge or understanding gained from research or practical experience directed toward the production or significant improvement of useful products, services, processes, or methods, including the design and development of prototypes, materials, devices, and systems.
R\&D includes the activities described above whether assigned to separate R\&D organizational units of the company or carried out by company laboratories and technical groups not a part of an R\&D organization.
EXCLUDE R\&D expenditures for:

- Costs for routine product testing, quality control, and technical services unless they are an integral part of an R\&D project
- Market research
- Efficiency surveys or management studies
- Literary, artistic, or historical projects, such as films, music, or books and other publications
- Prospecting or exploration for natural resources

INCLUDE wages, salaries, and related costs; materials and supplies consumed; depreciation on R\&D property and equipment; cost of computer software used in R\&D activities; utilities, such as telephone, electricity, water, and gas; travel costs and professional dues; property taxes and other taxes (except income taxes) incurred on account of the R\&D organization or the facilities they use; insurance expenses; maintenance and repair, including maintenance of buildings and grounds; company overhead including: personnel, accounting, procurement and inventory, and salaries of research executives not on the payroll of the R\&D organization. EXCLUDE capital expenditures, expenditures for tests and evaluations once a prototype becomes a production model, patent expenses, and income taxes and interest.

## Special Instructions for Dealers in Financial Instruments, Finance Companies, Insurance Companies, and Real Estate Companies

A. Certain gains (losses) for (1) dealers in financial instruments and finance and insurance companies, and (2) real estate companies.

1. Dealers in financial instruments (including securities, currencies, derivatives, and other financial instruments) and finance and insurance companies INCLUDE in 28 :

- impairment losses as defined by FASB ASC 320 (FAS 115),
- realized gains and losses on trading or dealing,
- unrealized gains or losses, due to changes in the valuation of financial instruments, that flow through the income statement, and
- goodwill impairment as defined by FASB ASC 350 (FAS 142).

EXCLUDE from 28, unrealized gains or losses due to changes in the valuation of financial instruments that are taken to other comprehensive income. Reflect such changes in 42 (all other components of accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)).
EXCLUDE from 28, income from explicit fees and commissions. INCLUDE income from these fees and commissions as operating revenue in 22 through 25, 27, and in 57.
2. Real estate companies - INCLUDE in 28 :

- impairment losses as defined by FASB ASC 360 (FAS 144), and
- goodwill impairment as defined by FASB ASC 350 (FAS 142).

EXCLUDE the income earned and expenses incurred from the sale of real estate you own. Such income should be reported as operating revenue in 26, 27 and 57. Do not net the expenses against the revenues.

## B. Special instructions for insurance companies

1. When there is a difference between the financial and operating data reported to the stockholders and the data reported in the annual statement to an insurance department, prepare the BE-10 on the same basis as the annual report to the stockholders.
Valuation should be according to normal commercial accounting procedures, not at rates promulgated by national insurance departments, e.g., INCLUDE assets not acceptable for inclusion in the annual statement to an insurance department, such as: 1. non-trusteed or free account assets, and 2. nonadmitted assets, including furniture and equipment, agents' debit balances, and all receivables deemed to be collectible. INCLUDE mandatory securities valuation reserves that are appropriations of retained earnings in the owners' equity section of the balance sheet, not in the liability section.
2. Instructions for reporting specific items
a. Sales or gross operating revenues, excluding sales taxes (27) - INCLUDE items such as earned premiums, annuity considerations, gross investment income, and items of a similar nature. EXCLUDE income from equity investments in unconsolidated business enterprises and EXCLUDE certain gains or losses that are to be reported in 28.
b. Certain gains (losses) (28) - See Special Instructions, A. 1.
c. Net book value of property, plant, and equipment ( 35 ) - INCLUDE the net book value of property, plant, and equipment, WHEREVER CLASSIFIED IN THE BALANCE SHEET.
d. Expenditures for property, plant, and equipment ( 48 ) - INCLUDE expenditures WHEREVER CLASSIFIED IN THE BALANCE SHEET (e.g., INCLUDE expenditures that have been classified in "other assets").

## Summary of Industry Classifications

## For a full explanation of each code see www.bea.gov/naics2017

## Agriculture, Forestry, Fishing, and Hunting

1110 Crop production
1120 Animal production and aquaculture
1130 Forestry and logging
1140 Fishing, hunting, and trapping
1150 Support activities for agriculture and forestry

## Mining

2111 Oil and gas extraction
2121 Coal
2123 Nonmetallic minerals
2124 Iron ores
2125 Gold and silver ores
2126 Copper, nickel, lead, and zinc ores
2127 Other metal ores
2132 Support activities for oil and gas operations
2133 Support activities for mining, except for oil and gas operations

## Utilities

2211 Electric power generation, transmission, and distribution
2212 Natural gas distribution
2213 Water, sewage, and other systems *

## Construction

2360 Construction of buildings
2370 Heavy and civil engineering construction
2380 Specialty trade contractors
Manufacturing
3111 Animal foods
3112 Grain and oilseed milling
3113 Sugar and confectionery products
3114 Fruit and vegetable preserving and specialty foods
3115 Dairy products
3116 Meat products
3117 Seafood product preparation and packaging
3118 Bakery products and tortillas
3119 Other food products
3121 Beverages
3122 Tobacco
3130 Textile mills
3140 Textile product mills
3150 Appare
3160 Leather and allied products
3210 Wood products
3221 Pulp, paper, and paperboard mills
3222 Converted paper products
3231 Printing and related support activities
3242 Integrated petroleum refining and extraction
3243 Petroleum refining without extraction
3244 Asphalt and other petroleum and coal products
3251 Basic chemicals
3252 Resins, synthetic rubbers, and artificial and synthetic fibers and filaments
3253 Pesticides, fertilizers, and other agricultural chemicals

3254 Pharmaceuticals and medicines
3255 Paints, coatings, and adhesives
3256 Soap, cleaning compounds, and toilet preparations
3259 Other chemical products and preparations
3261 Plastics products
3262 Rubber products
3271 Clay products and refractories
3272 Glass and glass products
3273 Cement and concrete products
3274 Lime and gypsum products
3279 Other nonmetallic mineral products
3311 Iron and steel mills
3312 Steel products from purchased steel
3313 Alumina and aluminum production and processing
3314 Nonferrous metal (except aluminum) production and processing Foundries
3315
3321 Forging and stamping
3322 Cutlery and hand tools
3323 Architectural and structural metal
3324 Boilers, tanks, and shipping containers 3325 Hardware
3326 Spring and wire products
3327 Machine shop products, turned products,
and screws, nuts, and bolts
Coating, engraving, heat treating
and allied activities
3329 Other fabricated metal products
3331 Agriculture, construction, and mining machinery
Industrial machinery
3333 Commercial and service industry machinery
3334 Ventilation, heating, air-conditioning, and commercial refrigeration equipment
3335 Metalworking machinery
3336 Engines, turbines, and power transmission equipment
3339 Other general purpose machinery
3341 Computer and peripheral equipment
3342 Communications equipment
3343 Audio and video equipment
3344 Semiconductors and other electronic components
3345 Navigational, measuring, electromedical, and control instruments
3346 Manufacturing and reproducing magnetic and optical media
3351 Electric lighting equipment
3352 Household appliances
3353 Electrical equipment
3359 Other electrical equipment and components
3361 Motor vehicles
3362 Motor vehicle bodies and trailers
3363 Motor vehicle parts
3364 Aerospace products and parts
3365 Railroad rolling stock
3366 Ship and boat building
3369 Other transportation equipment
3370 Furniture and related products
3391 Medical equipment and supplies
3399 Other miscellaneous manufacturing

## Wholesale Trade, Durable Goods

4231 Motor vehicle and motor vehicle parts and supplies
4232 Furniture and home furnishing
4233 Lumber and other construction materials
4234 Professional and commercial equipment and supplies
4235 Metal and mineral (except petroleum)
4236 Household appliances, and electrical and electronic goods
4237 Hardware, and plumbing and heating equipment and supplies
4238 Machinery, equipment, and supplies
4239 Miscellaneous durable goods

## Wholesale Trade, Nondurable Goods

4241 Paper and paper product
4242 Drugs and druggists' sundries
4243 Apparel, piece goods, and notions
4244 Grocery and related product
4245 "Farm product raw material
4246 Chemical and allied products
4247 Petroleum and petroleum products
4248 Beer, wine, and distilled alcoholic beverage
4249 Miscellaneous nondurable goods

Wholesale Trade, Electronic Markets
and Agents and Brokers
4251 Wholesale electronic markets and agents and brokers

## Retail Trade

4410 Motor vehicle and parts dealers
4420 Furniture and home furnishings
4431 Electronics and appliance
4440 Building material and garden equipment and supplies dealers
4450 Food and beverage
4461 Health and personal care
4471 Gasoline stations
4480 Clothing and clothing accessories
4510 Sporting goods, hobby, book, and music
4520 General merchandise
4530 Miscellaneous store retailers
4540 Non-store retailers

## Transportation and Warehousing

4810 Air transportation
4821 Rail transportation
4833 Petroleum tanker operations
4839 Other water transportation
4840 Truck transportation
4850 Transit and ground passenger transportation
4863 Pipeline transportation of crude oil, refined petroleum products, and natural gas
4868 Other pipeline transportation
4870 Scenic and sightseeing transportation
4880 Support activities for transportation
4920 Couriers and messengers
4932 Petroleum storage for hire
4939 Other warehousing and storage

# Summary of Industry Classifications - Continued <br> For a full explanation of each code see www.bea.gov/naics2017 

## Information

5111 Newspaper, periodical, book,
5112 Software publishers
5121 Motion picture and video industries
5122 Sound recording industries
5151 Radio and television broadcasting
5152 Cable and other subscription programming
5173 Wired and wireless telecommunications carriers
5174 Satellite telecommunications
5179 Other telecommunications
5182 Data processing, hosting, and related services
5191 Other information services

## Finance and Insurance

5221 Depository credit intermediation (Banking)
5223 Activities related to credit intermediation
5224 Non-depository credit intermediation, except branches and agencies
5229 Non-depository branches and agencies
5231 Securities and commodity contracts intermediation and brokerage
5238 Other financial investment activities and exchanges
5242 Agencies, brokerages, and other insurance related activities
5243 Insurance carriers, except direct life insurance carriers
5249 Direct life insurance carriers
5252 Funds, trusts, and other financial vehicles
Real Estate and Rental and Leasing
5310 Real estate
5321 Automotive equipment rental and leasing
5329 Other rental and leasing services
5331 Lessors of nonfinancial intangible assets, except copyrighted works

## Professional, Scientific, and Technical Services

5411 Legal services
5412 Accounting, tax preparation, bookkeeping, and payroll services
5413 Architectural, engineering, and related services
5414 Specialized design services
5415 Computer systems design and related services
5416 Management, scientific, and technical consulting services
5417 Scientific research and development services
5418 Advertising, public relations, and related services
5419 Other professional, scientific, and technical services

## Management of Companies and Enterprises

5512 Holding companies, except bank holding companies
5513 Corporate, subsidiary, and regional management offices

Administrative and Support, Waste
Management and Remediation Services
5611 Office administrative services
5612 Facilities support services
5613 Employment services
5614 Business support services
5615 Travel arrangement and reservation services
5616 Investigation and security services
5617 Services to buildings and dwellings
5619 Other support services
5620 Waste management and remediation services

## Educational Services <br> 6110 Educational services

## Health Care and Social Assistance

6210 Ambulatory health care services
6220 Hospitals
6230 Nursing and residential care facilities
6240 Social assistance services

## Arts, Entertainment, and Recreation

7110 Performing arts, spectator sports, and related industries
7121 Museums, historical sites, and similar institutions
7130 Amusement, gambling, and recreation industries

## Accommodation and Food Services

7210. Accommodation

7220 Food services and drinking places

## Other Services

8110 Repair and maintenance
8120 Personal and laundry services
8130 Religious, grantmaking, civic, professional, and similar organizations

## Public Administration

9200 Public administration

# 2019 BENCHMARK SURVEY OF U.S. DIRECT INVESTMENT ABROAD MANDATORY - CONFIDENTIAL BE-10 Claim for Not Filing 

| Electronic Filing: | Go to www.bea.gov/efile for details |
| :---: | :---: |
| Mail reports to: | Bureau of Economic Analysis <br> Direct Investment Division, BE-69(A) <br> 4600 Silver Hill Road <br> Washington, DC 20233 |
| Deliver reports to: | Bureau of Economic Analysis Direct Investment Division, BE-69(A) 4600 Silver Hill Road Suitland, MD 20746 |
| Fax reports to: | (301) 278-9502 |
| Assistance: | E-mail: $\quad \frac{\text { be10/11@ } \text { bea.gov }}{(301) 278-9418}$  <br> Telephone:  <br> Copies of form: www.bea.gov/dia |

Please include your BEA Identification Number with all requests.

## Reporter ID Number

*Do not enter Social Security Number in Reporter ID box
NOTE: If you were NOT contacted by BEA about reporting in this survey, and you do NOT meet BE-10 filing requirements, no action is necessary. If you were contacted by BEA but are exempt from filing, enter the Reporter name, address, and BEA assigned Identification Number (ReporterID).


A 2019 BE-10, Benchmark Survey of U.S. Direct Investment Abroad, is required from any U.S. person that had a foreign affiliate that is, that had direct or indirect ownership or control of at least 10 percent of the voting stock of an incorporated foreign business enterprise or an equivalent interest in an unincorporated foreign business enterprise - at the end of, or for, its 2019 fiscal year. (The U.S. person's 2019 fiscal year is defined to be the person's financial reporting year that has an ending date in calendar year 2019.)
Section 801.8 of 15 CFR, Chapter VIII, requires that all persons subject to the reporting requirements of the $\mathrm{BE}-10$ survey respond, whether or not they are contacted by BEA.

It also requires that persons, or their agents, who are contacted by BEA about reporting in this survey, either by sending them report forms or by written inquiry, must respond in writing. They may respond by:

- filing the properly completed BE-10 report by May 29, or June 30,2020 , as required;
- completing and returning the "BE-10 Claim for Not Filing" by May 29, 2020; or
- certifying in writing, by May 29, 2020, to the fact that the person had no direct investment within the purview of the reporting requirements of the $\mathrm{BE}-10$ survey.


## CONTACT INFORMATION

Provide information of person to consult about this report:


NOTE: BEA uses a Secure Messaging System to correspond with you via encrypted message to discuss questions relating to this form. We may use your e-mail address for survey-related announcements and to inform you about secure messages. When communicating with BEA by e-mail, please do not include any confidential business or personal information. This includes your Social Security Number which should never be provided to BEA via any method of transmission.

## CERTIFICATION

The undersigned official certifies that the information contained in this claim is correct and complete to the best of his/her knowledge.

| Signature of Authorized Official | Date |  | Telephone Number <br> 1 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Name <br> 0 | Title | 0996 |  |

## BE-10 Claim for Not Filing

## BASIS OF CLAIM FOR NOT FILING — Mark ( $X$ ) and complete either Part I or Part II

## Part I. Basis of Claim for Not Filing BE-10 Forms

1002
A. ${ }^{1} 1$ This U.S. person did not own or control 10 percent or more of the voting securities of an incorporated foreign business enterprise, or an equivalent interest in an unincorporated foreign business enterprise (including a branch or real estate held for other than personal use) at the end of its 2019 fiscal year.
${ }^{2} 1$ But did file the 2018 BE-11, Annual Survey of U.S. Direct Investment Abroad with this Bureau.
${ }^{2} 2$ And did not file the 2018 BE-11, Annual Survey of U.S. Direct Investment Abroad with this Bureau.
B. ${ }^{1} 2$

This U.S. person did own or control 10 percent or more of the voting securities of an incorporated foreign business enterprise, or an equivalent interest in an unincorporated foreign business enterprise (including a branch or real estate held for other than personal use) at the end of the 2019 fiscal year, but (Mark ( $X$ ) one) -
${ }^{3} 1$ The owners are citizens of a foreign country who (a) are residing in the U.S. as a result of official employment by a foreign government (including the immediate family of such persons), or (b) have been and expect to be residing in the U.S. for less than one year.
${ }^{3} 2$ Is fully consolidated in the BE-10 report of another U.S. person - Give name and address of that person and their BEA Identification Number, if known. $\rightarrow$

${ }^{3} 3$ Other - Specify and include reference to section of regulations or instructions on which the claim is based.

## Part II. Basis of Claim for Not Filing for Foreign Affiliate(s)

A. Did this U.S. Reporter have one or more foreign affiliates identified by BEA as required to file a $2019 \mathrm{BE}-10 \mathrm{~B}, \mathrm{BE}-10 \mathrm{C}$, or $\mathrm{BE}-10 \mathrm{D}$ form but the U.S. Reporter no longer owns or controls, directly or indirectly, 10 percent or more of the voting securities of the incorporated foreign business enterprise (or an equivalent interest in an unincorporated foreign business enterprise)?
10031 Yes - Please complete page 3 of this Claim form for each of these foreign affiliates and check the corresponding box. Do not list foreign affiliates that BEA did not identify to file.
B. Did this U.S. Reporter own one or more foreign affiliates identified by BEA as required to file a $2019 \mathrm{BE}-10 \mathrm{~B}, \mathrm{BE}-10 \mathrm{C}$, or $\mathrm{BE}-10 \mathrm{D}$ form but for which ALL of the following apply: 1) the foreign affiliate is a private fund, AND 2) the private fund foreign affiliate does not own, directly or indirectly through another business enterprise, an "operating company" - i.e., a business enterprise that is not a private fund or a holding company - in which the consolidated U.S. Reporter owns at least 10 percent of the voting interest, AND 3) If the U.S. Reporter owns the private fund indirectly (through one or more other business enterprises), there are no "operating companies" between the consolidated U.S. Reporter and the indirectly-owned foreign private fund? For more information regarding private funds visit www.bea.gov/privatefunds.
$1004{ }^{1} 1$ Yes - Please complete page 3 of this Claim form for each of these foreign affiliates and check the corresponding box. Do not list foreign affiliates that BEA did not identify to file.
The U.S. Reporter's investment in the foreign private fund may be required to be reported on Treasury International Capital (TIC) surveys, review reporting requirements for TIC surveys at www.treasury.gov/tic.
${ }^{1} 2$ $\square$ No

MANDATORY - This survey is being conducted under the International Investment and Trade in Services Survey Act (P.L. 94-472, 90 Stat. 2059, 22 U.S.C. 3101-3108, as amended - hereinafter "the Act"), and the filing of reports is mandatory under Section $5(b)(2)$ of the Act (22 U.S.C. 3104).

CONFIDENTIALITY - The Act provides that your report to this Bureau is CONFIDENTIAL and may be used only for analytical or statistical purposes. Without your prior written permission, the information filed in your report CANNOT be presented in a manner that allows it to be individually identified. Your report CANNOT be used for purposes of taxation, investigation, or regulation. Copies retained in your files are immune from legal process. Per the Cybersecurity Enhancement Act of 2015, your data are protected from cybersecurity risks through security monitoring of the BEA information systems.

PENALTIES - Whoever fails to report shall be subject to a civil penalty and to injunctive relief commanding such person to comply, or both. Whoever willfully fails to report shall be fined and, if an individual, may be imprisoned for not more than one year, or both. Any officer, director, employee, or agent of any corporation who knowingly participates in such violations, upon conviction, may be punished by a like fine, imprisonment, or both (22 U.S.C. 3105). The civil penalties are subject to inflationary adjustments. Those adjustments are found in 15 C.F.R. 6.3.

Notwithstanding any other provision of the law, no person is required to respond to, nor shall any person be subject to a penalty for failure to comply with, a collection of information subject to the requirements of the Paperwork Reduction Act, unless that collection of information displays a currently valid OMB Control Number.

If you are claiming exemption based upon the criteria on page 2, Part II, complete the items below for those affiliates identified by BEA as required to file.
NOTE: Mark only one choice for each foreign affiliate listed.

| 5001 |
| :--- |
| 1 | Name of foreign affiliate:

Affiliate ID:
1
${ }^{2} \mathbf{1} \square$ This private fund affiliate meets the exemption criteria stated on page 2, Part II. B. (Answer to Part II. B has to be 'Yes'.)
${ }^{2} \mathbf{2} \square$ This affiliate was liquidated, seized, or the U.S. Reporter's direct and indirect ownership interest in the affiliate otherwise fell below 10 percent as of ${ }^{3}$

This affiliate was sold on ${ }^{3}$ U.S. entity, provide name and contact information for the new owner:
${ }^{4}$ Name:
${ }^{5}$ Address:
${ }^{2} 1 \square$ This private fund affiliate meets the exemption criteria stated on page 2, Part II. B. (Answer to Part II, B has to be 'Yes'.)
$2 \square$ This affiliate was liquidated, seized, or the U.S. Reporter's direct and indirect ownership interest in the affiliate otherwise fell below 10 percent as of $\qquad$ 1 I —.


## Affiliate ID:

1
 This affiliate was sold on ${ }^{3}$ U.S. entity, provide name and contact information for the new owner:
${ }^{4}$ Name:
${ }^{5}$ Address:

| 5004 |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| 4 | Name of foreign affiliate: |
| 0 |  |

## Affiliate ID:

1
${ }^{2} 1 \square$ This private fund affiliate meets the exemption criteria stated on page 2, Part II. B. (Answer to Part II. B has to be 'Yes'.)
${ }^{2} \mathbf{2} \square$ This affiliate was liquidated, seized, or the U.S. Reporter's direct and indirect ownership interest in the affiliate otherwise fell below 10 percent as of $\qquad$ .
${ }^{2} \square$ This affiliate was sold on ${ }^{3} \quad$. If it was sold to another U.S. entity, provide name and contact information for the new owner:
${ }^{4}$ Name:
${ }^{5}$ Address:

If you are claiming exemption based upon the criteria on page 2, Part II, complete the items below for those affiliates identified by BEA as required to file.
NOTE: Mark only one choice for each foreign affiliate listed.


# 2019 BENCHMARK SURVEY OF U.S. DIRECT INVESTMENT ABROAD MANDATORY - CONFIDENTIAL BE-10D (Report for Foreign Affiliate(s)) 

Electronic Filing: Go to www.bea.gov/efile for details
Mail reports to: Bureau of Economic Analysis Direct Investment Division, BE-69(A) 4600 Silver Hill Road Washington, DC 20233

Deliver reports to: Bureau of Economic Analysis Direct Investment Division, BE-69(A) 4600 Silver Hill Road Suitland, MD 20746

Fax reports to:
(301) 278-9502

Assistance:
E-mail: be10/11@bea.gov
Telephone: (301) 278-9418
Copies of form: www.bea.gov/dia
Please include your BEA Identification Number with all requests.

## Reporter ID Number


*Do not enter Social Security Number in Reporter ID box


## IMPORTANT

Instruction Booklet - Contains additional instructions, definitions, and detailed reporting requirements for completing this form.
Who must report - The U.S. Reporter must file Form BE-10D for all foreign affiliates for which no one of the items: total assets; sales or gross operating revenues, excluding sales taxes; or net income after provision for foreign income taxes was greater than $\$ 25$ million (positive or negative) at the end of, or for, the affiliate's 2019 fiscal year. If, however, a foreign affiliate meeting the reporting requirements for Form $B E-10 D$ owns another foreign affiliate being filed on Form BE-10B or BE-10C, the foreign affiliate parent must be filed on Form BE-10C.

NOTE - If the foreign affiliate is not required to be reported on Form $B E-10 D$, see the reporting requirements for Form $B E-10 B$ and $B E-10 C$.
The foreign affiliate must be reported on one of those forms.
Due Date - A complete BE-10 report is due on the following dates:
May 29, 2020 for a U.S. Reporter required to file fewer than 50 Forms $B E-10 B, B E-10 C$, and/or $B E-10 D$
June 30, 2020 for a U.S. Reporter required to file 50 or more Forms BE-10B, BE-10C, and/or BE-10D
Foreign affiliate's 2019 fiscal year - The foreign affiliate's financial reporting year that has an ending date in calendar year 2019.
See Instruction Booklet, Part II.A.
Example - If the financial reporting year ended on March 31, report for the 12-month period ended March 31, 2019.
Translation of foreign currency financial and operating data into U.S. dollars - Use U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles FASB ASC 830 (FAS 52). See Instruction Booklet, Part IV.B.


| BEA | 1000 | 1 | 2 | 3 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| USE |  |  |  |  |
| ONLY |  |  |  |  |

## Instructions for Listing starting on page 3.

Country of location - Country in which this foreign affiliate's physical assets are located or where its primary activity is carried out. If the affiliate is engaged in petroleum shipping, other water transportation, or oil and gas drilling, and has operations spanning more than one country, use country of incorporation for country of location. For example, classify in country of incorporation an oil drilling rig that moves from country to country during the year.
Primary industry code (based on sales or gross operating revenues) - Provide the 4-digit International Surveys Industry (ISI) code for the industry that accounts for the largest amount of the affiliate's sales. A list of the ISI codes is provided on pages 11-12. For an inactive affiliate, enter an ISI code based on its last active period. To be considered a holding company (ISI code 5512), income from equity investments must be more than 50 percent of total income.

Number of employees - Employees on the payroll at the end of FY 2019 including part-time employees, but excluding temporary and contract employees not included on your payroll records. A count taken at some other date during the reporting period may be given provided it is a reasonable estimate of employees on the payroll at the end of FY 2019. If the number of employees at the end of FY 2019 (or when the count was taken) was unusually high or low due to temporary factors (e.g., a strike), enter the number of employees that reflects normal operations. If the number of employees fluctuates widely during the year due to season business variations, report the average number of employees on the payroll during FY 2019. Base such an average on the number of employees on the payroll at the end of each pay period, month or quarter If precise figures are not available, give your best estimate.

## U.S. Reporter's Percentage of Ownership in the Foreign Affiliate: Calculation of ownership percentage - AU.S.

 Reporter's ownership interest in a foreign business enterprise may be directly held, indirectly held, or both. It is directly held if the U.S. Reporter itself holds the ownership interest in the foreign business enterprise. It is indirectly held if the U.S. Reporterholds an ownership interest in another foreign business enterprise that, in turn, owns the given foreign business enterprise. The U.S. Reporter must sum all direct and indirect lines of ownership interest in the foreign business enterprise to determineits ownership interest. Note - An associated group is deemed to be one U.S. Reporter. See Instruction Booklet, Part II.C.

A U.S. Reporter's percentage of indirect ownership interest in a given foreign business enterprise is the product of the direct ownership percentage that the U.S. Reporter has in the first foreign business enterprise in the ownership chain, multiplied by that first enterprise's direct ownership percentage in the second enterprise in the chain, multiplied by the direct ownership percentages for all other intervening enterprises in the ownership chain, multiplied by the last intervening enterprise's direct ownership percentage in the given foreign business enterprise.
Sales or Gross Operating Revenues of Foreign Affiliate Report gross operating revenues or gross sales minus returns, allowances, and discounts. Exclude sales or consumption taxes levied directly on the consumer. Exclude net value-added and excise taxes levied on manufacturers, wholesalers, and retailers.
Finance and leasing companies with ISI codes 5221, 5223, 5224, $5229,5231,5238,5252$, or 5331 include interest income. Insurance companies with ISI codes 5243 or 5249 should include gross investment income. Dealers in financial instruments and finance, insurance, and real estate companies see Special Instructions below.
Holding companies (ISI code 5512) must show total income. ISI code 5512 (holding company), is an invalid primary industry code if more than 50 percent of income generated by the affiliate is from non-holding company activities.
Debt and Other Intercompany Balances Between the U.S. Reporter and the Foreign Affiliate - Include current and long-term items, indebtedness resulting from a capital lease, and the net book value of equipment under a long-term operating lease (i.e., the lease is for more than one year). Do not net receivables and payables. EXCLUDE the value of outstanding financial derivatives contracts and any payments or receipts resulting from the settlement of those contracts. (For affiliates that are foreign banking affiliates of U.S. parents that are also banks, do not report debt and other intercompany balances.)

SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS FOR DEALERS IN FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS, FINANCE COMPANIES, INSURANCE COMPANIES, AND REAL ESTATE COMPANIES
A. Dealers in financial instruments (including securities, currencies, derivatives, and other financial instruments) and finance and insurance companies -

## Sales or gross operating revenues:

INCLUDE income from explicit fees and commissions.
EXCLUDE

- Impairment losses as defined by FASB ASC 320 (FAS 115),
- Realized gains and losses on trading or dealing,
- Unrealized gains or losses, due to changes in the valuation of financial instruments, that flow through the income statement or are taken to other comprehensive income, and
- Goodwill impairment as defined by FASB ASC 350 (FAS 142).
B. Real estate -

Sales or gross operating revenues: INCLUDE

- Revenues earned from sale the sale of real estate you own. Do not net the expenses against the revenues.
- Rental income earned from residential or commercial real estate.


## EXCLUDE

- Impairment losses as defined by FASB ASC 360 (FAS 144), and
- Goodwill impairment as defined by FASB ASC 350 (FAS 142).
C. Insurance companies -


## Assets:

1. When there is a difference between the financial and operating data reported to the stockholders and the data reported in the annual statement to an insurance department, prepare the $\mathrm{BE}-10$ on the same basis as the annual report to the stockholders.
Valuation should be according to normal commercial accounting procedures, not at rates promulgated by national insurance departments, e.g., include assets not acceptable for inclusion in the annual statement to an insurance department, such as: 1. non-trusteed or free account assets, and 2. nonadmitted assets, including furniture and equipment, agents' debit balances, and all receivables deemed to be collectible.
2. Do not include assets of the U.S. Reporter held in the country of location of the affiliate and that are for the benefit of the U.S. Reporter's policyholders in the data reported for the affiliate.

## Sales or gross operating revenues:

INCLUDE items such as earned premiums, annuity considerations, gross investment income, and items of a similar nature.

## EXCLUDE

- Income from equity investments in unconsolidated business enterprises, and
- Certain gains (losses).

Calculate premiums earned by companies engaged in insurance activities as direct premiums written (including renewals) net of cancellations, plus reinsurance premiums assumed, minus reinsurance premiums ceded, plus unearned premiums at the beginning of the year, minus unearned premiums at the end of the year.

Provide the following information for each foreign affliate with assets, sales or gross operating revenues, AND net income (loss) less than or equal to $\$ 25$ million.
Report affiliates with assets, sales or gross operating revenues, or net income (loss) greater than $\$ 25$ million on Form BE-10B or BE-10C, as appropriate.

| Name of foreign affiliate ${ }^{0}$ |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |
|  | 2 - BEA USE ONLY |  |
| Country of location |  |  |
| City of location |  | 1 |
|  |  | 3 |
| Primary industry code |  |  |
|  |  | 4 |
| Number of employees. |  |  |
| U.S. Reporter's percentage of ownership | 5 Direct | 6 Indirect $\qquad$ \% |


|  | Amount (Thousands of U.S. dollars) |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | \$ | Mil. | Thous. | Dols. |
|  | 7 |  |  |  |
| Total assets. |  |  |  | 000 |
|  | 8 |  |  |  |
| Total liabilities |  |  |  | 000 |
| Sales or gross operating revenues | 9 |  |  | $000$ |
| Net income (loss) after foreign income tax | 10 |  |  | 000 |


| Owed to U.S. Reporter <br> by foreign affiliate.... |
| :--- |
| Owed to foreign affiliate <br> by U.S. Reporter ..... |



| Owed to U.S. Reporter <br> by foreign affiliate..... |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| Owed to foreign affiliate <br> by U.S. Reporter ..... | 000 |


|  | Amount (Thousands of U.S. dollars) |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | \$ | Mil. | Thous. | Dols. |
|  | 7 |  |  |  |
| Total assets. |  |  |  | 000 |
|  | 8 |  |  |  |
| Total liabilities . |  |  |  | 000 |
| Sales or gross operating revenues | 9 |  |  | 000 |
| Net income (loss) after foreign income tax | 10 |  |  | 000 |


| Debt and other intercompany balances: |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| Owed to U.S. Reporter <br> by foreign affiliate..... |  |
| Owed to foreign affiliate <br> by U.S. Reporter ..... | 000 |
|  | 000 |



Provide the following information for each foreign affliate with assets, sales or gross operating revenues, AND net income (loss) less than or equal to $\$ 25$ million.
Report affiliates with assets, sales or gross operating revenues, or net income (loss) greater than $\$ 25$ million on Form BE-10B or BE-10C, as appropriate.


|  | Amount (Thousands of U.S. dollars) |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | \$ | Mil. | Thous. | Dols. |
|  | 7 |  |  |  |
| Total assets. |  |  |  | 000 |
|  | 8 |  |  |  |
| Total liabilities |  |  |  | 000 |
| Sales or gross operating revenues | 9 - 000 |  |  |  |
| Net income (loss) after foreign income tax | 10 |  |  | 000 |


| Owed to U.S. Reporter <br> by foreign affiliate.... |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| Owed to foreign affiliate <br> by U.S. Reporter..... | 000 |
|  | 000 |



|  | Amount (Thousands of U.S. dollars) <br> Thous. <br> Mil. |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Tols. |  |
| Totalassets... |  |


| Owed to U.S. Reporter <br> by foreign affiliate..... |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| Owed to foreign affiliate <br> by U.S. Reporter ..... | 000 |
| by |  |



| Debt and other intercompany balances: |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| Owed to U.S. Reporter <br> by foreign affiliate.... |  |
| Owed to foreign affiliate <br> by U.S. Reporter .... | 000 |


| Name of foreign affiliate | 0 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |
|  | 2 2- BEA USE ONLY |  |
| Country of location |  |  |
| City of location |  | 1 |
|  |  | 3 |
| Primary industry code |  |  |
|  |  | 4 |
| Number of employees. |  |  |
| U.S. Reporter's percentage of ownership | 5 Direct | $6 \quad$ Indirect $\begin{array}{r} \\ \\ \\ \end{array}$ |


|  | Amount (Thousands of U.S. dollars) <br> Thous. <br> Dil. |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |

Provide the following information for each foreign affliate with assets, sales or gross operating revenues, AND net income (loss) less than or equal to $\$ 25$ million.
Report affiliates with assets, sales or gross operating revenues, or net income (loss) greater than $\$ 25$ million on Form BE-10B or BE-10C, as appropriate.

| Name of foreign affiliate ${ }^{0}$ |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |
|  | 2 - BEA USE ONLY |  |
| Country of location |  |  |
| City of location |  | 1 |
|  |  | 3 |
| Primary industry code |  |  |
|  |  | 4 |
| Number of employees. |  |  |
| U.S. Reporter's percentage of ownership | 5 Direct | 6 Indirect $\qquad$ \% |


|  | Amount (Thousands of U.S. dollars) |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | \$ | Mil. | Thous. | Dols. |
|  | 7 |  |  |  |
| Total assets. |  |  |  | 000 |
|  | 8 |  |  |  |
| Total liabilities . |  |  |  | 000 |
| Sales or gross operating revenues | 9 |  |  | 000 |
| Net income (loss) after foreign income tax | 10 |  |  | 000 |


| Owed to U.S. Reporter <br> by foreign affiliate.... |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| Owed to foreign affiliate <br> by U.S. Reporter..... | 000 |
|  | 000 |



|  | Amount (Thousands of U.S. dollars) <br> Thous. <br> Mil. |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Tols. |  |
| Totalassets... |  |


| Owed to U.S. Reporter <br> by foreign affiliate..... |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| Owed to foreign affiliate <br> by U.S. Reporter ..... | 000 |


|  | Amount (Thousands of U.S. dollars) <br> Til. |  | Thous. |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | 7 | Dols. |  |


| Debt and other intercompany balances: |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| Owed to U.S. Reporter <br> by foreign affiliate. .... |  |
| Owed to foreign affiliate <br> by U.S. Reporter ..... | 000 |



Provide the following information for each foreign affliate with assets, sales or gross operating revenues, AND net income (loss) less than or equal to $\$ 25$ million.
Report affiliates with assets, sales or gross operating revenues, or net income (loss) greater than $\$ 25$ million on Form BE-10B or BE-10C, as appropriate.


|  | Amount (Thousands of U.S. dollars) |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | \$ | Mil. | Thous. | Dols. |
|  | 7 |  |  |  |
| Total assets. |  |  |  | 000 |
|  | 8 |  |  |  |
| Total liabilities |  |  |  | 000 |
| Sales or gross operating revenues | 9 - 000 |  |  |  |
| Net income (loss) after foreign income tax | 10 |  |  | 000 |


| Owed to U.S. Reporter <br> by foreign affiliate.... |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| Owed to foreign affiliate <br> by U.S. Reporter..... | 000 |
|  | 000 |



|  | Amount (Thousands of U.S. dollars) <br> Thous. <br> Mil. |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Tols. |  |
| Totalassets... |  |


| Owed to U.S. Reporter <br> by foreign affiliate..... |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| Owed to foreign affiliate <br> by U.S. Reporter ..... | 000 |
| by |  |



| Debt and other intercompany balances: |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| Owed to U.S. Reporter <br> by foreign affiliate.... |  |
| Owed to foreign affiliate <br> by U.S. Reporter .... | 000 |


| Name of foreign affiliate | 0 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |
|  | 2 2- BEA USE ONLY |  |
| Country of location |  |  |
| City of location |  | 1 |
|  |  | 3 |
| Primary industry code |  |  |
|  |  | 4 |
| Number of employees. |  |  |
| U.S. Reporter's percentage of ownership | 5 Direct | $6 \quad$ Indirect $\begin{array}{r} \\ \\ \\ \end{array}$ |


|  | Amount (Thousands of U.S. dollars) <br> Thous. <br> Dil. |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |

Provide the following information for each foreign affliate with assets, sales or gross operating revenues, AND net income (loss) less than or equal to $\$ 25$ million.
Report affiliates with assets, sales or gross operating revenues, or net income (loss) greater than $\$ 25$ million on Form BE-10B or BE-10C, as appropriate.

| Name of foreign affiliate ${ }^{0}$ |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |
|  | 2 - BEA USE ONLY |  |
| Country of location |  |  |
| City of location |  | 1 |
|  |  | 3 |
| Primary industry code |  |  |
|  |  | 4 |
| Number of employees. |  |  |
| U.S. Reporter's percentage of ownership | 5 Direct | 6 Indirect $\qquad$ \% |


|  | Amount (Thousands of U.S. dollars) |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | \$ | Mil. | Thous. | Dols. |
|  | 7 |  |  |  |
| Total assets. |  |  |  | 000 |
|  | 8 |  |  |  |
| Total liabilities |  |  |  | 000 |
| Sales or gross operating revenues | 9 |  |  | $000$ |
| Net income (loss) after foreign income tax | 10 |  |  | 000 |


| Owed to U.S. Reporter <br> by foreign affiliate.... |
| :--- |
| Owed to foreign affiliate <br> by U.S. Reporter ..... |



|  | Amount (Thousands of U.S. dollars) <br> Thous. <br> Mil. |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Tols. |  |
| Totalassets... |  |


| Owed to U.S. Reporter <br> by foreign affiliate..... |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| Owed to foreign affiliate <br> by U.S. Reporter ..... | 000 |


|  | Amount (Thousands of U.S. dollars) <br> Til. |  | Thous. |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | 7 | Dols. |  |


| Debt and other intercompany balances: |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| Owed to U.S. Reporter <br> by foreign affiliate. .... |  |
| Owed to foreign affiliate <br> by U.S. Reporter ..... | 000 |



Provide the following information for each foreign affliate with assets, sales or gross operating revenues, AND net income (loss) less than or equal to $\$ 25$ million.
Report affiliates with assets, sales or gross operating revenues, or net income (loss) greater than $\$ 25$ million on Form BE-10B or BE-10C, as appropriate.


|  | Amount (Thousands of U.S. dollars) |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | \$ | Mil. | Thous. | Dols. |
|  | 7 |  |  |  |
| Total assets. |  |  |  | 000 |
|  | 8 |  |  |  |
| Total liabilities |  |  |  | 000 |
| Sales or gross operating revenues | 9 - 000 |  |  |  |
| Net income (loss) after foreign income tax | 10 |  |  | 000 |


| Owed to U.S. Reporter <br> by foreign affiliate.... |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| Owed to foreign affiliate <br> by U.S. Reporter..... | 000 |
|  | 000 |



|  | Amount (Thousands of U.S. dollars) <br> Thous. <br> Mil. |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Tols. |  |
| Totalassets... |  |


| Owed to U.S. Reporter <br> by foreign affiliate..... |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| Owed to foreign affiliate <br> by U.S. Reporter ..... | 000 |
| by |  |



| Debt and other intercompany balances: |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| Owed to U.S. Reporter <br> by foreign affiliate..... |  |
| Owed to foreing affiliate <br> by U.S. Reporter .... | 000 |


| Name of foreign affiliate | 0 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |
|  | 2- BEA USE ONLY |  |
| Country of location |  |  |
| City of location |  | ${ }^{1}$ |
|  |  | 3 |
| Primary industry code |  |  |
|  |  | 4 |
| Number of employees. |  |  |
| U.S. Reporter's percentage of ownership | $\begin{aligned} & 5 \quad \underline{\text { Direct }} \\ & \ldots-\ldots . \ldots \% \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{ll} 6 & \text { Indirect } \\ \ldots & \ldots \end{array}$ |


|  | Amount (Thousands of U.S. dollars) <br> Thous. <br> Dil. |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |

Provide the following information for each foreign affliate with assets, sales or gross operating revenues, AND net income (loss) less than or equal to $\$ 25$ million.
Report affiliates with assets, sales or gross operating revenues, or net income (loss) greater than $\$ 25$ million on Form BE-10B or BE-10C, as appropriate.

| Name of foreign affiliate ${ }^{0}$ |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |
|  | 2 - BEA USE ONLY |  |
| Country of location |  |  |
| City of location |  | 1 |
|  |  | 3 |
| Primary industry code |  |  |
|  |  | 4 |
| Number of employees. |  |  |
| U.S. Reporter's percentage of ownership | 5 Direct | 6 Indirect $\qquad$ \% |


|  | Amount (Thousands of U.S. dollars) |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | \$ | Mil. | Thous. | Dols. |
|  | 7 |  |  |  |
| Total assets. |  |  |  | 000 |
|  | 8 |  |  |  |
| Total liabilities |  |  |  | 000 |
| Sales or gross operating revenues | 9 |  |  | $000$ |
| Net income (loss) after foreign income tax | 10 |  |  | 000 |


| Owed to U.S. Reporter <br> by foreign affiliate.... |
| :--- |
| Owed to foreign affiliate <br> by U.S. Reporter ..... |



|  | Amount (Thousands of U.S. dollars) <br> Thous. <br> Mil. |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Tols. |  |
| Totalassets... |  |


| Owed to U.S. Reporter <br> by foreign affiliate..... |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| Owed to foreign affiliate <br> by U.S. Reporter ..... | 000 |


|  | Amount (Thousands of U.S. dollars) <br> Til. |  | Thous. |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | 7 | Dols. |  |


| Debt and other intercompany balances: |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| Owed to U.S. Reporter <br> by foreign affiliate. .... |  |
| Owed to foreign affiliate <br> by U.S. Reporter ..... | 000 |



Provide the following information for each foreign affliate with assets, sales or gross operating revenues, AND net income (loss) less than or equal to $\$ 25$ million.
Report affiliates with assets, sales or gross operating revenues, or net income (loss) greater than $\$ 25$ million on Form BE-10B or BE-10C, as appropriate.

| Name of foreign affiliate | 0 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |
|  | 2 - BEA USE ONLY |  |
| Country of location |  |  |
| City of location |  | 1 |
|  |  |  |
| Primary industry code |  |  |
|  |  | 4 |
| Number of employees. |  |  |
| U.S. Reporter's percentage of ownership | 5 Direct | 6 Indirect $\qquad$ \% |


|  | Amount (Thousands of U.S. dollars) |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | \$ | Mil. | Thous. | Dols. |
|  | 7 |  |  |  |
| Total assets. |  |  |  | 000 |
|  | 8 |  |  |  |
| Total liabilities |  |  |  | 000 |
| Sales or gross operating revenues | 9 - 000 |  |  |  |
| Net income (loss) after foreign income tax | 10 |  |  | 000 |


| Owed to U.S. Reporter <br> by foreign affiliate.... |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| Owed to foreign affiliate <br> by U.S. Reporter..... | 000 |
|  | 000 |



|  | Amount (Thousands of U.S. dollars) <br> Thous. <br> Mil. |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Tols. |  |
| Totalassets... |  |


| Owed to U.S. Reporter <br> by foreign affiliate..... |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| Owed to foreign affiliate <br> by U.S. Reporter ..... | 000 |
| by |  |



| Debt and other intercompany balances: |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| Owed to U.S. Reporter <br> by foreign affiliate.... |  |
| Owed to foreign affiliate <br> by U.S. Reporter .... | 000 |


| Name of foreign affiliate | 0 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |
|  | ${ }^{2-}$ - BEA USE ONLY |  |
| Country of location |  |  |
| City of location |  | 1 |
|  |  | 3 |
| Primary industry code |  |  |
|  |  | 4 |
| Number of employees. |  |  |
| U.S. Reporter's percentage of ownership | 5 Direct $\begin{aligned} & \\ & \\ & \end{aligned}$ | $6 \quad$ Indirect |


|  | Amount (Thousands of U.S. dollars) <br> Thous. <br> Dil. |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |

# Summary of Industry Classifications <br> For a full explanation of each code see www.bea.gov/naics2017 

## Agriculture, Forestry, Fishing, and Hunting

1110 Crop production
1120 Animal production and aquaculture
1130 Forestry and logging
1140 Fishing, hunting, and trapping
1150 Support activities for agriculture and forestry

## Mining

2111 Oil and gas extraction
2121 Coal
2123 Nonmetallic minerals
2124 Iron ores
2125 Gold and silver ores
2126 Copper, nickel, lead, and zinc ores
2127 Other metal ores
2132 Support activities for oil and gas operations
2133 Support activities for mining, except for oil and gas operations

## Utilities

2211 Electric power generation, transmission, and distribution
2212 Natural gas distribution
2213 Water, sewage, and other systems

## Construction



2370 Heavy and civil engineering construction 2380 Specialty trade contractors

Manufacturing
3111 Animal foods
3112 Grain and oilseed milling
3113 Sugar and confectionery products
3114 Fruit and vegetable preserving and specialty foods
3115 Dairy products
3116 Meat products
3117 Seafood product preparation and packaging
3118 Bakery products and tortillas
3119 Other food products
3121 Beverages
3122 Tobacco
3130 Textile mills
3140 Textile product mills
3150 Apparel
3160 Leather and allied products
3210 Wood products
3221 Pulp, paper, and paperboard mills
3222 Converted paper products
3231 Printing and related support activities
3242 Integrated petroleum refining and extraction
3243 Petroleum refining without extraction
3244 Asphalt and other petroleum and coal products
3251 Basic chemicals
3252 Resins, synthetic rubbers, and artificial and synthetic fibers and filaments
3253 Pesticides, fertilizers, and other agricultural chemicals

3254
Soap, coatings, and adhesives
Soap, cleaning compounds, and toilet preparations
3259 Other chemical products and preparations
3261 Plastics products
3262 Rubber products
3271 Clay products and refractories
3272 Glass and glass products
3273 Cement and concrete products
3274 Lime and gypsum products
3279 Other nonmetallic mineral products
3311 Iron and steel mills
3312 Steel products from purchased steel
3313 Alumina and aluminum production and processing
3314 Nonferrous metal (except aluminum) production and processing
3315 Foundries
3321 Forging and stamping
3322 Cutlery and hand tools
3323 Architectural and structural metal
3324 Boilers, tanks, and shipping containers 3325
3326
Machine shop products, tur
and screws, nuts, and bolts
Coating, engraving, heat treating, and allied activities
Other fabricated metal products
Agriculture, construction, and mining machinery
Industrial machinery
Commercial and service industry machinery
3334 Ventilation, heating, air-conditioning, and commercial refrigeration equipment
3335 Metalworking machinery
3336 Engines, turbines, and power transmission equipment
3339 Other general purpose machinery
3341 Computer and peripheral equipment
3342 Communications equipment
3343 Audio and video equipment
3344 Semiconductors and other electronic components
3345 Navigational, measuring, electromedical, and control instruments
3346 Manufacturing and reproducing magnetic and optical media
3351 Electric lighting equipment
3352 Household appliances
3353 Electrical equipment
3359 Other electrical equipment and components
3361 Motor vehicles
3362 Motor vehicle bodies and trailers
3363 Motor vehicle parts
3364 Aerospace products and parts
3365 Railroad rolling stock
3366 Ship and boat building
3369 Other transportation equipment
3370 Furniture and related products
3391 Medical equipment and supplies
3399 Other miscellaneous manufacturing

## Wholesale Trade, Durable Goods

4231 Motor vehicle and motor vehicle parts and supplies
4232 Furniture and home furnishing
4233 Lumber and other construction materials
4234 Professional and commercial equipment and supplies
4235 Metal and mineral (except petroleum)
4236 Household appliances, and electrical and electronic goods
4237 Hardware, and plumbing and heating equipment and supplies
4238 Machinery, equipment, and supplies
4239 Miscellaneous durable goods
Wholesale Trade, Nondurable Goods
4241 Paper and paper product
4242 Drugs and druggists' sundries
4243 Apparel, piece goods, and notions
4244 Grocery and related product
4245 Farm product raw material
4246 Chemical and allied products
4247 Petroleum and petroleum products
4248 Beer, wine, and distilled alcoholic beverage
4249 Miscellaneous nondurable goods
Wholesale Trade, Electronic Markets and Agents and Brokers
4251 Wholesale electronic markets and agents and brokers

## Retail Trade

4410 Motor vehicle and parts dealers
4420 Furniture and home furnishings
4431 Electronics and appliance
4440 Building material and garden equipment and supplies dealers
4450 Food and beverage
4461 Health and personal care
4471 Gasoline stations
4480 Clothing and clothing accessories
4510 Sporting goods, hobby, book, and music
4520 General merchandise
4530 Miscellaneous store retailers
4540 Non-store retailers

## Transportation and Warehousing

4810 Air transportation
4821 Rail transportation
4833 Petroleum tanker operations
4839 Other water transportation
4840 Truck transportation
4850 Transit and ground passenger transportation
4863 Pipeline transportation of crude oil, refined petroleum products, and natural gas
4868 Other pipeline transportation
4870 Scenic and sightseeing transportation
4880 Support activities for transportation
4920 Couriers and messengers
4932 Petroleum storage for hire
4939 Other warehousing and storage

## Summary of Industry Classifications - Continued <br> For a full explanation of each code see www.bea.gov/naics2017

## Information

5111 Newspaper, periodical, book, and directory publishers
5112 Software publishers
5121 Motion picture and video industries
5122 Sound recording industries
5151 Radio and television broadcasting
5152 Cable and other subscription programming
5173 Wired and wireless telecommunications carriers
5174 Satellite telecommunications
5179 Other telecommunications
5182 Data processing, hosting, and related services
5191 Other information services

## Finance and Insurance

5221 Depository credit intermediation (Banking)
5223 Activities related to credit intermediation
5224 Non-depository credit intermediation, except branches and agencies
5229 Non-depository branches and agencies
5231 Securities and commodity contracts intermediation and brokerage
5238 Other financial investment activities and exchanges
5242 Agencies, brokerages, and other insurance related activities
5243 Insurance carriers, except direct life insurance carriers
5249 Direct life insurance carriers
5252 Funds, trusts, and other financial vehicles

## Professional, Scientific, and Technical

 Services5411 Legal services
5412 Accounting, tax preparation, bookkeeping, and payroll services
5413 Architectural, engineering, and related services
5414 Specialized design services
5415 Computer systems design and related services
5416 Management, scientific, and technical consulting services
5417 Scientific research and development services
5418 Advertising, public relations, and related services
5419 Other professional, scientific, and technical services

Management of Companies and Enterprises
5512 Holding companies, except bank holding companies
5513 Corporate, subsidiary, and regional management offices

## Administrative and Support, Waste

 Management and Remediation Services5611 Office administrative services
5612 Facilities support services
5613 Employment services
5614 Business support services
5615 Travel arrangement and reservation services
5616 Investigation and security services
5617 Services to buildings and dwellings
5619 Other support services
5620 Waste management and remediation services

Educational Services
6110 Educational services

## Health Care and Social Assistance

6210 Ambulatory health care services
6220 Hospitals
6230 Nursing and residential care facilities
6240 Social assistance services
Arts, Entertainment, and Recreation
7110 Performing arts, spectator sports, and related industries
7121 Museums, historical sites, and similar institutions
7130 Amusement, gambling, and recreation industries

## Accommodation and Food Services

7210 . Accommodation
7220 Food services and drinking places

## Other Services

8110 Repair and maintenance
8120 Personal and laundry services
8130 Religious, grantmaking, civic, professional, and similar organizations

## Public Administration

9200 Public administration

# 2019 BENCHMARK SURVEY OF U.S. DIRECT INVESTMENT ABROAD INSTRUCTIONS 

The Benchmark Survey of U.S. Direct Investment Abroad is conducted to secure current economic data on the operations of U.S. parent companies and their foreign affiliates.

Electronic filing option (eFile) - Forms that can be securely transmitted to BEA electronically are available on the BEA website: www.bea.gov/efile. If you eFile, please do not submit paper reports.

## I. REPORTING REQUIREMENTS

Authority - This survey is being conducted pursuant to the International Investment and Trade in Services Survey Act (P.L. 94-472, 90 Stat. 2059, 22 U.S.C. 3101-3108, as amended hereinafter "the Act"), and the filing of reports is mandatory pursuant to Section 5(b)(2) of the Act (22 U.S.C. 3104).
The publication in the Federal Register of the final rule implementing this survey is considered legal notice to U.S. business enterprises of their obligation to report. Therefore, a response is required from persons subject to the reporting requirements of the $B E-10$ survey, whether or not they are contacted by BEA. Also, a person, or their agent, contacted by BEA concerning their being subject to reporting, either by sending them a report form or by written inquiry, must respond in writing pursuant to section 801,8 of 15 CFR, Chapter VIII. This may be accomplished by: (1) certifying in writing, by the due date of the survey, to the fact that the person had no direct investment within the purview of the reporting requirements of the BE-10 survey; (2) completing and returning the "BE-10 Claim for Not Filing" by the due date of the survey; or (3) filing the properly completed BE-10 report by May 29, 2020, or June 30,2020, as required.
Penalties - Whoever fails to report shall be subject to a civil penalty and to injunctive relief commanding such person to comply, or both. Whoever willfully fails to report shall be fined and, if an individual, may be imprisoned for not more than one year, or both. Any officer, director, employee, or agent of any corporation who knowingly participates in such violations, upon conviction, may be punished by a like fine, imprisonment or both (22 U.S.C. 3105). The civil penalties are subject to inflationary adjustments. Those adjustments are found in 15 C.F.R. 6.3.

Notwithstanding any other provision of the law, no person is required to respond to, nor shall any person be subject to a penalty for failure to comply with, a collection of information subject to the requirements of the Paperwork Reduction Act, unless that collection of information displays a currently valid OMB Control Number. The control number for this survey, 0608-0049, appears at the top of each form.

## Forms comprising a BE-10 report are:

## 1. Form BE-10A - Report for U.S. Reporter;

2. Form BE-10B - Report for majority-owned foreign affiliates of U.S. parents with assets, sales, or net income greater than \$80 million (positive or negative);
3. Form BE-10C - Report for majority-owned foreign affiliates of U.S. parents with assets, sales, or net income greater than $\$ 25$ million (positive or negative) but no one of these items was greater than $\$ 80$ million (positive or negative); for minorityowned foreign affiliates of U.S. parents with assets, sales, or net income greater than $\$ 25$ million (positive or negative); and for foreign affiliates for which no one of the items: assets, sales, and net income was greater than $\$ 25$ million (positive or negative) and is a foreign affiliate parent of another foreign affiliate being filed on Form BE-10B or BE-10C;
4. Form BE-10D - Report for foreign affiliates for which no one of the items: assets, sales, and net income was greater than $\$ 25$ million (positive or negative), and is not a foreign affiliate parent of another foreign affiliate being filed on Form BE-10B or BE-10C. See I.B.2.b.(3).
For definitions of terms, see Section II of these instructions.
A. Who must report - A BE-10 report is required of any U.S. person that had a foreign affiliate - that is, that had ownership or control of at least 10 percent of the voting stock of an incorporated foreign business enterprise, or an equivalent interest in an unincorporated foreign business enterprise - at the end of the U.S. person's 2019 fiscal year.
If the U.S. person had no foreign affiliates during its 2019 fiscal year, it must file a "BE-10 Claim for Not Filing"; no other forms in the survey are required. If the U.S. person had any foreign affiliates during its 2019 fiscal year, a BE-10 report is required and the U.S. person is a U.S. Reporter in this survey. To determine which forms must be filed, U.S. Reporters should see I.B.

## B. Forms for U.S. Reporter and foreign affiliates

## 1. Form BE-10A - Report for U.S. Reporter

a. Basic requirements - If the U.S. Reporter is a corporation, Form BE-10A must cover the fully consolidated U.S. domestic business enterprise (banking and nonbanking). See I.B.1.b for the definition of "fully consolidated U.S. domestic business enterprise."
The U.S. Reporter must file a complete Form BE10A if any one of the following three items of the fully consolidated U.S. domestic business enterprise was greater than $\$ 300$ million (positive or negative) at the end of, or for, the Reporter's 2019 fiscal year:
(1) total assets,
(2) sales or gross operating revenues excluding sales taxes, or
(3) net income after provision for U.S. income taxes.

The U.S. Reporter must complete only items 1 through 42 and items 105 though 110 of Form BE-10A if no one of the three items listed above for the fully consolidated U.S. domestic business enterprise was greater than $\$ 300$ million (positive or negative) at the end of, or for, the Reporter's 2019 fiscal year.
The U.S. Reporter, whether filing a complete or partial BE10A, must also complete a Form BE-10B, BE-10C, or BE10D, as appropriate, for each foreign affiliate. See I.B.2.
b. Definition of "fully consolidated U.S. domestic business enterprise" - The fully consolidated U.S. domestic business enterprise is defined as: 1) the U.S. business enterprise whose voting securities are not owned more than 50 percent by another U.S. business enterprise, and 2) proceeding down each ownership chain from that U.S. business enterprise, any U.S. business enterprise (including Foreign Sales Corporations located in the United States) whose voting securities are more than 50 percent owned by the U.S. business enterprise above it. This consolidation excludes foreign branches and all other foreign affiliates.

Conditions may exist that cause a U.S. parent company to exclude a domestic subsidiary from its consolidation. If a U.S. Reporter cannot consolidate all of its domestic subsidiaries in its Form BE-10A, it must request and be granted written permission from BEA to file on an unconsolidated basis prior to filing the report. The U.S. parent is responsible for ensuring that the required Form BE10A and related Forms BE-10B, BE-10C, and BE-10D, for itself and any unconsolidated domestic subsidiaries are filed with BEA. The filing deadline for an unconsolidated domestic subsidiary is the same as that for its U.S. parent.
c. Calculation of ownership percentage - A U.S. Reporter's ownership interest in a foreign business enterprise may be directly held, indirectly held, or both. It is directly held if the U.S. Reporter itself holds the ownership interest in a foreign business enterprise.
It is indirectly held if, for example, the U.S. Reporter holds an ownership interest in another foreign business enterprise that, in turn, owns the given foreign business enterprise. The U.S. Reporter must sum all direct and indirect lines of ownership interest in the foreign business enterprise to determine whether it holds a foreign business enterprise to the extent of 10 percent or more, directly or indirectly. Note - An associated group is deemed to be one U.S. Reporter. See II.C. for the definition of an associated group.
A U.S. Reporter's percentage of indirect ownership interest in a given foreign business enterprise is the product of the direct ownership percentage that the U.S. Reporter has in the first foreign business enterprise in the ownership chain, multiplied by that first enterprise's direct ownership percentage in the secondenterprise in the chain, multiplied by the direct ownership percentages for all other intervening enterprises in the ownership chain, multiplied by the last intervening enterprise's direct ownership percentage in the given foreign business enterprise. To illustrate, assume the U.S. Reporter owned 50 percent of foreign business enterprise A directly, and that A owned 75 percent of foreign business enterprise B which, in turn, owned 80 percent of foreign business enterprise C. Then the U.S. Reporter's percentage of indirect ownership of B would be 37.5 percent (the product of the first two percentages), its indirect ownership of $C$ would be 30 percent (the product of all three percentages), and $B$ and $C$ (as well as A) would be considered foreign affiliates of the U.S. Reporter.


## d. Other requirements for filing Form BE-10A

(1) Foreign affiliate is owned by only part of the fully consolidated U.S. domestic business enterprise - The U.S. Reporter is deemed to be the fully consolidated U.S. domestic business enterprise even if only one entity in the consolidated U.S. enterprise directly owns the foreign affiliate.
(2) U.S. Reporter that is an individual, estate, trust, or nonprofit organization - A U.S. Reporter that is an individual, estate, trust, or religious, charitable, or other nonprofit organization, and that owns a foreign affiliate directly, rather than through a U.S. business enterprise, should complete only items 1, 2 and 7 of Form $\mathrm{BE}-10 \mathrm{~A}$ and attach an explanatory note attesting to its status. Required Forms BE-10B, BE-10C, and BE-10D must be filed as appropriate.
(3) U.S. business enterprise owned by an individual, estate, trust, or nonprofit organization - If a U.S. individual, estate, trust, or nonprofit organization owns more than 50 percent of a U.S. business enterprise that, in turn, owns a foreign affiliate, then the U.S. Reporter is deemed to be the U.S. business enterprise, not the individual, etc. The BE-10 report should be filed by, and Form BE-10A should be for, the U.S. business enterprise, not the individual, etc. However, direct financial transactions or positions, if any, by the individual, etc., with the foreign affiliate must be included in the business enterprise's report.
(4) U.S. Reporter owned by a foreign person (See II.J) - A U.S. Reporter that is a U.S. affiliate of a foreign person and that is filing a $2019 \mathrm{BE}-15 \mathrm{~A}$, Annual Survey of Foreign Direct Investment in the United States should only complete items 1-12, 53-65, 69-93, 99-104, and Part V. If the U.S. Reporter is filing a BE-15B, or BE-15C, in lieu of the $B E-15 A$, it should complete the entire Form BE-10A. See also III.B.
(5) Joint ownership of foreign affiliate - If two or more U.S. Reporters jointly own, directly or indirectly, a foreign affiliate, each U.S. Reporter must file a Form BE-10A.
2. Form BE-10B, BE-10C, or BE-10D - Reports for foreign affiliates. The coverage of the forms is summarized in the following chart.

|  | MAJORITY- <br> OWNED <br> FOREIGN <br> AFFILIATE | MINORITY- <br> OWNED <br> FOREIGN <br> AFFILIATE |
| :--- | :--- | :---: |
| At least one of the three <br> items ${ }^{*}$ is greater than $\$ 300$ <br> mil. (+ or - -). | BE-10B, <br> except Part III | BE-10C |

* Foreign affiliate's total assets, sales or gross operating revenues excluding sales taxes, net income (loss) after provision for foreign income taxes.
** If a foreign affiliate meeting the reporting requirements for Form BE-10D owns another foreign affiliate being filed on Form BE-10B or BE-10C, the foreign affiliate parent must be filed on Form BE-10C.

Note - Unless otherwise stated, whenever reference is made to the financial or operating data of a foreign affiliate, such as assets, sales, or net income, the data are to represent 100 percent of the foreign affiliate and not just the portion, if less than 100 percent, owned by the U.S. Reporter(s). Also, do not eliminate an affiliate's receivables due from its parent or from other affiliated persons from the affiliate's total assets when applying the reporting criteria for this report.
An affiliate is majority-owned by virtue of being owned more than 50 percent by all U.S. Reporters of the affiliate combined.
a. Basic requirements for $\mathrm{BE}-10 \mathrm{~B}-\mathrm{A} \mathrm{BE-10B}$ must be filed for each foreign affiliate of a U.S. Reporter, whether held directly or indirectly, for which any one of the following three items was greater than $\$ 80$ million (positive or negative) at the end of, or for, the affiliate's 2019 fiscal year:
(1) total assets,
(2) sales or gross operating revenues excluding sales taxes, or
(3) net income after provision for foreign income taxes.
b. Basic requirements for $B E-10 C-A B E-10 C$ must be filed for:
(1) each majority-owned foreign affiliate of a U.S. Reporter whether held directly or indirectly, for which any one of the three items listed in I.B.2.a. was greater than \$25 million (positive or negative), but for which no one of these items was greater than $\$ 80$ million (positive or negative) at the end of, or for the affiliate's 2019 fiscal year;
(2) each minority-owned foreign affiliate of a U.S. Reporter for which any one of the three items listed in I.B.2.a. was greater than $\$ 25$ million (positive or negative) at the end off, or for, the affiliate's 2019 fiscal year; and
(3) each foreign affiliate of a U.S. Reporter for which no one of the three items listed in I.B.2.a. was greater than $\$ 25$ million (positive or negative) at the end of, or for, the affiliate's 2019 fiscal year that is a foreign affiliate parent of another foreign affiliate being filed on Form BE-10B or BE-10C.
c. Basic requirements for BE-10D - A BE-10D must be filed for foreign affiliate(s) of a U.S. Reporter for which no one of the three items listed in I.B.2.a. was greater than $\$ 25$ million (positive or negative) at the end of, or for, the affiliate's 2019 fiscal year, and is not a foreign affiliate parent of another foreign affiliate being filed on Form BE-10B or BE-10C. See I.B.2.b.(3).

## d. Other requirements for filing Forms $\mathrm{BE}-10 \mathrm{~B}$, BE-10C, and BE-10D -

(1) Rules for consolidation of foreign affiliate A U.S. Reporter who participates in BEA's BE-577 Quarterly Survey of U.S. Direct Investment Abroad, Direct Transactions of a U.S. Reporter with Foreign Affiliate, should consolidate foreign business enterprises on Forms $B E-10 B, B E-10 C$, and $B E-10 D$ in the same manner as on Form BE-577.
The following rules should be used in determining which foreign business enterprises may be consolidated into one foreign affiliate form:


Note - Foreign business enterprises that have an equity investment in an unconsolidated business enterprise should report that investment using the equity method of accounting. See also IV.C.
(2) Reporting of foreign affiliates owned by more than one U.S. Reporter - If the foreign affiliate is owned directly and/or indirectly by more than one U.S. Reporter, the U.S. Reporter with the highest percentage of ownership in the foreign affiliate (direct and indirect combined) must file a complete Form BE-10B, BE-10C, or BE-10D on which all parts have been completed. The other U.S. Reporter(s) with total direct and indirect ownership of 10 percent or more must file a partial.
If no one of the U.S. Reporters owns a greater share of the foreign affiliate than the other U.S. Reporter(s), then the U.S. Reporters must decide which one will file the complete Form BE-10B, BE-10C, or BE-10D and which one(s) will file a partial Form BE-10B, BE-10C, or BE-10D:

- BE-10B Part I, items 1-26 and Part V; or
- BE-10C Part I, items 1-19 and Part III; or
- BE-10D with the affiliate's name, country of location, primary industry, ownership percentages and debt balances.
If the U.S. Reporter filing the complete BE-10B or BE-10C cannot, or prefers not to, obtain the affiliate data about the other U.S.
Reporter(s) of the affiliate, then each U.S. Reporter is required to report its own data.

The U.S. Reporter filing the complete BE-10B or BE-10C must attach a note to the form stating it is not reporting data for the other U.S. Reporter(s) and the U.S. Reporter must inform the other U.S. Reporter(s) of this fact.
(3) Reporting when there is more than one foreign affiliate in a chain of ownership - A Form BE-10B, BE-10C, or BE-10D must be filed for a foreign affiliate of the U.S. Reporter that owns another foreign affiliate of that U.S. Reporter.
Note - If a foreign affiliate meeting the reporting requirements for form $B E-10 D$ owns another foreign affiliate being filed on Form $\mathrm{BE}-10 \mathrm{~B}$ or $\mathrm{BE}-10 \mathrm{C}$, the foreign affiliate parent must be filed on Form BE-10C.
(4) Relationship between Forms BE-10A and BE-10B, BE-10C, or BE-10D - The term "U.S. Reporter" is defined to mean the fully consolidated U.S. domestic business enterprise; therefore, on Form BE-10B, BE-10C, or BE-10D, when data on trade and financial relationships between the U.S. Reporter and the foreign affiliate are requested, the data must reflect the foreign affiliate's relationship with the entire U.S. enterprise, not merely with one division, operating unit, or part.
(5) Reporting for majority- or minority-owned, and for directly or indirectly owned, foreign affiliates - The specific items required to be reported on Form BE-10B or BE-10C, depend on whether the foreign affiliate was majority or minorityowned, and on whether it was directly or indirectly owned, by the U.S. Reporter. For example, on the BE-10C, Part V must be completed only if the affiliate is majority-owned.
(6) A foreign affiliate can be exempt if ALL of the following apply:

1) the foreign affiliate is a private fund, AND 2) the private fund foreign affiliate does not own, directly or indirectly through another business enterprise, an "operating company" - i.e., abusiness enterprise that is not a private fund or a holding company- in which the consolidated U.S. reporterowns at least 10 percent of the voting interest, AND 3) If the U.S. reporter owns the private fund indirectly (through one or more other business enterprises), there are no "operating companies" between the consolidated U.S. reporter and the indirectly-owned foreign private fund. For more information on private funds visit www.bea.gov/privatefunds.

## II. DEFINITIONS

A. 2019 fiscal year is the U.S. Reporter's or the foreign affiliate's financial reporting year that has an ending date in calendar year 2019. U.S. Reporters or affiliates having a " $52 / 53$ week" fiscal year that ended within the first week of January 2020, are considered to have a 2019 fiscal year for purposes of filing this survey, and should report December 31, 2019 as their 2019 fiscal year end. A business enterprise that does not have a financial reporting year, or does not have a financial reporting year ending in calendar year 2019, is deemed to have a fiscal year identical to calendar year 2019.

## Change in fiscal year

1. New fiscal year ends in calendar year 2019 - A U.S. Reporter that changed the ending date of its financial reporting year should file a $2019 \mathrm{BE}-10$ report that covers the 12 month period prior to the new fiscal year end date. The following example illustrates the reporting requirements.
Example 1: The U.S. Reporter had a June 30, 2018 fiscal year end date but changed its 2019 fiscal year end date to March 31. The U.S. Reporter should file a 2019 BE-10 report covering the 12 month period from April 1, 2018 to March 31, 2019.
The ending balance sheet amounts reported must be the correct balances as of March 31, 2019. The beginning balance sheet amounts reported must be the unrestated ending balances as of June 30, 2018.
2. No fiscal year ending in calendar year 2019 - If a change in fiscal year results in the U.S. Reporter not having a fiscal year that ended in calendar year 2019, the U.S. Reporter should file a 2019 BE-10 report that covers 12 months. The following example illustrates the reporting requirements.
Example 2: The U.S. Reporter had a December 31, 2018 fiscal year end date but changed its next fiscal year end date to March 31. Instead of having a short fiscal year ending in 2019, the U.S. Reporter decides to have a 15 month fiscal year running from January 1, 2019 to March 31, 2020. The U.S. Reporter should file a 2019 BE-10 report covering a 12 month period ending in calendar year 2019, such as the period from April 1, 2018 to March 31, 2019.
In this example, the ending balance sheet amounts reported must be the correct balances as of March 31, 2019. The beginning balance sheet amounts reported must be the unrestated ending balances as of December 31, 2018.

For 2020, assuming no further changes in the fiscal year end date occur, the U.S. Reporter should file a BE-11 report covering the 12 month period from April 1, 2019 to March 31, 2020.
B. Affiliate means a business enterprise located in one country which is directly or indirectly owned or controlled by a person of another country to the extent of 10 percent or more of its voting stock for an incorporated business or an equivalent interest for an unincorporated business, including a branch.
C. Associated group means two or more persons who, by the appearance of their actions, by agreement, or by an understanding, exercise their voting privileges in a concerted manner to influence the management of a business enterprise. Each of the following are deemed to be associated groups:

1. members of the same family,
2. a business enterprise and one or more of its officers or directors,
3. members of a syndicate or joint venture, or
4. a corporation and its domestic subsidiaries.
D. Banking covers business enterprises engaged in deposit banking or closely related functions, including commercial banks, Edge Act corporations engaged in international or foreign banking, foreign branches and agencies of U.S. banks whether or not they accept deposits abroad, savings and loans, savings banks, bank holding companies, and financial holding companies under the Gramm-Leach-Bliley Act. Banks located on U.S. Military bases abroad servicing base personnel are not considered "foreign" and Form BE-10B, $B E-10 C$, or $B E-10 D$ should not be filed.

Activities of subsidiaries of a bank or bank holding company that may not be banks but that provide support to the bank parent company, such as real estate subsidiaries set up to hold the office buildings occupied by the bank parent company, are considered bank activities.
E. Branch means the operations or activities conducted by a person in a different location in its own name rather than through an incorporated entity.
F. Business enterprise means any organization, association, branch, or venture which exists for profit-making purposes or to otherwise secure economic advantage, and any ownership of any real estate.

## II. DEFINITIONS-Continued

G. Foreign, when used in a geographic sense, means that which is situated outside the United States or which belongs to or is characteristic of a country other than the United States.
H. Foreign affiliate means an affiliate located outside the United States in which a U.S. person has direct investment. See II.S.
I. Foreign affiliate parent means a U.S. Reporter's foreign affiliate which has an equity interest in another foreign affiliate of the U.S. Reporter.
J. Foreign person (See II.Q.) means any person resident outside the United States or subject to the jurisdiction of a country other than the United States. See III.D.

## K. Fully consolidated U.S. domestic business enterprise means:

1. The U.S. business enterprise whose voting securities are not owned more than 50 percent by another U.S. business enterprise, and
2. Proceeding down each ownership chain from that U.S. business enterprise, any U.S. business enterprise (including Foreign Sales Business Enterprise located in the United States) whose voting securities are more than 50 percent owned by the U.S. business enterprise above it. This consolidation excludes foreign branches and all other foreign affiliates.
Note - A U.S. Reporter that is not a bank but owns a majority interest in a U.S. bank must consolidate its banking activities when filing its Form BE-10A
L. Intercompany means between â U.S. Reporter and its foreign affiliates.
M. Intermediary means an agent, nominee, manager, custodian, trust, or any person acting in a similar capacity.
$\mathbf{N}$. Lease is an arrangement conveying the right to use property, plant, or equipment (i.e., land and/or depreciable assets), usually for a stated period of time. Report leases in accordance with FASB ASC 842.
O. Majority-owned foreign affiliate means a foreign affiliate in which the combined direct and indirect ownership interest of ALL U.S. REPORTERS of the affiliate exceeds 50 percent.
P. Minority-owned foreign affiliate means a foreign affiliate in which the combined direct and indirect ownership interest of at least one U.S. Reporter is 10 percent or more, but the combined direct and indirect ownership interests of all U.S. Reporters of the affiliate is 50 percent or less.
Q. Person (as the term is used in the broad legal sense) means any individual, branch, partnership, associated group, association, estate, trust, corporation, or other organization (whether or not organized under the laws of any state), and any government (including a foreign government, the United States Government, a state or local government, and any agency, corporation, financial institution, or other entity or instrumentality thereof, including a government-sponsored agency).
R. Private Fund refers to the same class of financial entities that must report to the Securities and Exchange Commission as private funds on Form PF: "any issuer that would be an investment company as defined in section 3 of the Investment Company Act of 1940 but for section 3(c)(1) or 3(c)(7) of ... [that] Act."
S. U.S. direct investment abroad means the ownership or control, directly or indirectly, by one U.S. person of 10 percent or more of the voting securities of an incorporated foreign business enterprise or an equivalent interest in an unincorporated foreign business enterprise, including a branch.
T. U.S. person means any person resident in the United States or subject to the jurisdiction of the United States. See III.D.
U. U.S. Reporter means the U.S. person that has direct investment in a foreign business enterprise, including a branch. If the U.S. person is an incorporated business enterprise, the U.S. Reporter is the fully consolidated U.S. domestic enterprise. See II.K.
V. United States, when used in a geographic sense, means the several states, the District of Columbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, and all territories and possessions of the United States.

## III. CLARIFICATION OF COVERAGE

A. Determining existence of a foreign affiliate - In general, a U.S. person's foreign operation or activity is considered a foreign affiliate if it is legally or functionally separable from the domestic operations or activities of the U.S. person. In most cases, it is clear whether the foreign operation or activity constitutes an affiliate. For example, if the operation or activity is incorporated abroad - as most are - it is always considered a foreign affiliate, Even if it is unincorporated, the foreign operation or activity is usually legally or functionally separable from the U.S. person's domestic operations or activities. In cases where it is not clearly separable, the determination of whether the operation or activity constitutes a foreign affiliate is made on a case-by-case basis, depending on the weight of the evidence.
The following characteristics would indicate that an operation or activity is a foreign affiliate:

1. it pays foreign income taxes,
2. it has a substantial physical presence abroad, as evidenced by plant and equipment, or employees permanently located abroad,
3. it has separate financial records that would allow preparation of financial statements, including a balance sheet and income statement. (A mere record of disbursements to, or receipts from, the foreign operation or activity would not constitute a "financial statement" for this purpose.), or
4. it takes title to the goods it sells and receives revenues from the sale, or it receives funds from customers for its own account for services it performs.
The following characteristics would indicate that an operation or activity is probably not a foreign affiliate:
5. it engages only in sales promotion or public relations activities on behalf of the U.S. person,
6. it conducts business abroad only for the U.S. person's account, not for its own account,
7. it has no separate financial records that allow the preparation of financial statements,
8. its expenses are paid by the U.S. parent,
9. it is not subject to foreign income taxes, and
10. it has limited physical assets or few employees permanently located abroad.
B. U.S. Reporter owned by a foreign person - A U.S.
business enterprise that is a U.S. Reporter in this BE-10 survey may also be a U.S. affiliate of a foreign person that must report in the BE-15, 2019 Annual Survey of Foreign Direct Investment in the United States. This could be the case if the U.S. business enterprise owns foreign affiliates and is also owned 10 percent or more, directly or indirectly, by a foreign person. In such cases, the U.S. business enterprise should report in this survey for any

## III. CLARIFICATION OF COVERAGE-Continued

foreign business enterprise it owns or controls, directly or indirectly, at least 10 percent or more, but should not report other property of its foreign owner. (A foreign business enterprise that is jointly owned by the U.S. Reporter and the foreign owner of the U.S. Reporter should be considered a foreign affiliate of the U.S. Reporter provided the U.S. Reporter has a 10 percent or more ownership interest.) For purposes of the BE-10 survey, consider the foreign owner of the U.S. Reporter and the directly and indirectly owned foreign affiliates of the foreign owner (other than those held through the U.S. Reporter), as unaffiliated foreign persons. See also I.B.1.d.(4).
C. Partnerships - Most partnerships are either general or limited partnerships. The determination of percentage of voting interest in a general or limited partnership is based on who controls the partnership. The percentage of voting interest is NOT based on the percentage of ownership in the partnership's equity.
A general partnership usually consists of at least two general partners who together control the partnership. Unless a clause to the contrary is contained in the partnership agreement a general partnership is presumed to be controlled equally by each of the general partners.
A limited partnership usually consists of at least one general partner and one limited partner. The general partner usually controls a limited partnership, and therefore, has 100 percent voting interest in the limited partnership. Limited partners do not normally exercise any control over a partnership. Therefore, unless a clause to the contrary is contained in the partnership agreement, limited partners are presumed to have zero voting interest in a partnership.
Note - Cross-border holdings of limited partnerships are included in the annual Department of Treasury International Capital (TIC) securities data reports (TIC SHL(A) and TIC SHA(A)), and purchases and sales of limited partnerships with foreign counterparties should be included on the TIC S report.
D. Determining country of residence or jurisdiction of individuals - An individual is considered a resident of, and subject to the jurisdiction of, the country in which it is physically located, subject to the following qualifications:

1. Individuals who reside, or expect to reside, outside their country of citizenship for less than one year are considered to be residents of their country of citizenship,
2. Individuals who reside, or expect to reside, outside their country of citizenship for one year or more are considered to be residents of the country in which they are residing. There are two exceptions to this rule:
a. Individuals (and their immediate families) who either own or are employed by a business in their country of citizenship and who are residing outside of that country for one year or more in order to conduct business for the enterprise are considered residents of their country of citizenship if they intend to return within a reasonable period of time.
b. Individuals who reside outside their country of citizenship because they are government employees (such as diplomats, consular officials, members of the armed forces, and their immediate families) are considered residents of their country of citizenship regardless of their length of stay.
E. Foreign affiliate operating completely outside its country of incorporation - If a foreign affiliate conducts all its operations from, and is located in, a single foreign country
that is different from its country of incorporation, it is deemed to be operating totally outside its country of incorporation. File a single BE-10B or BE-10C report, or report on the BE-10D, for the entity in the country of operation treating it as an incorporated foreign affiliate; do not file for the entity in the foreign country of incorporation. If, however, the foreign affiliate has any of the following in the foreign country of incorporation:
3. bank account,
4. employees,
5. property, plant, or equipment, or
6. sales,
it is considered to have operations in its foreign country of incorporation and, therefore, a separate report must be filed for the entity in that country.
If a foreign affiliate incorporated abroad conducts its operations from, and has locations in, more than one foreign country, a separate Form BE-10B, BE-10C, or entry on BE-10D must be filed for each foreign country in which it has operations, and a separate Form BE-10B, BE-10C, or entry on BE-10D must be filed for the entity in the foreign country of incorporation, treating the entity as an incorporated foreign affiliate in that country.

If a foreign affiliate incorporated abroad conducts its business operations from, and is located in, the United States, you must file a Form BE-10B, BE-10C, or BE-10D entry to report the equity investment in the affiliate and the affiliate's income. Show country of incorporation as country of location and report the affiliate as a holding company (ISI code 5512). You must report the operating business enterprise located in the United States on the BE-15, 2019 Annual Survey of Foreign Direct Investment in the United States.
F. Agencies and representative offices - Foreign representative offices, agents and employees of a U.S. person are not considered to be foreign affiliates, and therefore, they should not be reported on Forms BE-10B, BE-10C, or BE-10D. However, a U.S. Reporter's disbursements to maintain foreign sales and representative offices must be reported on Form BE125, Quarterly Survey of Transactions in Selected Services and Intangible Assets with Foreign Persons. Copies of Form BE-125 are available by writing to BEA at: Bureau of Economic Analysis, Balance of Payments Division, BE-50 (SSB), 4600 Silver Hill Rd., Washington, DC 20233, by telephoning (301) 278-9507 or by accessing the BEA Web site at www.bea.gov. (Select "Tools", select "eFile", and then select applicable form within "Survey Resources and Contact Information.") A foreign presence of a U.S. person is considered a foreign sales promotion or representative office if:

1. it has no assets (other than office furniture) held either in its own name or in the name of the U.S. person,
2. to the extent that its employees are compensated by commissions, the commissions arise only from sales or business that the employees generate for the U.S. person,
3. it does not produce revenue (other than funds from the U.S. person to cover its expenses), and
4. it is engaged only in sales promotion, representational activities, public relations activities, or the gathering of market information, on behalf of the U.S. person.
Note - A foreign presence that produces revenue for its own account (instead of, or in addition to, producing revenue for the account of its U.S. parent) from goods or services it provides

## III. CLARIFICATION OF COVERAGE-Continued

to unaffiliated persons is considered a foreign affiliate and is subject to the reporting requirements on this BE-10 survey.
G. Real estate - The ownership of foreign real estate is defined to be a business enterprise and, if foreign real estate is owned by a U.S. person, it is a foreign affiliate of a U.S. Reporter.
Real estate that is normally included in the property, plant, and equipment account of a foreign affiliate is not to be reported as a separate affiliate.

Residential real estate held exclusively by a U.S. person for personal use and not for profit-making purposes is not subject to the reporting requirements. A primary residence abroad that is leased to others while the owner is a U.S. resident, but which the owner intends to reoccupy, is considered real estate held for personal use.

Ownership of foreign residential real estate by a business enterprise, the sole purpose of which is to hold the real estate for the personal use of the owner(s) of the business enterprise, is considered to be real estate held for personal use and therefore not subject to the reporting requirements.
If a U.S. person has a direct or indirect voting ownership interest of 10 percent or more in a joint venture, partnership, etc., that is formed to own and hold, develop, or operate real estate, the joint venture, partnership etc., in its entirety, not just the U.S. person's share, is a foreign affiliate and must be reported.
H. Airlines and ship operators - U.S. airlines' and ship operators' foreign stations, ticket offices, and terminal and port facilities that provide services only totheir own operations are not foreign affiliates and are not subject to the reporting requirements. Reports are required when such facilities produce significant revenues from services provided to unaffiliated persons.
I. Estates, trusts, and intermediaries

1. A U.S, estate is a person (see II.Q.) and, therefore, may have direct investment; the estate, not the beneficiary, is considered to be the U.S. Reporter. Thus, ownership of a foreign affiliate by a U.S. estate shall be reported by the administrator, executor, etc., of the estate and not by the beneficiary.
2. A trust, either U.S. or foreign, is a person (see II.Q.), but is not a business enterprise. The trust is considered to be the same as an intermediary, and should report as outlined in III.I.3. For reporting purposes, the beneficiary(ies) of the trust, is (are) considered to be the owner(s) for purposes of determining the existence of direct investment, except in two cases: (1) if there is, or may be, a reversionary interest, and (2) if a corporation or other organization creates a trust designating its shareholders or members as beneficiaries. In these two cases, the creator(s) of the trust is (are) deemed to be the owner(s) of the investments of the trust (or succeeding trusts where the presently existing trust has evolved out of a prior trust), for the purposes of determining the existence and reporting of direct investment.
This procedure is adopted to fulfill statistical purposes of this survey and does not imply that control over an enterprise owned or controlled by a trust is, or can be, exercised by the beneficiary(ies) or creator(s).
Note - Real estate investment trusts (REITS) - Report hybrid or mortgage REITS in ISI code 5252 (Funds, trusts, and other financial vehicles). Report all other REITS in ISI code 5310 (Real estate).
3. Intermediary
a. If a particular U.S. direct investment abroad is held, exercised, administered, or managed by a U.S. intermediary, such intermediary is responsible for reporting the required information for, and in the name of, its principal or shall instruct the principal to submit the required information. Upon instructing the principal, the intermediary shall be released from further liability to report, provided it has informed BEA of the date such instructions were given and the name and address of the principal, and has supplied the principal with any information in the possession of, or which can be secured by, the intermediary that is necessary to permit the principal to complete the required reports. When acting in the capacity of an intermediary, the accounts or transactions of the U.S. intermediary with the foreign affiliate are considered as accounts or transactions of the U.S. principal with the foreign affiliate. To the extent such transactions or accounts are unavailable to the principal, they may be required to be reported by the intermediary.
b. If a U.S. person holds a foreign affiliate through a foreign intermediary, the U.S. person is considered to own the foreign affiliate directly and all accounts or transactions of the U.S. person with the intermediary are considered to be with the foreign affiliate.

## IV. GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

A. Accounting methods and records - Follow generally accepted U.S. accounting principles unless otherwise specified in the instructions. Corporations should generally use the same methods and records that are used to generate reports to stockholders, except where otherwise instructed. Generate reports for unincorporated persons on an equivalent basis.
Financial Accounting Standards Board Accounting Standards Codification Topics are referred to as "FASB ASC" in the instructions.

## B. Translation of foreign currency financial and operating data into U.S. dollars

1. Financial statements - Translate foreign affiliate financial statements, i.e., balance sheets and income statements, not maintained in U.S. dollars from the host country currency to U.S. dollars using FASB ASC 830 (FAS 52), as would be required to incorporate foreign statements into the U.S. Reporter's financial statements for reports to shareholders.
2. Other financial and operating data of foreign affiliate - According to FASB ASC 830 (FAS 52), "Revenue and expense transactions shall be translated in a manner that produces approximately the same dollar amounts that would have resulted had the underlying transactions been translated into dollars on the dates they occurred."

Since separate translation of each transaction is usually impractical, the specific result can be achieved by using an average rate for the period.
On Forms BE-10B and BE-10C, certain revenue and expense transactions that may not be translated separately for the financial statements, such as employee compensation and exports and imports, must be reported. Translate these transactions in a manner consistent with that used to translate the financial statements into U.S. dollars.

## IV. GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS-Continued

## C. Method of accounting for equity investments

1. Form BE-10A - Report the U.S. Reporter's equity investments of 20 percent or more in foreign affiliates, including all majority-owned foreign affiliates, using the equity method of accounting. Report equity investments of less than 20 percent, and immaterial investments, using the cost method.
2. Form BE-10B, BE-10C, and BE-10D - Report a foreign affiliate parent's equity investments of 20 percent or more in unconsolidated foreign affiliates, including all unconsolidated majority-owned foreign affiliates, using the equity method of accounting. You may report immaterial investments using the cost method of accounting if this treatment is consistent with your normal reporting practice. Report investments owned less than 20 percent in accordance with FASB ASC 320 (FAS 115) or the cost basis of accounting. See important note on foreign affiliate consolidation rules under instruction I.B.2.d.
Note - If it is determined that there is a material difference between the "equity" and the "cost" methods and the data should have been filed using the "equity" method, BEA will require that the data be refiled.
D. Industry classification - A list and explanation of the industry classifications used are given in the Guide to Industry Classifications for International Surveys, 2017, located at www.bea.gov/naics2017.
E. Estimates - If actual data are not available, or only partial data are available, provide êstimates and label as such When data items cannot be fully subdivided as required, provide totals and an estimated breakdown of the totals.
Certain sections of Forms BE-10A, BE-10B, and BE-10C require data that may not be maintained in your customary accounting records. Providing precise data in these areas may require substantial burden beyond what is intended by BEA. This may be especially true for:

- BE-10A, Part II, 20 through 31 - Number of employees in each industry of sales;
- BE-10A, Part IV, Section B, 53 through 56 Distribution of sales or gross operating revenues, by transactor and by whether the sales were goods, services, or investment income;
- BE-10A, Part V, - Exports and imports of the U.S. Reporter on a shipped basis;
- BE-10B, Part IV, Section A - Distribution of sales or gross operating revenues, by transactor, by destination, and by whether the sales were goods, services or investment income;
- BE-10B, Part VI and BE-10C, Part IV - Exports and imports of the foreign affiliate on a shipped basis.
Data provided in these sections may be reasonable estimates based upon the informed judgment of persons in the responding organization, sampling techniques, prorations based on related data, etc. Consistently apply estimating procedures used on all BEA surveys.
F. Space on form insufficient - When space on a form is insufficient to permit a full answer to any item, submit the required information on supplementary sheets, appropriately labeled and referenced to the item number and the form.
G. Specify - When asked to "specify" amounts reported for certain data items, give the type and dollar amount of the major items included in the data item.


## V. U.S. EXPORTS AND IMPORTS OF GOODS

When there is a material difference between the "charged" and "shipped" bases and the data have not been filed on the "shipped" basis, or the necessary adjustments have not been made to approximate a "shipped" basis, then BEA will require the data to be refiled.
Differences between the "charged" and "shipped" bases may be substantial. A major difference arises when the U.S. Reporter buys goods in country A and sells them in country B, but the goods are shipped directly from country A to country B. Because the goods did not physically enter or leave the United States, they are not U.S. trade. However, when the U.S. Reporter records the transactions on its books, it shows a purchase charged to it from country A and a sale charged by it to country B. If the U.S. Reporter's trade data in this survey were prepared on the "charged" basis, the purchase and sale would appear incorrectly as a U.S. import and a U.S. export, respectively. Other differences arise when the U.S. Reporter charges the sale of its products to a foreign affiliate in one country, but ships the good's directly from the United States to an unaffiliated foreigner in another country. If the data are on the "shipped" basis, this transaction constitutes a U.S. export to an unaffiliated foreigner, not to the foreign affiliate andshould not be recorded on the form for the foreign affiliate.
If a material difference exists between the "charged" and "shipped" bases, trade must be reported on the "shipped" basis. To do this, the U.S. Beporter may have to derive the data from export and import declarations filed with U.S. Customs and Border Protection or from shipping and receiving documents, rather than from accounting records, or may have to otherwise adjust its data from a "charged" to a "shipped" basis.
A. Timing. Only include goods actually shipped between the United States and the affiliate during FY 2019 regardless of when the goods were charged or consigned. For example, include goods shipped by the U.S. Reporter to the affiliate in FY 2019 that were charged or consigned in FY 2020 but exclude goods shipped to the affiliate in FY 2018 that were charged or consigned to the affiliate in FY 2019.
B. Trade of the U.S. Reporter. Goods shipped by, or to, the U.S. Reporter, whether or not actually charged or consigned by, or to, the U.S. Reporter, are considered to be trade of the U.S. Reporter.
C. Trade of a foreign affiliate. Goods shipped by, or to, a foreign affiliate, whether or not actually charged or consigned by, or to, the foreign affiliate are considered to be trade of the foreign affiliate.
D. By (or to) whom goods were shipped. Shipment by, or to, an entity refers to the physical movement of goods to or from the U.S. customs area by, or to, that entity regardless of by, or to whom the goods were charged or consigned. For example, if the U.S. Reporter charges goods to a German affiliate but ships them to an Italian affiliate, the goods should be recorded as U.S. exports shipped by the U.S. Reporter on the Form BE-10B or BE-10C, of the Italian affiliate, but not on that of the German affiliate. Similarly, if goods were charged by the U.S. Reporter to an affiliate but shipped to the affiliate by another U.S. person, the goods should be considered a U.S. export shipped by "other U.S. persons," not by the U.S. Reporter, on the affiliate's Form BE-10B or $\mathrm{BE}-10 \mathrm{C}$.

> Note - Goods shipped by an independent carrier or a freight forwarder at the expense of an entity are shipments by that entity.

## V. U.S. EXPORTS AND IMPORTS OF GOODS-Continued

E. Valuation of exports and imports. Value U.S. exports and imports f.a.s. (free alongside ship) at the port of exportation. This includes all costs incurred up to the point of loading the goods aboard the export carrier at the U.S. or foreign port of exportation, including the selling price at the interior point of shipment (or cost if not sold), packaging costs, and inland freight and insurance. It excludes all subsequent costs, such as loading costs, U.S. and foreign import duties, and freight and insurance from the port of exportation to the port of entry.

## VI. FILING THE BE-10

A. Due date - A fully completed and certified BE -10 report comprising Form BE-10A, and Form(s) BE-10B, BE-10C, or $B E-10 D$ is due to BEA no later than May 29, 2020 for U.S. Reporters required to file fewer than 50 forms, and June 30, 2020 for U.S. Reporters required to file 50 or more forms.
B. Extensions - BEA hopes that by providing an extra month to file for U.S. Reporters submitting more than 50 forms, requests for extensions will not be necessary. Delays in filing affect BEA's tight schedule for processing the benchmark survey. Nevertheless, reasonable requests for an extension of the filing deadline will be considered. Extension requests must be received by BEA no later than the original due date of the report and enumerate substantive reasons necessitating the extension. BEA will provide a written response to such requests.
C. Assistance - For assistance, telephone (301) 278-9418 or e-mail BEA at be10/11@bea.gov.
NOTE: BEA uses a Secure Messaging System to correspond with you via encrypted message to discuss questions relating to this form. We may use your e-mail address for survey-related announcements and to inform you about secure messages. When communicating with BEA by e-mail, please do not include any confidential business or personal information. This includes your Social Security Number which should never be provided to BEA via any method of transmission.
D. Retention of copies - Each U.S. Reporter must retain a copy of its report to facilitate resolution of problems. These copies should be retained by the U.S. Reporter for at least 3 years after the report's original due date.
E. Electronic filing option (eFile) - Forms that can be transmitted to BEA electronically will be available on the BEA Web site: www.bea.gov/efile. If you eFile, please do not submit paper reports.
F. Where to send the report - Send reports filed by mail through the U.S. Postal Service to:

Bureau of Economic Analysis
Direct Investment Division, BE-69(A)
4600 Silver Hill Road
Washington, DC 20233
Send reports filed by direct private delivery to:
Bureau of Economic Analysis
Direct Investment Division, BE-69(A)
4600 Silver Hill Road
Suitland, MD 20746
G. Confidentiality - The information filed in this report may be used only for analytical and statistical purposes and access to the information shall be available only to officials and employees (including consultants and contractors and their employees) of agencies designated by the President to perform functions under the Act. The President may authorize the exchange of the information between agencies or officials designated to perform functions under the Act, but only for analytical and statistical purposes. No official or employee (including consultants and contractors and their employees) shall publish or make available any information collected under the Act in such a manner that the person to whom the information relates can be specifically identified. Reports and copies of reports prepared pursuant to the Act are confidential and their submission or disclosure shall not be compelled by any person without the prior written permission of the person filing the report and the customer of such person where the information supplied is identifiable as being derived from the records of such customer (22 U.S.C. 3104). Per the Cybersecurity Enhancement Act of 2015, your data are protected from cybersecurity risks through security monitoring of the BEA information systems.
H. Annual stockholders' report - Business enterprises issuing annual reports to stockholders should furnish copies of these reports for FY 2019 when filing the BE-10 report.

